"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER. Fair; winds northwest to north.

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BALFOUR SAVES THE BRITISH MINISTRY

Premier Averts the Threatened Crisis by a Clever Speech.

Appeals for an Open Mind on Chamberlain's Policy — Chaplin's Amendment to the Budget Rejected by an Overwhelming Majority.

LONDON, June 11.—By a dexterous and extraordinary speech Premier Balfour last night temporarily smoothed over the differences in the Cabinet, relieved Colonial Secretary Chamberlain of any necessity of resigning, and for the moment averted a crisis which threatened the Unionist Party. This Mr. Balfour accomplished without committing the Government either to protection of free trade, though his speech will generally be taken to mean that the tariff issue is to be shelved for the present.

Henry Chaplin's amendment, which gave rise to the most interesting debate of the present Parliament, was defeated by the overwhelming majority of 424 votes to 28, the majority being composed of Unionists, Liberals, and Irish members. The minority supporting Mr. Chaplin were almost all followers of the Government, while many others of the Conservative Party abstained from voting.

The amendment declared that the removal of the tax on grain "involves a needless and injurious disturbance of trade and a serious loss of revenue, without substantial relief for the consumer," and that if any taxes were removed it should be those levied on tea and other articles of general consumption.

It was 10:30 o'clock when Premier Balfour sprang to his feet to reply to the taunts of the Opposition and the appeals from his own party. The Premier was loudly cheered. He had scarcely commenced to deal with Mr. Chaplin's amendment before he was interrupted by a hurricane of applause and ironical cheers at the entry of Mr. Chamberlain, who had been absent hitherto throughout the evening. The Colonial Secretary dropped into his accustomed place. The House was packed with peers, members of the House, and spectators as it had not been since the days of the Home Rule bill, and they waited and listened in tense expectation.

THE PREMIER'S SPEECH.

In a whimsical vein Mr. Balfour explained that the only reason that the grain tax was put on was because the Government wanted money, and the only reason it was taken off was because the Government wanted money no longer. Reverting to the charges of vacillation made against him, the Premier took on a tone of unusual vehemence. He declared that he himself, though a believer in free trade (which statement met with loud applause,) did not regard it as a fetish, and he had absolutely an open mind regarding the necessity for any alterations in a system which was founded to suit the conditions of fifty years ago. He refused not only to make a statement of any finality upon such an important question, but he also refused to compel his colleagues to conform to a standard of opinion upon which he himself had an open mind. He admitted that differences of opinion existed within the Cabinet, but said these were not serious enough to cause the resignation of any member.

Mr. Balfour made an impassioned plea, enforced by the precedents of friction in Mr. Gladstone's Ministeries, for allowing the Premier to retain an open mind upon a question so difficult and so superior to all party issues. He said he did not believe that the country would ever return to the old protective system, and added that no tax on food was ever imposed without the full assent of the working classes. They were confronted, however, continued the Premier, by three great phenomena—huge tariff walls against the United Kingdom, the growth of the trusts, and the desire of the colonies for closer fiscal union with the mother country. These factors could not be ignored. He maintained that the method of starting a public discussion was the only way to deal with the problem, though he did not commit himself to Mr. Chamberlain's more advanced programme. It would be folly and rashness to interfere with the great system which had been in operation for so many years without the most careful examination and without due regard for history and the traditions of the past, while at the same time they could not ignore those new problems which the everchanging face of industrial life presented for decision and the action of statesmen.

This non-committal speech and appeal for an open mind not only in the Cabinet but in the Unionist Party, made with all the eloquence and magnetism which Mr. Balfour wields so successfully, brought a constant salvo of cheers. Throughout Mr. Chamberlain sat beside the Premier beaming with satisfaction.

LIBERAL LEADER'S APPEAL.

Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, the Liberal leader, briefly replied, appealing for an opportunity for the House more fully to discuss the issue raised. He said one member of the Government was prepared to make a revolution in the country's fiscal system a question upon which the next general election should be decided. Under these circumstances it ceased to be a pious opinion and became a practical action. This appeal elicited no response on the part of the Government. The members of the House trooped into the lobby to vote against Mr. Chaplin's amendment, the general comment being "Balfour has saved Chamberlain."

The Colonial Secretary, himself jubilant, said:

"Our friend the enemy is nonplused this time."

With the exception of some irreconcilable malcontents, the Unionist Party is greatly relieved by the outcome of the debate, all the members expressing gladness that the crisis is passed, though at the same time believing that the same Cabinet cannot long continue to embrace such opposites on the fiscal policy of Great Britain as Colonial Secretary Chamberlain and Chancellor of the Exchequer Ritchie.

THE AFTERNOON DEBATE.

There was remarkable animation in and about the Houses of Parliament yesterday afternoon when the time approached for the resumption of the debate on the Chaplin amendment. The answers to questions, not referring to the great problem of the day, passed almost unnoticed, so keen was the anxiety to get to the all-absorbing topic.

The debate was resumed by Major Seely, (Conservative,) who, as a convinced free trader, said he rejoiced in the repeal of the grain tax.

Sir Charles Dilke (Liberal) contended that the House had the right to demand an opportunity for pronouncing judgment on this important fiscal question. There was enormous exaggeration in the statement that it was foolish for this country to maintain a policy differing from that of the rest of the world. While the United States and Germany were reaping much prosperity under protection, Great Britain's foreign exports at the present moment were equal to the combined exports of the United States, Germany, and France, which, considering the enormous expansion of the population of the United States, was a truly surprising thing. The speaker denied that protectionist countries were cutting out Great Britain from the markets of the world. Germany, he said, had not even hurt Great Britain's market in South America, and when one considered the great natural advantages of the United States, her size, and her highly cultivated population, it was marvelous that she had not years ago attained the first place in trade. The commerce of the United States had progressed independently of protection, but it had been retarded rather than advanced by the adoption of protection.

H. H. Asquith (Liberal, ex-Home Secretary,) declared that the reason for the abandonment of the grain tax remained an "unsolved and inscrutable mystery." Mr. Chamberlain had told the public that the tax did not fall on the consumer. If that was so, its repeal was a "magnificent display of international attachment," as it practically meant that Great Britain was making a present to the United States of the £2,500,000 which the tax brought in. All the Opposition's arguments against the tax were employed by Mr. Ritchie on Tuesday evening to justify the repeal. Never had a small minority been so rapidly and completely justified.

Describing the situation as "politically indecent," Mr. Asquith urged an explicit declaration of the collective judgment of the Cabinet in regard to the larger questions of fiscal policy, and, turning toward Mr. Chamberlain, who at that moment entered the House and sat down beside Premier Balfour, Mr. Asquith asked the Colonial Secretary what was his position in view of Tuesday's speech by the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. Ritchie. Was Mr. Chamberlain a brand plucked from the burning, a backslider brought home again by the gentle, persuasive influence of the Chancellor of the Exchequer? Was the word "requiscat" or the word "resurgam" to be carved on the tombstone of the grain tax? He was glad to see that Mr. Chamberlain was still sitting on the Cabinet bench, although it was quite unprecedented to see two Ministers sitting on the same bench and holding fundamentally and irreconcilably divergent views on a matter which affected more vitally than any other the unity of the empire and its fiscal and commercial prosperity. It was unexampled and an entire departure from the traditions and rules of public life that upon matters of this kind two responsible Ministers should emit not only discordant opinions on public platforms, but pose as the respective propagandists of two wholly irreconcilable policies.

Sir Edward Grey (Liberal) characterized the situation as intolerable. He disagreed with the contention that the grain tax did not fall on the consumer and said he opposed its imposition last year because he felt it was bound to lead to a colonial demand for preferential rates. Mr. Chamberlain's suggested inquiry into the subject was merely another name for a crusade. Having raised the issue, the Government was not entitled to hang it up. Preference with the colonies was an irretrievably dangerous step.

LONDON PRESS COMMENT.

The London papers this morning admit that Mr. Balfour secured a great personal triumph, one of the greatest in his career, in last night's debate; but while one section of his supporters in the press is busily seeking precedents in the history of Mr. Gladstone's and earlier administrations for Ministers holding opposite views, another section comments on the undeniable weakness of the Premier's statement, and pleads as an excuse that he had to escape from an extraordinarily delicate dilemma.

Nobody, in fact, believes that there is any element of durability in the existing situation. "Even should Mr. Chamberlain agree, as it is said he has, to postpone any active propaganda of his views in the country, it is beyond all question," says The Conservative Standard, "that his policy holds and must continue to hold the field. His plan must, however, be discussed on its own merits, not pressed on the electorate by selfish considerations such as old-age pensions."

The Liberal journals are able to indulge in much sarcastic criticism at the expense of the Government, "willing to do anything so long as they may retain office." "The Government has arrived at an agreement," says The Daily Chronicle—"they have agreed to differ," while The Daily News speculates ironically as to what means Premier Balfour employed "to muzzle his Colonial Secretary."

The immediate future is held to depend on the action of the Conservative free traders, who form a large and important section of the party. Should Mr. Chamberlain or his friends commence an active campaign in the country, these free traders would become restive and a dangerous situation would arise for the Government.

The Opposition leaders are determined to allow matters to remain in the present anomalous position. A. C. Hutton (Liberal) has already given notice of a motion condemning any departure from the existing fiscal policy, but there is some doubt whether the Liberal leaders will commit themselves to such a vote of censure, which would have the effect of uniting the Ministerialists to avoid defeat.

A LIBERAL-IRISH DEAL?

An interesting phase of the situation has opened up in the possibility of a new deal between the Liberals and the Nationalists. It was alleged in the lobbies last night that the Liberal leaders were willing to give Mr. Redmond an undertaking that in the event of the Government being defeated before the Irish Land bill was passed the Liberal Government would introduce a similar bill, with perhaps better terms than those offered by the present measure.

The lobby correspondent of The Times emphasizes the difficulties lying in wait for the Government, which has to rely on the Irish votes to avert defeat. He thinks it would be unwise to assume that the gratitude of the Nationalists for the benefits conferred by the Irish Land bill will be long lived, and warns the Ministers that a dangerous situation may arise at any moment.

OPINION IN BERLIN.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES Special Cablegram.

LONDON, June 11.—It is considered certain in Berlin, says The Times's correspondent in the German capital, that years must elapse before anything like a final decision will be taken in England regarding the future lines of British commercial policy. In the meantime, the mere possibility of a radical change in that policy has a distinctly sobering effect on the extreme protectionists of Germany and may also have something to do with the renewed dullness in the market for industrial shares.

There is little comment as yet on the House of Commons debate and the resulting political situation. It is safe to say, however, that any development would be welcome which would tend to checkmate Mr. Chamberlain, but experience has taught the quidnuncs not to build too much on such anticipations.

APPREHENSION IN FRANCE.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES Special Cablegram.

LONDON, June 11.—The main effect of Mr. Chamberlain's declarations, says the Paris correspondent of The Times, has been to excite general and vague apprehension and to revive the old controversy in regard to the respective advantages of free trade and protection.

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A Summer Boarder.
Containing a list of 3,000 Summer hotels and boarding houses on or reached by the New York Central lines, sent on receipt of a 2-cent stamp by G. H. Daniels, G. P. A., New York.—Adv.

Fast Trains to the West.
Improved service via Pennsylvania Railroad. The "Three Limiteds" leave daily for Chicago and St. Louis. Finely equipped trains; rapid schedule.—Adv.

20 Hotels on Wheels
are constantly in service on the New York Central—the passenger line of America.—Adv.

WOMAN CONFESSES TO KILLING THREE PERSONS

Michigan Murderess Described in Detail Deaths of Victims.

Poisoned Brother, His Wife and Baby—Suspected of Having Killed Eight Other Persons in 15 Years.

DETROIT, June 10.—A report from Kalkaska, Mich., says that Mrs. Mary McKnight has confessed to the Public Prosecutor to the murder of her brother, John Murphy; Gertrude Murphy, his wife, and their three months' old baby. The murders were committed with strychnine. Subsequent investigation shows that eight other persons besides the three included in the confession, and all relatives or close friends of Mrs. McKnight, have died in the past fifteen years under suspicious circumstances.

A partial confession was made Monday evening, in which Mrs. McKnight denied killing the Murphy baby. Late last night Public Prosecutor Smith again called at the woman's cell at her request, and this time she made a complete confession. In her first statement she admitted giving Mr. and Mrs. Murphy capsules of strychnine and quinine mixed. Last night she said:

"I didn't intend harm to any of them. I did give the baby the strychnine. It woke up and cried while its mother was gone, and I mixed up a little strychnine in a glass with some water and gave a spoonful to the baby. I didn't mean to harm the little thing at all. I confessed all to the Lord this afternoon, and I feel that He has forgiven me. I really didn't mean to harm any of them.

"When Gertrude came home and found the baby dead, she got awfully nervous. She came to me and said: 'Mary, can't you give me something to quiet me; something that you take yourself?' I said that I would, and I really didn't think that it would hurt her if I gave her one of the capsules. She had spasms right after that, and I suppose that it was the strychnine that killed her. I really didn't mean to hurt her.

"Then John seemed to feel so badly about it, so broken up, that I often thought after Gertie died that it would be better if he were to go, too. John was feeling bad one night, a couple of weeks after Gertrude died. He came to me and wanted something to quiet him. I had two or three of the capsules on my dresser, and I told him to go and get one of them. I didn't mean to hurt him, but I thought that it would soothe him, and then I thought that it would be for the best if he were to go any way. He helped himself. I don't know whether he took one or two. Then he went to bed, and by and by he called me. Mother came, too, and he began to have those same spasms. I suppose that the strychnine was working."

The whole of the confession was given voluntarily, and Mrs. McKnight signed it after Prosecutor Smith had written it out.

All of the eight other relatives and intimate friends who died while living with Mrs. McKnight, or while she was at their house, are said to have shown symptoms that are now believed to indicate strychnine poisoning. They are Ernest McKnight, the woman's husband; James Ambrose, her first husband, who died at Alpena in 1887; Mrs. McKnight, the wife of James E. McKnight, who was the partner of Ambrose; Baby Teeple, Mrs. McKnight's niece; Eliza Chalker, another niece, who died at Grayling in May, 1902; Sarah Murphy, Mrs. McKnight's sister, who also died at Grayling in February, 1893; a Mrs. Curry, who died in Saginaw in 1896 while Mrs. McKnight was at her mother's house, and Dorothy Jenson, a child, who died in Grayling while under Mrs. McKnight's care during the absence of her mother. Investigation of these deaths shows that all of these persons, except Mrs. Curry, were taken suddenly ill and showed what are now regarded as unmistakable symptoms of strychnine poisoning. The physician who attended Ernest McKnight, the woman's husband, says that he is now confident that McKnight died from strychnine. The physician, Dr. Leighton, was baffled by McKnight's trouble and the suddenness with which it came, but says he can see now that the patient had every symptom of strychnine poisoning.

Eliza Chalker and Sara Murphy were stricken at the table while Mrs. McKnight was present. Both died in convulsions in a few hours.

There was no suspicion against Mrs. McKnight in connection with the death of the Murphys until she filed a mortgage on her brother's property after his death, on which the figures had, it is alleged, been raised from $200 to $600. An investigation was then begun. The body of John Murphy was exhumed and strychnine found in the stomach. Mrs. McKnight was placed under arrest, with the result that to-day she confessed. Her confession to-day was entirely voluntary, and she seemed perfectly sane, although under great mental strain. No motive for the crimes can be found.

ADJUDGE PASTOR A HERETIC.

Lutherans Suspend Trenton Minister Who Claimed to Possess Healing Powers.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 10.—The claim of the Rev. J. Hugo Wendell of Trenton, N. J., to possess healing powers was to-day formally pronounced heresy by the Lutheran Ministerium, and three months were given the offending pastor in which to recant or suffer degradation from the ministry. This decision was arrived at after three ministerial sessions of the body, which is now holding its annual meeting in St. Paul's Church, Twenty-second Street, above Columbia Avenue.

The report of the committee that tried Mr. Wendell said heresy was apparent in his claims that owing to a special outpouring of grace he possessed healing powers similar to that of the Apostles, that he had communicated with departed spirits, and that the Angel Raphael inspired him to communicate in writing spiritual truths.

The committee recommended "that the Ministerium declare these claims of Pastor J. Hugo Wendell fundamental errors, undermining the very foundations of the faith, and condemned by the Lutheran Church from its origin. The holding and teaching of such error, whether from the pulpit or otherwise, is inconsistent with the office of a minister of the Gospel, and renders its subject one against whom as a religious teacher and guide it is our solemn duty to warn our churches and peoples."

The Rev. B. Thorn introduced a resolution, which was adopted, suspending Mr. Wendell from the ministry until he should hand the President a written submission to the judgment of the Ministerium and a promise not to preach or profess the doctrines objected to.

NEW SOUTHWESTERN ROAD.

Survey Being Made for Line from Vernon, Texas, to Alamagordo, N. M.

Special to The New York Times.

AUSTIN, Texas, June 10.—It is announced that construction will soon begin on the Vernon, Roswell and El Paso Railroad, which is said to be a Rock Island-Frisco project. The survey for this line is now being made from Vernon, Texas, to Alamagordo, N. M., a distance of about three hundred miles.

At Vernon the road will connect with the Blackwell, Enid, and Southwestern branch of the Frisco, and at Alamogordo it will connect with the El Paso line of the Rock Island.

Every Man Wants Map of Manchuria.
Grosner, Commercial Agent of the United States at Vladivostock, says: "The best map of Manchuria is published by the New York Central." A copy will be mailed on receipt of 5 cents in stamps by G. H. Daniels, G. P. A., New York.—Adv.

BRIDE SIXTEEN YEARS OLD.

Fashionable Folk at the Wedding of Miss White and Youthful Mr. Suydam.

An interesting wedding was celebrated yesterday at the Church of the Heavenly Rest, in the presence of a large and fashionable congregation, in which were representatives of many of the oldest families in New York. The chief interest in the wedding, however, was the extreme youth of the bride and bridegroom. The former, Miss Louise Lawrence White, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Jay White, has hardly passed her sixteenth year, and the bridegroom, Walter Lispenard Suydam, Jr., the son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter L. Suydam, is about nineteen years old. They were the youngest couple ever married in the Church of the Heavenly Rest. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Rainsford of St. George's Church, Stuyvesant Square, and the Rev. John S. Prescott of Long Island.

The church was decorated with towering palms and loose clusters of white flowers. The bride, who walked up the nave on the arm of her father, was in white liberty satin trimmed with point lace and chiffon and wore a tulle veil. Her ornaments were a collar of pearls and a row of diamond stars on her bodice. She carried white roses and valley lilies. Miss Mary A. Schuchardt, the maid of honor, and the Misses Antoinette Erhardt, Miss Helen Trotter, Miss Annie Best, and Miss Amy Gordon Olyphant were all in pink crêpe metoor trimmed with lace, and carried masses of pink roses tied with pink ribbons. Their large round pink hats of youthful garden fashion were trimmed with pink ribbon. Robert Fulton Cutting was Mr. Suydam's best man, and the ushers were Dr. Feneull S. Weisse, John H. Auerbach, Robert F. Olyphant, Jr., A. C. White, and Newbold L. Herrick. A reception at the home of the bride's parents, 103 East Fifty-seventh Street, followed the church ceremony. After their bridal tour Mr. and Mrs. Suydam will go to Newport, R. I., where their Summer cottage, which was one of their wedding gifts, is situated.

Among the guests at the church and reception were members of the Mesier, Suydam, Rhinelander, Lydig, Satterlee, Hoffmann, Jay, Cutting, Schuchardt, and other well-known people identified with the social history of New York since the days of the Knickerbockers.

The engagement of Mr. Suydam and Miss White was announced last year, but it was understood that they have been engaged for the last two years. The bridegroom is a law student, and the bride has never made her début in society, having been in the schoolroom until last Autumn, when she took a finishing course with a governess. Walter L. Suydam, the bridegroom's father, was married when he was twenty years old.

ENGAGEMENTS EPIDEMIC IN VASSAR, CLASS '03.

Two of the Graduates to Marry This Month, and a Third Just Engaged.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, June 10.—Cupid has been playing merry pranks with the class of 1903 at Vassar. The commencement season is the chosen time for announcing engagements, and this year the number of blushing examples of the higher education of women who have accepted the congratulations of their classmates was larger than usual. The prize offered by the graduating class for the first member who gets married goes this year to Miss Marion Davidson of Boston, who made the Vassar course in three years, entering the senior class after the last mid-Winter examinations. Miss Davidson will be married at her home next Tuesday.

Invitations have been issued for the wedding of Miss Edith E. Randall, marshal of the class day exercises, to Robert Bailey Eddy, a lumber merchant of Bay City, Mich. The wedding will take place at the bride's home in Bay City two weeks from to-day.

The engagement is announced of Miss Marjorie L. Prentiss, daughter of George H. Prentiss, the well-known banker, of Brooklyn, to Edward Tinker, an Amherst man, of Brooklyn.

ROCKEFELLER RAILROAD RUMOR

Pennsylvania Officials Discredit Report That He Is Attempting to Get Control of Their System.

PHILADELPHIA, June 10.—Officials of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company placed very little credence to-day in the report that John D. Rockefeller is attempting to secure control of that railroad system.

Capt. John P. Green, First Vice President of the company, and Effingham B. Morris, one of the directors, said they had no information on the subject beyond what they had gleaned from the newspapers. Capt. Green said it would take $200,000,000 to secure control of the Pennsylvania Railroad. "From whom are they going to get control of the road?" he asked.

"Admitting that such a thing were possible," said another official, "what good would it do for any person or corporation to gain a controlling interest in the Pennsylvania Railroad Company? They would be unable to elect a Director for a year, and under the order of retirement it would take four years to gain a majority on the board."

CHICAGO POLICE SCANDAL.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 10.—Capt. P. D. O'Brien, in command of the Twenty-second Street and Cottage Grove Avenue Police Stations, is to be investigated by the Civil Service Commission. After receiving Capt. O'Brien's letter yesterday denying in toto the charges as to "grafting" and tribute from resorts, gamblers, "crooks," and the like, Chief of Police O'Neill held a long conference with Mayor Harrison, which resulted in the Mayor ordering the Chief to prefer charges against Capt. O'Brien.

Mayor Harrison to-day declared that there would be a general investigation of the entire police division presided over by Inspector Lavin.

WILL SUE FOR DIVORCE SOON.

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, Col., June 10.—Mrs. Stephen C. Whitney denies that she has filed suit for a divorce, but says that she will soon do so, and will also sue for alimony. She will endeavor to regain the custody of her three children, now with their father, at his home in Morris Plains, N. J., though she expects them to remain there until the law gives them to her.

She thinks her husband will not make a contest, denied that she will return to Denver, and avers he is acting independently, not being backed by her father, with whom she says she is not on speaking terms.

TEN CENTS FOR $400 PEARL.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., June 10.—William Connelly, an engineer, of 372 Washington Street, found a black pearl in an oyster yesterday that is estimated by jewelers to be worth $400.

Mr. Connelly, who is employed in a Green Street jewelry factory, purchased 10 cents worth of oysters from a push-cart man and found the prize while eating the oysters. The pearl is three-eighths of an inch in diameter.

Twenty Hours to Chicago.
The train on the New York Central and Lake Shore, making the 980 miles between New York and Chicago daily in twenty hours, is appropriately named "The 20th Century Limited."—Adv.

Solid comfort on the Day Line Steamers between New York and Albany. Music.—Adv.

FATAL TROLLEY WRECK IN HIGH SPEED ON CURVE

One Man Killed, a Dozen Hurt Near Elizabeth, N. J.

Ambulances and Physicians Sent to the Scene of the Disaster—Other Towns Asked to Aid.

ELIZABETH, N. J., June 10.—One man was killed and at least a dozen injured in a trolley car wreck on Linden Avenue, near Lorraine, this evening, when a car on the Elizabeth, Roselle and Plainfield Line, in descending a grade, tried to round a curve at a high rate of speed.

The car was an open one. It left the city at midnight to make the late run to the terminus at Plainfield. The run through the country districts is made at very high speed in the early morning hours. There were many passengers in the car when it left this city.

The first report says it was the motorman who was killed. Ambulances have gone from this city to the scene. Doctors have also gone down on a special car, and doctors from Roselle and Westfield were sent for.

When the car hit the curve at Linden Avenue it was traveling rapidly and left the rails and plunged into the ditch. Apparently the motorman was hurled over the dashboard and was caught under the front of the car and crushed to death.

A Mrs. Stillman of Plainfield and a Mrs. Lewis of the same place were hurled out of the car by the sudden swing and stop, and both were seriously hurt. They were carried into the Postley residence, close by, and cared for while awaiting the arrival of the doctors. A young man, who is said to live in Roselle, was carried into the same house seriously hurt.

The others hurt were not badly enough injured to have to be immediately cared for.

A wrecking car was sent from Westfield to the scene of the accident.

This is the same road on which a number of persons were hurt a few weeks ago in a similar accident a few miles further out from this city.

TO GUARD AGAINST LYNCHING.

Troops Escort Alleged Murderers on Journey from Ranch to St. Francis, Kan.

ST. FRANCIS, Kan., June 10.—Chauncey Dewey, Clyde Wilson, and W. J. McBride, who are accused of the murder of Ranchman Daniel Berry and his sons, were brought here at 7 o'clock to-night by Company G of the Second Kansas State Regiment. In charge of Sheriff McCullough of Cheyenne County, the train of eight wagons left the O. K. Ranch at 8 o'clock this morning. From the time the Dewey ranch was left every possible precaution was taken to avoid a meeting with any of the settlers, who, it was feared, contemplated lynching the prisoners. From the ranch the route led over the hills west, toward the Berry home, now desolate. For five miles the little army wended its way over the roads heavy with mud.

The soldiers sat in their wagons with guns in their hands. Capt. Cunningham and Lieuts. Thompson and Hillebrand rode at the side of the three-seated rig containing the prisoners and the Sheriff. A road leading across the fields and away from the Berry ranch was taken, and not a soul was seen. An old settler, friendly to Dewey, who knew every trail in the vast ranges, was attending as guide, and a route was chosen which led away from the more thickly settled places. As the party neared St. Francis Lieuts. Thompson and Hillebrand rode about half a mile ahead, on the lookout for any sign of trouble.

When the train was within half a mile of the town the troops left their wagons and, surrounding the rig carrying the millionaire ranchman and his associates, marched into the town. A great crowd watched them as they entered the Court House yard, where they went into camp. Not a sound was heard from any of the hundreds of watchers, among whom were some of the armed settlers who had gathered at the Berry ranch on Sunday. As soon as the Court House yard was reached double sentry lines were thrown out, and the work of erecting the camp commenced. The sentry lines were thronged with persons, all eager to catch a glimpse of the prisoners.

CHILDREN LEAVE WHITE HOUSE

Go to Oyster Bay for the Summer—President and Mrs. Roosevelt Will Be Left Alone.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—The three younger children of the President, Miss Ethel and Masters Archie and Quentin, with a staff of White House servants, left to-day for Oyster Bay for the Summer. They will be joined by Theodore and Kermit, who are now at school at Groton, Mass., at the close of the school term about June 22. Miss Alice Roosevelt on her return from the Hanna-McCormick wedding at Cleveland will leave for Boston for a visit to her grandmother, Mrs. George C. Lee, and later will join her aunt, Mrs. Cowles, at her Summer home at Farmington, Conn.

The President and wife will be alone at the White House for the first time since the opening days of the Administration. Mrs. Roosevelt will remain in Washington until the President goes to Oyster Bay for the Summer.

WANTS CHANGE OF VENUE.

Ex-Lieut. Gov. Tillman, Who Killed Gonzales, Claims He Cannot Get Fair Trial.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBIA, S. C., June 10.—An application for change of venue from this county on the ground that a fair trial cannot be had, will be made next Friday on behalf of J. H. Tillman, now in jail for the murder of N. G. Gonzales, late editor of The Columbia State.

ACCUSED BROKERS IN COURT.

Officials of Chicago Board of Trade Waive Examination and Await Grand Jury's Action.

CHICAGO, June 10.—The twenty-four officers and Directors of the Board of Trade, who surrendered themselves last week when they learned that warrants had been issued by Justice Bradwell for their arrest, waived examination to-day in the Justice's court, and the charge against the defendants will go before the Grand Jury if that body sees fit to investigate.

The accusation is a technical one to the effect that in the Board of Trade Building, which the defendants are alleged to control, certain office tenants have violated the law against bucket-shopping. There is no accusation that bucket-shopping has been done in any instance by the defendants.

"The matter," said the attorney representing the Board of Trade officials, "has been adjudicated time and again, and there could be little use in threshing over the question in a Justice's court, which can give only a preliminary hearing. The Board of Trade has been fighting bucket shops and the bucket-shoppers are seeking retaliation, of course."

Burnett's Extract of Vanilla.
Used exclusively by all leading hotels and clubs.—Adv.

The St. Louis Limited
via Pennsylvania Railroad. Rapid service combined with palatial appointments. Leaves New York every day in the year.—Adv.

THIS RAINMAKER TOO SLOW.

Prof. Myers, Preparing to Call Forth a Shower, Is Caught Out in a Heavy Downpour.

Special to The New York Times.

PAUL SMITH'S, N. Y., June 10.—The gods of rain got ahead of Prof. Carl Myers at Nehasane, in Dr. W. Seward Webb's private park, to-day. Prof. Myers is the balloonist, and, while he has had much experience in rainmaking in Texas, he does not claim to be a professional rainmaker; his specialty lies in the operation of balloons and airships. His assistant is Tracy A. Tisdell of Brooklyn, a skycycle and airship operator.

They began to prepare for sending up balloons loaded with explosives, and the great test seemed likely to be made shortly, when a terrific thunderstorm came up from the southwest and rendered it unnecessary for Prof. Myers to unchain his bombs to-day.

Operations were eventually postponed until to-morrow, but if the showers continue as they are doing to-night Prof. Myers may abandon operations until dry times, when the test will be really a test of the science of this balloonist as a rainmaker.

Dr. W. Seward Webb is in Europe, and was represented at the scene by his manager, Major E. M. Burns.

The material for the rainmaking experiment weighs a ton and consists of three balloons of 8, 10, and 12 feet diameter, respectively. These were inflated one-third full of oxygen gas and two-thirds full of hydrogen gas, which, it is said, when exploded high in the air by time fuses produces a terrible concussion and shock to the surrounding air and forms a nucleus of watery drops from the union of combusted gases which seems to initiate the deposit of condensed moisture.

CARNEGIE'S GIFT OF FOSSILS.

Secures Famous Baron de Beyet Collection for Either Harvard or Pittsburg Museum.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, June 10.—Harvard University is about to come into possession of the Zoological collection of Baron de Beyet of Brussels, which has just been purchased as a gift to the university by Andrew Carnegie.

This famous private museum, one of the finest and most complete of its kind, was obtained through the efforts of Dr. Eastman of the Museum of Comparative Zoology, who as a guest of Baron de Beyet at his château near Brussels last Summer spent much time in studying it.

A short time ago Dr. Eastman found that the Baron would sell the collection, and at once interested Mr. Carnegie in the project of buying it for Harvard's Zoological Department. Mr. Carnegie sent him word by cable last Saturday that the purchase had been made.

The collection is especially rich in specimens of extinct birds and animals of Central Europe and Northern Asia, containing many that cannot be duplicated anywhere in the world. The Baron has made a lifelong study of the subject, and his classifications have been accepted by most of the European universities.

Since Harvard has been working industriously for the last few years to enlarge her collections of animals and birds at the university museum, she is particularly fortunate in getting possession of this collection, which has already been classified.

PITTSBURG, Penn., June 10.—Dr. William J. Holland, director of the Carnegie Institute of Pittsburg, announced to-day that Andrew Carnegie had purchased from Baron De Bayet of Brussels, Belgium, his notable collection of European fossils, and that the collection had been presented to the Carnegie Museum in this city.

Dr. Holland says palæontologists have long regarded the De Bayet collection as the best outside of the great museums of Europe, and there is nothing in America at present to equal it.

When asked what the price of the collection was, Dr. Holland said that was a matter which simply concerned Mr. Carnegie, but that the amount paid was princely.

ARRESTS IN ARDSLEY CASE.

Two Men Are Held at Saugatuck on the Suspicion of a Woman—Coroner May Reopen Inquiry.

WESTPORT, Conn., June 10.—The Saugatuck police are holding two men whom they suspect are connected with the murder of John Heffernan which occurred at Tarrytown, N. Y., three weeks ago. The men are being held at the request of the Tarrytown authorities.

The men appeared at the house of Mrs. John Allen late this afternoon, selling court plaster. The woman believed they resembled descriptions sent out of the men wanted in connection with the murder. She asked them to wait in the house while she went to a neighbor to get some change to make a purchase. They did so, and she hurried to a telephone and notified the police. A man was sent to the house, and he arrested the two suspects.

A description of the men was sent to Tarrytown and a reply was received requesting that the men be held, adding that two detectives and Miss Campbell, who was with Heffernan when he was killed, would arrive here to-morrow morning for the purpose of identifying the prisoners if possible.

One of the men had his arm wrapped up inside his clothing to give the appearance that he was a cripple.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., June 10.—Coroner Frank E. Russell, who has conducted the inquest into the death of John Heffernan, says that the moment anything definite is placed before him he will issue subpoenas and order the hearing reopened. In case it is opened a subpoena will be served on Superintendent Hale of the Ardsley Club, who took care of Heffernan after the shooting, but was not present to give his testimony.

BIG DEAL IN IRON DEPOSITS.

Colorado Fuel and Iron Company Makes $1,000,000 Purchase in Mexico.

Special to The New York Times.

AUSTIN, Texas, June 10.—A telegram was received here to-day announcing that the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company has just closed a deal for the purchase of extensive iron ore deposits situated in the Sahuaripa district, State of Sonora, Mexico, the consideration being about $1,000,000. These iron ore properties were owned by E. T. Dumble, former State Geologist of Texas; J. A. Naugle of the Southern Pacific Company, and Frank Crans.

LIGHTNING IN A SCHOOLROOM.

Teacher and Five of Her Pupils Knocked Senseless Near Hoosick Falls, N. Y.

Special to The New York Times.

HOOSICK FALLS, N. Y., June 10.—This place was visited by a terrific rainstorm this afternoon, accompanied by thunder and vivid lightning. The lightning almost caused a fatality at Lake Lauderdale, where a bolt struck a schoolhouse and knocked senseless the teacher and five of her scholars.

Miss Helena Tilford, the teacher, stood near where the bolt struck, and upon being revived was found to have become paralyzed on her left side.

Margaret Hodge, twelve years old, who sat two seats from the stove, into which the bolt ran, was badly shocked. The other pupils were less seriously injured, being merely stunned, and were attended by several doctors, who opportunely arrived from a picnic at the lake.

Niagara Falls and Return, $8,
via Lackawanna Railroad. Tickets sold June 16 and 17; return limit June 22. 429, 1,183 B'way.—Adv.

Yellowstone Park,
one of the resorts reached via Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway. Choice of routes. 381 Broadway.—Adv.

FLOOD SWEEPING EAST ST. LOUIS

Two-Thirds of Illinois City Under Water Now.

PERHAPS THIRTY LIVES LOST

River Bursts Through in Face of Gallant Flood-Fighters.

Negro Who Tried to Let the River in Killed—Reports of Lynch Law for Looters.

ST. LOUIS, June 10.—Almost two-thirds of the territory of East St. Louis is under from two to fifteen feet of water. How many lives have been lost is not yet known. Representative Rodenberg says there have been thirty deaths, while other estimates run up as high as 200. Eleven are known to have been drowned; one negro was shot dead for trying to break the embankment and let the flood in, and it is reported that seven other negroes were shot for looting. The damage to property no man has yet attempted to estimate. Not a wheel of industry is turning in East St. Louis. The smokeless chimneys of manufacturing plants stand lifeless while the flood whirls at the foundations.

The vast railroad yards are outlined by hundreds of half-submerged cars, and here and there stand locomotives only half visible. Huge grain elevators stand surrounded by a veritable sea.

To the south, beyond the railway yard area, are thousands of homes, mainly humble cottages owned by laborers and containing their all, submerged to the eaves.

In Northern East St. Louis the description is repeated, but not on so large a scale.

The business portion of the city and the district containing the better residences is still intact, "But for how long?" is the question to-night. Broadway, running from Eads Bridge east to the city limits, a wide street, walled with stone fifteen feet high, divides the city in halves. More than ten feet of water is pressing against Broadway from the south, and in some places is sweeping through in streams as thick as a man's body.

Along the river front to the west a levee of sand bags from two to six feet high and two miles long keeps the river out.

BRAVE FIGHT ENDS IN DEFEAT.

Probably never before in the history of the country has a more valiant fight been made by brave men, with defeat staring them in the face, to protect lives and property than has been made by the citizens of East St. Louis. When the rising Mississippi began to threaten the city last Thursday morning Mayor Silas Cook ordered men to work to construct sand bag levees at once. The river rose higher, and more men were employed. Citizens of the best classes worked side by side with the laborers. Since Thursday morning 5,000 men, under the leadership of Mayor Cook, without sleep, with little rest, and food snatched at intervals, have toiled unceasingly to strengthen levees and to do everything possible to save the city.

Without warning the river suddenly began to rise. The city was made safe along the river front, but suddenly, late at night, a new danger menaced. Word was received that the Illinois Central embankment skirting the river along the southern boundary of the city was threatening to give way. Couriers were sent on horseback and afoot to shout warnings to the inhabitants of the southern half of the city. Carloads of sand bags were rushed to the place, and work was hurriedly begun. Accustomed to warnings of impending danger, the inhabitants did not leave their homes.

While as many men, women, and children as could stand on the embankment were heaping sandbags between the rails to prevent the menacing waters from mounting over the top, the resistless current broke through the lower part of the wall of earth and spurted in rivulets in the faces of those who were carrying sandbags up the bank. Bags thrown into the openings by dozens of men were tossed by the waters like feathers.

Thomas Middleton, a volunteer in charge of a gang of men who were working at the point where the embankment gave way, gave a description of the break. He said:

"The break occurred at 11:40 o'clock last night. My gang was hard at work with the others. The water was pouring over the top of the embankment in a sheet, even after all our work. Suddenly, with a roar, a jet of water shot through the embankment almost at my feet. I was carried away, but seized some firm object and pulled myself out of the water. D. H. Sherwood, a laborer, standing at my side, was swept away, and I saw him drown. In an instant the water had cut a section of the embankment out and a stream twenty-five feet wide was rushing through. I saw another section of the embankment go out a few minutes later, and then that portion between the two torrents went down, and the river poured through in all its fury. I believe many men, especially negroes, were drowned. I know that several negroes, worn out, had been permitted to nap, and they were lying asleep right in the path of the break. They certainly were drowned."

Middleton escaped by running along the embankment back to the city.

The workers fled from their useless task, and the alarm was given by the ringing of bells and blowing of whistles in every part of the city. A few of the workers on the embankment remained at their posts until the rushing waters made it necessary for them to swim for their lives. Then they joined their companions in warning the residents of the thickly settled district of their danger. Every locomotive and factory whistle joined in the clamor of alarm. But with all this pandemonium, the majority of the aroused inhabitants did not leave their homes.

Within an hour the houses stood in water that reached to the roofs of the one-story cottages. It is known that numbers of people fled to the Central Hotel, a four-story brick structure, and to the large brick buildings of the Washington and Franklin High Schools. But none of these buildings to-day contained more than 250 persons, and, although the rescue boats found many people in second stories and on house tops, there are rows upon rows of cottages that early this morning did not

show a sign of life. There is grave fear that many bodies of dead will be found in the flooded cottages and in this section of the city. It has been almost impossible to learn of authenticated deaths, but eleven are known to have been drowned last night.

THE DEAD.

JOHN KOOLISH and three children; drowned on north side.
UNKNOWN BABY.
B. H. SHERWOOD.
LAWRENCE DAY.
TWO UNKNOWN WOMEN.
ONE UNKNOWN MAN.
ONE UNKNOWN COLORED LABORER.

The deaths of John Koolish, a Polish carpenter, and his three children—two boys, aged five and seven respectively, and a girl of twelve years—were caused by trying to save three kegs of beer. The bodies were recovered to-day and taken to a livery stable. Mrs. Koolish was summoned to identify them, and her grief was pitiable in the extreme.

Representative William A. Rodenberg, who has charge of the patrol along Broadway, which cuts the town into east and west and leads to the Eads Bridge, gives it as his opinion that the number will be about thirty. The only drownings coming under his personal observation were those of two women and a man who lost their lives near his post of duty.

While general warnings were given by the police and retreating levee workers with shouts and pistols there was not time to call at every house in the thickly settled district, and it is believed many of the families in one-story cottages awoke only when it was too late to escape. Levee workers who lay down to rest on the embankment, worn out with hard labor, were caught by the flood and drowned like rats. It may never be learned how many died in this way. A negro was drowned this morning in the waters which are climbing up the side of the embankment supporting Broadway.

William Enloe of East St. Louis reports that he saw an unknown woman drown this morning as she stepped from her house into several feet of water. A Mr. Ray of East St. Louis is among those reported drowned.

CASES OF RUDE JUSTICE.

A few hours before the break of the levee Ned Roberts, a negro, employed as a levee builder, was killed by members of the Levee Patrol for attempting to tear down a portion of the dike. His act was caused by anger because he was not allowed to draw his pay at once.

It was currently reported to-day that seven negroes caught in the act of looting houses last night were shot to death. While this was not confirmed, it is known that there was heavy firing on the north side early last night, where these negroes are said to have been killed.

A large number of arrests have been made by the police, who are marching the prisoners across the bridge to St. Louis, as there is no place to keep them in the flooded city. The East St. Louis city jail is also being emptied and the prisoners taken to the Four Courts in St. Louis for safety.

The naval militia of St. Louis and Alton are on duty rescuing women and children. Lieut. Gray, commanding the St. Louis naval militia, has his force spread out along the embankments guarding against levee cutting and depredations by hordes of hoodlums that may be seen everywhere. Arms are stacked at Police Headquarters, where reputable citizens may obtain carbines and ammunition to guard their property.

An appeal from Mayor Cook to the Governor of Illinois for State troops to aid in guarding the property was answered by the promise that details of militia would be sent to East St. Louis at once.

Riot guns were collected by Chief of Police Purdy to-day and were given out to-night to guards to patrol the streets where furniture is stacked and to patrol the sand-bag levees. Thieves or levee cutters are to be shot down instantly. Martial law has not been proclaimed officially, but East St. Louis is practically governed under such a condition during the flood. Idle or curious persons will not be allowed in the city.

Undismayed by the defeat which had come in their seven days' battle with the flood, the greater part of the levee builders fell back to Broadway, where it was at first decided to resist the water. A half hour's work and survey of the prospects convinced those in charge that it was useless to try to keep the water from Broadway, and the flood fighters fell back upon Missouri Avenue, which runs east from the Relay Station. Here the scenes of the past week were repeated as the street was rapidly transformed into a dike of sandbags and clay.

THE PANIC IN THE NIGHT.

As the noise of the approaching flood was heard, the flight of the people, at first a rapid retreat with some semblance of order, reached the panic stage. Messengers were sent to the main portion of the city telling of the danger from the new point of attack, and the greatest excitement prevailed. As the bottoms filled, and the river gained a larger entrance, the terror in the business section of the city grew intense. It was all the greater because of the darkness and the fear that while guard was maintained in one direction the torrent would break through at another point and engulf the luckless inhabitants between two floods.

They began to desert their homes and run vainly up and down the streets, seeking a place of succor. Thousands of families from the best residence portions of the city, carrying trunks, grips, bundles of clothing, and valuables, began to cross Eads's Bridge toward St. Louis. Most of the refugees were scantily clad. Strong men carried aged women in their arms, followed by women with babies. Barefooted children were in the procession, which continued steadily over the bridge. Hundreds of others sought protection in the second story of the Public Library Building. As the water encroached about it many dashed through the shallow overflow to find a more secure refuge.

In terror of the rising tide of water refugees in hundreds thronged the streets, crowded the cars, and besought public officials for aid. In the City Hall alone 500 homeless persons, with such scant belongings as they had been able to seize on short notice, were assembled. Provisions were supplied them, and they were made as comfortable as possible in the auditorium on the third floor.

The streets were filled with panic-stricken inhabitants of the invaded districts. Women with children in arms, men carrying household furniture, horses, dogs, and other remains of once comfortable domestic establishments, paraded the streets. The common direction of all movement was toward the bridge, over which the refugees are hurrying to St. Louis.

As fast as scows could be secured they were launched, and volunteers started on rescue missions. A company of Naval Reserves from Alton, which had rowed to the city yesterday in a cutter, rendered splendid service in rescue work. Rescuers began work as soon as it was light enough to see, and continued their work far into the night. Word was sent out generally for more boats, and the Government responded through United States District Attorney Dyer in St. Louis, who issued an order to confiscate temporarily all boats seen in and around St. Louis, regardless of ownership, and rush them to East St. Louis. The St. Louis Fire Department at once tendered its hose and coal wagons, and the teams were brought to the desolated city. Volunteer oarsmen promptly manned every boat furnished, and soon scores of craft were rescuing flood sufferers.

The first boatloads contained refugees and some furniture.

The order was issued peremptorily.

"If any more furniture is brought it will be thrown into the water. If a man thinks more of his furniture than he does of his neighbors, he must lose the furniture."

After that no furniture was transported.

Every effort is being made to rescue people from the second stories of dwellings in the submerged district. Rafts are being built, boats improvised, and wagons even are being used, the horses of which flounder around with only their heads above water while on their errands of mercy.

When boats were rowed alongside homes where the occupants were marooned in second stories and on roofs, in the great majority of cases the occupants could not be induced to leave. They said to leave meant that their belongings would be left to the mercy of river thieves, and they would remain and stand guard. Strangely, the women were those most unwilling to be rescued, although some of them wept in terror. They were assured that a thorough boat patrol would be established, with orders to kill river thieves on sight, and finally the unwilling householders were persuaded to go to land. As wives entered boats that were too full to carry husbands or children and were sent ahead, they wept and clasped each other in abject fear that some further calamity might separate them forever.

At the landings weeping women were assisted from the boats, and throughout the day scores of boats rescued hundreds of refugees.

SIGHTSEERS TURNED BACK.

The news of the inundation excited the people of St. Louis, and thousands of sightseers attempted to cross Eads Bridge. But the authorities prepared to turn back an influx of curious people. At both ends of the bridge ropes were stretched, and police were stationed with orders to allow no ingress into the city of spectators, who would only hinder the work of rescue. East St. Louis was practically shut off from the world. Even refugees who wanted to go to St. Louis were stopped, and unless they could show that they were sure of being taken care of by friends they were turned back to the relief offered by the city. Persons with cameras were dealt with unceremoniously.

As night drew on another fear confronted the inhabitants. The water that had steadily been pouring through the Broadway embankment was believed to be undermining that bulwark, and it was declared that the street could not stand the heavy pressure from the south side long.

The belief that the river was rising was confirmed by the St. Louis Government gauge to-night. The gauge registered 37.85 feet, a rise of .15 of a foot in twenty-four hours. No attempt is made to explain this rise except that the wind is forcing water from lowlands into the channels of the Mississippi and Missouri Rivers, and swelling the torrent which passes St. Louis.

Denverside, a suburb of East St. Louis, was completely inundated, and Alta Sita, further to the east, was half flooded last night. If the river should rise even a little more the water must swamp Alta Sita.

In the eastern extremity of the city at Washington Place and Rock Road, on a vacant area on high ground 200 tents were utilized in erecting Camp Refuge, and a commissary was established. From the Broadway landing to Camp Refuge the flood sufferers were transported in wagons. Each family was given a tent. The City Hall, churches, school buildings, and other structures were thrown open and temporarily turned into relief stations.

Attorney T. H. Dempcy, who has charge of Camp Refuge, said to-night:

"We must have food. East St. Louis is cut off from sources of supply, and what she had has been largely drawn upon during the past week. Large amounts of food were destroyed by the water last night, and we are in need of additional food to care for the suffering people. The viaduct is unsafe and wagons cannot cross to St. Louis. Railroad traffic is cut off and the situation confronting us is growing grave. Food must be secured in some manner, or people already in distress will suffer more."

Representative Rodenberg has issued an appeal for aid for the flood sufferers. Food, he says, is needed most, and means must be had for delivering it to persons who are in upper stories of their homes or in box cars.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., June 10.—Upon solicitation of the Mayor of Alton, five companies of Illinois militia were ordered to Alton this morning by Acting Gov. Northcott. Pillaging has commenced in the flooded district of the city and the local authorities are unable to cope with the lawlessness. The soldiers took tents and provisions for two days. Ten rounds of ammunition were distributed to each man before leaving the armories.

IDENTIFIED WRONG SUSPECT.

Magistrate Crane Has Another Woman Before Him Who Makes a Mistake in Charging a Felony.

"Women are very careless. They deserve to be robbed," said Magistrate Crane, in the Harlem Court yesterday in the course of a disquisition he gave on the unreliability of women as identifiers in court. A few days ago the Magistrate said that in his experience he had observed that "no woman could identify anything or anybody," and two cases before him yesterday proved, he said, that he was right.

"Madam," he said to Mrs. Kate Fromia of 172 East One Hundred and Seventh Street, "you have narrowly escaped sending an innocent boy to prison. I hope you realize what a serious mistake you have made. Don't try to identify any one again unless you have plenty of proof that you are right."

Mrs. Fromia had identified William Derby, seventeen years old, of 233 East One Hundredth Street as the person who snatched her chatelaine bag from her baby carriage at Third Avenue and One Hundred and Eighth Street. The bag contained a small sum of money and jewelry worth $20. The thief dropped it in his flight.

Being unwilling to accept Mrs. Fromia's unsupported identification, the Magistrate instructed her to bring witnesses to the afternoon session. A man and a woman, who were with Mrs. Fromia, came with her. Derby was placed among a number of boys, and they pointed out, not him but Frederick Kruger, fifteen years old, of 217 East Eighty-ninth Street.

Kruger, with William Prince, eighteen years old, 1,027 Cauldwell Avenue, was under arrest accused of stealing a purse from Mrs. Clara Anderson of 2,129 Lexington Avenue as she was pushing her baby carriage at Second Avenue and One Hundred and Nineteenth Street. Detectives, attracted by the woman's screams, had pursued and captured the boys, and, they said, found the purse in Prince's pocket. Derby was discharged.

After lecturing Mrs. Fromia for making her uncertain identification positive, the Magistrate made this comment:

"Women are very careless. They deserve to be robbed. Even my wife lays her purse down in all sorts of places. Fortunately she never has very much in it, but if she did she probably would be just as careless. All women are careless, I think, don't you?"

Mrs. Fromia admitted she thought they were, and then hurried out of court, without making any complaint against Kruger.

SAW THE KILLING OF MARCUM.

First Witness in Kentucky Assassination Trial Gives Evidence Against Jett and White.

JACKSON, Ky., June 10.—B. J. Ewen, the first witness in the trial of Curtis Jett and Thomas White for the murder of Lawyer Marcum, was called this morning and said he was standing beside Marcum when the latter fell. White passed by them, looked at Marcum, passed just outside of the door and looked back, then passed on. Marcum said, "I'm afraid of that fellow. He means to do me harm."

An instant later witness heard a pistol crack. Marcum, who had his arm on witness's shoulder, released his hold and dropped to the floor, exclaiming, "O Lord, O Lord; they have killed me!"

Witness looked back and saw Curtis Jett with pistol gripped in both hands. "I then fled out of the door," he said, "as I thought it was I he was after when a second shot was fired. I saw Jett come out of the side door, walk around and look into the door where Marcum lay."

Ewen said he helped carry Marcum across the street to Dr. Kash's office, where he died in a few minutes. He saw Jett and White together a few minutes afterward.

Ewen was pale and nervous. He was cross-examined by Attorney Golden. Ewen's mental condition for the past two years was questioned, and there were rumors of his threatening to commit suicide. When questioned about this matter Ewen denied each allegation.

The cross-examination was long and severe, but it did not affect his testimony at any point.

Commonwealth Attorney Byrd, in outlining the case before the calling of witnesses, promised to prove that Jett entered a side door of the Court House just prior to the shooting and returned by the door immediately after the second shot. He said he would prove White and Jett entered into a conspiracy to kill Marcum, and that Jett fired the shots, this having been seen by witnesses whom he would produce. He would prove that Jett told persons he did it, but somebody's money paid for it.

The State Banks and Their Condition.
THE NEW YORK TIMES has issued in pamphlet form the statements of the condition of State banks in New York City at the close of business, May 22. The pamphlets include reports of banks in other cities of the State. Copies may be obtained at the Publication Office of THE NEW YORK TIMES without charge.—Adv.

AID FOR FLOODED CITIES

Mayor's Relief Committee Has Received a Total of $10,296.

Appeal for Further Funds is Sent Out to Citizens—Thanks Sent from the Stricken Regions.

Contributions from citizens of New York for the sufferers of the flood-stricken districts of the country began coming in to the Mayor's Committee yesterday in a much more encouraging manner, and at night reached a total of $10,296 since the call issued last Friday. This covers the $10,000 which the members of the committee on their own responsibility sent out on Tuesday to the Mayors of Topeka and Kansas City, Kan., and to Gainesville, Ga., and Spartanburg, S. C. To-day the members of the committee expect to telegraph further financial aid to the districts in need.

The following address was issued by the committee yesterday:

To the People of the City of New York:

The people of Topeka, Kansas; Kansas City, Kansas, and its suburbs; Spartanburg and vicinity, S. C., and Gainesville, Ga., are in sore distress.

The recent floods, cloudbursts, and tornadoes have visited these respective communities with disastrous results. Thousands of people are out of employment, are homeless and in want of the necessaries of life. The newspapers have told the story daily, and specific appeals for aid have been made to the Mayor's Committee.

The Chairman of the Relief Committee of Kansas City, Kansas, telegraphs as follows:

"Necessities are flour, meal, beans, rice, and potatoes, or money to buy them with. Committee of newspapers and citizens conservatively estimate $250,000 will be required, of which only some $25,000 has been subscribed."

This appeal is emphasized by the Mayor of Kansas City, Mo., who says that while his city does not need aid, his sister city in Kansas and its two suburbs of Armourdale and Argentine are in dire straits, needing money, provisions, and supplies of all kinds.

Spartanburg, S. C., also requires aid. The Mayor of Columbia, S. C., telegraphs that money is needed to support 7,500 employes, who are idle, owing to the destruction of the mills.

Gainesville, Ga., must be helped. The Mayor of that city telegraphs that aid is much needed. Materials or money to restore 300 homes, 4 churches, and 3 school houses are required. He also appeals for clothing and medical supplies.

Topeka, Kansas, through her Mayor, wires Mayor Low:

"The distressing conditions prevailing in Topeka and the river valley adjacent have got away beyond our means to meet. Any contributions you can make will be gratefully received."

Mayor Low has appointed the undersigned a committee to receive and distribute aid. The committee will forward all funds, using its judgment according to advices received from the different districts or will purchase and ship supplies either here or at points where they can be most advantageously obtained and distributed.

The committee will, of course, keep in touch with those in authority in all the afflicted districts.

If any subscriber desires his subscription to be applied to any particular locality the committee will so apply it.

The committee appeals to all persons in the city to respond promptly. Checks may be drawn to the order of James G. Cannon, Treasurer, and sent to him in care of the Fourth National Bank, 14 Nassau Street, or sent to any member of the committee.

Contributions so far received are:

Mrs. A. F. Fitzgerald	$5	H. O. Jones	2
Clothiers' Assoc. of New York	100	M. Dworetsky	10
D. Marks & Sons	100	John Claflin	1,000
I. Golland's Sons	25	C. R. Martin	[illegible]
"C. H. S."	5	R. B. Paddock	[illegible]
Louis Levy	5	J. D. Sheldon & Co.	[illegible]
George Christian	5	John H. C. Fritz	[illegible]
Henry M. Trippe	1	"A Friend"	1
Isaac Seligman	200	Bliss, Fabyan & Co.	500
E. Sharum	1	R. Fulton Cutting	100
Mrs. E. Leverich	10	"Friends"	2
"Subscriber"	5	Miss Collins	10
Calhoun, Robbins & Co.	100	Charles J. Chapman	[illegible]
Max Hirschbach	5	Ellen Collins, ("E. D. B.")	50
William G. Low	50	"Anon."	25
"Sympathizer"	1	R. G. Dun & Co.	100
F. G. Allen	11	Mrs. John J. Cox	5
J. D. Rockefeller	5,000	George Denker	2
"Kansas City Sufferer"	1	Am. Sugar Ref. Co.	2,500
Charles M. Skinner	10	M. A. Richmond	5
Mrs. Rebecca Willets	5	H. P. Howell	5
C. A. F. Lagerstadf	2	Seth Low	250
		C. D. Blauvelt	5
		"Anon"	1
		"Anon"	10
Total			$10,296

Telegrams of thanks for money sent have been received from Columbia and Spartanburg, S. C., and Kansas City, Kan.

COULD HAVE AVOIDED FLOODS.

Senator Burton Says Headwater Reservoir System Would Have Prevented Kansas Losses.

Special to The New York Times.

ABILENE, Kan., June 10.—Senator J. R. Burton, Chairman of the Senate Forestry Commission and an enthusiastic advocate of headwater reservoirs, thinks the recent floods could have been prevented. He said to-day:

"The recent floods should awaken public thought to the necessity of providing, if possible, against such terrible disasters in the future. We can perhaps do nothing to either increase or decrease the rainfall anywhere, but we can do a great deal toward the control of the water after it falls on the earth.

"I see it is estimated that Kansas City and vicinity lost $20,000,000 by this flood, and that Topeka lost $4,000,000 worth of property. This, perhaps, is exaggerated, but suppose the aggregate loss from Brookville to Kansas City was $25,000,000. Less than that amount of money would construct in-taking canals and receptive reservoirs sufficient to have prevented any destruction whatever by this flood.

"Beginning with the plains counties at the foothills of the mountains and extending throughout the entire arid and semi-arid belt, the waters can be impounded for irrigation purposes in addition to the prevention of destructive floods."

KANSAS DOES NOT NEED AID.

Commissioner Ware Forbids Flood Sufferers' Subscription in Pension Department.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—Pension Commissioner Ware, himself a Kansan, to-day issued the following order:

"It is reported that a subscription paper is being circulated in the Pension Bureau for the Kansas flood sufferers. Let it be discontinued. Kansas can take care of its own sufferers."

The subscription paper thus interdicted was circulated at the request of resident Kansans at a mass meeting held in this city several days ago. It was also resolved to appoint some one to present the needs of the sufferers in each of the departments and large bureaus of the Government. This action was taken in accordance with the request of the Governor of the State, and up to date about $200 has been subscribed. Assistant Secretary Ryan of the Interior Department is treasurer of the fund.

Southern Railway Damage Repaired.

The Southern Railway Company announces that the damage along its line between Charlotte, N. C., and Spartanburg, S. C., caused by the recent storm, has been repaired and that the damage by floods to the main line between Washington and Atlanta has also been repaired, and that trains are now running through without delay.

Hibernians Aid Flood Sufferers.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, June 10.—National President J. E. Dolan of the Ancient Order of Hibernians to-day ordered National Secretary J. P. Bree of New Haven to send $1,000 to Kansas City for flood sufferers.

BOARDMAN-NILES WEDDING.

MONMOUTH BEACH, N. J., June 10.—Miss Madge Niles, the daughter of Lucien H. Niles, the retired President of the Adams Express Company, was married at noon to-day in St. Peter's Church, Galilee, to Sewell Boardman, elder son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Barnes Boardman of New York City. The altar decorations consisted of white flowers and palms, while every niche and corner in the church were banked with greens and ferns.

Two little nieces of the bride, Miss Marjorie Whitney and Miss Martha Leahen, acted as flower girls. The girls strewed pink roses in the broad aisle. Following came the matron of honor, Mrs. John J. Knox, sister of the bride, and then Miss Niles, leaning on the arm of her father. The ceremony was performed by Dr. William H. Owen, assistant rector of St. Thomas's Church, in New York. The ushers were O. H. Gruner, George Coggeswell, Clark Reed, J. Prentice Kellogg, James H. McLain, and John J. Knox, all of New York.

RAIN CONQUERS FOREST FIRES.

Downpour Over Stricken Districts Puts an End to Conflagrations.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA, N. Y., June 10.—This afternoon and to-night's rainstorm will place a quietus on the smoldering forest fires that have been threatening additional devastation in the heavily timbered sections of the Adirondack Highlands. The fires in the sparsely timbered sections and openings were brought under control a day or two ago, and the fire fighters have been reduced in number.

So heavy was the downpour most of the afternoon that gas and electric lights had to be brought into requisition for illuminating purposes. A driving wind, continuous detonating thunder, and vivid lightning accompanied the storm.

The rainfall will prove of incalculable benefit, as it will aid vegetation and stimulate crops.

Special to The New York Times.

BALLSTON, N. Y., June 10.—The hardest storm in many years visited this vicinity this afternoon. The rain almost equaled a cloudburst in its fury, and the damage wrought is considerable. Trees were blown down, and one building was struck by lightning, and a fire followed. Large hailstones fell during the forty minutes the storm lasted.

A part of the village is in darkness owing to electric light wires being down. The storm was severest in this section. Several inches of rain fell in half an hour.

LAKE PLACID, N. Y., June 10.—A heavy rainfall which lasted four hours to-day extinguished all the forest fires in this vicinity.

PLAN FOR MEXICAN BANK.

American Capitalists Organize Scheme to Practically Control Finances of Mexico.

Special to The New York Times.

SPRINGFIELD, Ohio, June 10.—Capitalists of New York City, Buffalo, Pittsburg, Ohio, and elsewhere are engaged in establishing a Mexican banking company which will have control practically of the finances of that country. In addition there are to be a number of branch banks in the United States. The Mexican bank has been named the Pan-American Bank and Trust Company.

The capital is $15,000,000. The concession received from the Mexican Government permits the issuance of bonds to the extent of twenty times the amount of this capital, making a possible working capital of $300,000,000. The headquarters are to be in this State, probably at Cleveland.

The capitalists interested are now en route to Mexico. They passed through here to-day. In the party are Nathan L. Miller, ex-State Controller of New York; R. B. Hungerford of the Oriental Bank, New York City, and C. W. Hammond of the People's Bank, Buffalo, representing also Standard Oil interests; D. O. Batterson, ex-Chief Examiner of the New York Banking Department; J. Batterson Jones, President of the First National Bank, Wellsville, N. Y., also President of the Wellsville Trust Company and representing the Colonial Trust Company of Pittsburg; a representative of the Seaboard National Bank of New York, E. H. Vreeland and J. Sloat Fassett, of the International Bank and Trust Company of America.

Upon arriving in Mexico it is the plan of the party to take over one Mexican bank which has a capital of $5,000,000 and assets amounting to $15,000,000, and make it the basis of the Mexican end of the company. It is said the party will have the active co-operation of President Diaz.

THE LIVINGSTON DIVORCE.

Wife and Husband Each Charge Desertion—Allegations of Ill-Treatment.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., June 10.—Vice Chancellor Emery, in the Court of Chancery here to-day, began the taking of testimony in the suit for divorce instituted by Mrs. Louise Vedder Livingston, daughter of Dr. M. R. Vedder of Caldwell, against William Arlington Livingston of New York. In the petition filed by Mrs. Livingston, she alleged that her husband deserted her while they were living at 367 Fifth Avenue, New York, and that she was forced to return with her daughter to her parents' home. She also alleges that he ill-treated her.

The husband has filed a cross bill to the suit, in which he charges that his wife deserted him and has obstinately refused to return to him.

The papers in the case show that the couple were married Feb. 5, 1891, by the Rev. Dr. Morgan, and that they continued to live together until May 19, 1900, when the alleged desertion took place.

Mrs. Livingston testified that for years prior to the alleged desertion her husband had refused to support her or her daughter, but admitted under cross-examination that she had met her husband frequently in Twenty-third Street, New York, but that she refused to talk with him.

The husband testified that he returned to his home from business and found the house locked up and deserted. He also testified that two years prior to that time his wife insisted on visiting at the home of a Mrs. Johnson, despite his objection. He admitted on cross-examination that he once accompanied his wife to the Johnson house.

GIVES MONEY TO VAGABONDS.

A midnight philanthropist with rolls of money has haunted Bryant Square, just west of the new Public Library, for the last ten nights, giving away one, two, and five dollar bills to the homeless vagabonds who sleep on the benches there.

The unknown giver walks into the square soon after midnight and hunts up either Patrolman Shea or Patrolman Willemsie, and, accompanied by the policeman, he makes the circuit of the benches, distributing his money as the fancy strikes him or as the men seem to deserve. He accompanies each gift with a word of encouragement or advice.

He was waylaid by several reporters early yesterday morning, but refused to make known his identity and requested to be left alone. It is his practice, the policemen say, to dine at the Café Beaux Arts at Fortieth Street and Sixth Avenue at a late hour and then to walk into the park.

It is said that the tramps who sleep there are increasing in number, and that the nearest lunch counters are doing a good business.

PITTSBURG'S MAYOR INDICTED.

PITTSBURG, June 10.—The Grand Jury to-day returned a true bill against William B. Hays, Mayor of Pittsburg, charging him with misdemeanor in discharging Samuel Moore from the city employ.

Moore was an official of the Ordnance Bureau of the city and an old soldier. On March 31, 1903, he, with a number of others, was discharged from the city employ by Hays.

The matter will be taken up by the old soldiers of the County and a test case made in Moore's case. The case is being watched with great interest by the G. A. R. men, as upon its result hangs the fate of other veterans who were discharged by the present administration shortly after coming into office several months ago.

Helping Crippled Children.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., June 10.—Robbins' Nest, the Summer home for crippled children, which has been in existence for thirteen years, will open to-morrow. There are already some children at the institution. To-morrow afternoon the formal opening will occur, and there will be tea and a reception. Among those who are interested in the home are Mrs. W. L. Bull, Mrs. J. Orton, Mrs. Frederick McCormack, Mrs. W. G. Richards, and Mrs. R. A. Patterson.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

(From 12 o'clock Tuesday night until 12 o'clock Wednesday night.)

1:55 A. M.—270 Bowery; Joseph Kantrowitz; damage trifling.
7:50 A. M.—1,075 First Avenue; John Crossman; damage, $15.
11:10 A. M.—1,951 Amsterdam Avenue; no name obtained; damage slight.
11:10 A. M.—238 Second Street; Isadore Karp; damage, $25.
2:50 P. M.—250 West Seventeenth Street; owner unknown; damage, $10.
5:20 P. M.—336 East Tenth Street; Jacob Katz; damage, $200.
5:27 P. M.—63 West Fifty-eighth Street; Hanley Ewing; damage, $10.
5:40 P. M.—1,264 Lexington Avenue; Berbeim & Schmidt; damage, $20.
6 P. M.—109 Bedford Street; August Kastoal; damage $5.
[illegible] Cherry Street; [illegible] damage trifling.

SOZODONT
Tooth Powder
"Good for Bad Teeth
Not Bad for Good Teeth"
Gives the Teeth a Pearly Lustre
BIG BOX NEW TOP 25c

QUAKER CREW ON HUDSON

Pennsylvanians First to Arrive at Poughkeepsie Quarters.

All the Oarsmen Take a Short Spin on the River—'Varsity and Freshmen Positions.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., June 10.—The University of Pennsylvania transferred its rowing contingent from the Schuylkill to the Hudson River to-day, and from now on the oarsmen will do their practice work in the waters where their races with Cornell, Columbia, Wisconsin, Syracuse, and Georgetown are to be rowed on June 26. The Pennsylvanians are the first to arrive, and for a few days they will have the river to themselves, as none of the other colleges is expected before the first of next week.

Th crews are in charge of Ellis Ward, their coach. They brought two eight-oared shells, one of them a new boat, which the freshmen will use. The 'Varsity will use the time-tried cedar boat, in which they rowed two years ago. The remainder of the equipment consists of three four-oared shells. Ward has enough extra 'Varsity men with him to put three fours on the water, and from these he will select the final four for the second race.

Late in the afternoon the boats were rigged and the crews sent out for a short spin. Ward was unable to follow them on account of the non-arrival of the launch Ben Franklin. The 'Varsity is at present rowing in the following order: Bow, Ralph R. Zane; 2, Harold E. Robertson; 3, Frederick W. Eckfield; 4, Morris L. Williams; 5, George A. Dick; 6, Gurden S. Allyn; 7, William G. Gardiner, (Captain;) stroke, August F. Shisler; coxswain, Layton B. Register. Average height of the men is 5 feet 11 inches; average weight, 165 pounds.

The 'Varsity substitutes are Elon Kanaga, Robert C. Crowell, James W. Keagey, Joel H. Hildebrand, George S. Keller, Frank Holbrook, Van A. Lee, Jared S. Bogardus, J. August Boers, Russell B. Smith, O. John Cathcart, Robert A. Cabeen, Ridgeway P. Smith, (coxswain.)

The freshmen eight is composed as follows: Bow, R. F. Weed, Jr.; 2, H. A. Appleton; 3, F. H. Galey; 4, J. D. Taylor; 5, J. G. Hendry; 6, N. Drayton; 7, L. J. Shoemaker, (Captain;) stroke, H. York; coxswain, W. H. Lamb. Average height of the freshmen is 5 feet 11½ inches; average weight, 162½ pounds. Substitutes—F. H. Barrett and A. E. Smith.

Of the 'Varsity, Zane, Eckfield, Allyn, and Gardiner are old members of the crew. The other four are seasoned oarsmen, but this is the first year they have made the 'Varsity eight. The substitutes include the second 'Varsity eight, which raced Cornell and Harvard at Ithaca on Memorial Day.

Ward says he has a much better crew than he had last year, but that it is too early to make any calculations on their chances of winning. He thinks from what he saw of the Ithacans on Memorial Day that Cornell will be as formidable a factor as it was last year.

SPARTACUS DEVERY'S MODEL.

Ex-Chief Talks to Business Men of His Designs Against Tammany.

William S. Devery addressed a mass meeting of business men of the Ninth Assembly District last evening, and announced that he expected to annihilate the Tammany organization in the same way that Spartacus annihilated Kings and Emperors in ancient times. The meeting was held in the hall of the Grand Opera House, which was packed with an enthusiastic and hilarious crowd.

Prior to Devery's speech resolutions pledging the support of the Business Men's Association to him in his fight for the Mayoralty and denouncing the Tammany Executive Committee for refusing to recognize him as the leader of the Ninth Assembly District were passed. Mr. Devery was preceded by a young man named Hunter, who extolled the ex-Chief's virtues.

"This is only the preliminary scramble in this movement," said Devery. "We are going about it in a slow but sure way. We only ask one thing, and that is fair play on the part of the press. You have just heard an elegant speech by young Mr. Hunter, a speech that would touch the hearts of the people of this city if it were published, but the papers won't print a line of it. There sit the reporters puffing their perfectos, and their pencils are lying on the table. They say that there's nothing doing. I tell you that the papers are not what they used to be. To-day a man when he buys a paper wants the news, and not stuff dictated by somebody up in Albany or the political grafters down in Fourteenth Street.

"Now, here are these trusts. You may think you are getting fair wages for a fair day's work, but when you are paid off it's snatched out of your hands. These trusts have got you from the top of your head to the soles of your feet. Alas, poor Yorrick! If you men don't take the bit between your teeth and go after these political grafters and trust magnates you will rue the day.

"One thing I want to tell these newspaper fellows, I want 'em to print it. I want 'em to ask these grafters and heelers what they know about me. I'll give 'em the answer now. They don't know nothing. They wouldn't let me in the committee, but so sure as there is a sun in the sky I believe that I can lick the whole thirty-four of 'em.

"I've only one life to live, and when I pass out I won't owe no man anything, but while I live I'll make those political grafters play one of the best Liverpool hornpipes that was ever danced.

"Spartacus of old annihilated Kings, Emperors, Dukes, Marquises, and Marchionesses, Courts, Lords, and nobles, and we are going to annihilate these grafters."

NEW LAKE AND RAIL OUTLET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 10.—The Burlington Railroad, in conjunction with the Great Northern, is about to open Nebraska, Colorado, Wyoming, and adjacent territory to lake and rail shipments.

A branch line will be built from Sargent, Neb., on the main line, to O'Neill, on the Sioux City branch of the Great Northern. This will give a through line from territory covered by the Burlington to Duluth, and permit shippers and merchants of the Middle West to get the benefit of the lake and rail tariffs, which are 2 cents per 100 pounds lower than the all-rail rates. They have sought for years to induce these roads to relieve them of the disadvantage they have been subjected to during the Summer, when the bulk of their shipments is moved.

The Burlington-Great Northern combination necessarily antagonizes other railroad interests in establishing this outlet via Duluth because the advantage of lake and rail rates will divert freight to the new route.

TO PUNISH COLORADO MIDLAND.

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, Col., June 10.—Attorney General Miller is perfecting a plan for court proceedings to dissolve the charter of the Colorado Midland Railway Company for violating the Colorado State laws forbidding consolidation and pooling of competitive railroad lines.

Into the suit will be dragged the Colorado Southern Railway Company as owners of the Colorado Midland, and George Gould, as principal owner of the Rio Grande, and Edwin Hawley, as principal owner of the Colorado and Southern, will probably be made parties to the suit.

The consolidation of the Midland with the Colorado and Southern and its pooling with the Rio Grande is well known, but until now no move has been made by the State to prosecute the company for violating the State law.

H. O'Neill & Co.
A Special Sale of Women's
Waists and Walking Skirts,
Thursday, June Eleventh.
Most attractive garments, all of them, and priced in a way for this sale that you will appreciate.
WAISTS
Dotted and Striped Silk Gingham Waists, in all colors; also very fine grade White Lawns, tucked and box pleated front, extra full sleeves, and new clerical collar, hemstitched.
The $1.75 quality, Thursday, $1.00
Waists of Stripes and Figured Madras, in light-weight material, pleated yoke, French back, fancy stock.
The $2.25 quality, Thursday, $1.49
Fine India Mull Waists, in white and tan, box pleated front, fine tucks, with solid point lace down centre front, sleeve has deep tucks to elbow.
The $4.00 quality, Thursday, $2.75
Also 500 WASH SILK WAISTS, in stripes in all colors, with four-in-hand tie, pleated yoke, extra full sleeves, a most desirable waist for summer wear.
The $5.00 quality, Thursday, $2.98
SKIRTS
WOMEN'S WALKING SKIRTS—Sicilians (the very best quality), in side pleated flare shapes.
The $9.00 qualities, Thursday, $6.75
WOMEN'S WALKING SKIRTS—grey and tan mixed. All wool Cheviots, with faint stripes of color.
The $5.50 qualities, Thursday, $3.98
WOMEN'S LINEN SKIRTS—gored welt seams.
The $3.50 kinds, Thursday, $2.50
WOMEN'S PIQUE SKIRTS—plait, lapped seams, shrunk and excellently tailored.
The $5.00 kind, Thursday, $2.98
Sixth Avenue, 20th to 21st Street.

"FATHER BILL" IN VAUDEVILLE.

Mr. Daly Sings at the Benefit of the Guardian Angel's Church—Jockeys as Flower Bearers.

Billed as "Mr. William C. Daly," and introduced by Al. Reeves, the stage manager, as "The Race Horse King," the famous horseman, better known as "Father Bill," last night made his second appearance upon any stage. It was at the Brighton Beach Music Hall, where Mr. Daly had provided a varied assortment of vaudeville for the benefit of the Guardian Angel's Church of Coney Island. The Rev. Father Cullen, pastor of the church, stood near the door, and William Huston took the tickets.

The hits of the evening were scored by Mr. Daly and a very shapely young woman, Cessy Grant, who sang several songs in a good contralto voice. Mr. Daly wore a red necktie with a very large diamond, and his appearance was greeted with a storm of applause from the audience of about a thousand. He laid his hand upon his heart and bowed low, and then sang to further tremendous applause "Over the Mountains" in what he called "a natural voice."

Toward the end of the song Jockey O'Brien, wearing Mr. Daly's colors, crimson and green, appeared with a large bouquet. He stood beside Mr. Daly while the last verse was sung. In response to a cyclonic encore Mr. Daly sang "Darling Betsy," and in the midst of that song Jockey Creamer came on from the other side, also wearing Mr. Daly's colors and bearing another large bouquet. At the same moment the leader of the orchestra handed over the footlights a huge floral horseshoe.

Mr. Daly gave the horseshoe to Creamer to hold and sang the last verse of "Darling Betsy," with a flower bearing jockey on either hand. The applause that followed made all previous efforts in that line sound small.

In the audience, besides large numbers of Father Cullen's parishioners, were hundreds of racing folk. Some of them were Thomas Haley, Fred Burlew, Thomas Welsh, George Chandler, A. J. Joyner, Samuel Doggett, J. L. McGinnis, "Archie" Zimmer, Frank O'Neil, and Grover Fuller. Mr. Daly, after his appearance, promenaded the hall and shook hands with his friends.

MRS. LESLIE CARTER RECEIVES.

Her Return "From the Road" Celebrated at the Belasco Theatre.

Mrs. Leslie Carter and David Belasco gave a reception to 200 of their friends in the Belasco Theatre at Forty-second Street and Broadway last night.

The guests were received on the stage, which was connected with the pit by several bridges. The stage was divided by an ornamental curtain, banked with flowers. On one side was the orchestra and on the other were small tables, where refreshments were served. The boxes were decorated with flowers and plants.

The reception marked Mrs. Carter's return from her tour. The guests were mostly actors, critics, artists, and newspaper men.

MAY NOT DANCE FOR CHARITY.

Bronx Entertainment for Lebanon Hospital Under Ban of the Children's Society.

For the last two or three months active rehearsals have been in progress for an entertainment to be given to-night in the Metropolis Theatre, Third Avenue and One Hundred and Forty-third Street, in aid of Lebanon Hospital, at Westchester and Cauldwell Avenues, the Bronx. The proposed entertainment is under the patronage of prominent residents of the Bronx, and hundreds of tickets have been sold.

A few days ago some of the women interested thought it would be proper to ask the officials of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children if there would be any objection on their part to the proposed entertainment. To their intense disappointment they were informed that the law was plain on the subject, and that no child under the age of sixteen would be permitted to sing or dance on the stage.

Charles D. Steurer of 730 East One Hundred and Thirty-fourth Street last night said:

"I am afraid that if the society is obdurate there will be many disappointed people. Everything was moving along as nicely as possible; the children had obtained their costumes, had learned their songs and parts, and dress rehearsals had been held. Then some of the ladies saw Superintendent Jenkins of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children. To their disappointment, they were told by the Superintendent that the entertainment could not go on so far as singing and dancing by the children is concerned. As there are 300 children in the proposed entertainment, all of whom range in age from five to fifteen years, that meant that the entertainment was practically killed.

"Yesterday Anthony Stumpf, one of the committee in charge of the entertainment, appealed to Mayor Low, asking him to interfere and give the necessary permission. The Mayor was very kind, but said he had no authority to interfere. He promised, however, that he would use his personal influence with the officials of the society to make an exception of our entertainment, as it was to be given for the benefit of a deserving charity. In any case an entertainment will be given."

You Need Not Stay In
because needed rain is pouring.
All you need is a Cravenette Overcoat to keep your under-coat dry out in the hardest shower.
Broad-shouldered Raincoat, with narrow snug-fitting collar, light as a duster in weight; olive, oxford and black $10
Brill Brothers
FOUR CONVENIENT STORES.
279 Broadway, 47 Cortlandt St. 211 & 219 Sixth Ave., 125th St., cor. 3d Ave.

New Books—Information for Summer Reading.
Summer Reading Number
The New York Times
Saturday Review
NEXT SATURDAY, JUNE 13.
The Summer Reading number of THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW, which will be published next Saturday, will surpass in general interest all Summer reading numbers of former years. THE REVIEW will be greatly increased in size to accommodate the two lists of books specially favored for Summer reading, one of fifty with explanatory notices, and another of fifty by titles only, as well as the great array of publishers' announcements, without crowding out any of the regular features of this publication. The newest books will have their due share of consideration; some of the reviews being the work of distinguished specialists, while all the news of the literary world, here and abroad, will be printed.
Order in advance from your newsdealer to be sure of getting a copy of this special number.
THE NEW YORK TIMES.
"All the News That's Fit to Print."

REST AND HEALTH
TO MOTHER AND CHILD.
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over SIXTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

NONE BUT IMPORTED FRAMES IN
Le Bihan Umbrellas.
That's why every one is guaranteed one year. For your protection you carry a Le BIHAN. $2.00 UP.
1 BARCLAY ST., near B'WAY.

MILLER DECLARES HE GAVE AMMON $180,500

Swindler Tells How He Lost Proceeds of Gigantic Fraud.

Asserts That Promises of Protection Were Broken—Dramatic Recital of His Flight and Abandonment.

For the first time William F. Miller, promoter and manager of the defunct 520 per cent. Franklin Syndicate, yesterday told the inside story of the gigantic swindle. He gave an account replete with thrilling and pathetic detail, of how he dodged detectives after the crash came, of his flight to Montreal, how he returned to this city because of his longing to see his wife and baby, and of his subsequent arrest.

The story was told in Judge Newburger's court, where Miller was the principal witness against Robert A. Ammon, who in those days was his counsel. Ammon is on trial charged with feloniously receiving $30,500 of the ill-gotten proceeds of the fraud.

Miller occupied the witness chair all day yesterday and will be recalled for cross-examination to-day. He first took the stand on Tuesday, when his testimony had to do chiefly with the inception of the swindle. Under the questioning of Assistant District Attorney Nott and amid a fusillade of objections from counsel for the defense, yesterday he came down to his relations with Ammon and told of plans to avoid imprisonment and retain the proceeds of the swindle.

Miller accused Ammon, whom he had paid handsomely to look out for his interests, of base betrayal of those and worse. There were passages in his testimony when the accused lawyer hung his head, apparently to avoid the many scornful glances directed at him. No member of Ammon's family was in court.

Miller seemed a very sick man and testified in tones so low that his answers had to be repeated by the stenographer in order that the jurors might hear them.

MILLER BEGINS HIS STORY.

Miller testified that his first meeting with Ammon occurred in the latter's office in October, 1899. He went to see the lawyer because the newspapers had begun to attack him, the local police had become bothersome, and the future of the swindling concern seemed dubious. Ammon, he said, told him the only way to keep out of trouble was to incorporate the syndicate.

"That was done in the case of the Dean syndicate," he quoted Ammon as saying. "I looked after them, and you don't see any of the Dean people in jail."

Miller said he paid Ammon a retainer of $100 to attend to the incorporation, but this was not completed before the crash came. He told of how he had gone to Boston with Ammon to see the Chief of Police, who had openly called the Franklin Syndicate a "green-goods concern," and subsequently had paid out $33,000 to depositors to avert a storm that was brewing there. This was about a week before the final crash on Nov. 24.

The jurors opened their eyes in wonder when Assistant District Attorney Nott, reading from an account book which Miller had identified as the cash book of the Franklin Syndicate, read off some amounts received on various days during the last month the swindling concern existed. The weekly amounts varied between $80,000 and $160,000.

When Miller resumed the stand at the afternoon session he testified that on Nov. 23, the day before the syndicate went to pieces, he became frightened, and, gathering up about $30,000 which he had in his desk, put it in a satchel and went to the office of Ammon. There he found the latter and Edward Schlesinger, one of the promoters of the scheme, who fled to Paris.

"Schlesinger turned round to Ammon and asked him what we had better do," said Miller. "Ammon turned to me and said: 'Willie, I think you had better run for it.' I asked him what he meant, and he said he thought I would be better off if I went to Canada."

Q. (by Mr. Nott.)—What further conversation did you have? A.—We were anxious to get the money out of the way. The money we had in the banks and the money I had.

Q.—What was said on that subject? A.—I asked if there was any danger of customers or creditors seizing it. Ammon said he would fix that.

Miller said he had small balances, aggregating $3,000, in two or three banks in Brooklyn. In the Wells-Fargo & Co. Bank he had a balance of over $150,000—$100,000 was a certificate of deposit, $44,000 in United States bonds, and $10,000 in cash and checks.

SAYS AMMON GOT $180,500.

Miller then told of how he and Ammon had started for the Wells-Fargo Bank. Miller did not wish to carry the satchel containing the money because he was afraid he would be arrested with it, and Ammon took the bag. When they reached the bank it was 3 o'clock. Miller asked the cashier if he could withdraw his balance, and was told it was too late in the day.

Miller said that on the advice of Ammon he then turned all his funds in the Wells-Fargo Bank over to Ammon's account, as well as the contents of the satchel—the stolen money which Ammon is accused of receiving—and Ammon deposited the money in his name at the bank. The deposit slips, which he made out himself, were introduced in evidence and identified by Miller. The amount thus transferred to Ammon, according to Miller's testimony, aggregated $180,500.

From the bank Miller and Ammon returned to the latter's office, where they found Schlesinger.

"We talked about how to get the receipts of the next day, which was a Friday," Miller said. "Friday was our biggest day. Finally it was decided that I should go to the office, and I did."

Q.—What was the condition of affairs when you got there? A.—I found a large crowd waiting outside.

Q.—What did you do? A.—I hesitated at first, but finally went in. I remained at the office until between 12 and 1 o'clock.

It was at this time Miller's real tribulations began, and his story was one to which everybody in the courtroom listened with rapt attention.

Q.—When you left your office, where did you go? A.—I went toward my home.

Q.—Did you see any police at your office? A.—I noticed a detective following me.

Q.—What did you do when you made this discovery? A.—I walked a few blocks and then jumped on a Marcy Avenue car. The man I had seen following me yelled to the conductor to stop, and got aboard with another man. At the corner of Park and Marcy Avenues I got off the car. The two men followed me. My parents lived there, and I went into a drug store on the ground floor.

While in the drug store Miller heard a telephone conversation, the nature of which he was not allowed to state, but it made him leave at once. He was again followed by the detectives. At Myrtle Avenue he went into a Chinese laundry, where he remained until a Brooklyn elevated train came into the station, when he dashed up stairs and boarded it. He was not able, however, to shake off the detectives. He went to Ammon's office, where he found Ammon and Schlesinger.

"I told them I had been followed by two men," Miller said. "Shortly after I reached the office word came over the telephone that I had been indicted in Kings County for conspiracy to defraud. Ammon told me the best thing for me was to get away. I told Ammon I did not want to go unless I could take my wife and baby with me. He told me I would have to go, and he would send my wife and baby afterward with Mrs. Ammon."

HIS ESCAPE TO MONTREAL.

Miller consented to go. While in the office, at the request of Ammon, he said he made a general assignment of the assets of the Franklin Syndicate to John Daly, a stenographer he had employed through Ammon. Frederick B. House, who was Ammon's lawyer at the time, was then sent for and asked to take charge of Miller's defense. Mr. House said he would think the matter over, but finally undertook the case.

Q.—Did you have any conversation with Mr. Schlesinger on that occasion? A.—Yes; Schlesinger said he would do all he could to fix matters up. He said that if I ever should get as far as inside the jail door he would still be on the outside and do all the good he could for me.

Q.—Did Mr. Schlesinger say anything at that time about absconding? A.—He did not.

Q.—You have never seen him since that time? A.—I have not.

After he had executed the assignment a man whom he did not know came in and, he said, Ammon told him this man would take him to Canada safely. At six o'clock, when the tenants of the Bennett Building, where Ammon's office was, were pouring out for the night, this man and Miller left through the Ann Street entrance without being discovered, and the same night started for Montreal.

Q.—Did you pay Mr. House a retainer? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—Who did, if you know? A.—Mr. Ammon.

Q.—State if Ammon told you how much he paid. A.—He told me he paid something like $17,000.

Mr. House, who is one of counsel for defense, and sat with Ammon, shook his head and mumbled: "I wish he had."

Q.—Did you tell Mr. Ammon what money you had when you left for Montreal? A.—I did; I told him I had only $200. He told me he would see that I was supplied with money.

After Miller got to Montreal he spent the first night at a hotel. The next day he took up his abode in a vacant office, placed through Greenshields & Greenshields, Montreal lawyers with whom Ammon had relations, and after a week was taken to a deserted house in the outskirts of the city, where he lived for several weeks. He received enough money for the bare necessities of life through the lawyers, but that was all, and when he returned to New York he had only 15 cents in his pocket. Ammon afterward asserted he had sent $20,000 to Montreal, he explained.

He remained in the empty house without seeing anybody he knew until about Christmas. At that time he could not get the thoughts of his wife and baby out of his mind and ventured out to get diversion, spending Christmas in the family of a law clerk.

AMMON'S ALLEGED BROKEN PROMISES.

He received word on Feb. 8 that Ammon was in Montreal and wanted to see him. He was to meet Ammon at the house of a man named Shepard. Instead he found Police Captain Reynolds. He was homesick and consented to return to New York.

Q.—After you reached this city did you see Ammon. A.—Yes, I met him at the Brooklyn County Court House.

Q.—Any conversation with him? A.—Yes, he said he had a man to go on my bond.

Q.—Did he ever find this man? A.—No, Sir; I remained in prison until my trial in April.

Q.—Did you ever ask him what had become of the money you transferred to him? A.—Ammon told me he had lent $140,000 to Seymour Johnson & Co., and that the balance was in the Wells-Fargo Bank safe.

Q.—Did he ever tell you why he had not turned this money over to your assignee? A.—No, Sir, he never made any explanation about that.

Q.—Did you ever have any conversation with Ammon about Mr. Ridgway, one of the lawyers who defended you? A.—Yes, Sir, Ammon told me he paid Mr. Ridgway $5,000.

Q.—Did he state for what purpose this money was paid? A.—He said Mr. Ridgway got the money to bribe the jury.

Q.—After your conviction did you talk to Ammon about this? A.—Yes, Mr. Ammon told me that Mr. Ridgway had not given the money to the jurors, but had pocketed it. He said if the money had been paid I would have been either acquitted or there would have been a disagreement.

No further testimony on this line was allowed. Mr. Nott said it was only fair to explain that Mr. Ridgway's fee had been only $1,800, and that Miller was satisfied Mr. Ridgway's conduct in the case had been all it should be.

Q.—State what conversation you had with Ammon before you were going up to prison? A.—I had a talk with him regarding money that was to go to my wife and baby, and also regarding how the money was to be divided between him and me.

Q.—What did he tell you? A.—He said: "Don't worry, Miller. Just keep your mouth shut. I will take care of your wife and child." When I came back for my new trial I told Ammon the amount he had given my wife was insufficient.

Q.—What was this amount? A.—Twenty dollars a month.

The jurors leaned forward in their seats. When the stenographer repeated Miller's answer they sat up rigidly. As if moved by the same impulse, they looked first at each other and then at Ammon. The lawyer did not return their glances. A low mutter ran through the courtroom. Judge Newburger gazed at the ceiling for a while and then at the defendant.

Miller said that after his talk with Ammon his wife got $40 a month until the time when Miller turned State's evidence.

Q.—And you went to State's prison? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—And you have kept your mouth shut ever since? A.—Yes, Sir.

Miller testified that Ammon had come up to see him at Sing Sing several times, and upon one occasion, after Miller had been interviewed in prison by a man named Bernard, Ammon had said:

"Now, Miller, you don't want to shoot your mouth off up here." This was last August.

Miller said he had received no guarantee of a pardon from District Attorney Jerome for giving his testimony. Mr. Jerome had promised to exercise his influence with Gov. Odell on his behalf. Here Mr. Nott concluded his direct examination, and an adjournment was taken until this morning.

CRUSADE AGAINST DOCTORS.

Three Accused of Having Sold Antitoxin Placed Under Bonds.

Three physicians were held in $500 bail each for examination Saturday by Justice Mayer of the Court of Special Sessions yesterday on charges made by President Lederle of the Board of Health that they had received anti-toxin free from the city, and sold it to their patients. They were Drs. George Lesser of 205 Henry Street, Max Landesman of 239 East Fourth Street, and mon Herman of 14 Jefferson Street.

These additional arrests were made yesterday afternoon and last evening: Drs. George L. Miller, 255 East Broadway; Jacob Berenson, 122 Rivington Street; Morris J. Wilkes, 56 Rivington Street; Nehemiah Janko, 248 East Broadway; Samuel Cantor, 111 East Broadway; Sigmund A. Tarler, 157 Clinton Street; Gabriel W. Taschner, 114 Forsyth Street, and Dr. John A. Moore, 571 Park Avenue.

Dr. Lederle had been informed that it had been a practice among certain doctors to go to a "sub-station" and present a slip signed by the patient and himself, saying that the patient could not afford to pay for the virus, and thus obtain it free. The vial would then be sold by the doctor to the patient, who usually paid from $5 to $10 for it.

Drs. Anton H. Pacina of 346 East Seventy-second Street and Joseph F. Kaspar of 326 East Seventy-second Street were arraigned on Tuesday and held in $500 bail. When seen yesterday Dr. Kaspar said that his arrest was an outrage and had been brought about by Mrs. E. Hermann, who lives in East Seventy-fourth Street, who complained that he forced her to pay for the virus for her child. He says he only charged her for her visits, eight in number, at $2 apiece.

"I will bring suit against the Health Department after this trouble is over, for defamation of character," he said.

GAS PROPERTY ATTACHED.

T. W. Lawson Serves Writ Against Bay State Company in $1,850,000 Suit.

BOSTON, June 10.—The property of the Bay State Gas Company of Delaware has been attached by Thomas W. Lawson in an action of contract for $1,850,000.

The writ was served to-day on Sherman L. Whipple, attorney for the company. Mr. Whipple refused to make any statement this afternoon concerning the action brought against the company.

ALIMONY FOR MRS. GEORGE KEMP.

Award of $2,500 a Year Made Pending Her Separation Suit.

Mrs. Lilia Kemp, who is suing her husband, George Kemp, for a separation on the ground of his ill-treatment, was yesterday awarded $2,500 a year temporary alimony by Justice O'Gorman of the Supreme Court, pending the determination of her suit.

The alimony is to be paid to Mrs. Kemp out of the income of $6,000 received by her husband from a trust fund created by his father's will. George Kemp is the brother of Arthur Kemp, who is being sued in the Rhode Island courts for a divorce.

FIRE TENDER KILLS A BOY.

He Slips While Trying to Dash in Front of Flying Wagon.

While attempting to dash across the street in front of the tender of Fire Engine No. 18, which was on its way to a fire at 109 Bedford Street, George Lockwood, eight years old, of 131½ Washington Place, fell in front of the tender. The horses trampled him and a wheel of the wagon passed over his chest, killing him.

Policeman Garvey of the Charles Street Station placed Fireman Michael Ruddy of 243 East Eighty-third Street, the driver of the tender, under arrest, but he was later paroled in the custody of his foreman by Coroner Jackson.

ANOTHER ARREST IN LABOR SCANDAL

Union Man Charged with Extortion of $900 from Builders.

More Charges Against Parks—Investigation May Be Public—Larger Scandal Is Receiving Attention.

In connection with the alleged blackmail growing out of the relations between representatives of union labor and employers another arrest was made last night. Richard Carvel, thirty-two years old, described as a derrick man, of 446 West Fifteenth Street, was taken to Police Headquarters by Detective Sergeants Daly and Braun of the Central Office and locked up on a warrant issued yesterday by Justice Mayer of the Court of Special Sessions.

The complaint in the case is made by Thomas T. Hopper of 839 West End Avenue, and the charge is extortion "by means of wrongful use of fear" in the sum of $900 on Feb. 13, 1903. Isaac A. Hopper, Tammany leader in the Thirty-first Assembly District, and a prominent builder, had a long consultation with District Attorney Jerome yesterday afternoon.

Carvel was one of the sixteen seceding members of the Building Trades Council and was a member of the committee of six that conferred with the material men regarding a raise of the boycott after the split.

Additional charges of blackmail and extortion against Samuel J. Parks, walking delegate of the Housesmiths, Bridgemen's and Structural Iron Workers' Union, were received yesterday at the District Attorney's office. Three formal complaints charging extortion have already been lodged against Parks with Justice Mayer of the Court of Special Sessions. District Attorney Jerome said last night that he is now busy preparing five new ones, which will be ready to-day, and that there will be more coming.

The Building Trades Employers' Association yesterday appointed a special committee to investigate complaints in cases where contractors and builders have been compelled to give money to walking delegates and generally to assist Mr. Jerome in the extensive investigation he intends to set on foot. The committee is composed of Charles L. Eidlitz, President of the association, and L. K. Prince, its First Vice President.

Mr. Eidlitz visited Mr. Jerome yesterday and had a long conference with him. He told Mr. Jerome, it was learned, that complaints are pouring in on the committee, and that there will be plenty of work for him to do.

After his conference with Mr. Eidlitz and with other men in the building trades who had called upon him, the District Attorney said last night that from what he had learned, he was convinced there had been enough corruption in the relations between the walking delegates in this city and the men in the building and allied trades to put corruption in political and official life in the background.

"If the working men generally knew how they are being stood up by the walking delegates whom they pay to look out for their interests, these gentlemen, when they get into trouble, would not be hustling to get bail, but rather, would come to the Tombs to get protection."

Mr. Jerome announced that he may make an open investigation into the relations between employers and employes in the building trades instead of the secret one scheduled to begin next week.

"I think it might do some good if these matters were given the greatest possible publicity," he said in this connection. "It would then be possible for the labor men to learn just how they are being sold out by walking delegates. I don't imagine the honest workingman who does his day's work to earn an honest day's pay and then goes home to his family will stand a thing of that sort for any length of time."

Mr. Jerome has under investigation the report of a deal in which it is alleged a union was sold out to the employers by means of money collected from fifteen prominent decorators' firms in this city and paid over to five walking delegates. Part of this fund was contributed by the Union Club.

According to the report made to Mr. Jerome by a man in whom he had implicit confidence, a strike was precipitated last Fall by the Amalgamated Union of Painters and Decorators, and the employing decorators decided to foster the Brotherhood of Painters, Paper Hangers and Decorators, a rival organization. The brotherhood grew in membership and strength, but had no representation on the United Board of Building Trades. Consequently sympathetic strikes were feared.

About this time, it is said, the employers learned that by the payment of money to the right people the representation could be had. President Bahlhorn of the brotherhood is alleged to have agreed that the brotherhood would contribute $2,500 toward a fund, and these firms are said by Mr. Jerome to have contributed $450 each.

William Baumgarten, 323 Fifth Avenue; D. S. Hess & Co., 431 Fifth Avenue; the Heyden Company; Pottier, Stymus, 373 Lexington Avenue; Herts Brothers, 507 Fifth Avenue; Kimball & Sons, 296 Fifth Avenue; Allard & Son, 437 Fifth Avenue; T. D. Wadelton, 160 Fifth Avenue; Lowenbein & Son, 333 Fifth Avenue; Neuman & Son, 375 Fifth Avenue; Huber & Co., 383 Fifth Avenue; W. & J. Sloane, 848 Broadway; Herter Brothers, 259 Fifth Avenue; Tiffany Studios, 337 Fourth Avenue, and Peter Lauckhard, 173 Clinton Street, Brooklyn.

After the Union Club had paid its share the money was given, according to Mr. Jerome, to the President of a prominent construction company, and by him to five walking delegates, who were influential on the board, and subsequently the brotherhood was admitted to the board and thus the trouble was settled.

REGULARS SENT TO SCENE OF STRIKE.

Trouble Feared at Morenci, Arizona, Where 3,500 Miners Are Out.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—The Adjutant General has ordered the commanding officer of the Department of Colorado to send troops from Fort Grant and Fort Huachuca to Morenci, Arizona, at once, with a discreet officer in command, to protect life and property. A miners' strike is in progress there. He directs that violence be avoided, if possible, the action of the troops to be governed by the law in such cases. This order is in response to the following telegram to the President from Acting Gov. Stoddard of Arizona:

"Three thousand men, mostly foreigners, on strike at Morenci, Graham County, Arizona. Sheriff and Captain Arizona Rangers advise me that strikers are armed and in hands of professional agitators, and that there is immediate need of large force to quell riot which is impending. Have ordered out militia, but number small, scattered and undisciplined. No probability of restoring order except by presence of United States troops. Needed there to-night. I respectfully request that troops be sent from Fort Grant and Fort Huachuca immediately."

PHOENIX, Arizona, June 10.—On representations made by the Sheriff of Graham County and Capt. Rynning of the Rangers, acting jointly, Gov. Stoddard has ordered the entire force of the Arizona militia under Acting Adjt. Gen. J. E. McClintock, Colonel of the First Regiment, to report at Morenci at once to preserve order. The strike is the result of the attempted operations under the eight-hour law, passed by the last Legislature. Many of the miners are Mexicans and the rest Italians. The number on strike is 3,500.

A message received by Acting Gov. Stoddard to-day from Capt. Rynning says the situation is very serious, and there is great excitement. Rynning reports that he has fifteen Rangers and fifty deputies, but can do nothing with the large force of strikers, and that at least two companies of regulars are necessary to control the strikers. The militia, which left here at 1 o'clock this morning, is expected to arrive at Morenci at 5 o'clock. Rumors have reached here of a demonstration this morning in which shots were fired, but no one hurt. News out of Morenci is meagre.

EMPLOYERS TO HAVE A UNION.

PITTSBURG, Penn., June 10.—Arrangements are being perfected to hold a convention in Pittsburg within the next two weeks to form an international association of organizations of contractors.

The date of the convention has not yet been fixed, but among the associations that will be represented are the Builders' Trade Employers' Association of New York, the Cleveland Builders' Exchange of Cleveland, the Master Contractors' Association of Chicago, the Builders' Club of Philadelphia, the Builders' Exchange of Cincinnati, the New Orleans Contractors' Association of New Orleans, and the Master Builders' Association of Pittsburg.

LUMBER YARDS REOPENED

Building Employers, However, Delay Resumption of Work.

They Commend the Material Dealers on Outcome of Fight Against Unskilled Labor Unions.

The promised reopening of the lumber and building material yards took place according to programme yesterday, to the relief of thousands of workmen, after more than a month of enforced idleness. Lumber and material were hauled throughout the city and work was resumed here and there, but the members of the Building Trades Employers' Association who are building contractors decided not to put their men at work just now. The following statement was given out at the headquarters of the association, 1,123 Broadway:

At the regular meeting of the Board of Governors of the Building Trades Employers' Association, held June 10th, 1903, at the association rooms, in addition to routine business, it was decided that for the present work on buildings shall not be resumed.

A report was received from a committee from the Building Material Dealers, and this committee received a vote of thanks for the admirable manner in which they have conducted the fight against the demands of unskilled labor, and they were assured that as soon as the Building Trades Employers' Association can logically do so, it will take advantage of the open yards.

None of the members of Board of Governors would say what the logical conditions were. It was denied that there was any friction between the Building Trades Employers' Association and the associations of lumber and building material.

It was said that the contractors as a rule do not want to start their skilled men to work until they are sure that the unskilled laborers, whose unions are not to be recognised, will handle non-union material under the present conditions.

Another reason advanced for the decision of the contractors is that the Lumber and Building Material Dealers' Associations have made their agreements for opening the yards through an arrangement with walking delegates, while the Association of Contractors' plan of arbitration does not recognise the walking delegates in any arbitration proceedings.

Work was resumed on the public schools yesterday and on a number of buildings which are wanted in a hurry.

Secretary Crary of the Lumber and Building Material Dealers' Association said that lumber was being hauled all over the city. Congratulatory telegrams, he said, had been received from other cities, commending the association on the stand it had taken against union domination.

A conference took place last night at 1,123 Broadway between the Board of Governors of the Building Trades Employers' Association and the Presidents of eight unions in the skilled building trades. Among the eight representatives of the unions were R. E. Neidig of the Housesmiths and Bridgemen's Union, George Gaillard of the Brotherhood of Carpenters, and Victor Buhr of the Amalgamated Painters' Society. The conference was called to discuss the new plan of arbitration submitted by the Employers' Association.

After the conference was over a representative of the Board of Governors said:

"This was only a preliminary meeting looking toward a meeting with the Presidents of all the unions. Only one union has met since the plan was submitted, and this union has accepted it."

The representatives of the unions said that the meeting was informal and that they came as individuals. They would not talk on what had taken place.

SKILLED TRADES ORGANIZING.

Accessions to Seceders' Ranks—Unskilled Unions to Try to Get Their ex-Associates Back.

The unions of skilled trades which seceded from the Board of Building Trades met yesterday at the Four Mile Hotel, Fifty-seventh Street and Third Avenue. Several other unions joined them, and the full list of unions represented was as follows:

Electrical Workers' Union, No. 3.
Marble Cutters' Union.
Marble Polishers' Union.
Steamfitters' Union.
Progress Association of Steamfitters' Helpers.
Journeymen Stonecutters' Union.
Plain and Ornamental Plasterers' Union.
Elevator Constructors' Union.
Brotherhood of Painters.
Amalgamated Carpenters' Society.
Brotherhood of Plumbers.
Mosaic Tile Layers.
Tile Layers' Helpers.
Amalgamated Sheet Metal Workers.
Slate and Metal Roofers.
Derrickmen, Riggers, and Pointers' Union.
Encaustic Tile Layers' Union.
Granite Cutters' Union.
Cement Masons' Union.

John Tasker of the Steamfitters' Union presided, and Edward Kelly of the Electrical Workers' Union acted as Secretary. The agreement under which the lumber and material dealers' yards were opened was ratified as a matter of form. Another meeting will be held to-morrow at 160 East Eightieth Street, and a meeting will be held next Monday, in which the new board, composed of skilled mechanics, will be regularly organized. In all probability it will be known as the United Board of Building Mechanics.

After the meeting John J. Donovan, President of the old board, said:

"Everything is going on well, and the yards are all open. By Monday there will be a good deal of building work going on. Norcross Brothers will resume work on Monday on the new City Library, at Forty-second Street and Fifth Avenue, and V. J. Hedden & Co., will resume work on the Metropolitan Life Insurance Building, Twenty-third Street and Madison Avenue. Work will also be resumed on a number of theatres on Monday, and work is now going on at all the schools."

The delegates of the unions which remained in the old United Board of Building Trades met at its regular headquarters in Brevoort Hall. It was stated that about twenty organizations were represented, including all the unskilled trades. J. T. Taggert of the Metallic Lathers' Union presided, and James Geelan of the Building Material Drivers' Union was Secretary of the meeting.

Samuel J. Parks of the Housesmiths' Union was at the meeting, and, according to Parks himself, he was offered the Presidency of this board, but magnanimously declined it. This was denied by other delegates. A committee was appointed to try to get the skilled trades which left the old board to come back.

IRON WORKERS SEEK PEACE.

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Ironworkers was held yesterday at the Ashland House to consider the present local troubles in the iron trades. The committee consists of John Butler of Buffalo, President; John Berry, St. Louis; John McCabe, Pittsburg; H. F. Donnelly, Albany; R. E. Neidig, New York; International President Buchanan, and International Secretary Johnson.

A committee was appointed to call on the representatives of the Iron League, the Wire Workers' Employers' Association, and the Inside Architectural Iron Workers' Employers Association, whose employes are on strike, to-day and try to arrange for a conference to settle the strikes.

POLITICS CAUSES A STRIKE.

HUNTINGTON, West Va., June 10.—Twelve hundred employes at the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad shops in this city, including even the office force, struck to-day, the cause being perhaps the oddest ever known. William Davis, a carpenter employed by the Chesapeake and Ohio, who is a member of the City Council, recently voted along with the majority of the Council to take from Mayor C. M. Buck his authority to name the standing committees for the ensuing year, this being the termination of a fight between the Mayor and Chief of Police. Policemen appointed by the Mayor were discharged and others named contrary to his wishes.

Mayor Buck, being a member of the blacksmiths' labor union, his fellow laborers demanded that Davis be discharged. The Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad Company refused, hence the strike.

STRIKERS RAID A FACTORY.

KINGSTON, N. Y., June 10.—Six hundred striking employes of the American Cigar Company marched to the factory to-day, broke into the building, and compelled fifty employes who had refused to strike to quit work.

The strikers marched through the building, shouting defiance. The police were telephoned for, but were unable to clear the building. The Sheriff refused to interfere until the police were unable to cope with the strikers. The latter were finally induced to leave, but later returned. After two hours the police drove the strikers from the building, and to-night have established a strong guard.

The strikers claimed possession under legal advice that they had a right to stay until the company paid them their back wages. The company claims it cannot finish the pay rolls before Friday.

Simpson Crawford Co.

SIXTH AVE. 19TH TO 20TH STREETS

Good Shoes at Little Prices.

Second Floor.

This advertising of shoe bargains has gotten to be a funny business. Why? Because three-fourths of the bargains told of are not even good value. There's humor in it for the level-headed reader.

If you are interested in good, stylish, reliable footwear under price—you'll come to our shoe store after noting the following details.

If you know shoes you'll readily perceive that our advertising does not go beyond the strict confines of truth.

If very good values appeal to you, you'll buy not only one pair, but two or more—for shoe offerings of like character are quite uncommon.

600 PAIRS WOMEN'S CRACKNOT PATENT LEATHER OXFORDS, HIGH CUBAN HEELS........ $2.50

500 PAIRS WOMEN'S GLACE KID OXFORD TIES, KID TOPS, WELTED SOLES, MEDIUM HEELS........ $2.50

1,200 PAIRS WOMEN'S CHROME PATENT LEATHER OXFORD TIES, CUBAN HEELS........ $1.95

500 PAIRS WOMEN'S GLACE KID OXFORD TIES, PATENT LEATHER TIPS AND FACING, TURNED SOLES........ $2.50

Higher up the ladder in merit are our famous Ess-See-Ess boots and ties for women and misses. They embody every style feature as well as the quality of most $5 and $6 shoes. $3.50 the pair.

Two Fine Lots of Shirt Waists

AND A SALE OF PRETTY GOLF JACKETS.

Second Floor.

We'll put the Golf Jackets first. They are for women and misses. Twenty dozens in the lot; fancy stitched front and back, double breasted. Solid white or black.

$1.95 Each.

Linen Waists. Women's Waists of Pure Irish Linen, front has ten one-inch plaits, four in back; laundered collar and cuffs. Special, $2.95.

Fairfax Waists. Especially imported soft Irish Linen; all styles; have a plain tailor-made cut and soft finish laundry work. A perfect waist. $3.95 to $4.75.

Cotton Weaves, High Grades at Low Prices.

FIRST FLOOR.

It only requires the use of your eyes to discern the fact that highly desirable high grade wash weaves are priced most temptingly here. And if you look you'll feel inclined to buy, for the fascination of charming summer cottons at less than their worth is irresistible.

Even though your summer wardrobe be complete, you'll want to add another dress or two, when you can do so for a mere-nothing of cost.

Fine Quality Batiste. With lace effect, printed on white and black grounds in dots, stripes and neat figures. Value 19c., at 12½c. Yard.

German Linen Gingham. 32 inches, in light blue, pink, lavender and gray, with white and colored stripes. Value 48c., at 25c. Yard.

French Organdies. In all the newest styles and colorings, at 33c. Yard.

Fine Quality Madras. 36 inches wide, in white grounds with black and colored figures, stripes and dots. Value 20c. 12½c. Yard.

Best Quality Irish Dimities. A large assortment of choice patterns, 22c. Yard.

Fine Dress Mull. A handsome cotton fabric in white and black, also colored grounds with dots, Persian stripes, scrolls and neat figures, at 25c. Yard.

A Sale of Real Shell Combs

AT USUAL PRICES OF THE IMITATION.

SPECIAL TABLES—1ST FLOOR.

Real Shell Combs that will stand the scrutiny of experts—and no more to pay than for commonest imitation sorts. This sale is important not only for the unprecedented values—but for its opportuneness. Hot-weather days suggest an absence of the hat—and pretty combs help to beautify the hair. The collection embraces all desirable kinds, including Side, Chignon, Neck, Empire, Barrettes and Hair Pins.

45c. for Real Shell Chignon, Empire and Side Combs. WORTH UP TO $2.00 EACH.

95c. for Real Shell Heavy Quill Empires, Chignon, Wing Hair Pins, straight and waved Side Combs. WORTH UP TO $5.00 EACH.

75c. for Real Shell Neck and Chignon Combs, WORTH UP TO $3.50 EACH.

$1.45 for Real Shell Heavy Top Hair Pins and heavy quill Side Combs. WORTH MORE THAN DOUBLE.

More Pianos Away Under Price.

20 UPRIGHTS, 8 SQUARES, 2 BABY GRANDS.

Fourth Floor.

A sale of quality rather than quantity. Only thirty instruments all told, but every one a gem—price considered. You can count on their all being sold by to-morrow night—we know this from our experience with previous sales. You will observe they are among the very best makes—another reason for their quick disposal.

UPRIGHTS.

Name.	To Sell At	Originally
Small Upright (fine condition)	$35.00	$300.00
Mason & Hamlin (a bargain)	215.00	450.00
Steinway (fine tone)	255.00	550.00
Knabe (excellent condition)	265.00	600.00
Chickering (small size)	185.00	450.00
Chickering (large size)	200.00	450.00
Sterling (almost new)	165.00	300.00
Weser	110.00	300.00
Bradbury (almost new)	175.00	350.00
Jacob Bros. (like new)	155.00	325.00
Raven & Bacon (a bargain)	95.00	300.00
Billings (style "Patti")	100.00	285.00
Schumer	155.00	275.00
Schubert	110.00	300.00
Schubert (like new)	165.00	325.00
Keller & Son (almost new)	145.00	350.00
Whitney	120.00	275.00
Peek & Son (great bargain)	130.00	350.00
Bekming	105.00	350.00
Schuman	100.00	350.00

SQUARES.

Name.	To Sell At	Originally
Ambler (art case)	35.00	300.00
Steinway (carved legs, fine condition)	100.00	600.00
Knabe (great bargain, good as new)	125.00	700.00
Dubois & Stodart (solid mahogany top and legs)	20.00	300.00
Sohmer (fine tone)	65.00	500.00
Nugent (carved legs)	70.00	450.00
Thompson (fair condition)	15.00	375.00
Decker Bros.	60.00	500.00
Cecilian Piano Player, rented for several months, but good as new	195.00	250.00
Organ	30.00	110.00

GRAND PIANOS.

Name.	To Sell At	Originally
Knabe, Baby Grand	285.00	800.00
Lindeman (good as new)	275.00	650.00

We Supply a Stool With Each Assortment.

In addition we offer a few Upright Pianos of the kinds we carry in stock regularly, that have been in rental four to seven months. They include Knabe, Gabler, Schubert, Bush & Gerts, Price & Teeple, Hobart M. Cable, Laffargue and Davenport & Tway—all in superb condition and

At Very Substantial Reductions.

Each instrument is as fully guaranteed by us as if you picked it from our floor brand new.

SHIPBUILDERS TO STRIKE.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW LONDON, Conn., June 10.—A mass meeting of 700 workmen of the Eastern Shipbuilding Company, an adjunct of the recently reorganized United States Shipbuilding Company of New York, voted to-night to strike to-morrow morning, because their demands for a nine-hour day at ten hours' pay has been refused by C. R. Hanscom, President and General Manager of the Eastern Company.

The 700 men represent the skilled craftsmen in the employ of the company. The remainder of the 1,700 workmen are laborers, and include about 500 Italians. A mass meeting of the latter was held separate from the skilled workmen, and it was voted to follow the example of the skilled craftsmen in whatever course they took.

The Eastern Shipbuilding Company has been in existence since March, 1900. It has contracts for the two largest freight steamers in the world, the Minnesota and Dakota, ordered by the Great Northern Railway Company, of which J. J. Hill is President. The Minnesota was launched in April last, and work on her has been hurried for the past several weeks. The Dakota still remains on the stocks. The strike will further delay the progress of the two leviathans, much to the annoyance of Mr. Hill, who is chafing at the delay on the craft.

It is intimated among the men to-night that the strike at the Eastern yard will result in a general tie-up of other yards of the combine not giving the nine-hour day. In fact, it is known that the President of one of the strongest unions represented at the yard went to Bath, Me., to-night, and it is believed that the object of his visit is to create a movement in favor of the nine-hour day in that place.

REVOKE ENGINEER'S LICENSE.

The local Board of United States Steamboat Inspectors rendered a decision yesterday revoking the license of Joseph W. Cornell, a tugboat engineer, who previous to the recent strike, was employed by the Newtown Creek Towing Company. Charges against him were preferred about two weeks ago by the company formerly employing him. It was alleged that Cornell quitted his employment without giving sufficient reasons, and thereby violated the oath under which he held his license.

The case of Francis Jones, another engineer employed by the Newtown Creek Towing Company previous to the strike, who is charged with the same offense under which Cornell's license has been revoked, came up for hearing, having been adjourned Monday owing to the inability of President Bernier of the Marine Engineers' Benevolent Association, to be present. Yesterday a letter was received from Mr. Bernier, who acts as counsel for the association, to the effect that he was ill with pneumonia, and would not be present.

Charges of a similar nature have been preferred against Joseph Rutledge, a tugboat engineer, employed by the White Star Towing Company. The hearing in his case has been set for next Saturday.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—The action of the local Board of Steam Vessel Inspectors in the case of Tugboat Engineer Cornell of New York, which resulted in the revoking of the engineer's license, will stand unless an appeal is taken to Supervising Inspector Rodie. Under the law Cornell has thirty days in which to appeal, and it is possible for him or for the other side to present the original record of facts or any new facts that may be deemed important to the determination of the case.

CRESCENT MEN MAY STRIKE.

ELIZABETH, N. J., June 10.—The machinists of the Crescent Shipyard waited on President Chase this morning and put in a demand for increased wages. They asked for $3 minimum wages, instead of $2.70, which they are now guaranteed. Mr. Chase refused to promise an increase. The men will probably refuse to go to work in the morning.

The carpenters on the New Jersey Dry Dock Company's plant went out this morning. The officers of this company say they may also have to close down and abandon the plant.

The Wanamaker Store

Store Opens at 8:30 A. M. and Closes at 5:30 P. M.

The Wanamaker Store

Men's Cool Clothes

It will turn hot in a few days now—maybe sooner.

Is your thin suit ready?

The first day of sweltering is always the worst. Why not be ready to head it off with a light, cool suit?

We have the very smartest kind of Serge Suits, made double-breasted, with the new long roll that is effective. Coats are half-lined; and waistcoats have tingle backs.

Just as light as they dare be, to be as stylish as can be.

$12, $15 and $18. Second floor, Fourth avenue.

In Buying Straw Hats The Earlier the Better

More distinction in starting the season with a new straw hat, than in waiting for the second crop—when the straw hats of yester year are no longer fit for publication.

Buy your straw hat today—keep the old one for the off days, or railroad rides, if you prefer. You'll have hard work to resist investing, if you happen into this Men's Hat Store on the corner of Broadway and Ninth.

More kinds of straw hats than your philosophy ever included, widely differing in style and price; but all well made and judiciously priced—that is, in your favor. You'll be attracted, if you like to keep just a bit ahead of the fashions, by the new black-and-white straws—the only straw hat novelty of the year. Everybody will be wearing them later on. Many men of taste are doing so now. A few price-wisps from this straw-stack:

Fine Split Straw Hats, $1.50, $2, $2.50, $3, $3.50, $4, $5.
Sennit—or rough—Straw Hats, $1, $1.50, $2, $2.50, $3.
Milan or Mackinaw braid Straw Hats, with soft flanged brims, light and comfortable, $1.50 to $5.
Black-and-white Sennit Straw Hats, $2.50.
Black-and-white soft Japanese Mackinaw Straw Hats, $2.
Boys' and Youths' Straw Hats, in sennit and fancy braids, 50c, $1, $1.50 and $2.
Also a fine showing of Linen and White Duck Golf Caps, Naval Reserve Caps and Outing Hats, at 50c.
New York Yacht Club Caps, of blue cloth, $2.50; of white duck, $2. Men's Hat Store, Annex.

Fancy Suitings Under-Price

We have made some quite sharp price-reductions on half a dozen lines of Fancy Mixed Suitings and Cheviots, which are the most popular woolen fabrics in our stocks today. They are most desirable for stylish walking and traveling suits. Whether the outing is to be at the seashore, the mountains, in the country, or taken in instalments of little trips from the city, suits of these goods will be wanted by every woman, and if not already provided, today's offerings will be appreciated:

At $1.25, from $1.75—Fancy Mixed Suitings; mixtures of blue-and-white and black-and-white forming neat stripes.

At $1.50, from $2—Mixed Tweed Cheviots; mixtures of blue-and-white and gray-and-white.

At $2, from $2.75—Fancy Mixed Cheviots; mixtures of brown, blue, tan, gray and Oxford with white, with a scattering through the weave of lumpy nubs of mohair in white that give character to the fabric.

At $2, from $2.50—Fancy Mixed Suitings; mixtures of brown, blue, gray and Oxford with white, forming neat stripes.

At $2, from $2.50—Fancy Mixed Cheviots; mixtures of gray, blue, brown and green with white, with mohair dashes of black through the mixture.

At $2.50, from $3—Fancy Mixed Cheviots; mixtures of gray-and-white with dashes of black mohair woven to form indistinct plaids. Rotunda.

Women's Summer Neckwear, 25c

Twenty-five cents will go a long way today in providing women with pretty neck-pieces to go with their summer frocks. We've rounded up, from manufacturers, a large and varied quantity of stock collars, plain, or with handkerchief ends or with bishop tabs: round, sailor or fancy shaped collars and a few automobile ties. Materials are lawn, with lace, or embroidery, madras, pique and silk. Some of the ties are manufacturer's samples, others are made up from surplus supplies of goods, still others are parts of cancelled orders. A few show marks of handling; but these may readily be made new by cleaning—most of them are spick and span. Some are single pieces, of others there are dozens and more. And the ties are

35c to $2 Kinds, at 25c Each

Under-Price Store, Basement.

Lace Remnants *Far Below Regular Prices*

Most of these Lace Remnants came from our Lace Sale of a week ago, others from our regular stock.

Among them are Edgings, Flouncings, Bandings, Galons, Insertions and Appliques, both silk and cotton, in white, cream, ecru and black; also colored novelties.

Prices are a *quarter* to *half* of original values, and there's mighty good picking. Basement.

Bathing Suits *For Women*

This year's collection of Women's Bathing Suits probably surpasses any we have ever made. In addition to a fascinating showing of French suits that has created wide interest, we have a splendid gathering of American made styles, that include all that is newest and prettiest.

Shirt-waist Bathing Suits are here galore, in blouse effects, with gored skirts, pleatings and many new trimming effects. As to materials, there are mohair, serge, silk, surf cloth, Sicilian and flannel. Price hints:

At $2.25—Serviceable suits of strong, durable surf cloth, well made; braid-trimmed.

At $3—Suits of black or blue mohair; round sailor collar of duck; plaited front, short sleeves, plaited skirt.

At $4.50—Shirt-waist Suits of black mohair; plaited waist, stock collar, gored skirt.

At $5—Suits of navy blue or black surf cloth; Russian blouse, white braid trimming; choker collar, plaited skirt.

Other domestic Suits, of mohair or surf cloth, at $2.25 to $12; of flannel, $4 and $5; of silk, $16.50 to $40.

Bathing Suits from Paris, at $7 to $25.

Bathing Caps and Bonnets, 75c to $1.50.

Bathing Shoes, at $1.75.

Rubber-lined Bags, to carry the bathing suit, 75c to $1.75.

Second floor, Broadway.

Business Desks

Our Office Furniture Store in the Annex, 784 and 786 Broadway, is not only handy to get to, but it is a satisfying store that makes it worth while for the business man to come to. This is because of the completeness of the stock in the first place, and the expert manner in which the stock there assembled is selected. No room is wasted on furniture of a questionable character. Only the most convenient and practical goods are to be found there.

The WANAMAKER line of desks comes from the best manufacturers in the country, and the showing includes almost every desirable size and style, in both oak and mahogany. Careful men will appreciate the low prices, as well as the thorough reliability of every piece of furniture shown.

Here are some suggestions of various pieces and their prices:

At $15—Golden oak flat-top desk; 42 in. long, 22 in. deep, 30 in. high, single pedestal containing three drawers; one drawer is double length for large books; there is one large drawer under writing bed, and slide over top drawer of pedestal; raised panels all around; writing bed of five-ply, built-up stock; highly polished.

At $29—Golden oak high roll-top desk; 50 in. long, 32 in. deep, 50 in. high; two pedestals containing seven drawers and two slides; one large drawer between pedestals; raised panel work all around; five-ply built-up writing bed; top has sixteen open pigeon-holes, two book-stalls, four paper shelves, one drawer containing an indexed letter file, six oak front document boxes, two pen drawers, usual pen and paper racks.

At $38—Mahogany flat-top desk; 50 in. long, 32 in. deep, 30 in. high; two pedestals containing seven drawers and two slides; one drawer between pedestals; pedestal drawers have removable partitions; writing bed is five-ply built-up stock; raised panels all around; Yale locks; highly polished.

At $40—Golden oak high roll-top desk; 55 in. long, 50 in. high, 34 in. deep; two pedestals containing seven drawers and two slides, one drawer under writing bed; raised panels; high roll top contains eight document boxes, sixteen drawers, one letter file, three book-stalls, three paper shelves and paper and pen racks; highly finished.

Some of our other Golden Oak Roll-top Desks, in various sizes, are priced at $16, $17, $20, $21, $28, $25, $27, $29, $31, $32, $35, $40, $42, $48, $54, $55, $70, up to $165.

Mahogany Roll-top Desks at $50 to $190.

Golden Oak Flat-top Desks at $18.50, $15, $17, $18, $25, $31, $35, up to $65.

Mahogany Flat-top Desks at $30 to $55.

Flat-top Typewriter Desks in golden oak, at $18.50 to $32.

Roll-top Typewriter Desks in golden oak, at $20 to $75.

Loafing Shoes *White Canvas Or Tan Leather*

Now that tan shoes have ceased being popular, they are enjoying a certain discreet vogue. They always were as cool Summer Shoes as were ever invented, and for hot-weather wear, particularly in the country, they never will lose their appropriateness.

We keep our stock of Tan Shoes strictly abreast of the fashions—and you'll find an exceptionally good assortment here.

Same way with the White Canvas Shoes. They are *de rigueur* for yachting, appropriate for tennis and seashore, and always neat and cool-looking. Our kind keep their shape and their looks, and are comfortable as well. Facts:

White Canvas Shoes

A special weave of linen duck.

For CHILDREN

Spring heels, button, full round toe-lasts, medium weight soles; sizes for 5 to 8, $1; 8 to 8, $1.50; 8½ to 10½, $1.75; 11 to 2, $2.

For WOMEN

Oxford Shoes with turned soles and Cuban heels, in natural leather color, $1.50.

Oxford Shoes, with welted soles, military heels; the correct shoe for outdoor use. $2.50.

Gibson Ties of white canvas, with turned soles and Cuban heels, $2.

For MEN

Lace Shoes; flexible welted soles of oak-tanned leather; stylish lasts, careful finish. $3.50.

Oxford Shoes, of same character, $3. Rubber soles at same price.

Tan Leather Shoes

We show an unusually broad assortment of this year's styles in Tan Shoes:

For MEN

Russia calfskin Oxford shoes, full round toes. $3.90.

Tan kidskin lace shoes, medium toes. $3.90.

Heavy-weight tan calf lace shoes for rough work, shooting or fishing. $3.90.

Tan calfskin Oxford shoes, medium weight. $3.

Tan Russia leather Blucher Oxford shoes. $3.

For WOMEN

High cut lace shoes of best tan willow calf. Were $3, now $1.50.

Oxford Shoes of brown and tan kidskin; flexible soles, neat sloping heels; $3 quality, now at $1.50.

For GIRLS and BOYS

Tan goatskin lace shoes; full round toe-last, stout welted soles; sizes 5 to 8, $1.50; 8½ to 10½, $2; 11 to 2, $2.50; 2½ to 4, $3.

Russet Russia leather lace shoes; extra fine grade welted soles, careful finish; sizes 8½ to 10½, $2.25; 11 to 2, $2.75.

Russet Russia calf Oxford shoes; welted soles, easy fitting last; 8½ to 10½, $1.75; 11 to 2, $2; 2½ to 4, $2.50.

Tan kidskin button shoes; wedge heels; sizes 5 to 8, $1.25; no heels, 2 to 4½, $1.

Light tan kidskin baby shoes with pearl buttons; sizes 1 to 5, $1.25; 5½ to 8, $1.50. Main floor.

Imported Summer Dresses

A Third Below Former Prices

This transaction concerns two of the very choicest collections of summer dresses in our stock. These dresses were made by some of the best foreign manufacturers, after specially selected models, and they are made expressly for us, and will be found nowhere else in this country.

The costumes are made of choice designs in fine figured organdies, dimities, as well as Swiss muslins, batistes and other fancy summer materials. The suits are made of pique, linen, crash, duck, cotton stamines and other materials of this character.

The costumes meet every wish for afternoon and evening wear during the Summer, and the suits supply the very choicest garments for morning and afternoon wear out doors during the vacation period. Altogether this is a collection of dresses of which we are extremely proud. At their full prices there is no equal showing to be found elsewhere. The prices as originally marked were lower than domestic dresses of similar quality and far less character. However, we have decided to make a prompt clean-up of these two groups, including about three hundred dresses, and today they are marked at reductions of a third from former prices.

Costumes that were $25 to $150—

Are Now Marked $17 to $100

Suits that were $12 to $45—

Are Now Marked $8 to $30 Second floor, Broadway.

The Sale of Muslin Underwear

The muslin garments came out again yesterday for the larger display that their enormous variety deserves. Previously throughout this Sale it has been physically impossible for us to give the public the proper idea of these splendid stocks of Muslin Underwear. Space does not admit of elaborate descriptions, so today the story is confined to a brief word about several remarkable values in each of the general lines. Of course, there are lower prices, as well as higher prices, than those mentioned, but the items described are representative of the splendid values of the entire Sale.

Nightgowns

At 85c—Of cambric; V neck, yoke of Valenciennes lace, hemstitching and cluster plaits; neck and sleeves finished with lawn ruffle edged with lace.

At $1.50—Of cambric; square neck of embroidery insertion and edge; sleeves finished with insertion and embroidery edge.

At $2—Of cambric; square neck; neck and sleeves trimmed with embroidery insertion; finished with bias fold and ribbon run through.

Drawers

At 85c—Of cambric or nainsook, nine styles; trimmed with point de Paris, Valenciennes or torchon lace and insertion; open or blind embroidery; ribbon-trimmed.

At $1.25—Of nainsook or cambric, seven styles; trimmed with point de Paris or torchon lace and insertion; open or blind embroidery.

Drawers

At $1.75—Of nainsook or cambric, eight styles; trimmed with point de Paris or Valenciennes lace; open or blind embroidery; others finished with ribbon and beading.

Corset Covers

At $1—Of nainsook, three styles; round or square neck, trimmed with Valenciennes or torchon lace and embroidery; ribbon-trimmed.

At $1.50—Of nainsook or lawn, three styles; trimmed with Valenciennes lace and insertion, or embroidery; ribbon-trimmed.

At $1.75—Of lawn or nainsook, five styles; round or square neck, trimmed with point de Paris, torchon or Valenciennes lace and insertion, or embroidery; ribbon-trimmed.

Chemises

At $1—Of nainsook; round neck, trimmed with two rows of Valenciennes insertion and lace edge; ribbon-trimmed.

Chemises

At $1.25—Of nainsook, two styles; round neck, trimmed with Valenciennes lace and insertion, or Valenciennes lace and plaits; ribbon-trimmed; flounce on skirt; lace-trimmed.

At $1.50—Of cambric or nainsook, two styles; round neck, trimmed with point de Paris lace and insertion, or embroidery and insertion; ribbon-trimmed.

Petticoats

At 75c—Of cambric; two styles; with umbrella ruffle, trimmed with torchon lace and plaits, or lawn umbrella ruffle with hemstitched hem.

At $1.25—Of cambric, two styles; deep umbrella ruffle of cluster plaits and hemstitching, or umbrella ruffle, trimmed with embroidery and hemstitched plaits.

At $1.50—Of cambric, three styles; trimmed with point de Paris or torchon lace, or embroidery and plaits. Second floor.

In the Basement Under-Price Store is a specially priced offering of

White Shirt-waists at 85c

Of white lawn; full front with hemstitched plaits; plaited back; bishop sleeves; plaited stock collar and cuffs.

Little Prices on Fine French Lingerie

We are particular in the extreme about the daintiness and perfection of our French Lingerie; and yet we are so proud of it that we use a great many pieces for display purposes in the Little French Store, as well as in the windows. But we are willing to pay for our pride, as well as the popularity the display brings to these fine stocks; and today we have a most interesting collection of these fine French garments that are a bit mussed and soiled, which we offer at very decided reductions from their former fair prices. A laundering will make them perfect again, and many careful people launder their undergarments before wearing them anyhow.

This is a splendid opportunity to secure very beautiful and dainty Lingerie for almost as little as domestic goods cost. These special groups:

$5 to $25 Nightgowns, now $3 to $14—These gowns are made of soft French nainsook, some hand-embroidered, others trimmed with lace and ribbon. There is also another little group in two different styles of Nightgowns, at $3 each.

$1.25 to $7 Chemises at 75c to $3
$3.50 to $14 Corset Covers at $1.50 to $7
$3.50 to $10 Drawers at $1.50 to $5
$5 to $18 Petticoats at $4.50 to $24.
$15 and $17 Silk Petticoats at $10.

Girls' Cloth Suits *At New Prices*

They were $25 to $30 yesterday—today you save seven to twelve dollars on a suit!

They are just the sorts of walking and tailored suits that girls need to take away with them—for country wear, for traveling, and the like. Made of homespun, cheviot, and mixtures, in stylish shades. They are well tailored, in loose Norfolk jacket and blouse coat styles. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

Now newly priced at

$18 a Suit Second floor, Ninth street.

The Embroidery Sale

Interest in the Half-price Sale of Embroideries is unabating. Quite natural, too, for never has such an unlimited choice of the season's best embroideries been offered at half prices or less. Among the lots that still offer excellent selection, are the following—besides many that have dwindled to a point where it's not safe to tell of them.

Persian Embroideries, in Edgings, Bandings and Insertions; formerly $1.15 to $2.15, now 50c to $1 yard.

Batiste Embroideries, odd widths, in ecru, cream, black or white; formerly 90c to $1.50, now 50c to 50c yard.

Linen and Batiste Allovers and Flatings, lace-striped or embroidered; formerly $1.50 to $3.50, now 65c to $1 yard.

Fine Swiss Embroideries, odd widths of sets; mostly 6 to 12 in.; formerly 40c to $3, now 20c to $1.25 yard.

In the basement—these:

Over two thousand Sample Embroidery Strips of 4½ yards each; in Edgings and Insertions; all perfect; this season's patterns; at 18c, 25c, 35c, 45c, 55c a strip.

Slavonic Embroideries

Our linen buyer recently made an interesting journey down into Bosnia in search of the primitive, but thoroughly artistic needlework, which is peculiar to that district. It is a remote, almost inaccessible region, very little traveled by commercial buyers and the trophies which he secured during the trip have never been shown in America before, except perhaps as art exhibits in very limited manner. Of course we have had Hungarian embroideries before, but this particular collection is distinctly different in its character from anything heretofore shown.

The pieces come in the form of mats, runners, table cloths, scarfs, doilies, bedspreads, and the like. The characteristic feature of this embroidery is the color combinations, and the manner in which they are applied. Only the primary colors are used, giving a rich, barbaric effect which is striking and thoroughly artistic. The work is done on soft, heavy materials, mostly with red or blue cotton threads. And while tasteful women will be delighted with the opportunity they afford for original decoration for dresses and waists, as well as household use, these pieces are quite inexpensive.

Here are some suggestions:

Hungarian three-color combinations—
Doilies, from 12½c for 6 in., up to 85c for 12 in.
Center-pieces, from 45c for 16 in., up to $1.75 for 28 in.
Table-cloths, from $2.25 for 36 in., up to $16.50 for 2x2½ yds.
Tray-covers, from 45c for 14x18 in., up to $1.85 for 20x30 in.
Sideboard Scarfs, $1 for 16x36 in., up to $2.75 for 20x54 in.

Slovak, cream ground with white embroidery in nearly all the above sizes at same prices.

Bosnian, old style cross-stitched embroidery—some with open work; 9 in., 50c and 75c each; 24 in., $2.75 each; 36 in., $6 each; 54 in., $15.

Hungarian, embroidered on linen, from 6 in. round at 35c to 72 in., $11.

Hungarian, embroidered with mercerized cotton, 6 in. round at 18c, to 45 in., $5.75.

Slavonic Hemstitched Embroidered Lunch Set—cloths, 62x66 in.; with six doilies, 18 in., $25 a set.

Embroidered Bedspreads, 66x144 in., $25.

Hungarian Costume, $29; head scarf, $8.

Antique Cream Lace-trimmed Pieces, entirely new; plate size, 12x12 in., at 35c each; center-piece size, 20x20 in., $1.25 each. With self-plaid center scarf, 12x56 in., $2.25 each. Fourth ave.

Fixing Up the Summer House

Interesting Upholstery News

If you have a guest-room to "pretty up," an ingle-nook to construct, a corner of the piazza to make cozy—you'll take interest in this essentially summer upholstery news, most of it involving decided price-savings to you:

RUFFLED MUSLIN CURTAINS

Figured centers, ruffle of same material. Four patterns to select from—250 pairs in all; at 50c pair, fully worth 65c.

RUFFLED NET CURTAINS

Of good quality bobbinet, with lace insertion on body of curtain and edge of ruffle. Six good styles; 375 pairs; at $1.15 pair, regularly $1.35 pair.

COLORED CURTAIN MUSLINS

For making full or half sash curtains; 36 in. wide, with medallion designs of fleur-de-lis, floral stripes and rose patterns, in pretty shades of blues, greens, yellows and reds; 1,000 yards, at 5c yard, instead of 12½c.

PORTIERES

The most popular kinds—mercerized armures, with heavy valance fringe at top and tassels at bottom; a neat design, on solid colors; at $4.50 pair, from $6.75.

Plain Armures, fringed top and bottom, in plain and two-toned colorings; at $2.65 and $2.85 pair, were $3.85 and $4.25.

COUCH COVERS

Reversible tapestry, in neat Turkish designs and desirable colors; 54 x 108 in.; fringed all around; at $2, from $2.75.

FOLDING SCREENS

A splendid showing of all sorts, at most attractive prices; for instance—3-fold screens, panels filled with denim, burlap, leatherette, etc. $3.75 each, and upwards.

ORIENTAL GOODS

A showing that forcibly suggests a Far Eastern Bazar:

Pillows of India prints and Damascus cross-striped curtains, filling of silk floss; especially good for summer use; moderately priced at $1 each; worth $1.50.

Colored Fish Net Curtains, used effectively in Oriental draping and decoration; delightfully cool in appearance; $2.75 pair.

Porch Cushions in pillow style; coverings of Madagascar grass cloth, filled with fibre; at 50c each. Third floor.

For Bed Comfort

All our mattresses, pillows and bolsters come from our own factory, and we know just how they're made. And, though we're particular to the point of being finicky, we're satisfied with them. You will be, too, in the comfort and service you'll get from them, and their moderate pricing.

Same way with the Springs—worthy and good. Some details:

MATTRESSES

At $22—Super extra white drawing hair Mattresses, full size, 40 lbs., one or two parts.

At $20—Super extra black drawing hair Mattresses, full size, 40 lbs., one or two parts.

At $18—Extra black drawing hair Mattresses, full size, 40 lbs., one or two parts.

At $15—Pure black drawing hair Mattresses, full size, 40 lbs., one or two parts.

At $10—Pure South American horse-hair Mattresses, full size, 40 lbs., one or two parts.

SPRINGS

At $25—Princess rabbet edge Box Springs, pure hair top, very flexible, 80 best steel springs, for metal bedsteads.

At $22.50—"Nabob" rabbet edge Box Springs, pure hair top, 72 best steel springs, for metal bedsteads.

At $16—Double-border Box Springs, reversible, for wooden bedsteads.

SPRINGS

At $20—Rabbet edge Box Springs, upholstered top, for metal bedsteads.

At $3.50—Shelf or single-border Box Springs, for wood or metal bedsteads.

Prices on Mattresses and Springs are for full sizes; smaller sizes at proportionately lower prices.

At $3.50—Wanamaker Tri-rail steel woven Wire Springs; the best steel springs on the market; make only in 4 ft. and 4 ft. 6 in. sizes.

At $5—Woven Wire Divans, maple frame, 6 ft. 6 in. and 6 ft. sizes.

PILLOWS

At $2.25—Selected geese feather Pillows, 22 x 30 in., 3 lbs.

BOLSTERS

At $2.75—Selected geese feather Bolsters, 20 x 56 in., 5 lbs.

Fourth floor.

Your Gas Range--- Is It Ready?

The coal fire is still agreeable. Hot weather hasn't yet upset the temper of cook and housekeeper. But things will change in a jiffy some muggy morning.

Then, if your gas range isn't ready you'll miss five dollars' worth of gratification that you might have had, if the coal range didn't have to be fired.

A *good* Gas Range is so quick, so effective, so easy to get exactly what you want out of, and so economical, that nowadays good housekeepers only fire the coal range to keep the kitchen warm.

The WANAMAKER Gas Ranges are the best made, yet prices are the lowest. The Gas Company does the connecting without charge, unless extensive connections are demanded.

Here are prices:

GAS RANGES

16-inch Cottage, $12.50	16-inch Superb, $16
18-inch Cottage, $14.75	18-inch Superb, $19
16-inch Economic, $13.75	16-inch Detroit Jewel, $15.75
18-inch Economic, $15.75	

WATER HEATERS

Eclipse, $6.75 Household, $6.75 Perfection, $9 Basement.

Formerly A. T. Stewart & Co.

JOHN WANAMAKER

Broadway, Fourth Avenue, Ninth and Tenth Streets.

COLUMBIA CELEBRATES 149TH COMMENCEMENT

President Butler Confers 867 Degrees in Course.

Gov. Odell and Jules Jusserand, the French Ambassador, Receive the Degree of Doctor of Laws.

Columbia University celebrated its one hundred and forty-ninth annual commencement yesterday in the university gymnasium. Gov. Odell, Ambassador Jusseraund, and seven other distinguished men received honorary degrees, while 867 degrees in course were granted. About 8,000 persons were gathered on the campus during the morning, but only about half that number gained admission to the exercises.

In the list of graduates appear many well-known New York names. Marcellus Hartley Dodge is the grandson of the late Marcellus Hartley, and Gov. Odell, Columbus O'D. Iselin, Herman Ridder, A. Delano, Weekes, William H. Lefferts, Montgomery Schuyler, Prof. Franklin H. Giddings, Stephen E. Nash, George W. Riggs, and Benjamin W. Wells of The Churchman, had sons taking degrees. The Rev. Dr. Twichell of Hartford has a son graduating from the Medical School, and a daughter of Col. J. J. McCook receives the degree of A. M.

Prof. B. Koto of the Imperial University of Tokyo, who is visiting at the university, was present at the exercises.

Shortly before 10:30 o'clock the members of the Faculties, the Board of Trustees, the University Council, and candidates for degrees assembled in the library, and then marched in academic procession to the gymnasium. There were nearly 1,200 persons in line. President Butler, Gov. Odell, and the French Ambassador brought up the rear.

PRESIDENT BUTLER'S ADDRESS.

University Chaplain George R. Van de Water opened the exercises with prayer, and then President Butler delivered his annual address to the graduates, in part as follows:

"Columbia University parts to-day with another goodly company of her sons and daughters. Regret and expectancy are, I doubt not, the feelings uppermost in your minds; hope and confidence are those which the university cherishes for you. Your presence here is a mark that you have done what has been asked of you academically, and the future lies with you alone.

"Let me lay stress for a moment or two upon the point of view from which your work in life is to be approached. There is, I feel sure, neither happiness nor usefulness to be found in cultivating indifference, cynicism, or pessimism. There are those who feel that the educated youth of our land are apt to hold themselves aloof from popular interests and movements, and to view from one side or from above the active life of our democracy. This impression is not, I think, a just one; at all events, it is certainly less well founded now than ever before, but such foundation as it has should be rudely taken from it by your efforts and by your careers. If education and training are to unfit men, mentally, for sympathetic participation in the every-day life of the Nation, then the less of education and training that we have the better. In that case we are starving the soul to feed the mind.

"But the education of to-day is not of that sort. It is insistent in its demands for practical application, for service, for human sympathy. It implies faith in God and in man, and joyous participation in human efforts. There is no true life-gospel but the gospel of hope, the gospel of belief; not that all is as right as it can be, but that all is righteous and can be made more righteous still. Carl Hilty in his charming essay on happiness has truly said that 'Pessimism as a permanent habit of mind is, for the most part, only a mantle of philosophy through which, when it is thrown back, there looks out the face of vanity—a vanity which is never satisfied, and which withholds one forever from a contented mind.' The vain, the self-centred man, is at bottom a cynic, for even his own self-satisfaction is not perfect.

"This university would put upon its graduates the stamp of earnestness, not paltering; of enthusiasm, not indifference; of hope and cheerfulness, not despair and gloom; of active interest in our fellow-men, and not supercilious contempt for them and their affairs. Do not fear to be in earnest, and pay no heed to the whisper that it is 'bad form' to be enthusiastic. Be human, be real.

"Nearly forty years ago Thomas Carlyle made a famous address to the students of Edinburgh as Lord Rector of the University. It abounded in wisdom and common sense, and its advice to the Edinburgh students is comprised in the one sentence: Be diligent. But Carlyle went on to tell what he meant by diligence. It included, he said, all virtues that a student can have, all those qualities of conduct that lead on to the acquirement of real instruction and improvement. Most of all, it included honesty, intellectual as well as moral honesty. 'A dishonest man cannot do anything real.' That is a fine sentence, and a true one; it may be paraphrased by saying that character makes knowledge worth while.

"I would rather have this great company of students face the world with cheerfulness and hope and with complete honesty than endowed in any other way.

"You go out to-day from under the shadow of a great tradition. For nearly a century and a half it has been slowly forming. Lives without number have been built into it. The years have crowned it with power and with beauty. It is a branch of something far older, that runs back till it loses itself in the beginnings of things. It marks the rise and dominance of the human spirit. Here you have come under its influence; here you have caught something of its meaning.

"May you, each in his own way, be a bearer of the tradition which you have come to know. May you all find usefulness, and if it be God's will, happiness also. Mere success, as the world judges success by outward signs, I pass by. It is not worth having, save as an incident to usefulness."

THE DEGREES AWARDED.

President Butler conferred degrees upon the following students:

BACHELOR OF ARTS, COLUMBIA.

Clinton G. Abbott, Almon E. Adams, Frederic J. Agate, Theodore H. Allen, William F. Allen, Martin C. Ansorge, David Asch, John J. Bakerman, George F. Bambach, Nathaniel W. Barnes, Robert S. Bartholomew, Murray H. Bass, James Bassett, Jr., Alexander O. Bechert, Henry R. Beekman, Joseph S. Bikle, Marcus I. Blank, M. D., Yeoman Briggs, Herbert C. Brinkerhoff, George E. Butler, Jr., Louis Casamajor, Dayton Colie, William P. Comstock, John W. Crowell, Albert Davis, Marcellus H. Dodge, Pendleton Dudley, Harry H. Dysen, Victor de la M. Earle, Arthur F. Egner, Howard A. Keeler, Nicholas A. Koenig, Philip B. La Roche, Jr., Charles F. Lawson, Barent Lefferts, Frank W. Lindsley, Herbert S. Loveman, Harold C. McCollom, Herbert M. McLintock, H. D. Mandelbaum, James G. Moses, Herbert B. Odell, Louis S. Odell, Gerald S. O'Loughlin, Thomas L. Perry, Harry T. Peters, Robert L. Reid, Arthur M. Reis, Bernard H. Ridder, Lawrason Riggs, Jr.

Arnold O. Schramm, R. C. T. Schroeder, Jr., Robert Schulman, Robert L. Schuyler, Harvey A. Seil, Haroldo Shields, Jerome B. Schoenfeld, Kenneth M. Simpson, Walter S. Spiegelberg, Harry W. Stanley, George A. K. Sutton, Henry H. Elias, Pierce P. Ferris, Colin G. Fink, Jay I. Fort, Walter Frank, Leonhard F. Fuld, Leon N. Futter, John W. Goff, Jr., Emanuel Goldenweiser, Herbert J. Haas, Richard C. Harrison, C. Le Roy Hendrickson, Henry K. Heyman, William F. Hills, Alfred Hoffmann, Perry D. Hunt, Stanley M. Isaacs, Lewis Iselin, Maurice L. Jenks, Ely J. Kahn, John A. Swenson, John W. Taylor, Samuel A. Telsey, William F. Thomas, Lloyd B. Thomas, Charles D. Tomkies, Camille A. Toussaint, Henry C. Townsend, Jr., William F. Turnbull, Rudolph L. von Bernuth, Benjamin R. von Sholly, Ralph H. Waddell, Leonard M. Wallstein, George E. Warren, Frederic L. Wells, Gerard B. Werner, Edwin Wolff, Christopher B. Wyatt, Clarence J. Wyckoff.

BACHELOR OF ARTS, BARNARD.

Jessie A. Addoms, Gulielma F. Alsop, Marion E. P. Ball, Alice C. J. Bamberger, Anita Gella Caim, Florence P. Cheesman, Gertrude H. Clark, Bertha Clough, Helen Louise Cohen, Mary E. S. Colt, Harriet McD. Daniels, Ellice M. Fitch, Edna L. Fry, Mary Groff, Clara E. Gruening, Mary F. Harrison, Elsa G. Herzfeld, Sarah A. Holt, Ida May Hope, Elisabeth Horn, Clare M. Howard, Ruth B. Howe, May A. Johnson, Edna B. Jones, Helen L. King, Lucile Kohn, Elsbeth Kroeber, Marion E. Latham, Jean Wallace Miller, Ethel B. Newton, Ethel Master Pool, Katharine E. Poole, Amelia M. Robinson, Helen Miles Rogers, Ellen R. Rushmore, Laura R. Seguine, Maisie S. Shainwald, Lucy F. Sherman, Madeleine D. Skinner, Bessie I. Thompson, Louise J. C. Toscano, Laura K. Van Cise, Adele N. Wallach, Elizabeth R. Walters, Anna G. Ware, Marie M. D. Wedemeyer, Ethel Dodge Wilcox.

BACHELOR OF LAWS.

P. S. Ache, C. E., H. G. Alsberg, A. B., H. D. Angell, A. B., A. M., W. B. Baker, H. J. Bartholomew, W. B. Bell, A. B., A. M., C. I. Boardman, E. M. Boyle, F. J. Brine, R. J. M. Buloiwa, A. B., A. M., M. H. Cane, A. B., Rudy Cole, C. L. Craig, L. Darlington, B. S., A. M., L. P. Davis, E. A. De Yoe, J. P. Dippel, J. E. Doyle, A. B., W. B. Dressler, A. B., H. Duden, Jr., A. B., Isidore Edelstein, Bernard Ernst, J. H. Esser, A. B., O. D. Estee, A. B., J. D. Fackenthal, A. B., A. M., Leo Fassett, A. Forsch, A. B., A. Frankenthaler, A. B., A. M. Friedenberg, B. S., H. C. Gearin, H. S. Giddings, A. B., A. M., G. Glenn, A. B., H. N. Gottlieb, A. B., C. T. Green, Arnold Gross, S. P. Hardenbergh, A. B., John J. Hare, J. C. Harrison, A. B., C. P. Hatcher, J. A. Haughwout, A. B., G. H. Ittleman, J. C. Jackson, B. S., J. G. Jackson, A. B., E. H. Lewis, N. R. Lindheim, A. B., F. I. Lockman, A. B., H. Logan, A. B., O. Lowenstein, A. B., A. M., R. H. McCormick, Jr., A. B., J. C. Madigan, A. B., A. M., R. McC. Marsh, A. B., A. M., H. L. Martin, Jr., A. B., Fred. Mellor, H. C. Mesereau, A. Michaelis, A. B., H. C. Miller, A. B.

J. N. Miller, A. B., R. B. Miller, A. B., G. H. Mitchell, H. L. Moses, A. B., J. B. Moulthrop, B. L., S. P. Nash, A. B., A. I. Nova, T. E. O'Brien, A. B., A. M., F. S. O'Neil, A. B., C. J. Ogden, A. B., R. S. Palmer, A. B., G. Parsons, A. B., A. C. Patterson, A. B., E. De W. Patterson, A. B., W. S. Pettit, J. G. Pheil, A. B., A. M., P. B. Philipp, A. B., H. W. Pickin, A. B., C. L. Pulliam, A. B., E. J. Redington, A. B., G. E. Reudell, Ralph Royall, S. D. Royse, A. B., F. F. Ryan, B. S., W. C. Seaman, W. A. Shenkowitz, W. A. Shepard, A. B., F. B. Shoaff, Ph. B., S. D. Shwitzer, S. E. Sladkus, J. R. Sloane, A. B., E. M. Spencer, H. A. Stickney, A. B., J. F. Symes, Ph. B., Tristam B. Johnson, George B. Keeler, A. B., A. M., Ralph A. Kennan, Jas. R. Knapp, A. B., William K. Koerner, A. H. Kohn, A. B., W. T. Kohn, A. B., A. M., Jacob J. Kramer, Leon Lauterstein, Leo Lazinsky, Luke Lea, A. B., A. M., O. Lea, Jr., A. B., R. P. Levis, A. B., Samuel S. Levy, A. B., A. M., E. H. Tatum, A. B., C. L. Thomas, A. B., Karl M. Vetsburg, Royall C. Victor, A. B., A. M., Hardie B. Walmsley, T. H. Ward, A. J. Welch, A. B., W. F. Welch, A. B., E. E. Wheeler, A. B., P. W. Williamson, A. B., Henry M. Wise, A. B.

DOCTOR OF MEDICINE.

Samuel Abel, Paul A. Adams, A. B., David G. Allen, Warren B. Andrews, Fred R. Baker, A. B., Lewis Bame, Harry Barnes, W. H. Beattie, A. B., Erich C. A. Beck, George H. Bentz, Mark Block, David M. Bloom, Leonard Blumgart, M. Bodenheimer, B. S., J. H. Borden, A. B., J. Brenneglass, Ph. G., Abraham Brill, Ph. B., A. J. Brown, A. B., Frank E. Brown, Harry G. Bugbee, J. G. M. Bullowa, A. B., Carl G. Burdick, Mortimer G. Burford, James R. Cannon, G. B. Capito, A. B., Arthur F. Chace, B. S., A. B., Thomas A. Clay, G. H. Cocks, A. B., Frank Cohen, Edwin A. Colton, A. B., Albert E. Cook, Leighton R. Cornman, Charles B. Cortright, John J. Cosgrove, H. C. Cowles, Jr., A. B., Frank H. David, Fred A. Deal, M. D., Ralph De Baun, Joseph Lawrence Dias, F. E. Du Bois, A. B., Roger Durham, A. B., W. B. Elmore, A. B., Don Agard Epler, F. Erdwurm, B. S., J. P. Erskine, A. B., Charles W. Fairchild, Bryant S. Fassett, Samuel T. Faucett, Lew Henri Finch, Frederic A. Finn, A. B., Samuel R. Fowler, Louis Franklin, Gustav A. Fried, A. B., Harry J. Friedman, George Henry Gage, W. Van Pelt Garretson, Charles Zeh Garside, William C. Garvin, Fred Goldfrank, A. B., George C. Gould, W. S. Gregory, Ph. B., Joseph Greif, Herman Gross, Francis D. Gulliver, W. J. Haber, Ph. G., Charles H. Hall, S. W. Hamilton, A. B., George P. Harran, Arthur P. Hasking, E. M. Hawks, A. B., R. S. Haynes, Ph. B., Max Hazay, Karl A. Helgeson, A. C. Henderson, B. S., Louis Heritzka, S. L. Higgins, B. S., Henry Van Velsor Holcomb, Phar. D., Walter H. Holdridge, Israel Horowitz, Earle P. Huff, Otto Von Huffman, F. B. Humphreys, Ph. B., James S. Hyde, Peter Irving, A. B.

Leopold Jaches, LL. B., H. K. W. Kellog, B. S., James M. Kent, A. B., J. D. Kernan, Jr., A. B., Leo Kessel, I. W. Kingsbury, A. B., Joseph B. Knips, W. H. W. Knipe, A. B., John R. Le Comte, Frank Lehmacher, Horace L. Leiter, A. B., Paul M. Lennox, Malcolm F. Lent, Arthur J. Leonard, W. F. Lesem, A. B., A. M., Joseph G. Levy, Herman Lorber, William O. Lord, Frank F. Lyne, B. L., William H. McCastline, William E. McCollom, William A. B. Macbean, Convas L. Markham, Samuel B. Marks, B. S., H. O. Mosenthal, A. B., William G. Nash, A. B., Nathan W. Nelson, William Neumann, Frederick J. Newman, Alexander Nicoll, Leonard F. Nicoll, Morris Lee Ogan, Charles Osgood, George C. Owens, Lynn R. Palmer, James McD. Parkinson, Douglas C. Paterson, James R. Peabody, Theodore N. Pease, David C. Pierpont, Henry M. Pierson, Edward R. Posner, Philip S. Potter, A. B., Robert E. Pou, Alfonso M. Puente, A. B., William E. Recknagel, Robert L. Reid, Robert F. Ringland, Emanuel M. Robinson, Aaron Roksach, Isadore Rosen, Morris Rosenbaum, H. H. Rowland, A. B., L. P. Runyon, B. S., Joseph P. Ryan, Sebastian Saladino, Otto Scheins, George A. Schnepel, R. J. Shannahan, A. B., F. A. Simmons, Ph. B., Joseph J. Sinnott, Leroy J. Smith, Louis Spanier, Adolph Stern, A. B., Louis Stork, Jr., George T. Strodl, A. B., Archibald W. Taves, Arthur R. Tilton, James H. Trainor, Isidor S. Tunick, David C. Twichell, A. B., Benjamin S. Van Dyke, Harvey J. Vary, A. B., Max Weissman, A. B., B. H. Whitbeck, A. B., Neil McL. Whittaker, Joseph N. Wickham, Henry R. Widmer, Frederic D. Williams, Irving Dewey Williams, A. B., A. M., J. N. Williams, A. B., Morris Wolff, J. W. Young, B. S., Hans Zinsser, A. B.

ENGINEER OF MINES.

Henry W. Aplington, E. Bamberger, A. B., Harry B. Barling, John F. Bauchelle, Rey Nelson Bishop, George D. Cabot, Don G. Castani, Charles G. Gunther, William H. Hendrickson, William H. Landers, George Wiebe Knoblauch, A. B., W. R. Morley, C. E., Earl R. Pembroke, Seth F. Rigby, B. S., Maurice Schwerin, Silas Frederick Shaw, E. N. Skinner, Ph. B., Sewall Truax, Martin J. Ungrich.

CIVIL ENGINEER.

Albin H. Beyer, Jr., Franc A. Busse, Walter H. Ford, Charles A. Garcelon, Jr., B. S., Louis Goodman, B. S., Charles A. Holden, Elwood H. Loder, Walter St. L. McDowell, John M. Nicholson, A. B., Glover P. Prout, E. L. Sayers, A. B., Arthur M. Wolff, Moritz Wormser, A. B.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEER.

Alonzo B. Bradley, Stanley Brown, Allan Coggeshall, Edward L. De Forest, Samuel H. Everett, Jr., Percy N. Golden, Frank F. Grevatt, Percy Le Roy Griffith, Ramsay C. Hoguet, Ogden W. Lillard, Montague Palmer, H. Richards, Jr., Ph. B., T. O. Sloane, Roderick Stover, William T. Stromeyer, Louis S. Thurston, Arthur B. Well.

METALLURGICAL ENGINEER.

Irving Langmuir, L. Webster Wickes.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER.

John Winifred Ager, Malcolm Curry, Lester F. Dittenhoefer, John Pelham Faber, Eugene Frank, Louis George Henes, Henry E. Jacoby, B. S., William Detlev Kayser, Leo Joseph Matty, Lecianche Moen, S. J. Piggot, Charles Miles Pond, F. C. Sanguinetti, Julian C. Smallwood, Walter J. Spiro, A. B., M. A. Stone, Jr., W. M. Van Cise, A. B., W. E. Ver Planck, E. E., Francis Patrick Walsh.

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE.
(Course in Chemistry.)

Herbert Abraham, F. Van Dyke Cruser, C. H. Dempwolf, Jr., Henry Frank, Harold W. Haines, Maurice Lindeman, C. B. McLaughlin, A. B., Gail Mersereau, John F. Thompson, Geo. N. Williamson, Jr.

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE.
(Course in Architecture.)

Arthur P. F. Adenaw, William H. Baera, S. E. Labouisse, B. E., Clarence James Lane, T. W. Ludlow, Bruce S. Palliser, Shepherd Stevens.

MASTER OF LAWS.

Ernest Abraham Cardozo, A. B., A. M., LL. B.

MASTER OF ARTS.

Edna I. Allyn, Gertrude Andrews, Helen W. Bailey, Margaret E. Ball, Saul J. Baron, Gilbert N. Batchelder, Charles D. Bates, Charles Austin Beard, Bernhard S. Behrend, Russell H. Bellows, Edgar J. Bernheimer, S. John Block, John H. Borden, James F. Boydstun, Jessie L. P. Brown, Liberta Brown, Nathan W. Buckhout, Anna T. Burchard, Bailey B. Burritt, Oliver B. Capen, Harold S. Capron, Arthur F. Chace, Arthur C. Kahn, Archibald S. Knight, Wm. H. W. Knipe, Abraham Kovarsky, Mary A. Lauder, George Leavenworth, Alison M. Lederer, Alfred H. Lewis, Ludwig Lewisohn, Samuel P. Lockwood, Lillie D. Loshe, Janet A. McCook, Robert H. McCormick, Jr., Mary S. McDowell, Leo McLaughlin, Antonio Mangano, Louis A. Martin, Jr., Willie W. Massee, Teiichi Masuda, Nelson P. Mead, Mary S. Merritt, Alvenia B. Miller, Galen H. Clevenger, Harold D. Clum, Palmer Cobb, Mary C. Colter, Annie M. Cordley, Archibald G. Craig, Ethel Craighead, Mary B. Cramer, L. W. Crawford, Jr.

Frederic A. Cummings, Richard F. Deimel, James F. Dilworth, Herbert C. Dorcas, John B. Doyle, Alice Dufour, Joseph E. Eron, Lois M. Evans, Frank E. Field, Lucia H. Fish, Daniel J. Fleming, André C. Fontaine, Charles S. Forbes, Frederick J. Foster, Helen T. French, Louise H. Fuhlbage, John N. Miller, Rutger B. Miller, Ernest E. Morlan, Allen H. Nelson, Francis R. North, Charles J. Ogden, Frank E. Parham, Samuel C. Parker, William M. Parkin, Bruce R. Payne, Alice M. H. Pfizer, John G. Pheil, Charles Le C. Pulliam, Edith E. Rand, Mabel Ray, Thomas H. Ray, Edna H. Richards, Charles B. Robbins, Stella V. Roderick, William H. Rood, Harry H. St. Clair, Jr., Bernhard D. Saxe, Mary V. Schumaker, Annie L. Seward, Charles F. Shaw, Edwin F. Gayle, Frederick B. Gernerd, Alice M. Gilliland, John L. Gillis, Wm. H. Gleysteen, Harold C. Goddard, Louis Goodman, Gerald Gordon, Louis Gottschall, John Wesley Gould, Edward K. Graham, Clifford Gray, James Gray.

George C. O. Haas, Sarah L. Hadley, Thomas C. Halligan, Anna E. Harrison, Louise Hempstead, Charles C. Henson, Edward C. Hood, Katharine D. Howard, George F. Hummel, Mrs. Rosella L. Shields, Frederic B. Shoaff, Robert P. Sibley, Almerion W. Smith, Henry K. Smith, Harold Somers, Agatha J. Sonna, Henry Capen Staunton, Stella G. Streeter, Edward H. Tatum, Eugene Tavenner, Helen L. Thomas, Willys E. Thomas, Ray W. Thompson, Wesley D. Thompson, Everett L. Thorndike, Susan S. Titsworth, Payson J. Treat, Louise M. Trimble, Rufus A. Vance, Alice M. Waugh, Mary C. Woodhull, Henry Woolf, Moritz Wormser, Hans Zinsser, Henry A. Jackson, Elijah Jenks, Jr., Adele R. Johnson, Charles W. Dickson, John Erskine, George I. Finlay, George L. Hamilton, John S. Harrison, Philip B. Hawk, Ernest N. Henderson, Alvin S. Johnson, Douglas W. Johnson, Ernest B. Kent, Joseph B. Kirkwood, Jacob B. Segall, Robert P. Shepherd, James T. Shotwell, William R. Smith, Louis F. Snow, Earl E. Sperry, Alfred Stoeckius, David Y. Thomas, Harry B. Torrey, Stephen F. Weston.

DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY.

Joseph Hershey Bair, Allan Perley Ball, Rudolph M. Binder, Myrick N. Bolles, Wilhelm Alfred Braun, William Campbell, Lewis Nathaniel Chase, Horace Mann Conaway, Horatio Sheafe Krans, Richard Swann Lull, Grace Harriet Macurdy, James F. Messenger, James Burt Miner, Ida Helen Ogilvie, Samuel Peter Orth, George Braxton Pegram, William A. Rawles, Herman S. Riederer.

Teachers College Degrees.

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE.
(Course in Education.)

Effie M. Abrams, Luella V. Allis, Charles H. Bailey, Achsa M. Blunt, Jean A. Broadhurst, A. H. Chamberlain, Blanche L. Cole, Ella A. Colton, B. S., Anna M. Cooley, Mary C. De Bardeleben, A. B., Ruth E. Dowling, Savilla A. Elkus, A. B., Edith C. Ewing, Peter P. Garner, Blanche Hirsch, B. S., Mary I. Husted, Caroline F. Lester, Elinor M. McKeighan, Grace McKinstry, Mary S. Mack, Edith R. Mitchell, Williametta O. Nash, Harriet M. Plunkett, Mary V. Riblet, M. G. Ryland, A. M., Evelyn Swan, Jessica K. Turner.

DOCTOR'S DIPLOMA IN EDUCATION.

Ernest N. Henderson, Louis F. Snow, Ernest B. Kent.

MASTER'S DIPLOMA IN EDUCATION.

John W. Adams, Helen W. Bailey, Liberta R. Brown, Bailey B. Burritt, Arthur H. Chamberlain, Archibald G. Craig, Mary E. Cramer, Frederick J. Foster, Alice M. Gilliland, John W. Gould, Sarah L. Hadley, Edgar Halliday, Thomas C. Halligan, Clarence C. Henson, Elijah Jenks, Jr., Archibald S. Knight, Bruce R. Payne, Stella G. Streeter, Henry Woolf.

BACHELOR'S DIPLOMA IN EDUCATION

For teaching in secondary schools.

Jessie Alice Addoms, (Latin.)
Luella Virginia Allis, (English.)
Marion Elisabeth Pruyn Ball, (history.)
Jean Alice Broadhurst, (biology.)
Jessie Louise Preston Brown, A. B., (history.)
Florence Palmer Cheesman, (Latin.)
Helen Louise Cohen, (English.)
Elisabeth Avery Colton, B. L., (English.)
Harriet McDoual Daniels, (mathematics.)
Mary Christine De Bardeleben, A. B., (history.)
Edith Durant, A. B., (English.)
Savilla Alice Elkus, A. B., (mathematics.)
Edith Claypole Ewing, (English, history.)
Helen Topping French, A. B., (English.)
Leon Nathan Futter, (English, history.)
Peter Parley Garner, (English, mathematics.)
Gerald Gordon, A. M., (English.)
Mary Groff, (Latin.)
Marion Isabelle Hammond, B. L., (history.)
Mary Fredericka Harrison, (mathematics.)
Blanche Blossom Hedges, A. B., (physical science.)
Blanche Hirsch, B. S., (mathematics.)
Clare Maclelen Howard, (English.)
Margaret Scott Jarvie, A. B., (English.)
Helen Agnes Kane, A. B., (Latin.)
Helen Louise King, (Latin.)
Caroline Potts Lester, (English, history.)
Elinor Matilda McKeighan, (English, history.)
Ethel Blanchard Newton, (mathematics.)
Mary Alice Potter, Ph. B., (mathematics.)
Mary Varian Riblet, (English.)
Marion Garnett Ryland, A. M., (English.)
Laura Randolph Seguine, (Latin.)
Madeleine Daynell Skinner, (English.)
John Warner Taylor, (English.)
Jessica Knapp Turner, (mathematics.)
Adele Nettie Wallach, (Latin.)
Elizabeth Roe Walters, (mathematics.)
Charles Winter Wood, A. M., (English.)
Mary Caldwell Woodhull, A. B., (history, Latin.)

ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS.

Anne T. Bridgman, Lillian R. Duffey, Helen V. Frost, Melvin Hix, Ida E. Kydd, Grace L. Morrison, Nina May Nash, Clara C. Plumb, Harriet M. Plunkett, Ella H. Potter, Nettie P. Schwerin, Katherine A. Sill.

KINDERGARTENS.

Ada Collins Apgar, Sara W. Bostwick, Eleanor L. Darling, Elizabeth J. Freeborn, Edith G. Harrison, Euphemia J. Hayes, Grace E. Jenkins, Fanny L. McKinney, A. B., Henrietta G. Parsons, Meredith Smith, Maud Whitlock, Alice May Wyant.

DOMESTIC ART.

Honora A. Barron, Anna M. Cooley, Anna C. Hedges, Louise Hochleitner, Marie C. Roberts.

DOMESTIC SCIENCE.

Eliza Benton, Mary E. Blanford, Mary D. Chambers, Amy L. Daniels, Helen M. Day, Alice W. Hess, M. S., Ida M. Mitchell, Alvena Pettee, B. S., Euphemia L. Raitt, May T. Sanford, Birdie E. Secrest, B. S., Eleanor R. Trowbridge, Sarah C. Weeks, Althea Wheeler, Helen R. Wilbur.

FINE ARTS.

Louis J. Armand, Clara E. Eckhardt, Selma C. Engelbrecht, Mary Irving Husted, Helen Lovell, Virginia Thompson.

MANUAL TRAINING.

James E. Addicott, Charles O. Atwater, Charles H. Bailey, William T. Bawden, Walter A. Cleaveland, Frances H. Consalus, George L. Lewis, Martha M. Loftus, Egbert E. MacNary, Flor. M. Marshall, A. B., Marie H. Perley, Ray L. Southworth.

MUSIC.

Effie M. Abrams, Echsal M. Blunt, Margaret M. Zerbe.

The Honorary Degrees.

Nine honorary degrees were awarded. The candidates were seated on the platform near President Butler. At a signal from a marshal each one was introduced to the President by his sponsor. They were as follows:

Master of Arts—John Britton Cauldwell, C. E.

Doctor of Letters—Moses Taylor Pyne, A. M., LL. B., Trustee of Princeton University.

Doctor of Science—Peter Cooper Hewitt.

Joseph John Thomson, M. A., F. R. S., Cavendish Professor of Experimental Physics in the University of Cambridge.

Doctor of Sacred Theology—George Angier Gordon, D. D., minister of Old South Church, Boston, Mass.

Doctor of Laws—Andrew Sloan Draper, LL. D., President of the University of Illinois, (conferred in camera, Feb. 2, 1903.)

Alexander Crombie Humphreys, M. E., Sc. D., President of Stevens Institute of Technology.

Benjamin Barker Odell, Jr., Governor of the State of New York.

Jules Jusserand, Litt. D., Ambassador of France.

John B. Cauldwell was presented for his degree by Prof. A. D. F. Hamlin.

Prof. Henry Fairfield Osborn introduced Moses Taylor Pyne in the following words:

"Early in 1903 the Trustees of this university resolved that the degree of Doctor of Letters be conferred on Moses Taylor Pyne, M. A., of Princeton University and graduate of the Columbia Law School, 1879.

"It is my privilege to-day to convey to you some of the motives of this action: For your love of books, especially of early English literature and history; for the influence you have exerted on many men of your own and the younger generation in the study of the masters; for the ideals you have formed of what an American college should be in the beauty of architecture and historical association; for the years of time, thought, and benefaction you have devoted to carrying out these ideals in your Alma Mater; for the noble library you have helped to found and the collections of books you have placed there; for your public spirit in your own State in the development of the free public library system; for the fact that you have forgotten yourself in the cause of the promotion of education so that even your left hand has not known what your right hand has been doing; for the example you have given to other college men of America that the highest privilege and pleasure of life is service; for the impulse which this example has given to many in the service of this and other colleges; for all these reasons Columbia University desires to reenroll your name and place on your brow the laurels of her approval."

Peter Cooper Hewitt, son of Abram S. Hewitt, was presented by Prof. Michael Idvorsky Pupin, who said:

"I have the honor to present to you a gentleman whose discoveries and inventions mark a new epoch in the development of electric light and power. They are the result of his intense enthusiasm and long-continued effort. The flame of divine enthusiasm fed by the solid fuel of irresistible effort illuminates the creative activity of his useful life. This is the divine light which illuminated the lives of his illustrious grandfather, Peter Cooper, and his noble father, the late Abram Hewitt. His accomplishments prove him a worthy son of these illustrious ancestors.

"I present to you, Mr. President, for the degree of Doctor of Science, honoris causa, Peter Cooper Hewitt, scientist and engineer."

Prof. William Hallock, in presenting Prof. Thomson, spoke in part as follows:

"The human mind may recoil from the contemplation of limitless space and numberless worlds, but still more must it hesitate and acknowledge its impotence when called upon to penetrate the secrets of the atom, a million times too small to be seen even under most powerful magnification. Faraday read the riddle of electromagnetic induction, Maxwell and Hertz set light and electric waves in the same class, Roentgen added the X-Rays, and Becquerel the new radiations. Whose task has it been to coordinate these widely varied phenomena and show them as applications of simple fundamental laws rather than the marvelous exceptions? Who, relying upon the simple laws of the elastic ether, has penetrated the structure of the atom and revealed its secrets? Who has taught and inspired a host of the ablest investigators in physical science?

"None to an extent comparable with Joseph John Thomson, Cavendish Professor of Experimental Physics in University of Cambridge, England, whom I have the honor to present, and respectfully request that the degree of Doctor of Science be now conferred upon him."

In introducing Dr. Gordon, Prof. Van Amringe said:

"I present to you, for the honorary degree of Doctor of Sacred Theology, the minister of the historic Old South Church of Boston, Mass., the traditions of which as to public service and rare pulpit eloquence he has for many years nobly sustained, whose published works on delicate and profound subjects that touch the highest interests of mankind—'The Witness to Immortality,' 'The Christ of To-day,' 'Immortality and the New Theodicy,' 'The New Epoch for Faith'—have given him a conspicuous place among Christian philosophers and writers, the Rev. George Angier Gordon, Doctor of Divinity of Bowdoin, Yale, and Harvard, and I beg that the degree may now be conferred upon him."

Dean Frederick Remsen Hutton presented President Humphreys as follows:

"I present to you, Sir, President Alexander Crombie Humphreys of the Stevens Institute of Technology, who has been named for the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws. A graduate from the mechanical engineering course in 1881, he has shown that this education can fit a man to carry the most exacting burdens of industrial administration and affairs. From modest beginnings he became the founder of important business enterprises which are monuments of his professional ability and his faculty for organization and control.

"We honor him also because of the love and loyalty which he has manifested to his Alma Mater when at her call and in her need he laid aside the lucrative and expanding opportunities of his chosen path to assume the burden and responsibilities of the Presidency of Stevens Institute, left leaderless on the regretted death of Henry Morton."

Gov. Odell was presented by Prof. Franklin H. Giddings. The Governor was greeted with a long Columbia cheer. When this had subsided Prof. Giddings said:

"The men of college and university training who in America have given their lives to the service of the State have been many. Not so many of this number as we could wish have sought to apply to the practical problems of the moment those fundamental principles of sound finance and administrative efficiency, which are as important to the public welfare as are the ideals of constitutional liberty, which appeal strongly to the imagination. Fewer yet have been the men, who, while looking thus closely at the business side of public responsibility have at the same time shown a wide sympathy with movements for the amelioration of social conditions in our rapidly growing cities, upon the success of which the future of democracy greatly depends.

"It is, therefore, fitting that when a man in public life has conspicuously served the community through these sympathies, and by his attention to the unpopular duties of responsible financiering, he should be honored by a university which attaches importance to the study of political and social principles. Eminently worthy of such distinction is the gentleman who stands before you. As a member of Congress and as Governor of the Commonwealth of New York he has compelled the people of this State to give their serious attention to problems of taxation; of a strict administration of public funds, and of the right of the people in public franchises. In the opinion of those qualified to judge, he has thus rendered a great public service.

"In addition he has opposed and prevented the threatened undoing of the great work of tenement house reform in this State, and he has furthered the enactment of laws for the restriction of the crying evils of child labor. In all of these services he has displayed a mastery of those principles of economy, law, and statesmanship, which it is the duty of the university to recognize."

Dr. Butler then conferred the degree in these few words:

"Benjamin Barker Odell, Jr., son of Columbia, administrator, and man of affairs, twice Governor of the State of New York, I gladly admit you to the degree of Doctor of Laws in this university, and confer on you all the rights and privileges that belong thereto. In token thereof I hand you this diploma."

In introducing the French Ambassador Prof. Brander Matthews said:

"In this hall, built upon a battlefield of the Revolution, there is no need to recall the ties of gratitude and of sympathy which bind us to France. This hall is but a visible part of a larger institution devoted to the advancement of learning, and there is little danger that we shall ever overlook the ample share of France in the development of modern science and of modern art.

"The lives of the leading French men of letters are now being told in a series of masterly volumes, edited by a scholar who has, however, chosen our own literature as his special field of study—the English literature which is ours by inheritance, like the English language and the English law. The earlier phases of English literature have chiefly engaged his attention, but there is no phase of it with which he is not familiar; and we may apply to him the praise that Sainte Beuve bestowed on Matthew Arnold—that he has penetrated our literature by an interior line. I have now the honor to present to you, to receive the degree of Doctor of Laws, this historian of English literature—who is also the Ambassador of the French Republic."

Awards and Honors.

Prizes, fellowships, and honors were awarded as follows:

COLUMBIA COLLEGE.

Alumni Prize Association—Given by the Alumni Association to the most faithful and deserving student of the graduating class; value $50. Candidates selected by the Faculty were Clinton Gilbert Abbott, Alexander Otto Bechert, and Robert Livingston Schuyler. The class chose as recipient of the prize, Alexander Otto Bechert.

National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution Medal—Silver medal for the best essay on the subject: "The Principles Fought for in the War of the Revolution." Robert Livingston Schuyler.

Chanler Historical Prize—Annual income of $1,000 for the best essay on "The Career of the Whig Party." Leonard Michael Wallstein.

George William Curtis Medals—No awards made, but honorable mention accorded to Leonard Michael Wallstein.

Sophomore Honors—Mathematics, Leslie Brewster Smith; English, Jacob Zeitlin; German, Joseph Tolchinsky.

Junior Honors—History, Abraham Moses Davis and Carleton Huntley Hayes.

Final Honors—Romance Languages, Pierce Philip Ferris; English, Nathaniel Waring Barnes, and Albert Davis; German, Alexander Otto Bechert.

BARNARD COLLEGE.

Kohn Mathematical Prize, $50—Marion Elizabeth Latham.

Herrman Botanical Prize, $50—Marion Elizabeth Latham.

Sophomore Honors—German, Edith Welle; mathematics, Margaret Cecilia Byrne, and Frances Hope Purdon; romance languages, Ethel Hendricks, Carrie Kaplan, Edwina Leah Levy, and Blanche Hortense Reitlinger.

Junior Honors—English, Helen Erskine; German, Hilma Leers and Ida Ethel Lewis; history, Charlotte Elizabeth Morgan; mathematics, Mabel Denton and Betty Trier.

Final Honors—English, Helen Louise Cohen and Clara Maclelen Howard; history, Helen Louise Cohen; mathematics, Marion Elizabeth Latham.

COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

Harsen Prizes for Proficiency in Examination, $500, $300, and $200—Honor Men Admitted to Competition—Alfred Jerome Brown, A. B.; James Pendleton Erskine, A. B.; Isaac William Kingsbury, A. B.; Herman Otto Mosenthal, A. B.; Frederick Brown Humphreys, Ph. B.; Royal Storrs Haynes, Ph. B.; Hans Zinsser, A. B.; Ward Sloson Gregory, Ph. B.; Jesse Godfrey M. Bullowa, A. B.; Peter Irving, A. B.

First Prize—Alfred Jerome Brown, A. B.

Second—Peter Irving, A. B.

Third—Isaac William Kingsbury, A. B.

Harsen Prizes for Clinical Reports, $150, $75, and $25—First prize, Alfred Jerome Brown, A. B.; second, Joseph Greif; third, Peter Irving, A. B.

Cartwright Prize, $500—George W. Crile, M. D.

Fellowships of the Alumni Association, $500 Each—Fellow in Anatomy, Edward Anthony Spitzka, M. D.; Fellow in Pathology, Augustus B. Wadsworth, M. D.; Fellow in Pathology and Physiological Chemistry, Edward Rudolph Posner, M. D.

Stevens Triennial Prize, $200—Divided between L. Pierce Clark, M. D., and Thomas P. Prout, M. D.

Alonzo Clark Scholarship, $700—Charles Norris, M. D.

SCHOOL OF ARCHITECTURE.

McKim Fellowships, $100 Each—Francis Augustus Nelson, B. S., and George Washington Jacoby, B. S.

Honorable Mention—Edward Shepard Hewitt, B. S.

TEACHERS COLLEGE.

Prize Given by the Society of Colonial Dames, $50—Clara Fitzgerald Mann, for an essay entitled "The Fall of the Great Landed Estates in New York."

SCHOOL OF POLITICAL SCIENCE.

James Gordon Bennett Prize in Political Science, $40—Walter Scott Spiegelberg.

Toppan Prize, $150—Charles Austin Beard.

UNIVERSITY.

H. C. Bunner Medal—Gerard Bernard Werner.

WEST POINT COMMENCEMENT.

WEST POINT, N. Y., June 10.—Secretary of War Root arrived here to-day and to-morrow will deliver the diplomas to the graduating class of the Military Academy. This afternoon he witnessed the first class participate in its last dress parade, and afterward listened to the address of Col. Treat, commandant of cadets, who welcomed the graduates as commissioned officers of the army. Lieut. Gen. Miles also was present at the ceremonies to-day.

The graduating hop at Memorial Hall to-night was, in point of attendance, the largest and most brilliant within the history of the academy. Cadet Hackett of the graduating class assisted Mrs. Mills, wife of Col. Mills, the Superintendent of the academy, in receiving the guests.

COLUMBIA TRUSTEES TO BUY SOUTH FIELD

University Appeal to New Yorkers for $2,000,000 Needed.

ODELL ON LABOR PROBLEM

Marcellus Hartley Dodge and Mrs. Jenkins Give a Dormitory—Dr. Butler Also Tells Alumni of Carpentier Gift.

In a speech to the alumni of Columbia University assembled for luncheon in Memorial Hall yesterday afternoon, President Nicholas Murray Butler made three important announcements; first, that the Trustees have determined to purchase South Field at a cost of $2,000,000; second, that a dormitory costing $800,000 is to be erected through the generosity of Marcellus Hartley Dodge, who was graduated yesterday morning from Columbia College, and Mrs Helen Hartley Jenkins of Morristown, daughter of the late Marcellus Hartley; third, that a further gift of $100,000 for the support of a special series of lectures in law had been tendered by Gen. Horace W. Carpentier of the class of 1848, founder of the Dean Lung Professorship in Chinese, in memory of his brother, Jonas S. Carpentier.

Five hundred alumni, arranged by classes, were seated at the luncheon, while on a raised dias was a table accommodating twenty-six guests, including Gov. Odell, Ambassador Jusserand, Prof. Joseph John Thomson, President Butler, and the Trustees. John Howard Van Amringe, '60, was the presiding officer of the function. He introduced Prof. Thomson, who was invited to become head of the Department of Physics at Columbia, and who spoke as follows:

"The invitation to a Columbia professorship is the greatest compliment ever paid me. I have been greatly impressed by American universities. I feel that I am an expert on them, in view of the hospitality extended me at Columbia, Yale, Harvard, Princeton, and Johns Hopkins. Indeed, I have become a graduate of two American universities in twenty-four hours, and am to graduate from another on Friday. I am greatly impressed with the magnificent benevolence showered on your universities. I have never seen such magnificent buildings. They are only possible owing to the large number and public spirit of wealthy men, and the presence of the best architects in the world.

"I envy the American liberality. Cambridge University is sorely straitened for funds. It took years of hard work to raise $350,000. It is difficult to interest rich Englishmen in education. Here it seems to be the first interest of the wealthy man. I regret that your enormous gifts for university buildings is not accompanied by corresponding gifts for endowment. A peculiar danger is constituted here by the fact that salaries received by teachers are lower than in any country in the world. In applied science original investigation is the life blood of material prosperity. But the teaching is its own reward. The greatest pleasure is in solving the things which seem to be most obscure. Scientists are kept away from investigation by lack of material reward."

Ambassador Jusseraud was greeted with loud cheers. He said in part:

"Your future does not depend on numbers, but upon excellence. You will all become very wealthy; every one becomes wealthy in this country. I even consider you all wealthy at this time. Come as students to France and you will be welcomed there. The French people enjoy American company, and I hope it will ever be so. I advise you to be plucky, energetic, generous, young, and straightforward. What, then, am I advising you to do? I am advising you to be good Americans."

GOV. ODELL SPEAKS.

In introducing Gov. Odell, Prof. Van Amringe linked his name with that of De Witt Clinton and Hamilton Fish. When the Governor began his speech with the words, "Fellow alumni," President Butler started the applause which was long continued.

The Governor began by alluding to Dr. Butler's trip in the West with President Roosevelt, and pointed to the pictures of bears and other animals on the walls of the dining hall as trophies of the chase, remarking by way of parenthesis that although he knew things were done with expedition in New York, he never knew that the camera could act so quickly. He spoke of his loyalty as a former student at Columbia, remarking that the history of the institution was as fruitful in public service as any similar institution. The record of the university in furnishing men to build the growing Republic, he said, was second to none and the envy of all, mentioning the names of Hamilton, Jay, Morris, Kent, Livingston, and Clinton.

The Governor continued as follows:

"In the vortex of business affairs men are so often absorbed in personal matters as to even at times forget true devotion to their country. An educated man is generally regarded as the best and truest type of citizen. I regret to say that these men at times give vent to unmerited sense of and contempt for public officials in the work they are trying to perform, which throws a shadow over the whole class of educated men. College men must take part in public affairs. In the whole history of the formation of our Nation men of intelligence were needed to grapple with the problems which seemed almost insurmountable. Mere theorists would not do. Practical thought of the best men of all times was necessary.

"There has never been a greater demand for capable and educated men. With immigration increasing and America's reception of men of stunted ideas from other climes thrown free on our shores the situation would be dangerous if it were not met with the intelligence which inspires respect for Government and its constituted authority. The things most in the college curriculum are those which encourage men to engage in the political affairs of the State. Success is often builded on the failure of others, and political failure may often tend to strengthen and improve Governments.

"There are great problems before us to-day. The concentration of wealth in large corporations which rule large bodies calls for individual ideas and the best efforts of the greatest minds. Labor, the most important element in the success of capital, often shows discontent. These problems demand our earnest thought, and we must solve them to the advantage of all. This we cannot do if there be demagogic attacks on either. Every university owes it to itself and to its country to counteract the great mistake of these attacks, which are the outgrowth of envy and the child of discontent.

"I have often been asked, Does politics pay? If the word 'pay' is taken in the sordid sense, I advise young men to keep out of politics, but if it means to be a useful citizen I should say to every young man that he should identify himself with the politics of his Nation, and his success will follow as the result of his persevering and untiring efforts."

DR. BUTLER TO ALUMNI.

President Butler was the last speaker. He said in part:

"You are all familiar with the fact that the university already needs more ground, and that the only ground obtainable is the property, more than nine acres in extent, lying immediately south of our present site, known generally as South Field. You are equally familiar with the fact that every officer, alumnus, and student of the university has set his heart upon the early purchase of that splendid property. Every representative man of affairs in this city who has been consulted by us has unhesitatingly affirmed his belief that the university must and should acquire South Field. A group of generous citizens united one year ago in buying this property in the university's interest, and they are now holding it for us, provided we are able to take title to it on Oct. 1 next, notice of our intention to do so to be given before July 1.

"Weighted, as the university now is, with the heavy burden imposed by its own success in meeting the intellectual needs of this city and this Nation, there seems to be but one way in which South Field can be acquired without putting new and serious limitations upon our educational work, and that is through gifts for the purpose.

Mail Orders Receive Immediate Attention.
Purchases Delivered Free Throughout the United States.

Saks & Company

Will Continue Throughout the Entire Week Their Sale of

French Lingerie and High-Grade Domestic Underwear

At Materially Reduced Prices.

French Hand-Made Chemises. At $1.65, 2.95, 5.90, 6.90 and 7.90
French Hand-Made Drawers. At $4.95 and 5.90
French Hand-Made Corset Covers. At $3.45, 4.95 and 5.90
French Hand-Made Night Robes, $2.95, 4.95, 5.90, 6.90 and 7.90
High Grade Domestic Underwear, beautifully trimmed with fine laces, embroideries and ribbons; Night Gowns, Chemises, Drawers and Corset Covers.
Formerly $2.98 to $16.50. At $1.98, 2.98, 3.95, 4.95 and 8.75
They are also showing the new Princess Slips and fitted Chemises, Sleeveless Gowns, shaped ruffles on petticoats; Dainty China Silk Corset Covers, with or without sleeves, in black, white, blue or pink, to be worn under sheer shirt waists.
Special attention is given to extra size garments, which include:
Night Gowns from 88c. to $3.95.
White Petticoats from 98c. to $4.50.
Drawers from 38c. to $1.95.
Corset Covers from 25c. to $3.25.

Saks & Company

Are Conducting a

June Sale of Shirt Waists,

Which includes the most desirable models of all-over Lace Waists of Cluny, Irish Point or Antique Laces, Crepe de Chine and China Silk, elaborately trimmed with lace or chiffon. White Waists of India Batiste, Mull and Swiss, in the newest effects, with insertions of lace and medallions; some with elbow sleeves and low neck.

White China Silk Waists, with yoke of three rows of lace insertion and hemstitching, finished with shirring; full sleeve with tucking and shirring, fancy collar and cuffs; open front. Value $5.00. At $2.98
An assortment of Embroidered Pongee and Foulard Waists, dot effects, with stitched tucking and shirring; in white, navy or tan. Value $6.00. At $3.90
Attention is invited to the assortment of fine Black Waists of Organdie, Lawn and Batiste, with yoke effects, deep hemstitched tucking and fine medallions; others with fine tucking, lace insertions and medallions. At $6.90, $7.50 and $14.50
Black Dotted Swiss Waists, with white dots, broad tucking with white hemstitching and pointed turnovers on collar and cuffs of white hemstitched Lawn. At $6.50
Black Lawn Waists, tucked front, plaited shoulder effect, tucked back; full sleeves. At $1.50
White Lawn Waists, with tuckings and insertions of lace or embroidery. At 98c., $1.35, $1.50, $1.69 and $1.98
Colored Waists of Madras, Batiste and Zephyr Lawns, in a variety of stripes and colors. At 98c., $1.35, $1.98, $2.75 and $2.98

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER

Has for Thirty Years Been Recognized By the Medical Profession as an Invaluable Remedy in Bright's Disease, Albuminuria of Pregnancy, Renal Calculi, Gout, Rheumatism and All Diseases Dependent upon a Uric Acid Diathesis. Time Adds to the Voluminous Testimony of Leading Clinical Observers.

Robert C. Kenner, A. M., M. D., *Ex-President Louisville Clinical Association, and Editor of Notes on "Garrod's Materia Medica and Therapeutics," Louisville, Ky.* (See "Garrod's Materia Medica and Therapeutics," fourth edition, revised by Kenner.):

"In the treatment of Gout and all the manifestations of Uric Acid Poisoning, BUFFALO LITHIA WATER is indicated and will be found very efficient. In Rheumatism, especially the chronic expression, we shall find the water very valuable. The waters of both springs have been found by extensive trial to possess remarkable solvent powers over Renal Calculi and Stone in the Bladder. We have the authority of that great clinician, Prof. Alfred L. Loomis, that BUFFALO LITHIA WATER is of great value in Bright's Disease, and Hammond and other great observers find it greatly beneficial in this condition. In dyspepsia and gastro-intestinal disorders the water has been found very efficacious. In vomiting and nausea of pregnancy there is no remedy more efficacious than BUFFALO LITHIA WATER frequently shows itself to be."

Medical testimony mailed to any address. For sale by druggists and grocers generally.

Hotel at Springs opens June 15th.

PROPRIETOR BUFFALO LITHIA SPRINGS, VIRGINIA.

The cost is large—$2,000,000—but the value is there, the need is imperative, and the future of this great metropolitan university must be made secure.

"The Trustees have asked, and they now ask again, that the men and women of means in this vast city unite to make this purchase possible. So high is their conception of Columbia's calling, so clear are their convictions as to her present and future necessities, and so assured is their confidence that the City of New York will hear and answer their appeal for help in this truly vital matter that the Trustees have unanimously voted to give notice, under the terms of the existing option, that it is the purpose of Columbia University to acquire South Field on Oct. 1 next. The magnitude of the responsibility involved in taking this step can hardly be overestimated, for it means—and I weigh my words—that unless generous friends of education shall come to our aid the present work of Columbia University must be still further hampered and harassed, in order that its future may not be destroyed.

"The Trustees have done everything that men of courage, of foresight, and of high ideals could possibly do. It remains for the men and women of New York to do the rest and to set the university free to do the work for which their ancestors founded and sustained it.

"The alumni will be glad to hear, too, I am sure, that during the year that has closed both the Medical Faculty and the Trustees have given long and anxious thought to the pressing needs of the College of Physicians and Surgeons. The Faculty, after careful thought and consideration, have adopted and put in operation a new and thoroughly revised curriculum, which uses much of the time heretofore devoted to didactic lectures, for (1) increased amounts of laboratory work in the sciences ancillary to medicine and surgery, and for (2) additional practical instruction in the appearance and treatment of disease in dispensaries and hospitals.

"So long as the university is without a hospital of its own, our Medical School must depend on the good will of the Trustees of other institutions. We are fortunate in commanding for our students certain valuable privileges in the leading hospitals of New York, but the time is not far distant when, to equip the university properly, the Medical School must build and control a hospital of its own. In foreign universities the greatest medical schools command their own hospitals, and the striking success of the Medical School of the Johns Hopkins University has been due, in large part, to the fact that a modern hospital was under its own immediate control."

Marcellus Hartley Dodge, who has made possible the first dormitory at the university, is President of the senior class in the college and received his degree at yesterday's commencement. The gift is in memory of his grandfather, Marcellus Hartley. The dormitory will probably be erected on South Field.

Last night ten classes, from 1893 to 1903, held dinners in University Hall. At the conclusion of the dinners all the members of the ten banqueting classes were the guests of the Class of 1893 at a decennial kneipe in Memorial Hall.

COMMENCEMENT AT SYRACUSE.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., June 10.—Gen. O. O. Howard delivered the commencement oration at Syracuse University to-day. His topic was "Some Lessons from Gettysburg." The graduates number 300. Honorary degrees were conferred as follows:

LL. D.—William Nottingham, State Regent, Syracuse.

D. C. L.—The Right Rev. Charles T. Olmsted, Coadjutor Bishop, Diocese of Central New York, Utica.

S. T. D.—The Rev. William Edward Huntington of Boston University and the Rev. Edwin H. Hughes, De Paw University.

D. D.—The Rev. Frederick D. Leete of Rochester, the Rev. Frank B. Upham of Mamaroneck, the Rev. L. F. Buell of Syracuse, and the Rev. E. H. Brown of Albany.

Pd. D.—Frank D. Boynton of Ithaca.

Mus. D.—Ernst Held of Syracuse.

M. A.—E. H. Howard of Rochester.

Mus. M.—Hamlin E. Coggswell and E. G. Calthrop of Syracuse.

COMMENCEMENT DAY AT OLD NASSAU

Princeton's 156th Annual Award of Degrees and Prizes.

Grover Cleveland Walks with President Woodrow Wilson in the University's Academic Procession.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., June 10.—The one hundred and fifty-sixth annual commencement of Princeton University was held this morning in Alexander Hall. Threatening weather kept down the attendance somewhat, but notwithstanding, the big auditorium was filled to its utmost capacity. The graduating class numbered about 215, two-thirds of whom belonged to the academic department.

Promptly at 10:30 the academic procession, composed of the Trustees, Faculty, and graduating class, moved toward the auditorium, led by Chief Marshal Prof. William Libbey. Immediately following were President Woodrow Wilson and ex-President of the United States Grover Cleveland and the Trustees. All were garbed in academic robes, and the many-colored hoods produced a pretty effect as the line slowly marched down the main aisle. The audience arose as the column entered the building, and remained on their feet until President Wilson seated himself in the large onyx, canopied chair.

Dr. John Dixon of Trenton, N. J., opened the exercises with prayer. The Latin salutatorian, Frank Smith, was excused from his oration, and President Wilson introduced Henry G. Leach, an honorary orator, who took for his subject "The University and Literature." Robert Candee followed with an oration on "The Netherlands and the Growth of American Political Ideals." Robert B. Reed had "The Evolution of a World Power" for the subject of his oration.

PRIZES AND FELLOWSHIPS.

After a brief intermission Elijah R. Craven, Secretary of the Board of Trustees, announced the following prizes and fellowships:

The J. S. K. Mathematical Fellowship—Not awarded.

The South East Club University Fellowship of $600—Karl Telford Frederick, Oberlin, Ohio.

The Class of 1877 University Fellowship of $600—Frank Albert Stromston of Iowa; honorable mention of Charles Barnes Hardman.

The Charles Scribner University Fellowship of $500—Daniel Lindsey Thomas, A. M., of Kentucky.

The University Fellowship in Archaeology of $600—Not awarded.

The Thaw Fellowship in Astronomy of $600—Adam Miller Hiltebeitel of Pennsylvania.

The Chancellor Green Mental Science Fellowship of $600—Robert Daniel Williams of Wisconsin; honorable mention of John Martin Wabeke of Illinois.

The Classical Fellowship of $600—Benjamin Edmund Messler of New Jersey.

The Class of 1860 Experimental Science Fellowship of $600—Harvey Clayton Rentschler of Pennsylvania.

The Boudinot Fellowship in History of $400—Henry George Weston Young of New Jersey.

The Boudinot Fellowship in Modern Language of $200—Paxton Pattison Hibben of Indiana.

The E. M. Biological Fellowship—Not awarded.

The Alexander Guthrie McCosh Prize of $75—John Clark Finney of Maryland; honorable mention of Leroy Landis Daniel of Pennsylvania.

The Lynde Debate Prizes—

First of $125—P. P. Hibben of Indiana.

Second of $75—Axtell J. Byles of Pennsylvania.

Third of $50—Robert Candee of Illinois.

The Class of 1859 Prize of $100—Henry Goddard Leach of Massachusetts.

The Baird Prizes—Already distributed:

The Baird Prize of $100—Charles Conrad Hewitt of New Jersey.

Prize for Oratory of $50—Axtell Julius Byles of Pennsylvania.

Prize for Delivery of $50—Robert Candee of Illinois.

Prize for Poetry of $50—Paxton Pattison Hibben of Indiana.

Prizes for Disputation—

First, Robert B. Reed of $40, of Pennsylvania.

Second, Frank Hoyt Little, of $30, of New Jersey.

The George Potts Bible Prizes—Not awarded.

The Lyman H. Atwater Prize in Political Economy of $50—Arthur Benjamin Reeve of New York; honorable mention of Walter Knapp Tompkins of Ohio.

The Frederick Barnard Prize in Architecture of $50—Samuel A. Anders of Pennsylvania.

The Theodore Cuyler Prize in Economics of $250—Karl Telford Frederick of Ohio.

The Class of 1869 Prize in Ethics of $150—Robert D. Williams of Wisconsin.

The C. O. Joline Prize in American Political History—Not awarded.

The New York Herald Prize of $50—Corwin Howell of New Jersey.

Junior Orator Medals—

First—George Sandford Hornblower of New York.

Second—Ernest Wilson Riggs of Turkey in Asia.

Third—Fraser Laughlin MacLeod of Massachusetts.

Fourth—Graham Chambers Hunter of Colorado.

The Maclean Prize of $100—George Sandford Hornblower of New York City.

The Dickinson Prize of $60—David Marshal Austin of New Jersey.

The Class of 1876 Memorial Prize of $100—Already awarded to George Sandford Hornblower of New York.

The Class of 1870 Prize in Old English of $37.50—Winfield Leinbach Hartman of Pennsylvania.

The Class of 1870 Junior Prize in English of $37.50—William Woods of Pennsylvania.

The Class of 1870 Sophomore English Prize of $50—Divided between Alroy Scolley Phillips of Missouri and Irwin McNiece of Utah.

The Thomas B. Wanamaker English Language Prize of $50—Winfield Leinbach Hartman of Pennsylvania.

The Junior German Prizes of $25 and $15, respectively—

First, Sydney Luard Moore of Missouri.

Second, William Campbell Kerr of New Jersey.

The Class of 1861 Prize of $60—Charles Dederer Thompson of New Jersey; honorable mention of George Macfeely Conwell of New Jersey.

The Francis Biddle Sophomore Essay Prize of $25—Howard Arnold Walter of Connecticut.

The Francis Hinton Maule Biological Fellowship of $500—William Allison Kepner of Pennsylvania.

The Bachelor of Science Sophomore Latin Scholarship—Raymond Denkmann Reimers of Texas.

Special Prize in German of the Sophomore B. S. Course—Walter Lipphardt Schwitz of Missouri.

THE DEGREES CONFERRED.

President Wilson then conferred the degrees on the graduating class and handed to each one his diploma. Then followed the conferring of higher degrees on post-graduate students. Only one received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy, Archer Everett Young of Pittsburg, Penn.

The other higher degrees conferred were:

MASTER OF ARTS IN COURSE.

Louis Clark Vanuxem.	Malcolm Campbell.

MASTER OF ARTS ON EXAMINATION.

Wilson E. M. Beals,	Ernest Freeman Hall,
Hower W. Taylor,	George M. Howerton,
Harry L. Bowlby,	William C. Isett,
Edward Glassmeyer,	John R. Landsborough,
Frank L. Janeway, 2d,	Walker E. McBath,
Howell N. White,	Albert J. McCartney,
Raymond G. Brush,	Walter Rue Murray,
Jasper H. Dodd,	Hugh Watson Randall,
Frank P. McDermott, Jr.,	Harry B. Roberts,
	Ephraim C. Shedd,
Charles M. Merwin,	James B. Shropshire,
Walter Phillips,	Charles W. Sidebotham,
Arthur J. Pilgram,	William T. S. Seyfert,
Harry F. Stambaugh,	Alexander Smith,
Oliver P. Barnhill,	John R. Thomas,
Robert Andrew Blair,	John E. Triplett, Jr.,
Wallace McC. Cunningham,	Gerrit Verkuyl,
	Carroll Harvey Yerkes.

MASTER OF ARTS ON THESIS.

Frederick S. Elder,	Ezra P. Prentice,
Charles W. Ottley,	Edmund B. Seymour, Jr.,
Malcolm Lloyd, Jr.,	William A. Cleland,
Philip H. Churchman,	Garrett S. Voorhees.

MASTER OF SCIENCE ON EXAMINATION.

Walter Lyman Upson.	Robinson Pierce, Jr.

MASTER OF SCIENCE ON THESIS.

Frank Duncan Graham.

THE HONORARY DEGREES.

Six honorary degrees were conferred by the university this morning. An honorary Master of Arts was conferred on Frank C. Roberts of the class of '83 and Frank S. Fosdick of Buffalo, N. Y. Dr. Cyrus Brackett of the Electrical School introduced the two candidates.

Dr. Henry Van Dyke then introduced as the two candidates for the degree of Doctor of Higher Letters the two professors from Cornell University, Prof. Hiram Corson of the History Department and Prof. Thomas F. Crane, Dean of the university. Prof. Andrew F. West introduced the candidates for Doctor of Laws. The first was Prof. William M. Sloane of Columbia University. The second was conferred on William E. Dodge "in absentia."

The report of the Trustee meeting of last Monday was also read. A scholarship of $2,500 has been founded by Mr. and Mrs. William A. Patton of Bryn Mawr in memory of their son, who died Oct. 6, 1900. A scholarship of $10,000 has also been founded by the Rev. S. B. Ely, to be known as the "Mahlon Long Scholarship." The resignation of Prof. John Finley, who is going to the College of the City of New York as its President, was accepted at the meeting, and Prof. Henry B. Fine elected Dean of the university to succeed Prof. S. R. Winans, resigned.

The Trustees also authorized a number of new courses in the undergraduate department:

"General History of Music," "Harmony," and "Counterpoint," under Mr. L. Frederick Pease.

"Architectural Drawing," under Mr. Howard Crosby Butler.

"Eighteenth Century Prose," under Mr. Bayard Tuckerman.

"History of Political (Modern) Theories," Dr. E. G. Elliott.

At the close of the announcements Corwin Howell of Newark, N. J., delivered the valedictory on "The Heritage of Princeton Men." "Old Nassau," sung by the graduates, and a short prayer closed the commencement exercises. There were also the following special honors given in particular departments. They were are follows:

PHILOSOPHY.

High Honors—Robert Daniel Williams.

Honors—Leroy Landis Daniel, John Clark Finney, William Dougal Herr.

HISTORY, JURISPRUDENCE, AND POLITICS.

High Honors—Cyrus Hall Adams, Jr., Sinclair Howard Armstrong, William Baylis, Jr., Robert Burkam, Corwin Howell, Henry George Weston Young.

CLASSICS.

High Honors—Robert Patton Anderson, Gilbert Fairchild Close, Benjamin Edmund Messler, Frank Smith.

ENGLISH.

High Honors—Charles Conrad Hewitt, Henry Goddard Leach, Harry Christian Schweikert.

Honors—Walter Franklin Hollenbach.

MODERN LANGUAGES.

High Honors—Paxton Pattison Hibben.

Honors—Floyd Hurlbut.

MATHEMATICS.

High Honors—Henry Goddard Leach, Harvey Clayton Rentschler.

The celebration of the time-honored custom, the passing of the loving cup, followed immediately upon the close of the senior singing to-night. A circle was formed by the class, and as a parting verse was sung to each member, the loving cup was passed to him to drink a pledge to 1903. The class then formed in line, and, with lockstep, marched to the big cannon, cheered the old gun, and then with bowed heads and slow step moved around to the front of Nassau Hall and passed the historic old structure in silence.

As the procession moved out of the campus gateway down to the class supper, the class of 1904, to which the steps had been surrendered by the 1903 men, mounted the steps and lions and initiated their singing of senior songs. After the class supper the 1903 youths burned the benches used at senior singing around the big war gun back of Old North.

VASSAR COMMENCEMENT.

President Taylor Makes an Appeal for the Completion of the $200,000 Fund.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., June 10.—The commencement exercises of Vassar College were held to-day, and consisted of essays and music by members of the graduating class. The A. B. degree was conferred upon 154 students, of whom twenty-three received honors or honorable mention. The A. M. degree was conferred upon three graduates.

President Taylor announced the scholarships and honors conferred upon members of the graduating class and alumnae. He then addressed the audience on behalf of the endowment fund, and made a special appeal for the completion of the $200,000 subscription. John D. Rockefeller has promised to duplicate any sum up to this amount which may be given to the general endowment fund up to June, 1904. The amount in hand is $50,000, nearly all of which has been obtained through the efforts of the alumnae. Dr. Taylor said the entire sum, if needed for a men's college, could have been obtained with the same effort that has brought only $50,000 for Vassar. He did not expect the remaining $150,000 to come from the alumnae, he said, but directed his appeal to the wealthy outside friends of the college and of women's education.

The graduate scholarships are awarded as follows: Alice M. Chamberlain, Greek and architecture; Mary Wilson Cross, Greek and architecture; Angie L. Kellogg, philosophy and psychology; Mary Elizabeth Mills, Latin and Greek.

The Mary Richardson and Lydia Pratt Babbott fellowship has been awarded to Louisa Stone Stevenson, 1901, who will pursue her studies in chemistry in Cornell University.

The tables at Wood's Hall were assigned to Louise Hoyt Gregory, Annie Louise Hall, and Dell Geneva Rogers.

The Ermine A. Smith prize in geology has been awarded to Emily B. Dunning, 1903, and in mineralogy to Ellen M. White, 1904.

HARVARD AND YALE CREWS.

Short Brushes Between the Rival Oarsmen—Changes in Cambridge Freshman Boat.

GALES FERRY, Conn., June 10.—Two of the Yale crews met their rivals in impromptu races this afternoon, and in each instance they gave a good acount of themselves. While the 'Varsity eight was rowing down stream late this afternoon they came up with the Harvard freshmen. The latter immediately hit up their stroke and endeavored to give the Yale boys a trouncing. The Blue oarsmen continued rowing steadily at about twenty-nine strokes to the minute, and soon left the Harvard youngsters in the rear.

A short time afterward the four-oared crews of the two universities met down stream, and there was a short brush. The two crews raced about a quarter of a mile, Yale rowing twenty-seven and Harvard thirty. At the end of that distance, when there was no perceptible change in the positions of the boats, the Harvard oarsmen ceased rowing, and the Yale men continued on their practice spin down stream.

Quite an improvement was noticeable in the work of the three Yale crews this afternoon, particularly in the 'Varsity eight. The freshman eight rowed about four miles in easy stretches. They were coached by Mr. Kennedy, who laid particular stress on the necessity of a sharp catch and letting the boat run between the strokes. There were no changes in any of the boats.

All the Harvard crews were out this afternoon in a fog which was so thick that it was hard to see a boat's length ahead. The 'Varsity eight rowed down to the drawbridge with Mr. Higginson coaching the men. They rowed about twenty-five strokes to the minute in mile stretches. When the bridge was reached the boat was turned around, and the men were instructed to paddle four miles with a stroke of 28, but most of the time it was under this figure. Coxswain Litchfield, owing to the fog, was unable to keep in the course, and steered back and forth across the river several times on the way up. The boat did not stop so badly as usual between strokes, but the recovery was poor considering the slow stroke. The last half mile was rowed with an average of thirty-two strokes to the minute, and fairly good time was made. Hartwell was at bow to-day instead of Swain, who was not feeling well.

The four-oared crew was out on the river a good part of the afternoon without a coach. The freshman crew had a shake-up. Pleasanton, who stroked the crew before it left Cambridge, came here and resumed his seat. Burchard, who has been rowing at 7 was temporarily relieved by Moller. Guild was moved back from stroke to his old seat at 6 and White went to 4. Switzer was moved from 4 to 3, in place of Hollingsworth, who will be obliged to quit rowing on account of heart trouble.

COMMENCEMENT AT UNION.

Special to The New York Times.

SCHENECTADY, June 10.—To-day those members of the class of '63 who had made their way again to the scenes that always have been dear to their hearts, shook hands and went every man his own way, after having attended the exercises in connection with the one hundred and seventh annual commencement of Union College. The twelve who attended the reunion met at 9 o'clock this morning at the office of the Register of the college to join in the procession of the President, Trustees, Faculty, and alumni to attend the commencement exercises, which were held in the State Street Methodist Episcopal Church. The Honorary Chancellor, the Rev. Dr. William R. Huntington, rector of Grace Church, New York, delivered the address.

The honorary degree of LL. D. was conferred on Andrew Fitzpatrick of Newark, N. J., one of the most prominent of the class of '63, and other degrees were conferred, as follows:

LL. D.—The Rev. W. R. Huntington, D. D., of New York.

D. D.—The Rev. Henry Debois Mulford of Rutgers, the Rev. Seth Curtis Beach of Wayland, Mass.

Ph. D.—Charles Proteus Steinmetz of Schenectady.

A. B.—Solomon Wright Russel of Salem, N. Y.

This evening the members of the class who are here attended the President's reception and later went to the senior class reception in Memorial Hall, which concluded the commencement exercises.

NORMAL COLLEGE PRIZES

List of the Winners and Students in Honor Rank.

Valedictorian Miss Florence Edna Bassett and Salutatorian Miss Evelyn Grace Flynn.

The list of prizewinners, medalists, and honor students at the Normal College of the City of New York for the past session was completed yesterday, and will be announced at the commencement exercises of the college, to be held at Carnegie Hall on the evening of June 17.

The valedictorian is Miss Florence Edna Bassett, and the salutatorian Miss Evelyn Grace Flynn. These two were among seventeen students who attained the highest rank in scholarship, and were selected among the seventeen after a competition in elocution. The names of the remaining fifteen follow in alphabetical order:

Edna Boyden,	Rose Levy,
Florence E. Bruning,	Martha Schott,
Henrietta Rose Falk,	Jeannette Seligman,
Selina Goldenson,	Rose H. Sieber,
Beatrice D. Goodman,	Elma M. Smith,
Martha Hagen,	Annie Weiner,
Eva Julia Hulse,	Emma L. White.
Marella W. Kramer,	

The others included in the honor roll though not attaining valedictorian rank, are:

Alice Ackerman,	Celia Epstein,
Etta Rae Hochenberg,	Amelia Scherer,
Irene A. Kilgalon,	Elsa Seringhaus,
Marguerite Taylor,	Muriel W. Webb,
Louise M. Zoll,	Amy L. Weil,
Alice Cohn,	Gerlina E. Franck,
Meta Fisher,	Harriet E. Webb,
Theresa Selkowitz,	Josephine A. Meyer,
Esther Dobson,	Florence M. Dickinson,
Victoria Wexler,	Isadore H. Walling,
Nana G. Freund,	Ella Gross,
Alma J. Hoykanderf,	Belle Steinhardt,
Ethel G. Jones,	Leila M. Black,
Ruth Serota,	Hedwig Klein,
Julia C. Molander,	Cecelia Pois,
Edna A. Alfke,	Esther Lesser,
Hannah E. Harris,	Elin Wikander,
Rose Steinhardt,	Rose Davidson,
Amelia P. Pinard,	Leah Gehler,
Ida Werne,	Dorothy Bilderess,
Elizabeth Terber,	Anna E. Engel,
Anna A. Skinner,	Carrie R. Wiese,
Sarah Hirschkowitz,	Anna L. Kramer,
Helen Nelson,	Laura M. Boschen,
Sophie R. Lytle,	Jane Sheridan,
Lucie H. Wellwood,	Helen M. Stern,
Martha Damm,	Ida F. Still.

The following are the winners of prizes and medals along with those who in competition for the prizes and medals obtained honorable mention:

ENGLISH LITERATURE.

Randolph Guggenheimer Prize—Eva Julia Hulse.

Honorable Mention—Esther Lesser, Martha Wilson Kramer, Josephine Agnes Meyer, Selina Goldenson, Jeannette Seligman, Elma M. Smith, and Henrietta Rose Falk.

ENGLISH COMPOSITION.

Bernard Cohen Prize of $40—Carrie R. Wiese.

Honorable Mention—Evelyn Grace Flynn and Lucie Hill Wellwood.

BEST PATRIOTIC ESSAY.

Charles C. Wehrum Prize of $25—Evelyn Grace Flynn.

Honorable Mention—Heloise Davison and Florence Marion Dickinson.

PROFICIENCY IN MUSIC.

Libbie Van Arsdale Memorial Prize, ($40)—(Equal in Rank,) Martha Schott, Belle Steinhardt, Elin Wikander.

Honorable Mention—Elsa Lachenbruch, Hilda Amelia Stern, Rebecca Smolinsky.

Commissioner Henry A. Rogers Pedagogy Prize, ($50 in Gold)—Jeannette Seligman.

Honorable Mention—Evelyn Grace Flynn, Annie Weiner, Muriel Webb.

Kelly Silver Medal for Methods of Teaching—Edna Boyden.

Kelly Bronze Medal for Methods of Teaching—Marella W. Kramer.

Honorable Mention—Lucie H. Wellwood, Beatrice D. Goodman, Ruth Serota.

ELOCUTION PRIZE.

Arthur R. Dundon Memorial—Florence Edna Bassett.

Honorable Mention—Jeannette Seligman, Marella Wilson Kramer.

First Fettritch Prize in Mathematics—Selina Goldenson.

Second Fettritch Prize in Mathematics—Marella Wilson Kramer.

Honorable Mention—Martha Schott, Elma M. Smith, Ida Frances Still, Irene A. Kilgalon, Caroline Lawlor.

First Prize for Proficiency in German (Adolph Kuttroff Prize, $50)—Carrie R. Wiese.

Second Prize for Proficiency in German (Ottendorfer Gold Medal)—Regina Gross.

Honorable Mention—Cecelia Finkelstein, Elsa Davis, Alwine Huber, Hedwig Klein, Cecelia Pois, Selina Goldenson, Anna L. Kramer.

First Prize in Greatest Progress in German (Albert Tag Prize, $50)—Elin Wikander.

Second Prize for Greatest Progress in German (Ottendorfer Silver Medal)—Rose Levy.

Honorable Mention—Henrietta R. Falk, Lucie H. Wellwood, Dorothy A. Levine, Elma Smith, Olga Berglund, Leila M. Black.

Herman Ridder Prize in German Composition, ($40)—Hedwig Klein.

Honorable Mention—Carrie R. Weise, Cecelia Pois, and Alwine Huber.

The Henri Maillard Prize for Proficiency in French, (a Gold Watch)—Jeanette Seligman.

The Wood Memorial Prize for Proficiency in French, ($40 in Gold)—Ida Weene.

Honorable Mention—Martha Hagen, Amelia P. Pinard, Sylvia Mestes, Evelyn Grace Flynn, and Hannah Harris.

The Frederic R. Coudert Prize for Greatest Progress in French, (a Gold Watch)—Martha Schott.

The French Chamber of Commerce Prize for Greatest Progress in French, ($40 in Gold)—Eva Hulse.

Honorable Mention—Marella W. Kramer, Edna Marie Meyer, Etta Rae Hochenberg, Susan B. Ennis, and Esther Dobson.

Kane Gold Medal in Natural Science—Florence Brunning.

Honorable Mention—Elin Wikander, Eva Hulse, and Martha Schott.

Latin Prize—Wilson G. Hunt Gold Medal—Sophie Ridgeley Lytle.

Honorable Mention—Muriel Webb, Cecelia Pois, Etta Hochenberg, and Ida Weene.

POLO AT MEADOW BROOK.

The first polo team of the Meadow Brook Club had little difficulty yesterday in defeating the second club team by a score of 16¾ goals to 9. The game was played on the Meadow Brook Club field, and the second team made one goal, receiving the other eight points by handicap allowance. On the winning team was Harry Payne Whitney, but although he did not put up so brilliant a game as he is capable of, he aided the victors materially by fast riding and long strokes when he got chances to run the ball down the field. Brooks and Alexander were the chief goal scorers for the first team, Alexander being very accurate near the lines and making seven of the seventeen goals earned by the team. Brooks also was powerful and accurate and made five goals. He played a splendid all-round game, and frequently ran with the ball nearly the entire length of the field.

Harry Bull scored the only point for the second team, getting the point at the end of the second period. This little success seemed to spur the weaker quartet to better work, and they did their best playing in the third period. They put up a strong defensive game, and allowed their opponents to make but one point. Beeckman was a good back for the second team, while Appleton and Bull made a number of fine runs.

Some unlooked for excitement was caused near the close of the game by the running away of Miss May Bird's horse, attached to her light cart. The horse had been standing quietly near the polo field, but suddenly became frightened at an unusually rapid dash of the ponies and ran down the lines and then across the field toward the clubhouse. Two or three mounted men started in pursuit, and caught the runaway before any damage was done. The line-up and scores:

MEADOW BROOK 1ST.		MEADOW BROOK 2D.	
1. Reginald Brooks	4	1. H. W. Bull	2
2. A. S. Alexander	4	2. Arthur Iselin	3
3. H. P. Whitney	5	3. J. W. Appleton	3
Back, R. L. Stevens	3	Back, R. L. Beekman	3
Total	19	Total	11

FIRST PERIOD.

1....Alexander	Meadow Brook 1st	2:30
2....Alexander	Meadow Brook 1st	2:30
3....Alexander	Meadow Brook 1st	1:20
4....Brooks	Meadow Brook 1st	0:30
5....Alexander	Meadow Brook 1st	0:45
6....Whitney	Meadow Brook 1st	0:45
7....Stevens	Meadow Brook 1st	2:00

SECOND PERIOD.

8....Brooks	Meadow Brook 1st	1:00
9....Alexander	Meadow Brook 1st	3:30
10....Stevens	Meadow Brook 1st	2:30
11....Bull	Meadow Brook 2d	1:30

THIRD PERIOD.

12....Alexander	Meadow Brook 1st	8:00

Meadow Brook 1st lost ¼ of a goal for a safety.

FOURTH PERIOD.

13....Alexander	Meadow Brook 1st	2:15
14....Stevens	Meadow Brook 1st	1:15
15....Brooks	Meadow Brook 1st	1:15
16....Brooks	Meadow Brook 1st	1:00
17....Brooks	Meadow Brook 1st	2:15
18....Whitney	Meadow Brook 1st	3:45

Summary: Goals earned—Meadowbrook 1st, 17; Meadow Brook 2d, 1. Allowed by handicap—Meadow Brook 2d, 8. Lost by penalties—Meadow Brook 1st, ¼ for a safety. Net score—Meadow Brook 1st, 16¾; Meadow Brook 2d, 9. Referee—E. W. Roby.

The game was the second in the series for the Meadow Brook Club Cup. The third game will be played to-day, Rockaway meeting the second Westchester Country Club team.

LANGUAGES IN SCHOOLS

Board of Education to Reconsider New Course of Studies.

Sharp Debate in Committee Over the Proposal to Limit Compulsory French and German.

As a result of protests that have been aroused by the modern languages, provision in the new course of study adopted by the Board of Education, the Executive Committee of that body yesterday adopted a resolution calling upon the board to hold a special meeting on Wednesday next, to reconsider the matter. The old course made the study of German and French compulsory in the seventh and eighth classes, and the new course makes it compulsory only in the eighth class.

Commissioner Guy offered the resolution for the meeting in committee, saying the course of study had been adopted without being comprehended.

"The thing was done most hastily," he continued, "and the effect of this departure is to effectually remove the teaching of modern foreign languages from the elementary schools. What the schools want is more study of modern foreign languages, instead of less."

"There are many more people in our public schools anxious to learn stenography than German or French," retorted Gen. Wingate. "Instead of spending two years in learning nothing, this new course of study provides that they can learn German in one year. More time is devoted to the study of French and German than ever before."

Dr. Maxwell said that the compulsory teaching of French and German in many schools of the east side would be doing a great wrong, as English is really the foreign language to most of the population.

"To compel these children to study a foreign language during the short time they spend in the elementary schools is little short of a crime," he concluded.

To this Commissioner Guy answered by saying that in the new course pupils were loaded down with geometry and algebra, and if they could assimilate these subjects the addition of a foreign language would not hurt.

Commissioner Mack bitterly denounced the German press of this city, saying that it had handled the discussion relative to the course of study in a manner most disgraceful, and in its abuse had seen fit to use the language of the gutter. He said it had "soiled the minds" of the members of the board. He added that if the German members and parents could not induce their children to learn the German language they should not unload the matter on the Board of Education.

After some further remarks Mr. Guy's motion was adopted.

SEAWANHAKA CUP TRIALS.

First Race for Selection of Challenger Called Off on Account of Fog.

MANCHESTER, Mass., June 10.—Light wind and heavy fog combined to-day made it necessary to call off the first in the series of races for the selection of a challenger for the Seawanhaka Cup after the boats had covered half the prescribed distance. The three legs sailed, however, gave the yachts a good light-weather test, and proved the superiority of the Manchester boats under such conditions. Of the five contestants for the honor of competing on Lake St. Louis for the trophy, which for seven years has been in the hands of the Canadians, the Kolutoo and the Vampire carry the colors of the Manchester Club, while the Frontenac and the Meda fly the flag of the Shinnecock Yacht Club. The fifth yacht, the Dulce, owned by Egbert Moxham, Jr., of Wilmington, Del., is unattached.

Almost from the start the race was between the Kolutoo and the Vampire, the former having a lead of 2 minutes 15 seconds when the race was called off. Frontenac was more than 5 minutes behind Vampire. Dulce was lost in the distance and Meda did not start.

High Scores in Clay Target Shoot.

OSSINING, N. Y., June 10.—Eighty prominent trapshooters took part in the series of contests at inanimate targets which were decided here to-day under the auspices of the New York State Association for the Protection of Fish and Game. The high average of the day was made by H. Stewart of Rochester, who broke over 93 per cent. of his targets, as he missed only 10 out of 160. The next best work was accomplished by J. P. Skelly, who missed 12, and Neaf Apgar of Plainfield, N. J., came third, breaking 147.

The principal event, the Merchandise Shoot at twenty-five targets, open to all amateurs, was closely contested, six men breaking 24 each. These were Floyd, Christian, Talmitre, Knowlton, Small, and Tallman. In the shoot-off Talmitre won the first prize, a one-hundred-dollar gun, with fourteen straight breaks. Elmsford, Brigham, and Hopkins shot off a tie for second prize, which Elmsford won. Eleven men tied for third honors, and after a long-drawn-out contest L. W. Beyer of Rochester proved his superiority. In addition to this contest eight minor events were on the programme. Miss Mamie Highland of Tarrytown took part in all of them, and while she made fairly good scores, she failed to get any of the prizes. Rain fell almost steadily throughout the shoot, but it did not seem to affect the gunners very materially.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—The pressure is high to-night from the Upper Mississippi Valley and upper lake region westward to the Rocky Mountains, and the temperatures over this district and the extreme southwest are 5 to 27 degrees below the seasonal average. Frost occurred Wednesday morning in the western portions of the Dakotas. In the east temperatures have as a rule changed but little and are about normal.

There have been general showers and thunderstorms over the East and South, the lake and Central Rocky Mountain regions, and the extreme Upper Mississippi Valley, while in the Ohio and Middle Mississippi Valleys, the middle and northern slopes, the weather has been fair. West of the Rocky Mountains the pressure is low, and there were light and scattered showers.

There will be showers Thursday in the Southern States, and probably in New England. There will also be showers in the Central Rocky Mountain region and the east portion of the middle and south plateau. Generally fair weather is indicated for Friday. Temperatures will be moderate over the east, and rise over the west half of the country Thursday. On Friday it will be warmer in the central valleys and Middle West.

On the New England Coast the winds will be light to fresh variable, becoming northwest; on the Middle Atlantic Coast light westerly to northwesterly; on the South Atlantic Coast light and variable; on the Gulf Coast light northerly to northeasterly; on the upper lakes fresh northerly to northeasterly, and on the lower lakes light to fresh northerly.

Steamships departing Thursday for European ports will have light to fresh westerly to northwesterly winds and partly cloudy weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR THURSDAY AND FRIDAY.

New England, partly cloudy Thursday, probably local showers; Friday, fair; light to fresh winds, becoming west to northwest.

Eastern New York, fair Thursday, cooler in interior; Friday, fair; light to fresh northwest to north winds.

Eastern Pennsylvania, fair Thursday, cooler in north and west portions; Friday, fair; light west to northwest winds.

Western Pennsylvania and Western New York, fair Thursday and Friday; light to fresh north to northeast winds.

New Jersey and Delaware, fair Thursday and Friday; light to fresh west to northwest winds.

District of Columbia and Maryland, fair Thursday and Friday; light northwest winds.

Virginia, fair in north, clearing in south portion Thursday; Friday, fair; light winds, mostly northwest to north.

LOCAL FORECAST—Fair; winds northwest to north.

The record of temperature for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from The New York Times's thermometer and from the thermometer of the Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	—Weather Bureau.—		Times.
	1902.	1903.	1903.
3 A. M.	56	65	65
6 A. M.	56	64	68
9 A. M.	64	68	70
12 M.	74	73	75
4 P. M.	72	69	73
6 P. M.	72	68	72
9 P. M.	68	69	70
12 P. M.	68	67	68

The Times's thermometer is 6 feet above the street level; that of the Weather Bureau is 285 feet above the street level.

Average temperature yesterday was as follows:

Printing House Square	71¼
Weather Bureau	70
Corresponding date 1902	68
Corresponding date for last 25 years	68

The thermometer registered 67 degrees at 8 A. M. and 69 degrees at 5 P. M. yesterday, the maximum temperature being 74 degrees at 11 A. M. and the minimum 64 degrees at 6 A. M. The humidity was 90 per cent. at 8 A. M. and 85 per cent. at 8 P. M.

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YALE POLO TEAM BEATEN

Squadron A Wins from Collegians at Van Cortlandt Park.

First Game by University Players in This City—Hamlin and Hoyt Do Nobly for the Visitors.

Yale was beaten in its first big polo match of the season by the Squadron A team yesterday on the large field at Van Cortlandt Park by the score of 8 goals to 5¼. The game was played under disagreeable conditions, but there was a small gallery of the faithful, chiefly Squadron men, on hand, while a small delegation came down from New Haven with the Yale lads. The game was interesting because it was the first appearance of the recently organized Yale Polo Club in a regular match, and it is the first time that a college polo team has ever played in New York.

The Squadron allowed Yale four goals at the start. The score therefore shows that the collegians only earned two goals, Moore getting one in the second period after a long carry down the field by Hoyt, while the second goal was given to Yale by a pony. During a scrimmage for the ball in the last period close to the Yale posts one of the ponies kicked the ball between for Yale. The Squadron earned nine goals, but the referee cut off one goal for two fouls. Both were made in the third period, Douglas making the first and J. H. Hunt the second.

Hoyt and Hamlin did fast work soon after the start of the game and carried the ball within 100 yards of their goal line. In a fight for the ball Stoddard missed it, and Douglas, with one of his unerring strokes for which he was marked throughout the game, hit the ball a powerful blow and then carried it with two more long strokes the entire length of the field. Inaccuracy or lack of judgment in his final stroke put the ball outside. Douglas and L. J. Hunt were the most effective and powerful hitters for the troopers, but they showed a frequent tendency to send the ball outside at the goal hitting stroke. Douglas, however, soon redeemed himself and made the goal, and he made one more before the period closed.

Hoyt, Moore, and Hamlin all did excellent work for Yale at the start of the second period, and after some grand runs Moore made the first Yale point. L. J. Hunt and Douglas then got into the game with force. Hunt made a long run up the field, carrying the ball finely, and Barry took the ball near the posts and scored. Hunt scored twice after that.

The third and fourth periods showed more aggressive work by Yale, Hoyt and Hamlin particularly riding in with greater freedom for the ball. Between them they made a long carry up the field, only to lose it near the posts. Moore did his best playing in this period and assisted Hamlin in another long carry soon after. The team work of the squadron held good, and they made 4 more goals in the last two periods, Douglas and L. J. Hunt getting 2 each. The line-up and score:

SQUADRON A.	YALE.
1. Herbert Barry.	1. A. Moore.
2. L. J. Hunt.	2. L. E. Stoddard.
3. R. G. D. Douglas.	3. L. Hoyt.
Back, J. H. Hunt.	Back, Chauncey Hamlin.

FIRST PERIOD.

Goal. Made By.	Team.	Time.
1—Douglas	Squadron A	4:00
2—Douglas	Squadron A	2:00

Yale lost ¼ of a goal for a safety by Moore.

SECOND PERIOD.

3—Moore	Yale	2:00
4—Barry	Squadron A	3:00
5—L. J. Hunt	Squadron A	3:00
6—L. J. Hunt	Squadron A	4:00

THIRD PERIOD.

7—L. J. Hunt	Squadron A	7:00
8—Douglas	Squadron A	1:30
9—L. J. Hunt	Squadron A	1:00

Yale lost ¼ of a goal for a safety by Stoddard, and Squadron A lost 1 goal for two fouls by Douglas and J. H. Hunt, respectively.

FOURTH PERIOD.

10—Douglas	Squadron A	10:00
11—By pony for	Yale	0:30

Summary: Goals earned—Squadron A, 9; Yale, 2. Allowed by handicap—Yale, 4. Lost by penalties—Squadron A, 1 goal for two fouls; Yale, ½ a goal for two safeties. Net score—Squadron A, 8; Yale, 5¼. Referee—H. S. Borden, Rumson Polo Club. Four twelve-minute periods were played.

Philadelphia Cricketers Beaten.

LONDON, June 10.—The visiting Philadelphia cricketers concluded their match with Cambridge University to-day, and suffered their first defeat by a margin of six wickets.

The visitors will play Oxford University at Oxford to-morrow. The score:

GENTLEMEN OF PHILADELPHIA.

FIRST INNINGS.		SECOND INNINGS.	
J. B. King, c. Dowson, b. Howard-Smith	6	b. Buckston	53
F. H. Bohlen, b. Roberts	54	b. Dowson	63
J. A. Lester, b. McDonnell	86	c. Mann, b. Roberts	41
A. M. Wood, l. b. w., b. McDonnell	6	b. McDonnell	29
N. Z. Graves, l. b. w., b. McDonnell	4	c. Buckston, b. Dowson	5
F. H. Bates, b. McDonnell	2	b. Roberts	8
R. D. Brown, b. McDonnell	22	b. Roberts	4
P. N. Le Roy, b. Dowson	0	c. Buckston, b. Dowson	8
E. M. Cregar, b. Dowson	0	b. Dowson	0
P. H. Clark, not out	2	not out	2
J. H. Scattergood, l. b. w., b. McDonnell	5	c. Godsell, b. Dowson	1
Byes	0	Byes	11
Leg byes	8	Leg byes	6
Total	200	Total	224

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY.

FIRST INNINGS.		SECOND INNINGS.	
C. H. M. Ebden, b. King	43	b. King	0
R. T. Godsell, c. King, b. Clark	49	b. King	8
E. W. Mann, c. Scattergood, b. King	24	c. Wood, b. King	31
E. M. Dowson, c. Scattergood, b. King	71	c. Lester, b. King	0
L. V. Harper, c. Bohlen, b. Clark	22	not out	9
R. P. Keigwin, c. Lester, b. Clark	22		
H. C. McDonnell, not out	41		
F. B. Wilson, c. Scattergood, b. King	20	not out	7
G. M. Buckston, c. Scattergood, b. King	1		
F. B. Roberts, st. Scattergood, b. Cregar	59		
G. Howard-Smith, hurt	0		
Byes	12	Byes	2
Leg byes	5		
Total	379	Total (4 wickets)	55

English Lacrosse Team Sails.

SOUTHAMPTON, England, June 10.—The North German Lloyd steamer Kaiser Wilhelm II., which sailed from here to-day for New York, had on board the Oxford-Cambridge lacrosse team, which is to play several of the college teams in the United States.

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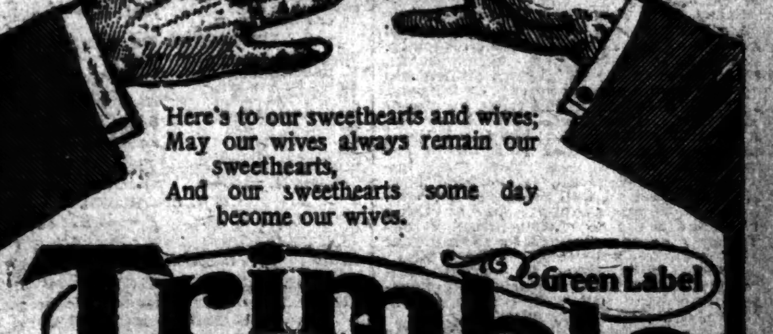

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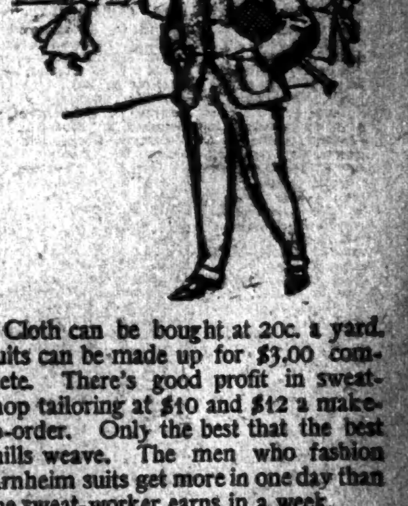

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HORSE WAS LEFT, BUT WON

Bon Mot Victorious After Looking to be Out of Race.

Contentious Beat Beldame for the Clover Stakes on Gravesend's Track—Bob Hilliard at 15 to 1.

Hardened to new conditions, racegoers at the Gravesend track yesterday, after two days' experience, fell into the way of discounting past performances and anticipating the unexpected as the natural result of the muddy going in a manner that indicated adaptability of a most remarkable order.

Three post favorites got to the winning mark first, but even in that reverse the crowd had a shade the better of the layers of odds, as the winners were at prices long enough to leave a margin of profit even after failures to select the successful horses in three other races.

The programme offered was a rather modest one, with a single small stake as the feature, but as events happened the real sensation of the afternoon was provided in the race for the fourth event, a selling purse at one mile and a sixteenth, for which the California colt Bon Mot, with the top weight up, started the nominal favorite at odds of 13 to 5. Six other horses ran, however, and there was a remarkable unanimity of opinion among the plungers and shrewd bettors to the effect that Bon Mot would be beaten. So pronounced was this belief that the Western horse Irish Jewel, who looked next best after Bon Mot, was backed by nearly every plunger on the track, and reports from the ring indicated that in spite of the frowns of The Jockey Club some people at least were indulging in the pernicious practice of plunging. Irish Jewel in the end going to the post at a price only a shade shorter than that against Bon Mot. The start was made directly in front of the grand stand, and backers of Bon Mot were shocked into expressions of their feelings as hisses were heard when Starter Fitzgerald, looking directly at the horses, and with Bon Mot wheeling and starting to run the wrong way of the track, gave the order for the riders to "go on." Away the field went, with Bon Mot left at the post, though, handled with quick decision by the apprentice boy, Haack, he swung in a circle, and before the others were well on their way had turned and was off after them. Even then he looked hopelessly out of the race, but Haack kept him going, and without any undue hurry began to gain on the field before the paddock turn was reached. From that point on Haack and Bon Mot steadily picked up the racing crowd, until at the far turn Bon Mot went up to and lapped the last horse, his backers then for the first time beginning to believe that he had a chance. To that point Graden, Meistersinger, and Oclawaha each had a short turn in front in the task of pacemaking. On the last turn Bon Mot went forward with all the determination that his shaggy head is capable of, and, wearing down one after the other of the foremost horses, was a contender at the bend into the stretch. From there on he was winning, and though after his splendid and remarkable effort he naturally was tiring at the end, he won cleverly by a good neck from Arden, who beat the third horse, Coruscate, two lengths and a half for second money. A number of very heavy losses on the failure of Irish Jewel were reported, the largest individual losers being David Johnson and a professed amateur backer of the clubhouse division, who in spite of his amateur rating generally has a professional knowledge of what is going on.

The third race, for the Clover Stakes, five furlongs, for fillies two-year-old, attracted four added starters after Hamburg Belle was scratched, and generally resulted in something of a disappointment, as the race was won by one of the added runners, in R. W. Walden's smart filly Contentious, who started a strong second choice to the Belmont bred and owned filly Beldame.

In the last race James Galway's Sentinel was so strongly fancied that he started at odds on, but proved unequal to the task set for him, as after leading into the stretch he tired and was beaten out by the well backed long chance, Bob Hilliard, who started at 15 to 1 and better. H. B. Duryea was a visitor at the track, and late in the afternoon stated that it had not yet been decided that Irish Lad, owned jointly by Mr. Duryea and Harry Payne Whitney, shall be sent to Chicago to race for the American Derby. A decision on that matter, however, will be reached to-day. Summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, selling allowances, scale from $3,500 down to $1,000; about six furlongs.

W. M. Barrick's Van Ness, br. g., 4 years, by Loyalist—Ada B., 99 pounds, (Gannon,) 4 to 5 and 1 to 2 ... 1

Frank Farrell's King Pepper, ch. g., 5, 118, (Hoar,) 6 to 1 and 2 to 1 ... 2

J. L. Holland's W. R. Condon, b. c., 3, 104, (T. Burns,) 8 to 1 and 3 to 1 ... 3

Time—1:11. Won ridden out by a half length; three lengths between second and third. Locket, Roptand, Eva Russell, Operator, Ingold, Pastoral, Reformer, Nevermore, and Mart Mullen also ran. Value to the winner, $880. Winner trained by owner.

SECOND RACE.—Steeplechase, for four-year-olds and upward, special weights, selling allowances, scale from $3,000 down to $1,000; about two miles through the field.

Thomas Hitchcock, Jr.'s, Tankard, br. g., aged, by King Midas—Epergne, 153 pounds, (C. Green,) 4 to 1 and 7 to 5 ... 1

W. A. Stotesbury's Gold Ray, b. g., 4, 132, (Pending,) 10 to 1 and 4 to 1 ... 2

R. J. Laughlin's Lord Radnor, ch. g., 4, 132, (E. Heider,) 16 to 5 and 6 to 5 ... 3

Time—4:08. Won handily by three parts of a length, twelve lengths between second and third. Draughtsman, Tireless, Powhattan, Auto, Gum Honey, The Abbe, Cheval d'Or, and Perion also ran. Gum Honey fell and Cheval d'Or and Draughtsman refused. Value to the winner, $810. Winner trained by owner.

THIRD RACE.—The Clover Stakes, for fillies two years old, with allowances; five furlongs.

R. W. Walden's Contentious, br. f., by Galore—Conjectrix, 112 pounds, (Gannon,) 7 to 2 and 7 to 5 ... 1

August Belmont's Beldame, ch. f., by Octagon—Bella Donna, 112, (Minder,) 8 to 2 and even ... 2

John W. Schorr's Mordella, b. f., by Russell—Memorial, 112, (McCue,) 5 to 1 and 3 to 1 ... 3

Time—1:02. Won handily by a length and a half, a half length between second and third. Trossachs, Destiny, Glad Smile, Zeiller, M. Theo, Ocean Tide, Gold Ribbon, St. Roma, and Pirouette also ran. Value to the winner, $2,300. Winner trained by owner.

FOURTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, beaten non-winners at the Gravesend meeting, selling allowances, scale from $2,500 down to $500; one mile and a sixteenth.

H. E. Rowell's Bon Mot, b. c., 4 years, by Fitz James—Queen's Taste, 114 pounds, (Haack,) 5 to 2 and even ... 1

G. Chandler's Arden, b. h., 5, 108, (J. Martin,) 3 to 1 and 5 to 1 ... 2

H. De Courcey Forbes's Coruscate, ch. f., 3, 88, (McCafferty,) 5 to 1 and 8 to 5 ... 3

Time—1:52. Won, ridden out, by a neck, two and a half lengths between second and third. Graden, Meistersinger, Oclawaha, and Irish Jewel also ran. Value to the winner, $780. Winner trained by owner.

FIFTH RACE.—Handicap for two-year-olds; five and a half furlongs.

A. Featherstone's Harangue, ch. c., by The Commoner—Lady Bon, 115 pounds, (Gannon,) 8 to 5 and 3 to 5 ... 1

W. C. Daly's Miss Nancy, br. f., 100, (M. Michaels,) 20 to 1 and 6 to 1 ... 2

The Lotus Stable's Ishlana, br. f., 112, (T. Burns,) 4 to 1 and 6 to 5 ... 3

Time—1:09. Won in a canter by five lengths; three-parts of a length between second and third. Pompons, Andrew Mack, Honey Bee, and Reveille also ran. Value to the winner, $1,025. Winner trained by J. Bauer.

SIXTH RACE.—For maidens, three years old, special weights; one mile and seventy yards.

J. W. Smythe's Bob Hilliard, ch. g., by Madison—Lythe, 112 pounds, (McCue,) 15 to 1 and 6 to 1 ... 1

James Galway's Sentinel, ch. g., 109, (Mathews,) 3 to 5 and out ... 2

R. W. Walden's Tristesse, b. f., 107, (Fisher,) 16 to 1 and 4 to 1 ... 3

Time—1:49 2-5. Won handily by a length and a half, three lengths between second and third. Extravagance, Mayor Graham, Jim Buck, Willebstead, Escurial, King Post, and Royal Pirate also ran. Value to the winner, $520. Winner trained by A. Carter.

Gravesend Entries for To-day.

FIRST RACE.—Handicap, for three-year-olds; about six furlongs. Hurstbourne, 124 pounds; Astarita and Mackey Dwyer, 120 each; Athel, 119; Shot Gun and Tascon, 118 each; John A. Scott, 114; Invincible, Sir Voorhees, and Akela, 112 each; Ink, 106, and Illyria, 100.

SECOND RACE.—Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a half. Zoroaster, 106 pounds; Hunter Raine and His Eminence, 100 each; Surmise, 99; City Bank and Merry Acrobat, 98 each; Ducra, 92; Bar Le Duc, 88, and Colonsay, 88.

THIRD RACE.—For two-year-olds, selling allowances, scale from $5,000 down to $1,000; five and a half furlongs. Hopeful Miss, 109 pounds; Any Day, Celebrant, Rector, Bruceville, and Bob Murphy, 108 each; Pleasant Memories, 100; Lislaway, 99; Sailor Knot, 97, and Lady Dot, Mountain Valley, Escentral, and Sweet Tone, 91 each. Apprentice allowance claimed for Lady Dot, Mountain Valley, Sailor Knot, Escentral, Celebrant, Sweet Tone, and Pleasant Memories.

FOURTH RACE.—The Gazelle Stakes, for fillies three years old, penalties and allowances; one mile and a sixteenth. Love Note, Stolen Moments, Gloriosa, Mary Street, Lass o' Linden, and Gravina, 116 pounds each.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, selling allowances, scale from $3,000 down to $800; one mile and a furlong. St. Barnaby, 112 pounds; Zoroaster, 110; Agnes D., 108; St. Bever, 107; Lady Potentate, 106; Justice, 99; Tioga and Hist, 96 each, and Blue Jay, 88. Apprentice allowance claimed for Zoroaster, Blue Jay, Justice, and Tioga.

SIXTH RACE.—For maidens, two years old; five and a half furlongs. Harbor, Bob Murphy, Fortune Hunter, Olof, Prince of Elm, Dutiful, Sanhurst, Great Eastern, and Billings, 112 pounds each, and Responsive, 109 pounds.

Mr. Thomas Gets Horse for Nothing.

John E. Madden, who early in the season sold the steeplechase horse Auto to E. R. Thomas, for $5,000, has returned to Mr. Thomas a check for the amount of the purchase, and has requested Mr. Thomas to keep the horse. Madden's reason for his action was that he had decided Auto was not the good horse he believed him to be when he priced him at $5,000, and he preferred to return the purchase price rather than have Mr. Thomas believe he had been imposed on.

YESTERDAY'S BASEBALL GAMES

New York Nationals Beat St. Louis with a Single Run—Brooklyn Won from Cincinnati.

As there was no baseball in New York yesterday, owing to the heavy rain, the local enthusiasts turned their attention to the Western games, in which New York and Brooklyn Nationals were taking part. The "rooters" found plenty of excitement in watching the brief bulletins as the games progressed. New York's victory was hard earned, but their shutting out of the St. Louis nine was all the more welcome on that account. Brooklyn, too, scored a "shut-out" in Cincinnati by errorless playing. Pittsburg's champions added another to their list of victories, while the Chicago nine closed the series with Boston by defeating the visitors 7 to 3.

Almost continuous rain during the afternoon precluded any possibility of baseball being played in this city, so the St. Louis Americans went on their way to Boston last night, having played only one game of the series with the Greater New York team at American League Park. At Philadelphia the same state of things weatherwise prevailed, and the Chicago and champion teams were unable to meet. Detroit shut out Boston and Cleveland defeated Washington by a margin of 2 runs. To-day the Detroits will begin their first game of the series with the Greater New York nine, and Ebberfeld will be seen at short stop for the first time on Manager Griffith's team.

Following are the scores of the games in the National and American Leagues, respectively:

New York, 1; St. Louis, 0.
Brooklyn, 7; Cincinnati, 0.
Pittsburg, 7; Philadelphia, 4.
Chicago, 7; Boston, 3.

Detroit, 5; Boston, 0.
Cleveland, 8; Washington, 6.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York Beat St. Louis Principally on Account of Taylor's Pitching.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, June 10.—One of the best baseball pitchers' battles seen here this season was fought at League Park this afternoon between Taylor of New York and Currie of the local team. The visiting team was successful, the score being 1 to 0 in favor of New York. Taylor gave the home team four hits during the game, while Currie held the visitors to three, but a battery error, a hit, and a force-out allowed New York to tally the winning run in the third inning. After this the innings passed rapidly, both sides playing faultlessly. In the third inning Gilbert was hit with a pitched ball, Bowerman singled to centre, and Gilbert got home while Bowerman and Taylor were being dismissed on a double play by Williams and Hackett. The score:

ST. LOUIS.	R	1B	PO	A	E	NEW YORK.	R	1B	PO	A	E
Farrell, lf.	0	1	0	0	0	Browne, rf.	0	0	0	0	0
Don'van, rf.	0	0	0	0	0	Van H'n, cf.	0	0	2	0	0
Smoot, cf.	0	0	3	1	0	Br'han, 1b.	0	0	9	0	0
Brain, 3b.	0	0	1	1	0	McGann, 1b.	0	0	4	0	0
Burke, 2b.	0	1	0	4	0	Warner, c.	0	0	3	1	0
Hackett, 1b.	0	0	13	0	0	Mertes, lf.	0	0	1	0	0
Will'ms, ss.	0	1	4	5	0	Babb, ss.	0	1	2	5	0
Nichols, c.	0	0	5	4	1	Dunn, 3b.	0	0	1	2	0
Currie, p.	0	1	0	2	0	Gilbert, 2b.	1	0	2	3	0
*Dunl'vy	0	1	0	0	0	B'r'n, c.&1b.	0	1	13	0	0
						Taylor, p.	0	0	0	2	0
Total	0	4	27	17	1	Total	1	3	27	14	0

*Batted for Currie.

St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0
New York	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Three-base hit—Currie. Double plays—Dunn and Bowerman; Williams and Hackett. Stolen base—Gilbert. Hit by pitched ball—By Currie, 2. Bases on balls—Off Currie, 1; off Taylor, 2. Struck out—By Currie, 5; by Taylor, 2. Left on bases—St. Louis, 3; New York, 1. Time of game—1 hour and 25 minutes. Umpire—M. Holliday.

BROOKLYN, 7; CINCINNATI, 0.

CINCINNATI, June 10.—Jones, the young Californian, pitched a fine game for the Brooklyn team here to-day, and shut out the locals 7 to 0. Phillips was hit freely at times, particularly in the second inning and at critical moments. His team mates gave him very poor support. In the second inning successive singles by Doyle, Ritter, Flood, Jones, and Strang, with a wild throw by Magoon, gave Brooklyn three runs, and in the following inning the visitors added another. A base on balls to Strang, singles by Dobbs and Doyle, and two infield errors scored two more in the seventh, and in the eighth a double and a single with a long fly to Seymour in centre gave Brooklyn the last run of the game. Ritter was injured while running toward first base in the third inning, and Jacklitsch took his place behind the bat. The score:

CINCINNATI.	R	1B	PO	A	E	BROOKLYN.	R	1B	PO	A	E
Donlin, rf.	0	1	2	0	1	Strang, 3b.	1	1	1	0	0
Seymour, cf.	0	0	2	0	1	Sheck'd, lf.	0	0	0	0	0
Kelley, 1b.	0	0	13	0	0	Dobbs, cf.	1	1	0	0	0
Mor'sey, 2b.	0	1	1	6	0	McCr'die, rf.	1	2	3	0	0
Corcor'n, ss.	0	0	2	1	0	Doyle, 1b.	1	3	10	0	0
Magoon, 3b.	0	1	1	0	1	Dahlen, ss.	0	1	4	3	0
Cregan, lf.	0	0	2	0	0	Ritter, c.	1	1	1	0	0
Bergen, c.	0	0	4	2	0	J'litsch, c.	1	1	1	0	0
Phillips, p.	0	0	0	5	1	Flood, 2b.	0	1	1	2	0
						Jones, p.	1	3	0	2	0
Total	0	3	27	15	4	Total	7	14	27	8	0

Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0
Brooklyn	0	3	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	—7

Earned runs—Brooklyn, 5. Two-base hit—Jacklitsch. Stolen base—Jacklitsch. Left on bases—Cincinnati, 4; Brooklyn, 8. Bases on balls—Off Phillips, 4; off Jones, 3. Struck out—By Phillips, 4; by Jones, 2. Passed ball—Bergen. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpire—Mr. Johnstone.

PITTSBURG, 7; PHILADELPHIA, 4.

PITTSBURG, June 10.—In an almost featureless yet well-played game Pittsburg again defeated Philadelphia. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	3	0	0	2	0	1	0	1	—	7	10	0
Philadelphia	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	4	12	1

Batteries—Doheny and Phelps; Mitchell and Zimmer.

CHICAGO, 7; BOSTON, 3.

CHICAGO, June 10.—The local baseball team took the third straight from Boston to-day in a game that probably was a record-breaker for both lucky and erratic pitching. Piatt gave twelve bases on balls and struck out six men. Lundgren issued six and struck out four. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Chicago	0	0	2	0	0	1	3	1	—	7	7	1
Boston	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	3	5	3

Batteries—Lundgren and Kling; Raub; Piatt and Moran.

National League Standing.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
New York	32	13	.711	Cincinnati	19	24	.442
Chicago	33	15	.688	Boston	17	26	.395
Pittsburg	33	17	.660	Philadelphia	13	31	.270
Brooklyn	24	20	.522	St. Louis	13	36	.271

Games Scheduled for To-day.

New York in Cincinnati.
Brooklyn in Pittsburg.
Boston in St. Louis.
Philadelphia in Chicago.

DETROIT, 5; BOSTON, 0.

BOSTON, June 10.—Donovan of Detroit had the home team completely at his mercy to-day. In only two innings did more than three batters face him, and Parent's was the only clean hit Boston got. Detroit bunched their hits with Boston's misplays. Donovan's fielding of his position was also a feature. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	3
Detroit	0	1	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	5	12	0

Batteries—Winter, Dineen, and Criger; Donovan and McGuire.

CLEVELAND, 8; WASHINGTON, 6.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—Washington continued in its losing streak, Cleveland winning, 8 to 6. Both pitchers were batted freely, but as usual the opposing batsmen's hits were more timely. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Washington	0	0	1	3	0	0	2	0	0	6	12	2
Cleveland	2	4	0	0	0	2	0	0	—	8	14	1

Batteries—Patten and Drill; Bernhard and Bemis.

American League Standing.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Boston	25	17	.605	Chicago	20	20	.500
Philadelphia	26	17	.605	Detroit	20	22	.476
St. Louis	21	16	.568	New York	17	23	.425
Cleveland	22	17	.564	Washington	11	31	.262

Games Scheduled for To-day.

Detroit in New York.
St. Louis in Boston.
Chicago in Washington.
Cleveland in Philadelphia.

MANHATTAN, 3; LAFAYETTE, 0.

Special to The New York Times.

EASTON, Penn., June 10.—A splendid exhibition of baseball was given here to-day by the Manhattan and Lafayette collegiate teams, and it was not until an extra inning had been played that runs were made. The visitors tallied three times in the tenth inning, and held the local men safely during their half of it, so that Manhattan won by 3 to 0. It was one of the best games ever seen on March Field, and the play was fast all through. Minihan and Newberry were in fine form, but the former had the better of the battle, as he held the local men to two safe hits, while Newberry's curves were batted safely eight times. The fielding of Manhattan was without a flaw, while only one misplay was charged against Lafayette. Cotter's work for the visitors at first base, and Reeder's fine playing in right field for Lafayette were the features of the game. The score:

MANHATTAN.	R	1B	PO	A	E	LAFAYETTE.	R	1B	PO	A	E
Mullins, 2b.	1	2	1	2	0	Reeder, rf.	0	0	4	0	0
Rock, ss.	1	2	0	4	0	Stiser, 3b.	0	0	1	2	1
Cotter, 1b.	1	1	20	0	0	Irwin, c.	0	1	4	0	0
Duff, c.	0	1	3	0	0	Ernst, 1b.	0	0	14	0	0
Zim'man, 3b.	0	1	1	2	0	Hubley, 2b.	0	0	1	4	1
Krebs, cf.	0	0	1	0	0	Hill, lf.	0	0	1	0	0
Fitzhenry, lf.	0	1	1	0	0	Hawk, ss.	0	0	2	3	0
McPh'ps, rf.	0	0	3	0	0	Launt, cf.	0	0	1	0	0
Minihan, p.	0	0	0	6	0	Newb'rry, p.	0	0	1	5	0
Total	3	8	30	15	0	Total	0	2	30	13	1

Manhattan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	—3
Lafayette	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Earned runs—Manhattan, 3. Sacrifice hits—Rock, McPhillips, Ernst. First base on balls—Off Minihan, 2; Newberry, 4. First base on errors—Manhattan. Struck out—By Minihan, 3; by Newberry, 4. Stolen bases—Duff, Zimmerman, Cotter. Double plays—Hubley to Ernst; Mullins to Cotter. Left on bases—Manhattan, 9; Lafayette, 2. Time of game—Two hours. Umpire—Mr. Hamilton.

HOLY CROSS, 2; AMHERST, 0.

Special to The New York Times.

AMHERST, Mass., June 10.—Holy Cross defeated Amherst's baseball team here to-day by a score of 2 to 0 in a game characterized by fast playing. From the outset McGehan proved a puzzle to the home team, only 29 men facing him, striking out ten men and allowing only three hits. The score:

HOLY CROSS.	R	1B	PO	A	E	AMHERST.	R	1B	PO	A	E
Skelly, rf.	0	1	0	0	0	Wh'ler, cf.	0	1	2	0	0
B'dwin, lf.	0	1	0	0	0	Chase, 2b.	0	0	1	2	0
Noonan, c.	0	0	9	2	0	Shay, rf.	0	1	4	3	0
St'kard, ss.	1	2	4	1	0	Roe, c.	0	0	3	0	0
McKeon, cf.	0	2	0	1	0	Ravour, 1b.	0	0	10	1	0
Devlin, 2b.	0	2	3	2	0	Raftery, lf.	0	0	2	0	0
Ennis, 3b.	0	1	3	0	0	Killiher, 3b.	0	0	5	2	1
Flynn, 1b.	1	0	7	0	0	Sturgis, ss.	0	0	3	1	1
McKehan, p.	0	0	0	2	0	*McRae, p.	0	0	1	2	0
Total	2	8	27	8	0	Total	0	3	27	12	2

*Stark batted for McRae in ninth.

Holy Cross	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	—2
Amherst	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Earned run—Holy Cross. Two-base hits—Wheeler and Shay. Three-base hit—Stankard. First base on balls—Off McRae, 3; off McGehan, 2. Struck out—By McRae, 2; by McGehan, 10. Stolen bases—Holy Cross, 2. Double play—Sturgis, Kelliher, and Favour. Left on bases—Holy Cross, 7; Amherst, 1. Hit by pitched ball—Flynn. Time of game—Two hours. Umpire—Mr. Farrer.

PENNSYLVANIA, 5; BROWN, 2.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 10.—The University of Pennsylvania baseball team defeated Brown, 5 to 2, here to-day in a game which developed into a contest between the pitchers. Hatch struck out fifteen men, and Caldwell was very steady at critical times. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Pennsylvania	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	2	5	3	4
Brown	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	5	4

Batteries—Caldwell and Bennett; Hatch, Clark, and Abbott. Umpire—Mr. Gaffney.

Eastern League Games.

AT WORCESTER.

										R.	H.	E.
Rochester	0	1	4	0	1	0	1	0	0	7	11	1
Worcester	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	4	12	3

Batteries—Becker and Lilly; Lovett, Applegate, and McCauley. Umpire—Mr. Latham.

AT PROVIDENCE.

										R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	0	0	2	1	2	0	0	2	—	7	14	2
Providence	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	11	1

Batteries—Gettig and Fuller; Gray and Diggins. Umpire—Mr. Brown.

American Association Games.

At Louisville—Louisville, 18; Kansas City, 6.
At Indianapolis—Milwaukee, 5; Indianapolis, 2.
At Columbus—Minneapolis, 3; Columbus, 1.
At Toledo—St. Paul, 4; Toledo, 3. (Eleven innings.)

Baseball Players Chance Law Courts.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Penn., June 10.—While President James Potter of the Philadelphia National League Baseball Club will make no appeal to the Philadelphia courts to vacate the injunction proceedings against Lajoie and Bernhardt of the Cleveland American League team, he signed a withdrawal from the case to-day. Last year Col. John I. Rogers, then part owner and President of the Philadelphia National League Club, instituted the injunction proceedings against these two players, and although his successor is not sufficiently magnanimous to have the injunction vacated in the interests of peace between the two major baseball organizations, he will not oppose any action with that end in view.

This announcement was made to-day after a conference held this morning in which President Potter, President Dreyfus of Pittsburg, and Vice President Somers of the American League took part. The Cleveland baseball team is scheduled to play the Philadelphia Americans to-morrow, so that Lajoie and Bernhardt will throw themselves upon the mercy of the Philadelphia courts, where they are in contempt, and they may be reprimanded or more severely punished should the Judges so decide.

MOTOR CAR WORKS BURNED.

German Racing Vehicles Built for International Race Said to be Destroyed.

LONDON, June 10.—A special dispatch from Cannstatt, Wurtemberg, to-day announced that the Daimler Motor Car Works had been burned, that cars built to compete in the race for the James Gordon Bennett Cup were ruined, and that a large stock of other cars was destroyed.

The racing automobiles to be used by the German team in the international automobile race in Ireland on July 2 were to be built by the Daimler Company, but should have been completed last month. In case they were still in the works and were destroyed the loss would not be irreparable, as the Mercedes racers built for the Paris-Madrid race last month would be available.

Racing Automobilist Sails.

Louis P. Mooers of Cleveland, Ohio, who, together with Alexander Winton and Percy Owen, will represent this country in the international automobile race in Ireland next month, sailed for Europe on the Teutonic of the White Star Line yesterday. He was accompanied by Mrs. Mooers and W. J. Morgan. He will go direct to the scene of the race and will spend the time intervening between his arrival and the date of the race, July 2, in preparation for the event.

Strong English Golf Team Coming.

A dispatch from London announces the make-up of the team of the Oxford and Cambridge Golfing Society, which will visit this country in the Autumn, sailing at the end of August, as follows: John L. Low, Norman F. Hunter, D. F. Ransom, J. A. T. Bramston, and T. Mansfield Hunter of Cambridge; H. C. Ellis, H. G. B. Ellis, A. C. Croome, and H. W. Beveridge of Oxford.

This leaves three places on the team to be filled, as twelve players will come, and it is expected that Horace G. Hutchinson, the runner-up in the recent amateur championship, will be one of them.

A most interesting figure among those who have been selected will be John L. Low. He is considered as one of the greatest putters in the world.

YACHT RACE OFF AGAIN

Rain, Fog, and Lack of Wind Prevented Start Yesterday.

Yachts Reached Starting Line for the First Time, but Wind Fails and Constitution Has Accident.

Reliance, Constitution, and Columbia, the three yachts battling for the honor of defending the America's Cup, have been waiting since Monday to test their qualities over the ocean course off Sandy Hook, and yesterday for the third time weather conditions did not permit them to start. On Monday the fog was responsible for the failure to start, and on Tuesday the failure was due to fog and lack of wind. Yesterday there was no wind, lots of fog, and, to add to the general hopelessness of the occasion, it began to rain just before the race was called off at 2:05 P. M.

The race scheduled for yesterday was under the auspices of the Atlantic Yacht Club, and for a time it seemed that the good fortune which usually attends that club in its racing plans would hold good on this occasion. On Monday the yachts did not leave their anchorage, and on Tuesday they got within two miles of Sandy Hook Lightship, but yesterday all three were at the starting line and the preparatory signal had been given.

That was at 1:15, and ten minutes later, or five minutes before the start, when a breeze of not more than two knots' strength was coming in from east half south. Then the lashing on the scotchman of Constitution's clubtopsail yard parted, and Mr. Belmont asked the Regatta Committee to delay the start. The scotchman is the piece of iron along the yard through which the clubtopsail halyards shackle, and it was necessary to lower the sail to make the necessary repairs. The Regatta Committee, of which the members are Henry J. Gielow, Frederick Vilmar, and Charles E. Schuyler, granted the request, and communicated the fact to Reliance and Columbia, which were hovering about the starting line. It took half an hour to make repairs, and before that time the rain had begun to fall, and when finally the clubtopsail went up again the Regatta Committee signaled no race. The racers passed lines to their tugs and made back for Sandy Hook.

Another attempt will be made to sail a race to-day. Originally only three races had been scheduled for the three yachts, but on account of the two failures on Monday and Tuesday, Mr. Iselin, Mr. Belmont, and Mr. Morgan asked the New York Yacht Club Regatta Committee to give them a race to-day, which request was granted.

As on the two previous days, fog enveloped the yachts as they lay at anchor in the Horseshoe yesterday morning. The Regatta Committee boat, however, going straight out to the starting line, found it sufficiently clear to justify a start, and word to that effect was sent to the waiting yachts. At 12:45 the course was signaled fifteen miles to windward, east half south, and return, and the stakeboat Unique started out to lay the marks. Reliance was then at the line, and shortly after came Columbia, and last of all Constitution. As soon as they cast off their tow lines Reliance and Columbia set baby jib-topsails over working headsails, which they carried in addition to mainsails and big clubtopsails. The wind was very light, and the sea quite smooth but for a long roll. There was no preliminary signal, but the preparatory was given at 1:15. The yachts were all hovering about the line, and Constitution negotiated the roll more easily and made better headway in the faint air than either Reliance or Columbia. It lacked five minutes of the start when she met with her regular accident, and when she was ready again the wind was so light and the rain coming down so heavily that the race was given up.

Yacht Lasca Here After Stormy Trip.

The American yacht Lasca has arrived here from Southampton after a stormy passage of thirty-two days. The Lasca some four years ago was sold to a member of the Kiel Yacht Club of Germany, who recently resold her to a member of the New York Yacht Club. Capt. Thomas Sanborn, the yacht's skipper, reports a very rough passage from Southampton to the Azores. The run was made in five days with fine weather, and for the following twenty days she experienced a succession of heavy west and west-southwest winds and heavy seas on the coast. Much fog was encountered. The Lasca will go to South Brooklyn to refit.

The schooner Lasca, as given in The Shipping Record, was built at City Island in 1882 for John M. Brooks.

ON LOCAL TENNIS COURTS.

Play in Metropolitan Championship Advanced Despite the Bad Weather.

Despite the unpleasant conditions prevailing yesterday exciting lawn tennis was not lacking in the third day's play of the tournament for the Metropolitan Championship. Many of the competitors did not visit the courts of the West Side Tennis Club, One Hundred and Seventeenth Street and Amsterdam Avenue, during the afternoon because of the rain. Those who made their appearance were requested to play, and without exception they did as the committee desired. Such a course was made necessary by the delay on the first day and the large entry list. Holcombe Ward, the Harvard veteran, scored an easy victory over an old-time Yale player, Thomas C. Trask. That Ward would win was expected, but that he should overwhelm his opponent was hardly looked for. Unquestionably Trask was severely handicapped by the soggy and heavy ball, which was not at all suited to his game. The result of Ward's victory brings him within one match of the semi-final round. He will meet Harry F. Allen, the ex-champion of Pennsylvania, in this match to-day, and it is the first for the semi-final places.

A stirring three-set match which engaged Oviedo M. Bostwick and the Canadian ex-champion, Frederick G. Anderson, finally resulted in a victory for the latter. The Canadian discovered the weakness of Bostwick's backhand strokes at the beginning of the match. By placing the ball to his left hand court Anderson forged to the leading position at 3-love. Bostwick had been trying out several of Anderson's strokes, with the result that he was able to even up matters by forcing the fore hand of the Canadian. Clean passes on the left side of the court gained the set for Anderson at 6—3.

In the following set the score was reversed as Bostwick placed the majority of his shots so cleverly that the Canadian was forced to make good returns. The third set brought the real struggle. Bostwick was very aggressive, and by carefully placing the ball he took the lead at 3-love on the games. This was a run of six straight games for him, three in the second set and the first three of the third, which had the effect of bringing Anderson up to the net, where he fairly pounded out the next game. Rapidly the men fought out the points up the 6—all on the games, and then Bostwick took the lead again at 6—5. Anderson beat him out by his skillful passing in the next game, and went to the front at 7—6. In the following game Anderson was within a stroke of the match twice, but the dogged persistency of Bostwick held him off, and by two cross-court shots Bostwick finally managed to get the game. The Canadian held to his attack on Bostwick's left-hand court, which resulted in his winning at 10—8, the longest set of the tournament thus far played.

The doubles will be started to-day, and also the championship singles for women, in which Miss Moore, Miss Johnson, Miss Honans, Miss Risch, and others are to compete. The summary:

Men's Championship Singles.—First Round—C. C. Kelley, West Side Tennis Club, defeated A. J. Shaw, West Side Tennis Club, 7—5, 4—6, 6—3; Louis E. Mahan, West Side Tennis Club, defeated William J. Hall, Hamilton Grange Tennis Club, 6—3, 6—1; Raymond D. Little, West Side Tennis Club, defeated H. F. Holbrook, West Side Tennis Club, 6—2, 6—4.

Second Round.—Holcombe Ward, Orange Tennis Club, Orange, N. J., defeated Thomas C. Trask, West Side Tennis Club, 6—1, 6—1; Louis E. Mahan, West Side Tennis Club, defeated E. H. Stern, Inwood Country Club, 6—0, 6—1; Frederick G. Anderson, Kings County Tennis Club, defeated Oviedo M. Bostwick, West Side Tennis Club, 6—3, 3—6, 10—8; Harry F. Allen, Belmont Cricket Club, Philadelphia, defeated G. A. L. Dionne, West Side Tennis Club, 6—3, 6—1.

Men's Handicap Singles.—Preliminary Round—Robert Le Roy, owe 30, defeated M. S. Clark, owe 15, 9—7, 6—3.

First Round.—J. Coudon, owe 15, defeated C. Lorraine Wyeth, owe 30, 7—5, 7—5; Arthur S. Cragin, owe 15, defeated Harry H. Avery, owe 15, 6—2, 6—3; Dimon E. Roberts, scratch, defeated Edward C. Moen, scratch, by default.

Arrangements have been made to hold a special event for women lawn tennis players that will be a feature of the tournament of the New York Lawn Tennis Club next week. In order to attract a large entry list from among the ranks of the women, there will be a handicap singles. This was decided upon by the committee last night, and all of the competitors who are participating in the metropolitan championship have signified their intention to take part. The list of entries will not be closed until Saturday, June 13, with Dimon E. Roberts of the committee, at the courts of the club, One Hundred and Twenty-third Street and St. Nicholas Avenue.

VARDON LEADS IN GOLF.

Six Strokes Ahead of Champion Herd in the Open Tournament at Prestwick.

LONDON, June 10.—The open golf championship was started at Prestwick, Scotland, to-day with a record entry of 127. Most of the well-known players are entered, including among the amateurs the new champion, Robert Maxwell, and H. H. Hilton. Champion Herd, with Vardon, broke the record for the course, completing their first round in 73, against a previous best record of 74.

At the conclusion of the second round, 36 holes, the leading scores were: Vardon, 150; Scott, 154; W. Hunter, 155; Herd, 156; Williamson, 156; J. Hunter, 156; Braid, 156.

Among the amateurs P. W. Orr of the Prestwick Club did the best in the first 18-hole round, 79 strokes. Hilton's score was 81, and the amateur champion, Maxwell, scored 82.

Prof. Hollis Out of Harvard Athletics.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., June 10.—The resignation of Prof. Ira N. Hollis as Chairman of Harvard's Athletic Committee was formally accepted this afternoon at a special meeting of the Board of Overseers.

"I resigned," said Prof. Hollis, "because the work was taking too much time from my professional duties. I am, as you know, Chairman of the Department of Engineering. It is not generally known, but I resigned a year ago. I can now retire with perfect satisfaction, for I know the committee which succeeds me is a good one and will carry the work along splendidly. I am also satisfied because we now have an agreement with Yale which I think ought to be perpetual, and which ought to promote good-will between the two universities."

Prof. Hollis has been a member of the Athletic Committee for eight years and for six its Chairman. Who will succeed him is not known, inasmuch as the new Athletic Committee chooses its own Chairman. It probably will be Prof. Horatio Stevens White, at one time a noted Harvard baseball Captain, who, together with "Archie" Coolidge, the popular teacher of history, and Abram Piatt Andrew, Ph. D., a graduate of Princeton, constitute the new committee.

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Butler's Milk. The highest Grade Condensed Milk—very rich in cream. Can, 7c

Sugar—Flour. 3½ lbs. Granulated Sugar, 3½ lbs. Pride of St. Louis Flour, Both ... 25c

Belfast Ginger Ale, Sarsaparilla, Lemonade and Club Soda, Bot., 7c.; Doz., 80c

Salt. Extra Fancy Table Salt, a large 5c. bag, 3c.

Quirk's Celebrated Minerals—All flavors kept on ice; quart bottles ... 5c
Best N. Y. State Full Cream Cheese—lb. ... 15c
Ice Cream Salt—10 lb. bag ... 10c
Rice—Finest quality, Carolina, full head, 3½ lbs ... 25c
Hominy—Fancy Southern, kiln dried; 5-lb. box ... 14c
Essie Brand Peaches, Pears, Plums and Apricots—Finest California, in heavy syrup, natural flavor, can ... 18c
East View Brand Peaches, Pears, Plums and Apricots—Choice California, in heavy syrup, can ... 15c
Van Camp's Boned Chicken—All tender young chicken, no veal; ½-lb. can ... 23c
Brooms—Large No. 7, fine straw, brace finish ... 23c
Lemons—Extra large fancy Palermos, dozen ... 15c
Prunes—Santa Clara, fancy, extra large, 3 lbs., 25c.; medium size, lb. ... 4c
Blue Ribbon Jelly Powder, all flavors, pkge ... 10c
Peerless Beef Extract—Unexcelled quality, jar ... 19c

Triumph Cocoa—The finest grade, ½ lb. can ... 19c
Peerless Cocoa—Extra choice quality, ¼ lb. can, 9c.; ½ lb. can ... 17c
Pepper—Fresh ground, ¼ lb. can ... 8c
English Mustard—¼ lb. can ... 10c
Macaroni and Spaghetti—Trovatore Brand, imported, lb ... 10c
Macaroni and Spaghetti—Peerless brand, best quality domestic, lb. pkge ... 8c
Potted Ham and Tongue, ¼-lb. can, 4c.; ½-lb. can ... 8c
Roast Beef and Corned Beef, fine quality, lb. can ... 14c
Anderson's Soups, assorted, 3 cans ... 20c
Cider and White Wine Vinegar, best quality, qt. bottle ... 7c
Peerless Root Beer Extract, one bottle will make 5 gallons delicious root beer; bottle ... 10c

Coffees. Crisp and fresh roasted daily.
Best Mocha and Java—This grade regularly sold elsewhere at 38c. and 40c.; 3 lbs. 70c.; lb. ... 25c
Best Santos, lb. ... 15c
Golden Santos, lb ... 10c

Curtice Bros. or Blue Ribbon Jams, assorted, lb. jar ... 15c
Liberty Preserves, made from fine fresh fruits; assorted; packed in stone crocks; 3 lbs. ... 25c
Liberty Jams, choice fruits; assorted; jar ... 9c
Jelly, all flavors; in Mason jars, each ... 10c
Peerless Catsup—The very best made, pint bottle, 15c.; ½-pint bottle ... 8c
Liberty Catsup—Choice quality, bottle 8c. and ... 10c
Salad Oil—The best domestic, ½-pint bottle, 5c.; pint bottle 10c.; quart bottle ... 15c
Salmon—Sport brand, fancy sockeye, can, 13c.; 2 cans ... 25c
Lemon and Vanilla Extract, Peerless Brand, bottle, 15c.; Our Own Brand, bottle, 10c.; Eagle Brand, bottle ... 5c

Crackers.
Koko Nut, the new dainty cracker, quart ... 4c
Fig Newtons, lb. ... 12c
Ginger, Lemon, or Nic Nacs, lb. ... 3½c
Johnnie Cake, lb ... 9c

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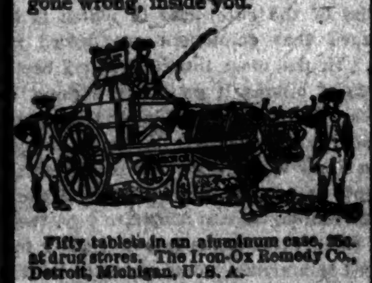

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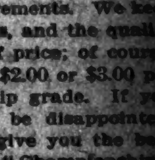

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MR. BALFOUR'S TROUBLES.

The Right Honorable JOSEPH CHAMBERLAIN has earned the singular distinction of disrupting in succession the two great political parties of his country, while the Right Honorable A. J. BALFOUR has incurred the undoubted discredit of twice egregiously misjudging at no great interval of time the public opinion of the United Kingdom. To be sure, when Mr. CHAMBERLAIN on account of his opposition to the Home Rule bill withdrew from the Gladstone Ministry and the Liberal Party in 1886, he had high company. Such lifelong Liberals as the Marquis of HARTINGTON and Mr. TREVELYAN went with him. He has been and is, however, the one conspicuous Unionist, the one deserter, whom the Gladstonians have found it hardest to forgive. He has now brought the Conservative Prime Minister to the verge of a fall, as seventeen years ago he brought the Liberal Prime Minister to an actual fall. The method has been different. Mr. GLADSTONE was the dominant figure in his own Ministry, and so absolutely controlled its policy that a break-up could come, not because one of his associates took the initiative in proposing a national policy, but only because one or more than one of them dissented from the policies of his chief. Mr. CHAMBERLAIN has pushed aside the lighter figure of the present Prime Minister and is himself the undoubted leader and originator in the measure which has brought the Ministry into trouble and peril.

It is impossible to deny that Mr. BALFOUR has invited and deserved his fate. He went contrary to public opinion in letting himself be betrayed into a senseless and offensive alliance with Germany in the Venezuela imbroglio, and taking no warning of that lesson he has now again gone wrong, as he must have been apprised beyond all doubt in the course of the present debate in the House of Commons. If it be true, as has been repeatedly asserted, that royalty presumed too far upon its prerogative in committing England to joint action with Germany against Venezuela, it was certainly the constitutional duty of the Prime Minister to assert the counter-prerogative and the dignity of his office and to maintain the rights of the people of whom he is the representative. He was too nerveless, too facile, too yielding for that large emergency. Then the Balfour Government received its first admonition. Public discussion unmistakably showed that the Ministry had mistaken the feeling of the English people, and Ministerial defeats in by-elections gave point to the warning. Mr. BALFOUR has now been guilty of a double blunder. First, in permitting the Colonial Secretary to bring forward over his head a momentous measure of public policy he exhibited himself as a Premier without authority in his own Ministry. The English people admire a strong man, they distrust a weak one, and Mr. BALFOUR showed weakness. The accommodating spirit in which he accepted the Chamberlain policy of preferential tariffs and protection deepened this unfavorable impression. It did something more. It gave rise to a belief that the Prime Minister was a man without conviction, since he had himself two weeks earlier expressed a clear disapproval of the very measure he accepted at the hands of Mr. CHAMBERLAIN. Lord BEACONSFIELD was often accused of being wanting in conviction, of being an insincere man, ready to espouse any cause or any policy that offered the promise of success. But he vastly surpassed Mr. BALFOUR in ability to "fool the people." The present Prime Minister, in fact, appears to be unable to fool them at all.

Against the opposition of his own Chancellor of the Exchequer, who frankly announced himself as a free trader in the House of Commons, against the arguments of men of the strength and of the influence of Sir MICHAEL HICKS-BEACH, and against the large number of members of his own majority who rose in the House of Commons to declare their dissent from the new doctrine of protection, Mr. BALFOUR will be quite unable to make headway with the Chamberlain plan as a Government measure. His only possible opportunity is through an appeal to the people, and there appears to be not a shadow of doubt that the voters would condemn the proposed departure from a long-established fiscal policy, and the responsibility of Government would after the election fall, not upon the shoulders of Mr. BALFOUR, but upon a Liberal Ministry and majority.

The new policy fares ill not only in respect to the immediate and powerful opposition it has awakened, but in the feeble sophistries with which it is supported. Mr. CHAMBERLAIN was prompt to adopt the cry of the American protectionists that the tariff is not a tax. The consumer will not pay this new impost, he told the British workingmen in his letter; it will fall upon foreign producers, who must reduce their prices in order to secure access to the British market. He instanced the reduction in freight rates in the United States following upon the imposition of the British corn duties as a proof of this statement. But it was immediately pointed out that the reduction in freight rates here was occasioned by the opening of the canal navigation, and had nothing to do with the British corn tax. Sir CHARLES DILKE pointed out in the House of Commons yesterday that it must be an error to attribute our abounding prosperity to the policy of protection, since with their enormous resources and great energy the American people ought long since to have taken the first place in international commerce. So we ought, and, perhaps, should in spite of the barriers of protection had it not been for the fact that our greatest and most profitable markets are at home, and that our producers have found ample occupation in meeting the demands for domestic consumption; and our internal trade, which in volume is something like twenty times as great as our foreign trade, is hampered by no protective duties. We are free traders in the home domain.

The English workingman, and the English people generally, cannot be fooled by the reckless assertion that a tax on food will not make food cost more. Neither will they be deluded by Mr. CHAMBERLAIN's visions of a great imperial trade built up by shutting out the foreign trade. It is not in that way that their great commercial position has been won. The Gladstone Ministry of 1886 with the home rule question before it was dedicated to "examination and inquiry." It is already manifest that the Opposition and a great part of the Balfour majority are in no mood to concede time even for an examination of Mr. CHAMBERLAIN's tariff scheme. They reject it at the outset. It is a Ministerial situation where something must happen, and promptly. It is hard to see how the thing that happens, whatever it may be, will be of a nature favorable either to Mr. BALFOUR's or to Mr. CHAMBERLAIN's career.

"LABOR" VS. "TRADE" UNIONS.

The Board of Building Trades has come, none too soon, to a decision to eject from representation in their body the unions of the drivers and handlers of building material. It is hardly fair to say, even now, that they have "come" to this conclusion. They have been driven to it by the action of the employers' unions, representing dealers in building materials and the owners of trucks, who in turn were backed by the united action of the employers of labor in the building trades. To have achieved this result is evidently a vindication, not only of the wisdom, but of the necessity, of a union of employers, which has never been so close or so firm as in the contest provoked by the drivers and the laborers, and very injudiciously taken up by the skilled workmen in the building trades.

The lesson has been sharp. But there is reason to hope that it has been effective. Certainly it will have been effective if the representatives of skilled labor in the building trades stick to their present profession of an intention to take no action in common with what are incorrectly called the "unskilled trades" connected with building. Their action goes to the root of the whole question of the organization of labor. It draws a sharp and broad line between trades unionism and labor unionism. And it shows that the interests of the two classes of labor are not identical, but different and possibly hostile.

A trade union aims at comprising a monopoly of the skill required in its particular art and mystery. Its strength is that it does comprise such a monopoly, and that the particular work its members undertake to do cannot be done by outsiders except after a long apprenticeship. A trade union which has arrived at this stage of perfection is perfectly sure of getting all the share of the profits of the enterprise in which it is engaged that employers can afford to pay. In the most intelligent and best-managed unions it gets this without a strike. Employers recognise that they cannot carry on their business except upon terms which the union is content to accept, and when these terms are such as the employers can afford to pay, they pay them without the loss and delay involved in a strike. That seems to be the position of the sixteen skilled trades represented by the Board of Building Trades.

Now, evidently, this position is not at all that of unskilled laborers who organize simply for the purpose of holding on, on their own terms, to the jobs which they happen to have in some branch of industry. They have no monopoly of skill, for their work involves no special training. It is only when all crude labor is employed at better wages or more favorable conditions than those they reject that they have any fair chance of succeeding in a strike. In any other conditions it is only by unfair means that they can hope to succeed—that is to say, by assaulting or intimidating out of taking their places the unemployed to whom otherwise the terms that are unsatisfactory to the strikers would be satisfactory. That is to say, whereas a trade union relies upon its monopoly of a certain skill, a labor union relies upon violence. It is only through breaches of the peace and rioting which the State is either unable or its officers unwilling to put down that they can keep out of their places as good and as skilled men as themselves who are willing to work for less money, or on less advantageous conditions. They must strive to weaken the forces which society has organized for its own protection, whether of the constabulary or of the militia. Every such strike tends to array the strikers against society, to put them in an attitude of defiance toward law and order, toward peace and civilization. Their general and permanent success would simply be the reign of anarchy.

Now, why should men who rely upon their knowledge of their business to earn their livings and to get as high wages as their employers can afford to pay ally themselves with men who rely and must rely upon brute force and lawless violence to get more for doing their work than other men can be hired to do it for? Why should a trade union join hands with a labor union? That is the question which the Board of Building Trades, under the pressure of the action of the employers, has been asking itself, with the results that we see. That is the question which every representative of skilled labor ought to ask himself when he is asked to "affiliate" with a representative of unskilled labor. The benevolent but absurd POWDERLY, with his ridiculous motto that "the injury of one is the concern of all," returned the wrong answer to it. He took the ground that when any digger or hodman chose to quarrel with his bread and butter it was the duty of all the highly skilled artisans whose work was in any wise connected with his to quarrel with theirs, whether they had any quarrel with it or not. The consequence was that he succeeded in shrinking the membership of his "noble and holy order," before he had done with it, to a pitiful fraction of what it was when he took hold of it. The Board of Building Trades has shown much better judgment in refusing, on behalf of skilled labor, to embark it in the same boat with unskilled labor, or to admit that the two have any interest in common.

RUSSIA IN MANCHURIA.

Our Ambassador to Russia made a very needful correction in the newspaper report of his remarks when he arrived. The report was that he said "Russia" was in Manchuria "to stay." The correction, as given out by the State Department, was that not "Russia" but the Eastern Chinese railway was in Manchuria "to stay." The difference is substantial.

In fact, our attitude toward this railway ought not to be in any degree one of antagonism. In building it Russia has been doing a great work not only for herself, but for humanity and civilization. It is a national feat of the same kind, and not less in degree, than our projection and execution of a transcontinental railway a generation ago. And we should not take toward it the caviling tone which we rather regret to observe is the only contribution the British seem to be making to the practical problems of China and Northern Asia.

A correspondent of The London Mail, writing from Mukden, the ancient capital of the Manchu dynasty, sends an extremely interesting account and explanation of the railway. According to him, it is the personal project of M. WITTE, whose prestige and credit are deeply involved in its success. The undertaking, the whole undertaking of which this is an important part, constitutes a great strain on the resources of Russia, and the bold projector will be held to a strict accountability, before the official opinion which is so largely the public opinion of the empire, for the results.

All this is intelligible enough. It carries a corollary which ought to be not only intelligible but reassuring. There is only one test of success for a railway built for profit, and although the Eastern Chinese road has an important function as a military road, it has been projected as a business enterprise. It must get business. To get business it must welcome business, from whatever quarter it comes. The "system" will open not only Manchuria, but all Siberia to foreign commerce, and the resources of Siberia awaiting development are very great. Meanwhile, M. WITTE's problem is that of increasing the traffic of his road so as to have a favorable balance sheet to show. It cannot be his interest to exclude foreign trade from Manchuria. No doubt it is to his interest, and to that of the Russian Government, to build up the Russian port of Dalny at the expense of the Chinese port of Niu-Chwang and of all other non-Russian ports. But it does not much matter to us whether our treaty rights with China are made to serve our commercial interests by way of Dalny or by way of Niu-Chwang, so long as they are respected, and so long as we get the benefit of them. If it be true that the annoyances and interferences to which our trade has been subjected have been simply inevitable incidents of a state of transition which was also a condition of military occupation, and that they will disappear when the transition is complete, we may look forward to a great increase in our trade not only with Manchuria in particular, but with North Asia in general. And certainly the correspondent we are quoting shows that it is the policy of Russia as a railroad owner to welcome our trade.

THE CONDITIONS OF LONGEVITY.

Those who find comfort in the expectation of living to a great age are likely to derive satisfaction from the confident assertion of Prof. PFLUGER of the University of Bonn that the average length of human life is steadily increasing. In common with many persons of less learning the German students of the problems of human longevity are somewhat skeptical concerning the ages attributed to some of the patriarchs of Old Testament times. Prof. PFLUGER seems to have good statistical grounds for his confidence in the lengthening average of human life. But like most of those who make a hobby of one line of investigation he seems to be able to perceive most clearly facts which support his preconceived notions of the reasons for things. He strongly disapproves of beer and tobacco, and it is not surprising to find that he attributes at least one-third of the deaths recorded in Munich to heart disease due to beer drinking, and almost if not quite another third to smoking. Among the forty centenarians who have come under his notice there was only one smoker, but nearly all of them confessed to a moderate use of alcohol.

If it be true that the average of human life is lengthening, the fact is interesting, but its interest is in nowise increased by speculations as to the reasons why some outlive their generations and near or pass the century mark. As a general truth it may be said that very few of these examples of exceptional vitality have known or observed the rules which a consensus of medical opinion would be likely to agree upon as favoring length of days. A majority of them have worked hard, lived poorly, and known all kinds of trouble. Not many of them have been temperate in their pleasures or indulgences. As a rule, they are found in almshouses or charitable institutions, with few memories save those which relate to misspent lives. Most of the very old women have outlived large families of children, and been through experiences which made them look like Macbeth's witches before they had passed the prime of life. A New Yorker who claimed to be the oldest inhabitant, and whose claim was extensively admitted, in spite of some skepticism, celebrated what he said was his one hundred and sixth birthday by a breakfast at which a distinguished company gathered, and lived three or four years thereafter. He was chiefly interesting as contradicting every accepted rule of longevity. He was, or said he was, a veteran of the Napoleonic wars and had all his life been a soldier of fortune, carrying his mercenary sword into every war of his time. He had experienced every privation and hardship of successful and unsuccessful campaigning, had been severely wounded a number of times, had been a hard drinker from boyhood, had used tobacco immoderately for eighty years, for fifty years had been addicted to the opium habit, and had practiced every vice with which his wildly adventurous life in many countries had made him acquainted. But at the assumed age of 106 he was erect and in possession of all his faculties, was able to eat a good breakfast, empty his wine glass as often as it was filled, make a long, consecutive, and interesting speech when called upon, and enjoy the occasion thoroughly.

Perhaps the most interesting fact to be deduced from individual experience is that it is not those who give most heed to the prolongation of life who are most conspicuously successful in prolonging it. If Prof. PFLUGER is right in warning those who wish to live long against the thought or fear of death, we shall have to look for our centenarians outside the membership of the Hundred Year Club.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

—A thrill of agonizing pain will sweep over the whole country—touching it only in spots, indeed, but in an awful lot of them—at the news of what the Chairman of the River and Harbor Committee is doing in Paris. It seems that Mr. BURTON went over there with what it would be charitable to call the insane, and accurate to call the wicked, idea that it might be possible to learn something from the French in regard to the best way of spending an appropriation for the improvement of rivers and harbors. As if anybody could teach us anything on that subject! As if our own methods were not perfectly satisfactory to everybody—who gets the money, and what business are they of anybody else? But Mr. BURTON, having started utterly and dreadfully wrong, has ended in the hideous way that might have been expected—that was inevitable. Certain fiends in the Gallic approach to human form have told him that, to get the most good out of one of the appropriations in question, the inhabitants of each particular district to be benefited should be compelled to prove the reality of their needs and the sincerity of their belief in the wisdom of spending public money there by—we shrink from setting down the hideous words—by extracting from their own pockets as much as, or a little more than, they want the Government to give, and using the united sums in doing the work! And this is the system that Mr. BURTON is said to consider better than our own—is said to contemplate bringing to the attention of Congress and to get introduced here if he can! The suggestion is infinitely alarming, coming as it does at a time when the river and harbor appropriation is one of the few real Good Things left, and when there are only too many people ready to catch at any excuse for reforming them all out of existence. Let the French, well known to be an immoral and frivolous race, improve their rivers and harbors on squalid business principles if they will; but why study their habits in such matters, and, most of all, why advocate their adoption, or even reveal their existence, in a country that is quite capable of getting away with any appropriation, no matter how large, without any instruction from frog-eating foreigners? Somebody should labor with Mr. BURTON, and do it at once.

—Having apparently misunderstood the bearing of our recent intimation that there is one too many Majors in the United States Army, a correspondent of The Army and Navy Journal makes that intimation the incentive for vehement defense of a man whom we have never felt at all inclined to attack—whom, indeed, we ourselves have several times gone as far in defending as the present stage of the case against him warrants. "I," says the correspondent, "was a 'pleb' in 'Camp Hooker' at West Point in the Summer of 1896. Major HOWZE (then Lieutenant, I believe,) was in command of Company A. This was a Summer noted for hard hazing, resulting in the dismissal of two upper classmen and the confinement of several others for long periods. I can give the names of two upper classmen, now officers in the army, who were warned by Major HOWZE that, while he did not object to their having fun with the 'plebs,' he would not tolerate for an instant anything that savored of cruelty or 'exercising.' I would be willing to bet [illegible] that I ever saw or that I ever [illegible] to see that Major HOWZE (who, I believe, has the Congressional Medal of Honor) never was guilty of cruelty or of any kind of conduct unbecoming a gentleman and a soldier." There is no particularly direct relation between the evidence here presented and the accusations made against Major HOWZE, and if it be all his defender has, his willingness to make even so conversational a bet as the one he formulates is a little surprising. Still, the story has its value as casting a sidelight on the existing situation, and we have no desire at all even to hint that the teller of it is wrong in his conclusion. Many an accurate conclusion is reached by crooked logic or from inadequate data.

—Doctors have their faults, like other men, and the medical profession, like others, has its scandals, but it is rare indeed for a considerable number of doctors even to be accused of an offense so particularly despicable as is the one which Commissioner LEDERLE charges thirty-five duly authorized practitioners in this city, and therefore is the episode, as it stands, a peculiarly shocking one. On evidence as yet unpublished, but presumably sufficient to make out a prima facie case, since the Commissioner has sworn out warrants on the strength of it, these thirty-five doctors have been formally charged with petty larceny in having secured diphtheria antitoxin from the Board of Health without paying for it, on the ground that it was to be used in the gratuitous treatment of poor patients, and then selling it at big prices to patients both rich and poor. If this has been done it was certainly most miserable business, and those guilty of it deserve all the punishment that the law allows to be inflicted upon them. Doctors voluntarily assume toward society obligations that justify it in holding them to a stricter accountability than other men, and when they violate those obligations, even in minor matters, their offending is the greater in proportion to the greater confidence that necessarily is reposed in their delicacy and good faith. In a city like this the competition between them for the fees of the public is fierce enough to explain an occasional fall from professional standards, but it does not excuse such falls, nor is it any claim for leniency in case of detection.

—So bad is the present condition of affairs at the New York end of the Brooklyn Bridge that any change in it is likely to be a change for the better, and yet no high anticipations of improvement are excited by the announcement that four more trolley loops are to be added to those already in place. Each of the existing loops is a trap so ingeniously designed for catching and dismembering human beings that it is a constant marvel their victims are so few—a wonder that is diminished only by reflection upon the marvelously developed agility and wariness which characterize the people who use the bridge cars. Four more loops will be four more traps, and though they will serve to divide the crowds to some extent, yet they will also increase the opportunities for getting killed, so that what is gained in one direction will be lost in another, and the dangers will remain about the same as they are now. The need is for a wholly new system, not an extension of an old system known to be thoroughly bad.

Every letter intended for publication should contain the written signature and correct address of the writer. No attention is paid to anonymous communications.

The Temple Beth-El Meeting.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I was present at the protest meeting held in Temple Beth-El, where Dr. Lorimer aroused the enthusiasm of the audience. There are those that cry that these meetings do no good. It is just such meetings that arouse the people and compel the authorities to act. Let the good work go on. Have meetings every week, and let them be addressed by such noble and fearless Christians as Dr. MacArthur, Dr. Hillis, Dr. Lorimer, and others. I would advise these gentlemen that a meeting be held to which President Roosevelt be invited, or that they hold a public debate with Count Cassini. Will he consent?

MACWOLLEY.

New York, June 8, 1903.

"Scoto-Irish Anglo-Saxon.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If you have not yet closed the discussion on the expression of "no bones," I would like to put in a word. Some one signing himself "Stevenson" wrote your paper on this subject lately. He refers to the pronunciation given the word "bounce" by the "Scoto-Irish Anglo-Saxon." As the Scoto-Irish is not an Anglo-Saxon, but a Celt, I must say that if Stevenson's etymology is no better than his ethnology, I can't accept it.

READER.

New York, June 8, 1903.

Dingleyism.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A new word not to be found in any dictionary has lately appeared in some of the public prints. It is "Dingleyism." I wish that some of your readers who are students in lexicology would furnish a proper and exact definition of the same. Also it would be well to show the difference between Dingleyism and Socialism or Communism, and which of them possesses the greatest amount of pure cussedness.

A DEMOCRAT.

Westport, Conn., June 8, 1903.

NUGGETS.

Had His Suspicions.

"How did old Hardfax enjoy his trip through the Thousand Islands?"

"Not very well. He put in all his time counting them."—Chicago Tribune.

Need of His Services.

Young Lawyer—Madam, you need some one to take care of your property and protect your interests.

She—Young man, I've just got married.

"Yes. I know your husband."—Detroit Free Press.

The Bride's Trepidation.

Bridesmaid—You poor, frightened darling. You looked scared to death at the altar.

Bride—Yes, George trembled so I was dreadfully afraid he'd lose courage and run away.—New York Weekly.

An Important Personage.

"Does Josh seem to be much improved by his schooling?"

"Well," answered Farmer Corntossel, "I dunno as Josh is gettin' so much the best of it. Judgin' from his talk about football an' boat rowin', I don't know what the college would do without Josh."—Washington Star.

Not the First of Its Kind.

"It Happened Once Before" was the title of the only editorial in The Ottawa (Kan.) Republic of last Wednesday. And the editorial was taken bodily from the seventh chapter of Genesis, wherein is given a description of Mr. Noah's flood.—Kansas City Journal.

BREAKING THE ICE.

From The Washington Star.

We had some offish neighbors once that
moved in, down the road.
We reckoned they was 'bout the proudest
folks we'd ever knowed.
An' when we passed 'em now an' then we
held our heads up high
To make dead sure they couldn't snub us
if they was to try.
It really made me nervous, so I jes' braced
up one day
An' thought I'd go ahead an' show my
manners, anyway,
On Sunday, 'stid o' turnin' round an' gazin'
at the view,
I looked at them an' says, "Hello!" An'
they says, "Howdy do!"

It wa'n't the cold an' formal greetin' that
you've sometimes heard;
They smiled an' said it hearty, like they
meant it, every word.
It's solemn to reflect on what we miss
along life's way
By not jes' bein' natural an' good humored
day by day.
There's lots o' folks who fling the simple
joys of life aside
Because they dread the shadow of their
own unconscious pride.
And nine times out o' ten you'll find the
rule works right an' true—
[illegible] "Hello!" and it'll answer
"Howdy do!"

GENERAL STAFF ASSIGNMENTS.

Gens. Young, Corbin, and Carter Will Head the Army—Bliss Goes to War College.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—While no announcement has been made from the War Department of the names of the three general officers who will be at the head of the General Staff of the Army, it is known that Major Gens. Young and Corbin and Brig. Gen. Carter have been selected. The act creating the General Staff will not become operative until Aug. 15, one week following the retirement from active service of Lieut. Gen. Miles. That date was fixed upon in order not to embarrass the Lieutenant General.

Upon Gen. Miles's retirement Major Gen. Young will be advanced to the grade of Lieutenant General and be made Chief of Staff. Young will retire for age on Jan. 9 of next year, so that he will have only six months to serve as Chief of Staff. He will be followed by Gen. Chaffee, but whether or not that officer will become Chief of Staff will depend on his own desires. It is understood Chaffee does not care to assume that office, and that he prefers confining himself to the duties of the Lieutenant General. It is very probable, however, that the developments of the first six months under the operation of the new law, which practically places the entire administration of the army in the hands of the General Staff, will make Gen. Chaffee change his mind, accept the appointment of Chief of Staff, and become the head of the army under the President and the Secretary of War.

For some time it was an open question whether Corbin would be made a member of the General Staff. Young and Bliss were originally selected, and the third place lay between Corbin and Carter. Carter was under orders for service in the Philippines, a fact that stood somewhat in the way of his selection for the staff. He desired foreign service under his present rank, having been constantly on duty at Washington since January, 1897.

As an officer of the Adjutant General's Department, Carter was very efficient in organizing volunteer troops during the period of the Spanish war, and during the troubles in the Philippines. He became the principal aide to the Secretary of War, and as such rendered valuable service in connection with the framing and passage of the act creating the General Staff. His services in this connection, and his thorough knowledge of the general subject, as well as of the scope and purpose of the law, make him an invaluable assistant at this time to the Secretary of War in giving the General Staff a proper start.

At the request, therefore, of Secretary Root, Gen. Carter gave up the detail to the Philippines. As Mr. Root will go to England the latter part of August to attend the meeting of the Alaskan Commission in London, it was especially desired by him that Gen. Carter should be a member of the General Staff, that he might represent the Secretary during his absence. It having been decided to place Corbin on the General Staff, Carter was substituted for Bliss, and the latter will become head of the War College, for the duties of which he is specially qualified.

Bliss graduated at West Point in 1876, and was among the first numbers of his class. He served with the artillery for seventeen years, and for several years was a member of the staff of Lieut. Gen. Schofield. His successful administration of the customs service at Havana during the occupation of Cuba by the United States military forces attracted the attention of the authorities to his ability as an executive officer, and was largely instrumental in deciding the President to appoint him Brigadier General.

PLEA FOR MINISTERS' FUND.

Assertion Made at Dutch Reformed Synod That Preachers Are Underpaid.

Special to The New York Times.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., June 10.—Eloquent appeals for money with which to assist disabled ministers of the Dutch Reformed Church were made to-day before the General Synod of that body by officials representing the disabled ministers' fund. Denis Wortman of East Orange said that eighteen ministers and the widows of thirty ministers received aid last year from the fund, which now amounts to about $70,000. The maximum amount received by the annuitants was but $180.

The synod appointed a special committee made up of Elders of the Church, who are business men, to devise a new insurance scheme for ministers of the Church and report the same to the next General Synod.

The Rev. Dr. David James Burrell of New York championed the cause of the disabled ministers and insisted that the Elders present see to it that their churches raised money for the fund. "The ministers of the Reformed Church are chosen for their natural equipment," he said, "and are bound to be college-bred men. In any other vocation or profession the same men would receive three times their ministerial income. This means that as a body they are free from mercenary motives, finding their stimulation in pure and simple devotion to their work for the work's sake. Put the ministry upon the mere commercial level of skilled mind work or handicraft and you would have a ministerial strike for an increase of wages within twenty-four hours."

Final adjournment was reached this afternoon after considerable routine business had been transacted.

VREELAND GOING ABROAD.

Will Testify Before Royal Commission on London Street Traffic.

President H. H. Vreeland of the Interurban Street Railway Company will go to London in July, and in response to an invitation received from Secretary Lyden McCassey of the Royal Commission on London Traffic, will testify before that commission as an expert in urban railroading.

The news that Mr. Vreeland was going abroad was made the basis of a report sent out yesterday by a Wall Street news agency that he would resign his position as President of the Interurban.

This story was denied by a representative of Mr. Vreeland last night. He said that Mr. Vreeland had not had a vacation of as long as thirty days since he took charge of the affairs of the Metropolitan Company eleven years ago. Each Summer, he said, Mr. Vreeland had been so occupied with the construction work necessary to the changes in the various lines that he could not find time for rest. The vacation will be made possible because that work is now in the hands of Frank Gannon, formerly Third Vice President of the Southern Railway and now Vice President of the Interurban.

The Royal Commission to whom Mr. Vreeland will tell what he knows about the handling of a city's traveling population consists of fifteen members appointed by the King recently to inquire into the means of locomotion and transportation in London. They will recommend measures which they deem most effectual for the improvement of the transportation lines by the development and interconstruction of railways and tramways on or below the surface, and will make provision for better organization and regulation of vehicular and pedestrian traffic. They will pass, also, on the question of the desirability of the establishment of some authority or tribunal, to which all schemes of railway and tramway construction of a local character should be referred, and the powers which it would be advisable to confer upon such a body.

FOR AMERICAN SHIPBUILDING.

Committee to Inquire Into the Decadence of the United States Yards.

At the regular monthly meeting yesterday of the Maritime Association of the Port of New York a resolution was adopted providing for the appointment of a committee of five "to ascertain by what method ships built in American shipyards, officered and manned by American citizens, may most quickly and effectively secure the larger part of our foreign carrying."

The committee is to present its report to the Board of Directors no later than Dec. 1, 1903. The association also declared itself opposed to the enactment of any law compelling sail vessels to carry licensed engineers for the working of the machinery used for handling the sails, anchors, &c., on such vessels, as the enactment of such law would add to the already heavy and unnecessary burdens now imposed upon sail vessel owners.

FOR AMERICAN ARTISTS ONLY.

Carnegie Institute Exhibition to be Confined to Natives Living in This Country.

PITTSBURG, June 10.—The annual exhibition at the Carnegie Institute this Fall will be composed of paintings contributed by American artists residing in America. In conjunction with the exhibition of works assembled by the institute, there will be presented a special collection composed of 100 works contributed by the International Society of London, which collection is to make a circuit of a number of important cities, beginning at Philadelphia.

The awards of medals, carrying with them prizes of $1,500, $1,000, and $500, will be restricted to American painters residing in America, because the works contributed by the International Society as a collection will not be entered subject to the conditions and agreement stipulated by the institute in its usual form of invitation.

A jury will be elected by those asked to contribute, to meet in Pittsburg Oct. 15 for the selection of works.

Paintings must be ready for delivery to the institute's agents the first week in October.

SENATOR DEPEW SAILS AWAY.

Talks of President Roosevelt, Devery, and the Low Administration.

Before Chauncey M. Depew sailed with his wife and son on the American liner St. Paul yesterday for a three months' stay in Europe he made some remarks on politics.

"No man desirous of a second term in the Presidency ever had a better chance for renomination than President Roosevelt," he said. "It is the people who want him to run again. The Post Office scandal will give him opportunity to show how strong a man he is. He will turn out the guilty ones, however high up they may be."

He declared that Devery is "playing for place or for price," and will eventually be cared for by Tammany and thanked for arousing such interest in the campaign.

Of Mayor Low's administration he said it was going down hill until December, when it began to climb in the opinion of the thinking people. He is convinced that the Fusion forces have good prospects of success this Autumn.

CITIZENS' UNION HEARING.

District Chairmen Heard by Committee as to Proposed Change in Basis of Representation.

Citizen's Union Chairmen and delegates in the various Assembly districts had an opportunity last evening to show their approval or disapproval of the proposal to alter the basis of representation in the City Committee to the Aldermanic district as a unit, instead of the Assembly district as at present. The members of the Committee on Constitution met at the Union headquarters, Union Square East, and heard from the various districts on the subject. Francis C. Huntington, Chairman of the committee, presided.

At the last convention of the Citizen's Union in April, when the preliminary plans for the campaign were laid out, the amendment was submitted and was referred to the committee, with instructions to give hearings. A report of findings will be submitted to the next convention.

At the present basis there is a Chairman and a delegate to the City Committee from each Assembly district, or sixty in all for the Greater New York. Under the Aldermanic district basis there would be seventy-three districts, each having a Chairman and a delegate in the committee. At last night's meeting of the committee, which was held in executive session, it developed that most of the districts which would be divided are in favor of the plan.

On next Monday night there will be a meeting of the Manhattan Borough Committee of the Citizens' Union, and on the following Monday night, June 22, a meeting of the full City Committee.

TO RETRY DULLES SEIZURE.

United States Circuit Court of Appeals Gives Decision in Alleged Pearl Smuggling.

Reversing the finding of the United States District Court, which declared forfeited a pearl necklace seized at the pier by ex-Treasury Agent Theobald from Mrs. L. Harrison Dulles of Philadelphia, the United States Circuit Court of Appeals yesterday ordered the case retried.

Judge Adams ordered the jury to return a verdict in favor of the Government, on the ground that Mrs. Dulles had taken no steps to let the officers know that she had dutiable articles on her person. Judge E. Henry Lacombe, who writes the decision of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals, holds that Mrs. Dulles's declaration was sufficient to give the impression that she had wearing apparel purchased abroad, and that the declaration was in such a form as to put the the officers upon inquiry.

One of the opinions in the lengthy decision is that Mrs. Dulles escaped the pitfall of filling in a form incorrectly by appearing before the Deputy Collector with its spaces still blank, prepared to answer all questions. She replied to one question that she certainly had bought wearing apparel abroad, but that she did not know its exact cost. According to her testimony she was not asked if she had purchased any jewelry.

"If one chooses to classify jewelry as wearing apparel," the decision goes on, "it cannot be held that he is making an improper use of the English language." In the schedule furnished to those landing jewelry appears as one of nine varieties of wearing apparel, being put down between 'underwear' and 'coats.' Although defective as an entry, the document was certainly sufficient as a declaration that the claimant had in her baggage and on her person wearing apparel which she had purchased abroad.

ON OUTGOING STEAMSHIPS.

Charles F. McKim, Mrs. W. Seward Webb, and Others Sail.

On the Teutonic of the White Star Line yesterday sailed Charles F. McKim, winner of the gold medal awarded by King Edward VII. for merit in architecture. Mr. McKim will receive the medal on June 22, and be the guest at a banquet next day, tendered by British architects.

Louis Mooers of Cleveland was also a passenger on this liner. He will be a member of the American automobile team in the race to take place on Irish soil next month.

Mrs. W. Seward Webb, daughter of the late William H. Vanderbilt and wife of Dr. W. Seward Webb, sailed with her son and daughter, Frederica. She said she would join her husband in London, but declared that Mr. Webb's health was not so precarious as to make it absolutely necessary that she should cross the ocean on that account.

Col. James Elverson, A. H. Hummel, Mrs. Dupont Coudert, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Phipps, and Mr. and Mrs. Francis Hopkinson Smith were passengers on the St. Paul. Ex-Congressman Rowland B. Mahany was a passenger on the Teutonic.

The Rev. Dr. Cortland Myers, pastor of the Baptist Temple, Brooklyn, sailed on the Holland-American liner Noordam for a three months' vacation in Europe. About 150 members of his congregation and friends accompanied the liner down the bay on the steamboat George Starr.

ST. MARY'S HOSPITAL PARTY.

Entertainment Given in Behalf of the Brooklyn Institution.

Despite weather conditions the annual garden party is being held at St. Mary's Hospital in Brooklyn, and a goodly sum has been realized in aid of the institution. Elaborate effects in electric lighting and decorations have been arranged, and there are many features of unusual interest.

The floral bower is in charge of Mrs. James Shevlin, assisted by Miss Sarah McCarthy and others. Mrs. Hugh McLaughlin is in charge of the fancy table, assisted by Mesdames M. J. Shevlin, Joseph Gardiner, D. J. Creem, and others.

Children from St. Agnes's, St. Stephen's, St. Teresa's, and Presentation Schools and St. Joseph's Asylum attended the party yesterday. Pupils from St. Joseph's, St. Paul's, and St. Peter's will attend this afternoon, and others from St. James's School and St. Francis's College will attend to-morrow.

PRINCE CHING IS FAVORING RUSSIA

He Receives M. Lessar, but No Other Foreign Minister.

Grand Secretary Pleads Illness—The Chinese Are Becoming Reconciled to Losing Manchuria.

PEKING, June 10.—Paul Lessar, the Russian Minister, to-day had his first interview since his return from St. Petersburg with Prince Ching, the Grand Secretary. The Prince remains away from the Foreign Office on the plea of illness, and declines to see the other foreign Ministers, but he received M. Lessar at his residence. Prince Ching saw M. Pokotiloff, the Russian Financial Agent, twice last week.

Russia is believed here to be using every effort to induce the Grand Secretary to keep the present negotiations secret, hence the Prince's official illness.

Public interest in Manchuria, which was aroused to an unusual pitch for China when the Russian demands were first published, is now subsiding. The feeling appears to be that it is useless to oppose Russia's plans.

The deadlock over the opening of Manchurian towns to trade continues, but it is believed that important negotiations which are progressing at Washington may settle the question so far as Russia's action is concerned.

CHINESE KIDNAP AN AMERICAN.

Pirates Demand $9,000 Ransom—Gunboat Callao Sent to the Rescue.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—The following cablegram, dated to-day, has been received at the State Department from United States Consul General McWade at Canton:

"American kidnapped by pirates while proceeding from Canton to Heung-Han, (?Heung-Shan, near Macao.) Nine thousand dollars ransom is asked. I have sent the Callao, United States gunboat, to the rescue and to demand that the Viceroy secure the release of the man and the punishment of the pirates. Details later."

Conger-Cassini Incident Closed.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—Minister Conger's protest to the State Department relative to the interview given by Count Cassini, the Russian Ambassador, in which the Ambassador expressed regret that the Minister had been misinformed about Russia's negotiations with the Peking Government, will be regarded by the department as a closed incident. No representations have been made to the Russian Ambassador on the subject, and none will be made. Count Cassini prefers not to discuss the matter. "It is my duty," he said, "as Russian Ambassador, to correct statements about my Government which are incorrect. It was very far from my mind to reflect in any way on an American official."

Kaiser's Gift to Chinese Empress.

PEKING, June 10.—Dr. Mumm von Schwarzenstein, the German Minister, was received in audience by the Dowager Empress to-day, and presented to her a number of porcelains from Emperor William.

THE TURKISH DEBT PROJECT.

Prospects of Completing the Unification Very Uncertain.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES
Special Cablegram.

LONDON, June 11.—The prospects of completing the unification of the Ottoman debt are very uncertain, says the Constantinople correspondent of The Times.

The French declare that they will join the British opposition unless the Germans give them a half share in the construction, working, and control of the Bagdad Railway. The Germans say this is impossible, as the Sultan granted the concession on the condition that it remained in the hands of the Germans, who therefore cannot cede the control.

The Germans, equally, cannot undertake the enterprise without guarantees which only the unification of the debt would render possible.

MASSACRE BY BASHI-BAZOUKS.

All the Inhabitants of a Large Village Except 200 Men Said to Have Been Slain.

SOFIA, June 10.—It is reported that the village of Enidge, in the district of Adrianople, consisting of 500 hundred houses, was attacked on June 2 by Bashi-Bazouks, and that the entire population, with the exception of 200 men, was massacred.

The village, it is stated, was pillaged, and the loot carried off to neighboring Turkish villages.

BULGARIANS MAY BE FREED.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES
Special Cablegram.

LONDON, June 11.—A high Turkish authority, says the Sofia correspondent of The Times, states that the 1,400 Bulgarians still detained in prison in Uskub and Monastir Vilayets will most of them be liberated in about a week by four special commissions. According to Bulgarian official information, 216 persons are imprisoned at Uskub, 182 at Iskib, and 26 at Kuprili.

THE ROUMANIAN OIL WAR.

German Concern Said to Have Obtained Concession, Though Owners Favor Standard Oil Company.

BERLIN, June 10.—The competition between the Standard Oil Company and the Disconto Gesellschaft of this city for the purchase of the Roumanian oil wells is keeping the German press busy.

The statement is published here to-day that the Disconto Gesellschaft has obtained a concession of 2,000 acres of the best oil fields on the condition that it regulate the Roumanian finances. The Roumanian Government has also promised to build a pipe line from Cernavoda to Constanza at the public expense. The Berlin concern has, moreover, secured possession of the largest refinery, named the "Steaua Romana."

The individual owners of the oil wells are said to be dissatisfied at these arrangements, and to have protested to the King. They wish permission to sell their property to whoever will pay the highest price. The owners favor the Standard Oil Company, because the latter, it is said, is willing to spend $20,000,000 in the acquisition of the oil fields.

Political revelations are also likely to develop from this oil war.

KAISER'S PRO-AMERICANISM.

BERLIN, June 10.—"It is only Americans who meet my wants," is one of the latest utterances of Emperor William circulating in army and Government circles. The Emperor spoke these words recently, according to the Tageblatt, while dining with the officers of one of his favorite Silesian regiments, and the thought pleased his Majesty so much that he has frequently repeated it in other forms since then.

It is pointed out that the visit of the Prussian Finance Minister, Baron von Rheinbaben, to the United States attracts unusual attention among the initiated, because of the Emperor's admiration for American energy and practical insight, and it is assumed that his Majesty designs giving the Minister larger tasks, for which his American observations will be especially useful.

George L. Watson Married.

LONDON, June 10.—George L. Watson, the yacht designer, was married at Putney to-day to Miss Lovebond. Lord Dunraven and Sir Thomas Lipton were among the guests.

GOVERNOR'S ADDRESS TO THE JEWS OF KISHINEFF.

Gen. Ostrogoff Reported to Have Declared the Massacre an Expiation of Their Sins and Those of Their Fathers.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES
Special Cablegram.

LONDON, June 11.—The Vienna correspondent of The Times says the Trieste paper, the Piccolo, which has often shown itself surprisingly well informed in regard to Russian internal affairs, reports what it calls a "characteristic speech" said to have been delivered by Gen. Ostrogoff, Vice Governor of Bessarabia, to the Jews who attended the funeral of the victims of the Kishineff massacre. Gen. Ostrogoff said:

"Too many of you have come. I have authority to disperse you, but I will be compassionate. Calm yourselves. Forget what has happened. Consider it an expiation of your sins and the sins of your fathers. It is God's will. Bear the trial with resignation."

RUSSIA'S ATTITUDE ON THE KISHINEFF MASSACRE.

Outside Offers of Aid for the Victims Will Be Declined and Foreign Representations Will Not Be Permitted.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—An authoritative statement was given out to-day which sets forth the attitude of the Russian Government in regard to the Kishineff massacre and the distress that it has created. This statement is believed to be based on a communication made by Count Cassini, the Russian Ambassador, to Secretary Hay. The Russian Government's position is stated to be as follows:

"Russia has not been unappreciative of the generous offers which have come to her from America since the affair at Kishineff nor of the humanitarian motive which may have prompted these offers. In view of the fact that his Majesty the Emperor has the means at hand to relieve suffering wherever it appears in his empire, outside aid is unnecessary, and all offers of such must be declined.

"Nor will it be possible for Russia to receive any representations regarding the Kishineff incident from a foreign power. The Russian Government takes the same position as that long held by the American Government, namely, that it refrains from interference in the internal affairs of another power, and must insist on similar treatment for itself.

"Should any foreign power take steps to restrict immigration of Russian Jews on the ground that they are undesirable Russia will not protest. She admits the right of every nation to say who shall come through its gates and who shall not. Should any country as a result of the Kishineff incident adopt measures restricting immigration of Russian Jews, Russia will regard such a step only as a defensive measure on the part of the power taking it, and not in the light of a reflection on the Russian Government."

Count Cassini declined to-night to discuss the foregoing statement, which he thinks is sufficiently plain to be readily understood.

Whether the declination of Russia to receive contributions from the United States and elsewhere for the relief of the Kishineff sufferers means that all such contributions reaching Russia will be returned is a matter for conjecture, which can be determined only by the action of the Russian Government when such contributions reach their destination and are tendered for the relief of the prevailing distress.

The interpretation placed on the communication is that Russia will not accept and distribute contributions from outside parties, nor will she receive from foreign Governments any suggestions in regard to the Kishineff affair. It is doubted, however, whether Russia will interfere to prevent the distribution of private charity from outside parties, dispensed through agents selected by those making the contributions. It is recalled that contributions made for the relief of the Kishineff sufferers by the people of Germany were distributed through agents selected by the contributors.

KISHINEFF POLICE WARNED.

To Be Severely Punished If They Fail to Quell Outbreaks—De Plehve Said to Have Lectured Jews.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 10.—Fresh instructions have been issued to the police of Kishineff, ordering them to be in instant readiness to assist any one attacked, and adding that any breach of this order will be most severely punished.

The officials now assert that the troubles at Kishineff were an uprising of the peasantry against the Jewish Socialist movement, the Jewish Socialists being the best organized in Russia. Interior Minister de Plehve is said to have read to the Jewish deputation which saw him recently a lecture on the dangers of Socialism, warning them that they must control their young men, otherwise the emigration of Jews from Russia would reach unprecedented proportions.

The same paper reports that a strong agrarian movement exists throughout the Western Caucasus, where the Georgians and the inhabitants of Imeritia are terribly excited. The military have begun the work of pacification.

The Osvoboshdenje gives also alleged details of serious rioting which took place at Baku on April 27, and of which nothing has hitherto been heard. It says that a Socialist demonstration by 5,000 persons was suppressed with the aid of sabres and firearms, with the result that the police commander, several policemen and Cossacks, and over fifty workmen were killed and many others wounded. Similar troubles occurred on the same day in the neighboring towns of Romana, Sabonncha, and Balakhana, with like results.

CENSORSHIP ON KISHINEFF.

All Public Mention of the Outrage Forbidden at Warsaw.

The Jewish Daily News received the following cablegram yesterday from Warsaw:

"The Governor General has prohibited public memorial services for the Kishineff victims. Speakers must refrain from mentioning the affair. The censor has ordered Jewish newspapers to discontinue printing subscription lists for the Kishineff survivors. The Voschod has received a second warning."

The Voschod is a St. Petersburg paper which blamed the authorities. In the Czar's dominions papers are suppressed after the third warning.

Rothschilds Entertain Royalty.

LONDON, June 10.—The King and Queen and Princess Victoria were the guests at dinner to-night of Lord and Lady Rothschild at their residence in Piccadilly. The forty guests invited to the dinner included the Duke and Duchess of Marlborough. A small dance followed, which other members of the royal family attended. Mr. and Mrs. Perry Belmont of New York were present at the dance.

The Australian Governor Generalship.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES
Special Cablegram.

LONDON, June 11.—A telegram to The Times from Sydney says the Lord Mayor of that city, in proposing the health of the Governor General of Australia, (Lord Tennyson,) at a luncheon, said Australians liked to regard the Governor General as a man to whom they could look up—a man of ability, of wide knowledge and attainments. In the task of building up a powerful young nation in the Southern sea they could dispense with the ornamental side of the Governor General's office if they obtained men of the standing of the first two Governors General, or of the calibre of Lord Dufferin or Lord Milner.

MISS HANNA A BRIDE

Ohio Senator's Daughter Wedded to Joseph M. McCormick.

President Roosevelt and Other Distinguished Guests at Brilliant Function at Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, June 10.—The marriage at noon to-day of Miss Ruth Hanna, youngest daughter of Senator and Mrs. M. A. Hanna, to Joseph Medill McCormick of Chicago was witnessed by one of the most distinguished gatherings ever assembled in this city. St. Paul's Episcopal Church, in which the ceremony took place, was decorated with the utmost magnificence. The bridal party entered under an arch of white peonies and deutzia, and the pews of the middle aisle were all marked with big bunches of deutzia.

Just before the Lohengrin wedding march was played to herald the approach of the bridal party President Roosevelt entered with Mrs. Hanna on his arm, followed by Miss Alice Roosevelt, with other members of the bride's family.

The ushers preceded the maids. They were Howard M. Hanna of Cleveland, a cousin of the bride; Joseph M. Patterson of Chicago, a cousin of the bridegroom; Robert Allerton of Chicago, W. Beck of Chicago, Ernest Minor of Cincinnati, James Barney of New York, William Williams of Philadelphia, and Malcolm McBride of Cleveland. The maids approached the altar two by two, Miss Florence Cobb and Miss Mary Hopkins of Washington leading. Following were Miss Claire Hanna of Cleveland, a cousin of the bride, with Miss Adelaide Hamilton of Chicago; Miss Virginia Johnston of Pittsburg with Miss Frances Lewis of Portland, Oregon; Miss Laura McGinley of Pittsburg with Miss Eleanor Patterson of Chicago, a cousin of the bridegroom.

The maid of honor was Miss Lucia McCurdy of Cleveland, a cousin of the bride.

The maids were gowned alike in costumes of white silk mull over pale green silk. The bodices were accordion plaited over silk, with transparent yoke of Valenciennes and point d'esprit lace. The skirts were accordion plaited and rooted with an applique flounce of Valenciennes lace. The girdles were of pale green satin ribbon with long loops and ends. They wore white lace hats with medallion tops and with falls of many soft pale green ostrich feathers about the crown.

The maid of honor's gown was like those of the maids with the exception of the silk slip, which was white. The mull was made over white s..., the ribbons of white satin and the ostrich feathers white. The maids and Miss McCurdy carried shower bouquets of white sweet peas with maidenhair fern.

The bride walked with her father. Her gown was a creation of white peau de soie, made Princesse, with bodice effect of real lace with Duchesse lace and hand embroidery in white chenille set with pearls. The sleeves were of the mull with a fall of the lace. The trailing skirt was plain to the floor, with the exception of four inset falls of real lace, over each of which fell a spray of orange blossoms. She wore a veil over her face, caught in her hair with orange blossoms. She carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley and white orchids.

The maids and the maid of honor passed up the chancel steps and awaited the bride at the altar. The bridegroom and his best man, his brother, Rutherford McCormick, awaited the bride and her father at the chancel steps, where the betrothal ceremony was performed by Bishop W. A. Leonard, when the bride and bridegroom passed through the aisle formed by the bride's attendants to the altar. The Bishop was assisted in the ceremony by Dr. Billings of Groton, Mass., Dr. George H. McGrew, and the Rev. W. H. Jones of this city.

The President and Miss Roosevelt were seated in the front pew on the Hanna side of the church.

The ceremony was followed by a wedding breakfast served at Glenmere, 150 guests being entertained.

Among the out-of-town guests at the breakfast were the following: President Roosevelt, Miss Alice Roosevelt, Postmaster General and Mrs. Payne, with their niece, Miss Jones; Adjt. Gen. and Mrs. Corbin, Senator and Miss Kane, his sister; Senators Beveridge and Hale, Senator and Mrs. Wetmore, and Senator and Mrs. Aldrich.

From Chicago the following guests were entertained: Mr. and Mrs. Harold McCormick and Mrs. Robert McCormick, W. G. McCormick, Mrs. Cyrus McCormick, great-aunt of the bridegroom; Mrs. Jewett, Mrs. Edward Blair, Miss Carrie McCormick, Stanley McCormick, Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus McCormick, Jr., Mrs. Emmons Blaine, Mrs. B. M. Winston, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Stevenson, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert S. Stone, Frederic McLaughlin, Joseph Cudahy, Secretary of the Treasury Shaw, Mr. and Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, and Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Ely.

Other out-of-town guests were Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Newman of New York, Mr. and Mrs. Hamlin of Buffalo, the Rev. Dr. Billings of Groton, Mass.; Gen. and Mrs. Charles Dick of Akron, Ohio; Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Wood, Mr. and Mrs. McCrea of Pittsburg, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Patterson, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Patterson of Chicago, Mr. and Mrs. Winston, and Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hole.

The bride's table was placed in the family dining room and was done in white and green. Here were seated the wedding party and Miss Roosevelt.

The other guests were served in a large tent placed between the lake and the house, with which it was connected by a canopied passage. The tent was decorated with flowers of various shades, the color scheme being broken at the numerous tables.

President Roosevelt and Ambassador Robert S. McCormick were seated at the same table.

Hundreds of beautiful and costly gifts were received. The gift of Mrs. McKinley was a handsome vase of Italian ware. One of the most elegant gifts was a set of antique silver, which is supposed to be from the bridegroom's parents, and which was made in England in 1600.

While no public announcement has been made concerning Senator Hanna's gift, it is understood to have been a check for a generous sum. Mrs. Hanna's gift was a string of rare pearls.

Late this afternoon the newly married couple left for Monticello, Ill., where they will spend their honeymoon, after which they will reside in Chicago.

The bridegroom is one of the editors of The Chicago Tribune. He is a son of the Hon. Robert S. McCormick, Ambassador to Russia, and a grandson of the late Joseph Medill, for many years owner and editor of The Chicago Tribune.

PRESIDENT STARTS FOR HOME.

CLEVELAND, June 10.—The President, Miss Roosevelt, Commander Cowles, United States Navy, and Secretary Loeb left for Washington in a special train over the Pennsylvania Railroad at 11 o'clock to-night. The train is due in Washington at 2 o'clock to-morrow afternoon. There was a good-sized crowd at the station to wave the President farewell and he responded to the greetings by lifting his hat and bowing.

WEDDINGS OF A DAY.

Davis—Vose.

The marriage of Miss Grace Allen Vose, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph A. Vose, and Frederick Willis Davis, was celebrated in Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, last night. It was a pink and white wedding, the church being decorated with pink and white flowers and the attendants being in white and pink. The bride, who was given away by her cousin, Joseph M. Vose, as her father was ill, was in white satin trimmed with chiffon and point applique. Her veil was tulle, and her flowers Bride roses and lilies of the valley. Miss Amy Frances Dunn was the maid of honor, in mousseline over pink taffeta; Miss Jeanette Churchill Vose, a niece of the bride, was flower girl, and carried a basket of sweet peas and pink roses, which she strewed before the bride. The four bridesmaids were Miss Ethel Wolcott Andrews, Miss Julia Parrot Fountain, Miss Helen Case Scott, and Miss Julia Hunting Scott, and were in white point d'esprit over white, and carried bouquets of pink roses. The Rev. Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis performed the ceremony. The ushers were Edward Randall Elder of Rutherford, N. J., George Willis Bardwell, Albert Edward King of Erasmus, James Francis Cooke, Theodore Sterling Cornell, and Frank William Trabold of Brooklyn. Frank E. Davis was his brother's best man.

Mize—Moore.

At St. Mark's Church yesterday afternoon, Miss Margaret Tallman Moore, daughter of Mrs. John Wells Moore of this city, was married to the Rev. Herbert Mize, rector of St. John's School, Salina, Kan. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Franklin Babbitt, rector of Grace Church, Nyack, N. Y., assisted by the Rev. Dr. G. D. Silliman of Stockport, N. Y. There were no bridesmaids, but the bride's little niece, Miss Anna Constable Moore, served as maid of honor. The bride was given away by her brother, James Duane Moore. The bridegroom's brother, Chester Lewis Mize, of Atchison, Kan., was best man, while four of the bride's brothers, Lewis Bayard Moore, John Constable Moore, Theodore Moore, and Francis Van Rensselaer Moore, were the ushers. Miss Maud Morgan played the harp before and during the ceremony. After the wedding a family reception was held at the home of the bride's cousins, the Misses Major, of 147 Second Avenue.

Richtberg—Thum.

At the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jefferson E. Thum, at Washington and Charles Streets, last night their daughter, Miss Lillian A. Thum, was married to Herman Richtberg. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Young of St. John's Lutheran Church. The bride was given away by her father. Fred G. Thum, brother of the bride, was best man, and there were two bridesmaids, her sister, Miss Anna M. Thum, and Miss Christine Mulch.

A reception followed the wedding, attended by over one hundred guests. Among them were Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Doelger, Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Michel, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Steele, Mr. and Mrs. Heyl, E. G. W. Woerz, George W. Rand, F. W. Woerz, and Mr. and Mrs. John Stewart.

Doane—Law.

Special to The New York Times.

WATSESSING, N. J., June 10.—Miss Martha R. Law, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Law, and Charles Brooks Doane of East Orange were married in the Watsessing Methodist Church at 2 o'clock this afternoon. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. G. P. Blight, pastor of the church. The bride, who was given away by her father, was attended by her niece, Miss Mattie Eveland, as ring bearer, and Miss Essie Butterworth and Miss S. Adelia Baldwin as bridesmaids. The best man was Henry Albinson, and the ushers were J. Howard Eveland and Francis Law of Bloomfield. Mr. and Mrs. Doane will reside in Bloomfield.

Murray—Ludgate.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—Miss Victoria Regina Ludgate of this city and James Ivan Murray, Jr., of New York, were married this morning at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Ludgate. Miss Pauline Ludgate was maid of honor, and Raeburn Jenkins of New York was best man. Mr. and Mrs. Murray left immediately after the ceremony for New York, where they will be guests of Mr. Murray's father at 173 West Eighty-fifth Street.

Gray—Downey.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 10.—At 8 o'clock this evening the marriage of Edyth Louise, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Stewart Downey, and Herbert Little Gray was celebrated at the home of the bride's parents, 550 Jackson Boulevard, the Rev. David G. Downey officiating. The bride was gowned in white chiffon, with veil of tulle, caught with orange blossoms. She carried a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley. Miss Lila Wells was maid of honor, and the bridesmaids were Misses Dency Belle Copeland and Louise St. John Booth. Brock Porter was best man. A reception followed the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Gray will make their home in New York City.

Milne—Brant.

Miss Estella Brant yesterday was married to John Milne of Brooklyn at the country home of the bride's parents. The Rev. C. B. Howell of St. John's Episcopal Church performed the ceremony. The bride was given away by her father. Miss Jennie Milne, sister of the bridegroom, was maid of honor. Robert Lytell of Brooklyn was best man. The ushers were Herbert Mitchell and Harry Boland.

Moshier—Underhill.

YONKERS, N. Y., June 10.—Mrs. Emma L. Underhill to-day was married to Edward H. Moshier of New York City. The Rev. Dr. Hartsock was the officiating clergyman. The bride is a former resident of Fishkill Landing. After an extended Southern trip Mr. and Mrs. Moshier will make their residence in Yonkers.

Winslow—Valentine.

The marriage of Miss Josephine Valentine and Willard Winslow took place at noon yesterday in the baptistry of St. Bartholomew's Church. The Rev. Dr. David H. Greer officiated. The bride was given away by her uncle, Richard Townsend. A breakfast for the bridal party and relatives at Delmonico's followed the ceremony.

Adams—Appold.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, June 10.—Miss Nellie Bland Appold, youngest daughter of the late George J. Appold, founder of the Merchant and Miners' Steamship Company, was married to-day to Dr. James Frederick Adams. The ceremony was performed at Grace Episcopal Church by the rector, the Rev. Arthur Chilton Powell.

Senator Newland's Daughter Weds.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—Miss Janet Newlands, daughter of Senator Newlands of Nevada, was married to Dr. William Bernard Johnston of Washington at Chevy Chase Church to-day. Owing to the recent death of Mrs. Newlands's sister the wedding was a quiet one, only members of the bride and bridegroom's family being present.

C. N. Tuttle Marries Stenographer.

WASHINGTON, N. J., June 10.—The Rev. E. B. England called at the home of Charles N. Tuttle on Saturday evening to pay a family visit. Upon his arrival Mr. Tuttle requested that he officiate at his marriage, and the preacher consented. The bride was Miss Pauline Pfenning, who has been a stenographer in Mr. Tuttle's office for several years. The marriage did not become known until to-day. The bridegroom is a brother of Mrs. Garret A. Hobart, widow of the late Vice President Hobart. Mr. and Mrs. Tuttle will reside in Paterson.

NOTES OF THE THEATRES.

George Ade's new play, which probably will be produced here after starting out in Chicago early in the Fall, is entitled "The Country Chairman." Henry W. Savage, manager of the production, has engaged Maclyn Arbuckle to play the principal part. The piece is a spectacular comedy in four acts. Mr. Ade's "Sultan of Sulu" closes at Wallack's this week.

Decorators will be busy in Wallack's to-day, for this year's graduates of the United States Military Academy are coming down to attend the performance of "The Sultan of Sulu," and the theatre is to be adorned profusely with flags and bunting. Every Summer the West Pointers stop over in the city and visit some theatre on their way home.

Fred Hamlin and Julian Mitchell, who are producing "The Wizard of Oz" at the Majestic Theatre, have another piece on the same order called "Babes in Toyland," which they will present in Chicago next Wednesday night. If "The Wizard of Oz" begins to lose its hold by the end of Summer, the new play will be brought here to replace it in September.

William A. Brady received from Elizabeth Marbury yesterday a cable dispatch asking permission to produce Grace George's "Pretty Peggy" in London in conjunction with Olga Nethersole or Julia Nielsen. Mr. Brady and Miss George (Mrs. Brady) hastened to engage passage on the steamship Fuerst Bismarck, which sails to-day, and the manager said last night he expected to arrange for the production suggested by Miss Marbury. He said it was likely that Beerbohm Tree, whose play, "The Gordian Knot," failed recently at His Majesty's Theatre in London, would take the principal male part in "Pretty Peggy." The cable dispatch of Miss Marbury was a result of the Tree play's failure, Mr. Brady said. While in London he will engage an actress to appear with Wilton Lackaye in the dramatization of Frank Norris's "The Pit." Immediately upon his return, in about four weeks, he will begin preparing for "Girls Will Be Girls," the musical comedy to be presented at one of the Schubert theatres on Aug. 15.

It was said yesterday that, in spite of the announcement that James K. Hackett was to produce Victor Mapes's "Alexander the Great" in Boston, this city probably would see the new play first, inasmuch as Mr. Hackett had discovered he would be unable to get ready in time for the scheduled presentation in Boston in September. Mr. Hackett is going to Europe next month, partly for pleasure and partly to procure players for the new piece, which will be seen at the Manhattan Theatre early in the Fall unless the producer finds he can make the Boston date.

WHAT IS DOING IN SOCIETY.

Fashionable weddings took place yesterday in town, in suburbs, and in other cities. These formed the chief interest of the day.

There was a very spirited game of polo at Meadow Brook, and among the spectators were Mrs. Norman Whitehouse, Miss May Bird, Miss Livingston, Mrs. J. Smith Hadden, Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Smith, and Mr. and Mrs. Van Rensselaer Kennedy.

Mrs. W. Seward Webb, Miss Fredericka Webb, and Vanderbilt Webb sailed on the Teutonic. Dr. Webb is reported as being quite ill abroad. He went to Europe for his health about two months ago and was to have returned the latter part of May. As already announced, Senator and Mrs. Chauncey Depew and Chauncey Depew, Jr., sailed on the St. Paul. Mrs. Daniel Bacon and Mr. and Mrs. John Blake Baker were booked on the Teutonic.

There has been no confirmation of the reported engagement of W. Bourke Cockran to Miss Kathleen Mathew, the daughter of Mr. Justice Mathew and the sister of the wife of John Dillon, M. P. Mr. Cockran has been visiting in Ireland, and the report comes from recent letters received from abroad. Mr. Cockran is a widower, with a town house and a country seat at Sands Point.

The matrimonial event of chief interest to-day will be the wedding, in Grace Church at noon, of Miss Charlotte Hoffman Prime, daughter of Mrs. Edward Prime, and William Masseno Benjamin, son of the late Col. Samuel Benjamin. Both are related to many of the oldest of New York's families and there will be a representative gathering of the Knickerbocker set. The ceremony will be followed by a reception at the Buckingham Hotel, where Mr. and Mrs. Prime have had a suite of rooms since closing their town house. Miss Prime will be given away by her step-father, Edward Prime, and will have as her attendants Miss Justine Bayard Irving, Miss Mary U. Hoffman, Miss Hélène Lucas, Miss Margaret Doane Gardiner, Miss Marion Armstrong, and Miss Mary Rutherfurd Jay. Mr. Benjamin's best man will be his brother, Hamilton Fish Benjamin, and the ushers are to be Arthur Choate, Richard Morris, James Darrach, Rodgers Bacon, Rufus King, Charles H. Riker, John H. Prentice, and Charles R. Swords.

Mrs. Francis Stevens is in Baltimore visiting her mother, Mrs. Horwitz, and will probably remain there a fortnight.

Mr. and Mrs. Anthony J. Drexel are at Wytham, their English residence.

Mr. and Mrs. George R. Sheldon and Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Jacob of East Island are at their country places near Glen Cove for the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Norrie and the Misses Norrie of 377 Fifth Avenue are at New London, Conn., where they have taken a cottage.

Mr. and Mrs. Perry Belmont, who have been in Paris for a few weeks, arrived in London yesterday. They attended the ball last evening given by Lady Rothschild in honor of the King and Queen.

Mrs. Sidney Webster and Mrs. Henry Clews are in town, having been called to the city by the death of Mr. Clews's brother.

THE NEWS OF NEWPORT.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., June 10.—Mr. and Mrs. J. F. D. Lanier arrived to-night at the Tiffany cottage, Narragansett Avenue, which they have rented for the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Schuyler Hamilton, Jr., have arrived at their cottage at Jamestown, which they have taken for the Summer.

Dr. William T. Bull and his brother, ex-Congressman Melville Bull, will sail for Europe next week.

F. K. Sturgis of New York, who is building a handsome Summer residence on the Cliffs near the residence of Mrs. R. H. G. Slater, Mrs. T. Shaw Safe, and William Gammell, is expected here in a few days. Work on the new house is progressing rapidly.

Mrs. Burke Roche entertained at dinner to-night.

Mrs. W. M. Postlethwait and family of West Point, N. Y., have arrived at the Duryea cottage to spend the Summer with her father, John W. Elly.

Mrs. Wainwright, wife of Capt. Richard Wainwright, U. S. N., has arrived at her cottage at Jamestown.

Edwin D. Morgan and family will arrive at their Newport cottage June 25.

Edward H. Bulkely returned from New York this evening.

James Taussig and family of St. Louis are expected at their Jamestown cottage next Saturday, and Commander and Mrs. L. C. Logan will arrive at Jamestown June 20.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur B. Shipley, who have been visiting the latter's father, Ephron Catlin, at Jamestown, have gone to Marion, Mass., to visit Mr. Shipley's parents. Mrs. Shipley will return to Jamestown for the Summer, and Mr. Shipley will go to St. Louis.

"By-the-Sea" has been opened preparatory to the early arrival of Mr. and Mrs. Perry Belmont.

Mrs. Alexander Barrett, who has been at her cottage several weeks, has returned to New York.

Sir Michael H. Herbert, H. G. Dering, and H. C. Norman of the British Embassy, Joseph G. Johnson, H. Mortimer Brooks, and Eugene V. R. Thayer, Jr., are registered at the Casino. Mr. Thayer is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. H. Mortimer Brooks.

Narragansett Cottage for G. J. Gould.

NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I., June 10.—George J. Gould was here to-day on board the steam yacht Emerald, and he secured for the present season Meadow View Cottage on the Boston Neck Road, through an agent for Miss A. W. Becker of Philadelphia, the owner.

IN THE SHOPS.

The green veil is with us once more, though it is not as much to be seen on the streets as in other seasons. The milliners show their hats draped with appropriate veils. A white hat has a green veil worn with it.

A pretty hat trimmed with deep pink roses has a delicate pink veil worn with it, and a hat with deep red roses is shown with a veil of delicate blue.

A white canvas gown is made up with excellent effect with narrow panels of tucked cream batiste.

Piazza shades are made in different colors to suit the color of the house. Among the best of these shades are those made of strips of fibre, which keep out the sun without cutting off the light. These are raised and lowered easily by means of strong cords and pulleys. They are put on around a piazza in different pieces like curtains and can be regulated with the appearance of the sun.

Similar shades come with a portable lawn pavilion. This has a heavy canvas top and six or eight shades for the sides, each working separately.

A treasure for the woman who delights in the chafing dish is the round chafing dish stove, which can be used with any gas burner and at the dining table or in the parlor. These stoves are nickel finished and cost $4 or less.

Some of the best ovens for the oil stove were made with a thought of Summer traveling. They can be taken apart and in so many flat pieces packed without trouble.

A round oven with a top that removes is a novelty. This fits over one of the holes of an oil stove, a piece like a griddle with a hole in the centre being the foundation. Raised over this, each on three legs and one a little placed under the other, are two round standards for holding the dishes in the oven. Over all, like a cheese dish cover, goes a round top, and when it is in place the oven is ready for baking. Two pies could be baked in the oven at a time.

For the woman who curls her hair with a hot iron there is a heater which can be attached to any gas burner, at the side, without interfering with the burner proper. This heater encircles the iron while it is heating and obviates the necessity for holding it. The iron will heat in two seconds.

Some of the new wide leather belts fasten in front with a bow of leather instead of the buckles.

Any woman can have initials on her Turkish towels if she will. There are towels with red borders with initials in the centre on each end. They cost 12½ cents apiece. Any letter can be obtained.

"Rub dry" towels are said to be the best cotton bath towel made. They are peculiar, the threads in a loose open mesh one way and the cotton woven through the other way filling them with small tufts, making a rough towel. These come each put up in a separate package and cost 50, 75 cents, and $1, according to size.

Pretty things in materials ready for work are waste baskets in cream art ticking ready stamped with patterns for the four sides. They cost 80 cents. This includes the pasteboard for the basket, which is generous size. There are many different designs to be found, including the ever-present college insignia.

Small water color sketches four inches or so long, ready framed, can be had for $1.50 each.

There are increasing varieties of trinkets in gold and jewels. There are animals of all kinds, a menagerie of them. There are small hansom cabs, with horses attached. A glass filled with goldfish with a cat fishing for them is one that is unique. A mouse on a man's hat is another. There is a cart filled with fruit in the form of pearls, and there is of course the automobile, and the monkey, which climbs a gold chain with a pearl at each end. A donkey is on rockers. These are all small to be worn on a chain or bracelet.

Animals are as popular for household ornaments as they are for wearing. Many of them in porcelain are beautiful. There will be a lion and a lioness together or the lion alone; there are birds, the sea birds perched upon rocks in groups. The gulls are popular, and the domestic animals are to be seen. In gray and white is a cat with several kittens, and in cream tones a cat with a ball of twine.

French Cruiser Arrives Here.

The French protected cruiser Tage, commanded by Admiral Rivet, arrived in New York Harbor last night, and will anchor in the East River. The Tage came here from Baltimore. She carries a complement of 530 men and has been twice remodeled. She was sent by France into American waters in commemoration of the hundredth anniversary of the Louisiana Purchase. She anchored off Annapolis, after being in the harbor of New Orleans. To-day city officials and officers at the Brooklyn Navy Yard will be officially received on board.

Big New French Liner Ordered.

PARIS, June 10.—The Compagnie Générale Transatlantique has ordered from the St. Nazaire Shipbuilding Company a new steamer for its Havre-New York service. She will be named La Provence, and will be the largest and fastest vessel yet built for the French company, considerably exceedingly La Lorraine and La Savoie in size and speed.

Jersey Central Suburban Booklet.

The Central Railroad of New Jersey has prepared a Summer booklet for commuters and other suburban dwellers. The pamphlet, which is entitled "Within the Suburban Limits," is issued by the road's General Passenger Department, in this city.

P., B. and W. Declares Dividend.

PHILADELPHIA, June 10.—The Directors of the Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company to-day declared a semi-annual dividend of 2 per cent.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

All — E. & W. Summer Shirts. — Linen

MARRIED.

FORD—GRANT.—At Grace Church, this city, on Wednesday, June 10th, by the Rev. Dr. Walkley, Maud Andrews Grant, daughter of Mrs. John Anderson Grant, to F. Gualdo Ford of Morristown, New Jersey.

GRIFFIN—FULLER.—At the Fifth Avenue Collegiate Church, June 10th, 1903, by Rev. Dr. Donald Sage Mackay, Grace Lavinia, daughter of the late Rev. George Hermon Griffin of Springfield, Mass., to Robert King Fuller of this city.

HUBER—BROWN.—On Tuesday, June 9, at Grace Church, New York, by the Rev. John A. Aspinwall of Washington, D. C., Lucretia Marshall, daughter of the late William Harman Brown, to Dr. John Bessner Huber of New York City.

KNOWLES—NESMITH.—Tuesday, June 9, 1903, at the First Baptist Church, Flushing, L. I., by the Rev. W. S. Bitting, Jean Sarah Nesmith to the Rev. Charles Edward Knowles.

MIZE—MOORE.—On Wednesday, June 10, at St. Mark's Church, New York, Margaret Tallman Moore, daughter of Mrs. John Wells Moore of New York, to the Rev. Robert Herbert Mize of Salina, Kansas.

ROCK—IRWIN.—On Wednesday, June 10, 1903, by the Rev. Charles T. Walkley, Mabel Anna Irwin to Edward Rock.

SEAMAN—FREEMAN.—June 9, 1903, at Middle Island, N. Y., by the Rev. George H. Whitney, D. D., Irmingarde Van Horne Freeman to George W. Seaman of Flushing, N. Y.

SMITH—RICHARDS.—At All Saints' Cathedral, Spokane, Washington, June 9, by the Right Rev. Lemuel Henry Wells, Bishop of the Diocese, assisted by Bishop James Funsten of Boise, and Dean Farine, Grace Dean, daughter of Mr. John P. M. Richards, to the Rev. Everett Pepperrell Smith of Lewiston, Idaho.

SUYDAM—WHITE.—On Wednesday, June 10th, 1903, at the Church of the Heavenly Rest, New York, by the Rev. John H. Prescott of Sayville, N. Y., Louise Lawrance, daughter of John Jay White, Jr., to Walter Lispenard Suydam, Jr.

WINSLOW—VALENTINE.—At St. Bartholomew's Church, on Wednesday, June 10, 1903, by the Rev. David H. Greer, D. D., Josephine, daughter of the late Joseph M. Valentine to Willard Winslow.

DIED.

BARR.—On June 9, after a short illness, Margaret Ann, eldest daughter of the late John Irving and Barbara A. Barr.
Funeral services at 3 P. M. Thursday, June 11th, at her late residence, 243 Waverley Place.

BARTLETT.—At Southern Pines, N. C., on Tuesday, June 9, 1903, Mary Minturn Post Bartlett, daughter of the late Mary A. and Dr. Minturn Post of Baywood, Clifton, Staten Island, and New York.
Notice of funeral hereafter.

BEND.—On June 9th, at her residence, 23 West 36th St., Mary Ludlow Bend, daughter of the late William B. and Catherine A. Bend.
Funeral private.

CLARKSON.—At Flushing, L. I., on Tuesday, June 9, 1903, Harriet Crosby Clarkson, daughter of the late Samuel Floyd Clarkson, in the 66th year of her age.
Funeral services at her late residence, 35 South Parsons Av., on Friday, June 12, at 2 P. M. Interment in family vault in Trinity Church yard, N. Y. Kindly omit flowers.

DE FOREST.—On June 9, at his residence, Babylon, L. I., James G. De Forest.
Funeral will take place at 83 West 39th St., New York City, Friday, June 12, at 10 A. M. Relatives and friends are invited to attend.

GOODENOUGH.—On June 9, Amy H., wife of John O. Goodenough, aged 32 years.
Funeral services at 327 Central Park West, on Thursday, June 11, at 2 P. M.

GOODRICH.—At Holderness, New Hampshire, June 9th, Ellen Chauncy, youngest daughter of the late Rev. William H. and Mary P. Goodrich.

HAWKS.—At Summit, N. J., Wednesday, June 10, Olivia, daughter of the late Francis Tomes and Hannah Gaston Hawks, in the 82d year of her age.
Funeral at St. Teresa's Church, Summit, on Friday, June 12, at 9:30. Train leaves Christopher St., D., L. & W. R. R., at 8:10 A. M.
Washington, Baltimore, Raleigh, and New Berne (N. C.) papers please copy.

HILLMAN.—At Bethel, Conn., Wednesday, June 10, 1903, Mary Augusta, widow of George W. Hillman, in her 73d year.
Funeral will be held from the residence of her son, William Hillman, 220 East Sidney Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y. Notice of time hereafter.

HOPKINS.—On Tuesday, June 9, John Hopkins, aged 50.
Funeral from his late residence, Hotel Winthrop, 125th St. and 7th Av., Saturday, June 13, at 2 P. M.
London papers please copy.

HOYT.—On Tuesday, June 9th, 1903, after a lingering illness, Dr. Ezra P. Hoyt.
Funeral service at his late residence, 17 West 59th St., on Friday, June 12th, at 11:30 A. M. Interment at Hyde Park, N. Y.

RAY.—Mary C., beloved wife of Stanley E. Ray, on Tuesday evening, 9th inst.
Funeral service at her late residence, 386 Garfield Place, Brooklyn, N. Y., 4 P. M., Thursday, 11th inst. Interment at Albany, N. Y.

SUMMER RESORT DIRECTORY.

The best and most comprehensive list of places for the Summer will appear in The New York Times next Sunday, June 14th. Hundreds of the leading Summer hotels will make their announcements in next Sunday's issue of The New York Times. Guide for the Summer tourists. Order in advance from your newsdealer to be sure of getting copy.

The New York Times
"All the News That's Fit to Print."

Burlington Bond Extension.

It was stated yesterday that holders of the $22,000,000 7 per cent. mortgage bonds of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad, which bonds mature on July 1, had very generally accepted the extension privilege offered by J. P. Morgan & Co. Under this offer the bonds are to be extended to July 1, 1905, with interest at the rate of 4 per cent.

Boston Gas Consolidation.

BOSTON, June 10.—Gov. Bates signed the bill for the consolidation of the Boston gas companies this afternoon.

McCutcheon's Store to Close Early.

James McCutcheon & Co. announce that for the next three months, beginning with Saturday, June 13, they will close at noon on Saturdays, and at 5 o'clock on other days.

Secretary Cortelyou Gets a Degree.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—Georgetown University to-day conferred the honorary Degree of Doctor of Laws on George B. Cortelyou, Secretary of Commerce and Labor.

Obituary Notes.

MRS. MARY MINTURN POST BARTLETT, who died after a lingering illness at Southern Pines, N. C., was a member of one of the old Knickerbocker families of this city. Her father, Minturn Post, was the founder of the Mutual Life Insurance Company. Her funeral will take place to-morrow at the Church of the Ascension.

Unauthorized Appeal for Charity.

The New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor has given notice to its contributors and those to whom it appeals for funds to support its fresh air work, that an unauthorized appeal has been issued by a former employe of the association, over her own signature. Those who have received it are requested to disregard any but the official appeals, issued over the names of R. Fulton Cutting, President, and Robert Shaw Minturn, Treasurer.

DEATHS REPORTED JUNE 10.

Manhattan.

Ages of one year or under are put down one year.

Name and Address.	Age in Yrs.	Date Dth. June
ABELL, Frances, 1,367 7th Av.	53	[illegible]
ABRAHAM, Louis, 78 Norfolk St.	27	[illegible]
BAKER, Mary E., 247 W. Houston St.	70	[illegible]
BROWN, H. D., 155 E. 52d St.	5	[illegible]
BEND, Mary L., 23 W. 36th St.	38	[illegible]
BEFI, Rosina, 2,129 1st Av.	1	10
BARLOW, Maria F., 201 E. 31st St.	63	[illegible]
BOWMEYER, G. F., 35 1st St.	42	[illegible]
BARR, Margaret A., 243 Waverley Pl.	64	[illegible]
BLUM, R. F., 90 Grove St.	46	[illegible]
BARLOW, Mary, 192 Varick St.	44	[illegible]
CAVANAGH, Bridget, 1,608 3d Av.	43	[illegible]
CABLE, J. C., New Haven, Conn.	52	[illegible]
CONNOR, Alice A., 153 W. 73d St.	46	[illegible]
CULLEN, John F., 545 E. 12th St.	33	[illegible]
CHUDOBA, Vaclar, 353 E. 74th St.	62	[illegible]
CUCCIA, Vito, 158 E. Houston St.	5	10
DICK, Margaret, 503 W. 132d St.	34	10
DARLING, Elizabeth K., Presbyterian Hosp.	60	[illegible]
DONNELLY, Joseph, 601 Water St.	4	[illegible]
DONOVAN, James, 324 1st Av.	42	[illegible]
EHRLICH, Esther, 105 Avenue B.	57	[illegible]
FARRELL, Maria, 262 W. 37th St.	53	[illegible]
FRAUD, Berl, 52 Essex St.	1	10
FRANCARILLA, Filomena, 52 Roosevelt St.	8	[illegible]
GALOSSO, Joseph, 129 White St.	19	[illegible]
GREEN, Frank, 512 W. 143d St.	1	10
HUGELMAN, Alfrida M., 250 W. 18th St.	4	[illegible]
HOYT, Ezra P., 17 W. 59th St.	76	[illegible]
JASSO, Paul, 226 E. 3d St.	29	[illegible]
JENKINS, Harry, 211 W. 60th St.	41	[illegible]
JACKSON, Emily C., 266 W. 11th St.	6	[illegible]
HOOPMAN, Maria, 62 West End Av.	10	[illegible]
KEISTER, Frank P., Davis, W. Va.	51	[illegible]
KAUFMANN, Jacob, 336 E. 55th St.	51	[illegible]
KELLY, Thomas, 315 Bleecker St.	53	[illegible]
KAPLAN, Mamie, 50 Forsyth St.	33	10
KELLY, Loretta, 231 E. 73d St.	4	[illegible]
LALLY, John, 404 E. 14th St.	56	[illegible]
MORRIS, William, 5 West End Av.	56	[illegible]
MOON, James, 405 W. 25th St.	8	[illegible]
MINOZZI, Francesco M., 37 Oak St.	1	[illegible]
MILLER, Ellen, 218 E. 70th St.	71	[illegible]
MAY, Margaret E., 113 W. 21st St.	40	[illegible]
MORAN, Mary L., 304 W. 148th St.	56	[illegible]
McDONOUGH, Catherine, 2,131 3d Av.	8	[illegible]
McCABE, Terence, City Hosp.	58	[illegible]
McDERMOTT, Ann, 1,597 Lexington Av.	60	[illegible]
McCARTHY, M., 32 Washington St.	53	[illegible]
OHLWEILER, Philip, 236 E. 119th St.	67	[illegible]
O'REILLY, Patrick, 11 W. 65th St.	60	[illegible]
O'CONNOR, John, 304 E. 77th St.	1	[illegible]
PEACOCK, Wm. E., 263 W. 28th St.	48	[illegible]
PASCOLA, Maria, 444 E. 115th St.	1	10
RAPANELLI, Luigi, 436 E. 14th St.	4	[illegible]
REILLY, Annie, 267 Avenue A.	35	[illegible]
ROTH, Abe, 30 Cannon St.	1	[illegible]
ROONEY, Jennie, 321 Cherry St.	38	[illegible]
RODICE, Vito A., 112 Sullivan St.	1	[illegible]
ROWNAN, Amelia, 158 W. 15th St.	58	[illegible]
ROTH, Matilda, 506 11th Av.	1	10
SIEGEL, Bluma, 212 Madison St.	34	[illegible]
SMITH, Catherine, 968 8th Av.	12	[illegible]
STEWART, Christopher, 314 E. 16th St.	34	[illegible]
SHEEHAN, Kathleen, 498 W. 124th St.	30	[illegible]
SKEPPERSON, L., 14 E. 39th St.	36	[illegible]
VOGEL, John, 290 W. 40th St.	62	[illegible]
WELZER, Israel, 180 Norfolk St.	3	[illegible]
WALSH, John, 349 E. 60th St.	40	[illegible]
WECHSLER, Moses, 196 Ludlow St.	1	[illegible]
ZIMMERMAN, Rosie, 122 Ludlow St.	1	[illegible]

Bronx.

Name and Address.	Age in Yrs.	Date Dth. June
FERRIZI, Eugenio, 630 E. 149th St.	1	[illegible]
FOCA, Grazia, 670 Pelham Av.	1	[illegible]
KEOGH, Sarah T., 536 Morris Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
MURPHY, Mary, 1,210 Franklin Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
PARKER, Edward, 667 E. 151st St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
ROWAN, James, 541 E. 141st St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
ROELL, Herman, 325 Willis Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
RUSSO, Vensenzo, Wakefield.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SHEFCHAK, Edward, King's Bridge.	1	[illegible]
STARK, Emilie, Lincoln Hospital.	46	[illegible]
SHEEN, Teresa, Seton Hospital.	[illegible]	[illegible]
ZIPF, Maria A., 740 E. 156th St.	75	[illegible]

Brooklyn.

Name and Address.	Age in Yrs.	Date Dth. June
ABBOTT, F., 155 Greenpoint Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
ARANZWEIG, Anna, St. Mary's Hos.	[illegible]	[illegible]
ANDREW, Walter, 52 Stockton St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
BRODIGAN, P., Consumptives' Home	[illegible]	[illegible]
BASSERT, Dorothea, 10 Court St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
BURNS, Louis, 22 Coles St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
BLOCH, Isaac, Debevoise and Bushwick Ave.	67	[illegible]
BERNDTSON, Ruth E., 400 Bond St.	6	[illegible]
CONNIS, Fredericka, 1,078 Manhattan Av.	73	[illegible]
DORR, Charles, 1,130 Dean St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
ESSIG, Mary A., 100 Hall St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
GAMBINO, Petrie, 171 Sackett St.	1	[illegible]
GROVE, Walter E., 407A Kosciusko St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
GALLAGHER, Mary E., 195 Greenpoint Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
HILL, John, 307 S. 3d St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
HUFFMAN, Ida, 323 Waverly Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
JONES, Sarah, 300 Quincy St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
KELLY, Percy H., St. Peter's Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
MARTINA, Rosie, 249 N. 8th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
MURPHY, Stephen, 124 Grand St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
MACIERA, F., 222 Johnson Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
MARTIN, Arthur C., 174 Stagg St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
MUELLER, Elise, 1,363 Fulton St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
MORROW, Eugene, 196 31st St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
MURRAY, Ellen V., 24 Devoe St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
MUELLER, Charles, 29 Devoe St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
MULHERN, Mary, 479 Warren St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
MANCOVITZ, Malka, 418 Macey Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
McCARTHY, John, Kings Co. Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
O'LEARY, James F., St. Peter's Hos.	[illegible]	[illegible]
O'CONNOR, Julia, 511 Green St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
POYLINSKI, A., 161 Green Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
PROEBSTER, Frank, 381 Melrose St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
ROBINSON, Walter C., 18 Jackson Pl.	[illegible]	[illegible]
ROACH, Mary, 236 Eckford St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
RICE, Florence, 348 Chester St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SHAPIRO, Molly, 242 Thatford St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SCHILLING, Frances, 184 Montauk Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SCOTT, Alberta, 1,005 Atlantic Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SMITH, William, St. Catherine's Hos.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SLEVIN, Kate, St. Mary's Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SWARTWOUT, G., 97 Utica Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SWEENEY, Mary, St. John's Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
VAN HOUTEN, Mary M., 2 33d St. and Avenue F.	[illegible]	[illegible]
VALENTINE, Mary E., 170 Fulton.	[illegible]	[illegible]
WILLIAMS, William, 181 Atkins Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
WOJCIZICK, W., 416 Oakland St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
WOOD, Esther, 349 Carlton Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]

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HENRY E. DIXEY in the really funniest show in town, "FACING THE MUSIC," preceded by "Over a Welsh Rarebit." Mr. Dixey in both.

HERALD SQ. THEATRE, B'way & 35th St. Last 3 Evgs. 8:30. Mat. Sat., 2:15.
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NEXT MONDAY—Seats on Sale.
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SULTAN OF SULU
Music by Alfred G. Wathall.

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with Montgomery & Stone.

Manhattan Broadway & 33d St. Ev. 8. Mat. Wed. & Sat. 2
THE EARL OF PAWTUCKET

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CIRCLE B'way & 60th St. 2:15 and 8:15.
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WEST END THE CHARITY BALL. Next Wk.—The Banker's Daughter.

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AT THE HOTELS.

WALDORF-ASTORIA—Rolla Wells, Mayor of St. Louis; Augustus Eddy, Chicago; A. T. Harahan, Vice President of the Illinois Central Railway, Chicago; S. F. Parrott, Atlanta.

GRAND—T. J. Andrews, Washington; Col. G. M. Hallstead, Scranton.

HOLLAND—John B. Palmer, London; Hobart Ames, North Easton, Mass.; V. G. Beuttell, London; Eugene T. Hay, Minneapolis; Frank M. Bell, Chicago.

IMPERIAL—J. Ramsay Barry, Baltimore; George N. Chalfant, Pittsburg; J. L. Roe, Atlanta; Dr. M. E. Barr, Pittsburg.

GILSEY—E. S. Mullens, Washington; Edward Maclean, Glasgow.

MANHATTAN—Ex-Gov. John Garry Evans, South Carolina; ex-Gov. Charles Warren Lippitt, Rhode Island; Alfred Wright, London.

PLAZA—Herman Oelrichs, San Francisco; S. C. Murphy, San Francisco; G. Zacuse, Kiew, Russia.

SAVOY—S. Lennig Fox, Copenhagen; Paul K. Richter, Chicago; S. Guggenheimer, Denver, Col.

NETHERLAND—H. A. Everett, Cleveland; R. T. Colebrooke, London.

MURRAY HILL—C. B. Smith, Washington; W. T. Burrows, Baltimore; Dr. J. S. Kent, Putnam, Conn.

FIFTH AVENUE—Dr. Manuel Maldonado, Nicaragua; Andrew D. White, Ithaca; S. W. Beach, Paris; Dr. F. Gordon Merrill, Boston; Commander H. Hutchins, United States Navy.

VICTORIA—Major M. C. Foote, United States Army.

HOFFMAN—Virgil P. Kline, Cleveland; Joe Tilden, Dallas; Aviline Montis and Luis G. Molina, Merida, Mexico.

ST. DENIS—J. P. Pigott, Washington; J. G. Morrissey, St. Paul; Leon K. Sarkissian, Alexandria, Egypt; Cyara Liberto, Genoa, Italy.

ASTOR—K. A. Harper, Pittsburg; A. M. Cochran, Havana; W. Bolton, Manchester, England; Alfred G. Deacon, Manchester, England.

EMPIRE—J. D. Callary, Pittsburg; Louis Wellshouse, Atlanta; Frank F. Beard, Baltimore.

Theresa Keating's Murderer Confesses.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., June 10.—The mystery of the murder of Theresa Keating, committed Nov. 30, 1900, has been solved by the confession of August Russell, who was arrested last night. Russell admitted to Chief of Detectives Hayden this morning that he killed the girl.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

Out of Town.

GEORGE W. DOWNS.—George W. Downs, engaged in the manufacture of paper at Ferry and Blanchard Streets, Newark, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy at Trenton yesterday, giving his liabilities as $64,828.43 and the assets as $53,873.30. The Home Rubber Company of Trenton is one of the creditors.

PETITIONS IN BANKRUPTCY.

DAVID FAINBERG.—David Fainberg, liquor dealer, of 78 Canal Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $7,327 and no assets. The largest creditors are the State Bank, $1,800, and E. L. Spellman, $2,000.

JAMES JAMES.—Schedules in bankruptcy of James James, dealer in burnt wood novelties at 55 West Twenty-fourth Street, show liabilities of $5,925 and assets of $2,490. The latter consist of stock, $2,000; machinery, $400, and debts, $90. The largest creditor is William Lubeck, $2,055.

DAVID MARX.—Schedules in bankruptcy of David Marx, diamond merchant of 54 Maiden Lane, show liabilities of $165,004 and assets of $124,746. The largest creditors are J. H. Fink & Co., $20,017; Stern Brothers & Co., $20,176, and Zimmerman, Rees & Co., $10,517. Of the liabilities, $3,872 are secured, $128,373 are not secured, and $36,630 are listed as notes and bills which should be paid by other parties. The principal items of the assets are stock in trade, $36,300, and debts due, $86,768.

JOSEPH BUCHNER.—Joseph Buchner, cigar dealer, of 2,512 Eighth Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $3,287 and assets of $1,076. The latter consist of stock in trade and fixtures, $1,000, the balance debts due. The largest creditor is the Universal Tobacco Company, $2,036. The petitioner had been in business since December 1901. On motion of the attorneys for the bankrupt, Ernest C. Morse was appointed receiver for the property, the bond being fixed at $500.

F. KROEBER & Co.—Florence Kroeber, formerly doing business as F. Kroeber & Co., clocks, 14 Maiden Lane, filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday, with liabilities of $8,857 and assets of $19,594. The largest creditors are Paul Lichtenstein and Alfred Lichtenstein, $2,000 each, money loaned. The assets consist principally of stock in trade, $18,894; debts due, $184, and goods on consignment, $470. Mr. Kroeber had been identified with the clock business since 1859, and had been in business for himself since 1863. He succeeded the F. Kroeber Clock Company, being appointed to the position of receiver in May, 1900, on application of the creditors for a dissolution of the company.

WILLIAM J. HENDRICK.—William J. Hendrick, lawyer, of 302 Broadway, residing at 3,605 Broadway, filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday, with liabilities of $177,257, and assets of $348,457. The latter consist of stocks, $290,500; furniture, $1,050; promissory notes and securities, $8,172; unliquidated claims, $48,730. The stocks are principally in coalfields in Eastern Kentucky, of which State Mr. Hendrick was formerly Attorney General. Many of the creditors are there. Some of the largest are the State National Bank of Frankfort, $42,500; John C. C. Mayo, $12,500; George W. Gray, $10,000; People's Bank of Philadelphia, $5,000, and A. C. Haynes & Co., $3,500. There are 78 creditors, the liabilities having been contracted between 1892 and 1903. Mr. Hendrick has been a resident of this city since 1897.

EDWARD G. BYRNES.—A petition in involuntary bankruptcy was yesterday filed against Edward G. Byrnes, grocer, with stores at 70 Catharine Street, Manhattan, two in Brooklyn, and one in New Rochelle and Flushing, by the Varick Bank, $2,874; George L. Rusby, $1,567, and William A. Schmidt, $1,413. Mr. Byrnes made an assignment on June 9 to Charles H. Young. Yesterday morning a meeting of the creditors was held at the office of the assignee, 76 William Street, at which it was stated that the liabilities were $68,000 and the assets (subject to correction) about $48,420. A committee of six was appointed—W. Adams, C. H. Zinn, and Frank Sittig, representing the merchandise creditors, and W. W. Bissell, R. G. Brewer, and Paul Grout, representing the banks—to examine into the situation and report at a meeting to be held on Monday, June 15, at 11 o'clock.

Judgments.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

AMERICAN BONDING AND TRUST Company of Baltimore City, Md.—C. M. Wells	$1,036
ARMSTRONG, Charles P., Jr.—New York Athletic Club of City of New York	30
AUERBACH, Maxim A.—M. V. Douglass and another	41
BRADLEY, Selden E., and William A. Miller—Swan & Finck Company	127
BOWER, Charles E.—David Mayer Brewing Company	447
BAFF, Barnett—M. Selig, costs	35
BURNS, Arthur—Congress Brewing Company, Limited	1,768
BOYLE, James W.—G. F. Merrill	332
COHEN, Wolf—E. R. Hawkins and another	170
COMYN, Felix—J. M. Partridge, Commissioner, costs	36
CORVIN, Lizzie J.—R. M. Leary	574
CHURCH OF ST. MARY in City of New York—R. M. Leary	6,490
CHURCH OF ST. MARY in City of New York and Lizzie J. Corvin—R. M. Leary, costs	600
CARROLL, Lawrence F., and John Franklin—People of the State of New York	1,000
CLANCY, Alice H.—J. W. Aitken and another	80
CULLEN, Thomas D.—Acker, Merrall & Condit	65
DUGANNE, John W.—J. E. Richardson	47
DWYER, John—Metropolitan Street Railway Company, costs	106
DECKER, Charles E.—G. Wuerth	770
DAVIS, Frank—G. Watson, costs	70
DORN, Frederick—M. V. Douglass	273
EPSTEIN, Solomon M.—M. H. Feder and another	348
FREDERICK, Henry, or Henry F. Schwartz—M. M. Mills	105
FORBES, Charles W.—Acker, Merrall & Condit	52
GEOGHAN, William—W. L. Ogden and another, costs	30
GEORGOPOLIS, George A.—J. J. Kelley	63
GOLDSMITH, Charles F.—M. Bernheim	206
GLEASON, John B.—E. E. Niles	66
GLATTSTEIN, Henrietta—H. D. Greenwald and another	48
GOLDBERG, David—J. Stern and another	127
HENRY, Dora R.—Dorilton Corporation, costs	78
HARRIS, James—C. H. Randall	115
HOUGHTON, Harriet V. and Adam E. Schats—W. J. Bolger	586
HEGEMAN, Adelaide—E. H. Doty	66
HENRY, Mary—M. Grannels	34
HAIGH, Henry M., and John C. Wilcox—H. W. Weber	156
HEITKAMP, Louis—M. Pfister	230
IRELAND, Adella B.—United States Mortgage and Trust Company, costs	125
JANSEN, Claus and Chris—Crandall & Godley Company	296
JOSEPH W. CODY CONTRACTING Company—B. Fox and another	158
KAISER, Joseph J.—M. H. Goodkind	111
KEVIL, Thomas J.—David Mayer Brewing Company	247
KRUNER, Norbert C.—C. G. Krueger	332
LEAZENBEE, Walter M.—J. M. Partridge, Com., costs	36
LANDERS, John—J. H. Fettkoter	67
MANHEIM, Jacob and Louis—W. R. Bell, costs	31
MACKAY, George L.—B. F. Sturtevant Company	2,100
MacDOUGALL, Allan—New York Athletic Club of the City of New York	25
MANFREDONIA, Vincenzo—P. Stromberg	36
McELROY, Hugh—J. E. Nichols and another	96
McNALLY, Harry—John P. Kane Company	3,446
McCORMICK, Jane—O. Schweizer	40
METROPOLITAN STREET RAILWAY Company—T. Grogan	209
METROPOLITAN STREET RAILWAY Company—O. Monroe	3,837
MANHATTAN RAILWAY COMPANY and Metropolitan Elevated Railway Company—E. A. Wetterau and another	564
METROPOLITAN STREET RAILWAY Company—E. Colten	1,175
METROPOLITAN STREET RAILWAY Company—J. Crane	637
NAGLE, Charles—W. Kraemer	11
NEWTON, Harris J.—C. Bonynge	480
OESTRICH, Abram—Fidelity Loan Association, costs	25
OLIN, Earnest A.; Leo Erdwurm and Minerva B. Olin—G. R. Sutherland	510
O'REILLY, Frank—J. Justus	44
PERKINS, George W., President—H. Sheilard	537
PATTERSON, James—C. Rheinhold, costs	70
PLOCK & MURRAY COMPANY—M. M. Sherman	2,105
POLLACK, David—M. Sturm	54
RAPP, Bernard—R. Fabien and another	212
ROE, Katherine—H. M. Young	137
SHERMAN, Gardiner—Corn Exchange Bank	304
STENSON, William J.—City of New York, costs	118
SEMEL, George I.—M. H. Goodkind	72
SCHMIDT, Frederick—C. O'Rourke	3,797
SEARLES, Wendell L.—H. E. Klamt	137
SIMINI, Nicolo—F. Stromberg	71
SCHUMACHER, John—R. J. Moulton	106
SMITH, Richard—Metropolitan Street Railway Company, costs	75
SMITH, Edward E.—T. E. Greacen	85
THE CARLTON HOTEL COMPANY—E. Woodruff	90
THE CITY OF NEW YORK—J. G. O'Keefe, receiver	1,392
THE CITY OF NEW YORK—J. G. O'Keefe, receiver	6,381
WHITE, Curtis A.—T. E. Greacen	242
WACKER, George G.—M. L. Tilden	241
WILSON, George E.—J. H. Scully	151
WILLIAMSON, Matthew D.—J. J. Kennedy	411
WARDENHAUER, Lawrence—J. Poirs	30
WORKINGMEN'S CO-OPERATIVE Association of the United Insurance League of New York—C. Clayton	230

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Schwartz & Isaac Company, New Orleans, La.; M. Isaac, millinery, furnishing goods, and boys' clothing; L. Theriot, notions, laces, perfumeries, and veilings; 43 Leonard Street.
Hecht Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; E. S. Hecht, dry goods; Hotel Marlborough.
Wanamaker, John, Philadelphia, Penn.; Mrs. K. C. Boyle, corsets, Broadway and Tenth Street; St. Denis Hotel; J. F. Collins, house-furnishing goods; H. Cowperthwaite, school stationery and pocket cutlery; Hotel Albert.
Hamburger Brothers & Co., Baltimore, Md.; S. Hamburger, woolens, 717 Broadway; Hoffman House.
Hager & Brother, Lancaster, Penn.; F. G. O'Dougherty, dress goods, cloaks, and suits, 377 Broadway; Hotel Imperial.
High, J. M., Company, Atlanta, Ga.; J. M. High, dry goods, 85 Franklin Street; St. Denis Hotel.
Field, Schlick & Co., St. Paul, Minn.; J. G. Morrissey, cloaks and suits, Sixteenth Street and Union Square; St. Denis Hotel.
Hengerer, William, Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; J. A. Hengerer, dry goods; 377 Broadway; Hotel Imperial.
Syracuse Dry Goods Company, Syracuse, N. Y.; C. J. Barnard, manufacturing department; 51 Leonard Street; Hotel Imperial.
Naylor, J. S. & Co., Wheeling, West Va.; J. R. Naylor, dry goods; E. B. Naylor, dry goods; 101 Franklin Street; Hotel Imperial.
Brown, Durrell & Co., Boston, Mass.; T. C. Donovan, notions; 456 Broadway; Hotel Navarre.
Pelletier Dry Goods Company, Sioux City, Ia.; A. Anderson, furniture; 45 Leonard Street; Hotel Imperial.
Hens & Kelly Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; P. J. Kelly, dry goods; Hotel Imperial.
Good, L. S. & Co., Wheeling, West Va.; L. S. Good, ladies' and infants' wear; 350 Broadway; Herald Square Hotel.
Powers Mercantile Company, Minneapolis, Minn.; W. J. Reid, housefurnishing goods; 45 Leonard Street; Herald Square Hotel.
Williams & McAnulty, Scranton, Penn.; L. J. Williams, carpets; Hotel Cadillac.
Gutman, N. & Co., Baltimore, Md.; Morton Gutman, notions, corsets, linings, jewelry, and leather goods; Herald Square Hotel.
Wiest's, P., Sons, York, Penn.; P. C. Wiest, dry goods; E. A. Rice, fancy goods; Herald Square Hotel.
Schloss Brothers & Co., Baltimore, Md.; L. Schloss, woolens; S. Schloss, woolens; 704 Broadway; Herald Square Hotel.
Forbes & Wallace, Springfield, Mass.; A. Alexander, upholstery goods; 2 Walker Street; Herald Square Hotel.
Callender, McAuslan & Troup Company, Providence, R. I.; D. B. Longwill, upholstery goods; 2 Walker Street; Herald Square Hotel.
Gladding, B. H., Company, Providence, R. I.; R. L. Birtwistle, notions; 45 Lispenard Street; Hotel Normandie.
Prager Company, San Francisco, Cal.; A. Goldberg, millinery; 766 Broadway; Hoffman House.
Field, Marshall & Co., Chicago, Ill.; C. F. Jones, cabinet hardware; 104 Worth Street.
Edwards, E. W. & Son, Syracuse, N. Y.; G. Quatt, dress goods and silks; G. E. Carrick, furniture; Hotel Albert.
Quackenbush, G. O. S. & Co., Troy, N. Y.; E. Q. Lasell, carpets; Hotel Manhattan.
Lowenstein, B. & Brothers, Memphis, Tenn.; G. T. Kilpatrick, boy's clothing, 48 Leonard Street; Hotel Albert.
Porter, J. J. & Co., Pittsburg, Penn.; F. A. Stevenson, laces and white goods; Broadway Central Hotel.
Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Company, Rochester, N. Y.; J. R. McCarthy, waists; 454 Broome Street.
Plymouth Clothing House, Minneapolis, Minn.; M. L. Rothschild, clothing; Hoffman House.
Goldenberg Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; J. Wolf, shoes; Hotel Albert.
Eisenberg, J., Baltimore, Md.; A. Eisenberg, dry goods; Hotel Albert.
Kann, S., Sons & Co., Baltimore, Md.; L. Kann, dry goods; 467 Broadway; Hoffman House.
Strouse Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; M. Strouse, clothing; 732 Broadway; Hoffman House.
Ambach Brothers & Co., Baltimore, Md.; M. Ambach, woolens; Hoffman House.

ITALIAN DENIES MURDER.

Coscone Says He Was Named as Assassin Because of Old Quarrel.

Raffaello Coscone, employed as a collector for a brewery, was arrested early yesterday morning by Detective Sergeant Petrosino in connection with the shooting in Mulberry Street, north of Canal, in which Giammarino Santaniello, a butcher of 6 Baxter Street, was killed and five others were wounded. He was taken to St. Vincent's Hospital, where Dieloio Siniscato, a cousin of the man killed, identified him as the person who did the shooting.

Coscone was held by Coroner Jackson without bail. He declared that he was innocent, and said he had been picked out by Siniscato because his brother, Domenico Coscone, had quarreled with the wounded man.

A few years ago a man named Fula murdered his wife in the house in front of which the shooting occurred on Tuesday night. Fula was executed.

SHIPPING AND FOREIGN MAILS.

Miniature Almanac—This Day.

	A. M.		P. M.		P. M.
Sun rises	4:25	Sun sets	7:30	Moon rises	8:26

High Water This Day.

	A. M.		A. M.		A. M.
S. Hook	8:22	Gov. Isl'd	8:45	H. Gate	10:41
	P. M.		P. M.		P. M.
S. Hook	8:33	Gov. Isl'd	9:00	H. Gate	10:55

Outgoing Steamships.

TO-DAY, (THURSDAY,) JUNE 11.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Amazonense, Barbados	7:00 A. M.	
Bremen, Bremen		11:00 A. M.
Esperanza, Havana and Mexican ports	8:00 A. M.	11:00 A. M.
Fuerst Bismarck, Hamburg	6:30 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
La Bretagne, Havre	7:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
Numidian, Glasgow		11:00 A. M.
FRIDAY, JUNE 12.		
Apache, Charleston and Jacksonville		3:00 P. M.
British King, Antwerp		3:00 P. M.
Hypatia, Argentina, Uruguay, &c.	12:00 M.	2:00 P. M.
Kaffir Prince, Pernambuco	2:00 P. M.	
Matanzas, Mexico via Tampico	12:00 M.	3:00 P. M.
San Marcos, Brunswick and Mobile		3:00 P. M.
Uller, St. Kitts, St. Martins	12:00 M.	3:00 P. M.
SATURDAY, JUNE 13.		
Adirondack, Haiti, Santa Marta, &c.	9:30 A. M. *10:30 A. M.	12:00 M.
Allegheny, Fortune Island, and Jamaica, &c.	9:30 A. M. *10:30 A. M.	12:00 M.
Bellanoch, Argentina, Uruguay	7:30 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
Caribbee, St. Thomas, St. Croix, &c.	9:30 A. M. *10:30 A. M.	12:00 M.
Catania, Barbados and Brazil	3:30 A. M.	6:00 A. M.
Curityba, Cuba via Havana	12:30 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
Daggry, Yucatan	10:00 A. M.	12:00 M.
El Dia, New Orleans		3:00 P. M.
Ethiopia, Glasgow	9:30 A. M.	12:00 M.
Hekla, Copenhagen	11:00 A. M.	1:00 P. M.
Lampasas, Galveston via Key West		3:00 P. M.
Lucania, Liverpool via Queenstown	4:30 A. M.	9:00 A. M.
Minnehaha, London		7:30 A. M.
Morro Castle, Cuba via Havana	10:00 A. M.	1:00 P. M.
Philadelphia, Porto Rico, Venezuela, &c.	8:00 A. M. *9:30 A. M.	12:00 M.
Rosalind, Newfoundland	7:00 A. M.	9:00 A. M.
Weimar, Naples and Genoa	7:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
Zeeland, Antwerp	8:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
MONDAY, JUNE 15.		
Jefferson, Norfolk		3:00 P. M.
TUESDAY, JUNE 16.		
Iroquois, Charleston and Jacksonville		3:00 P. M.
Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, Bremen	6:30 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
Princess Anne, Norfolk		3:00 P. M.
Roma, Naples		
Umbria, Naples, Genoa, &c.		

*SUPPLEMENTARY MAILS.—Additional supplementary mails are opened on the piers of the American, English, French, and German transatlantic steamers and remain open until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

COASTWISE MAILS.

Mails for Cuba, by rail to Port Tampa, Fla., and thence by steamer, close at this office daily, except Thursday, at §5:30 A. M. (the connecting mails close here on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays.) Mails for Mexico City, overland, unless specially addressed for dispatch by steamer, close at this office daily, except Sunday, at 1:30 P. M. and 11:30 P. M. Sundays at 1:00 P. M. and 11:30 P. M. Mails for Newfoundland, by rail to North Sydney, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 6:30 P. M. (connecting mails close here every Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday.) Mails for Jamaica, by rail to Boston, and thence by steamer, close at this office at 6:30 P. M. every Tuesday and Thursday. Mails for Miquelon, by rail to Boston, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 6:30 P. M. Mails for Belize, Puerto Cortez, and Guatemala, by rail to New Orleans, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily, except Sunday, at §1:30 P. M. and §11:30 P. M., Sundays at §1:00 P. M. and §11:30 P. M. (connecting mail closes here Mondays at §11:30 P. M.) Mails for Costa Rica, by rail to New Orleans, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily, except Sunday, at §1:30 P. M. and §11:30 P. M., Sundays at §1:00 P. M. and §11:30 P. M. (connecting mail closes here Tuesdays at §11:30 P. M.)

§Registered mail closes at 6:00 P. M. previous day.

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS.

Mails for Hawaii, China, Japan, and Philippine Islands, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to June §14, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Korea. Mails for Vladivostok, via Seattle, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to June §16, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Pleiades. Mails for China and Japan, via Tacoma, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to June §20, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Victoria. Mails for New Zealand, Australia, (except West Australia,) New Caledonia, Fiji, Samoa, and Hawaii, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. after May §30 and up to June §20, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Sierra. (If the Cunard steamer carrying the British mail for New Zealand does not arrive in time to connect with this dispatch, extra mails—closing at 5:30 A. M., 9:30 A. M., and 6:30 P. M.; Sundays at 4:30 A. M., 9 A. M., and 6:30 P. M.—will be made up and forwarded until the arrival of the Cunard steamer.) Mails for Australia, (except West Australia,) Fiji Islands, and New Caledonia, (specially addressed only,) via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C., close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to June §20, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Moana. Mails for Hawaii, Japan, and China, and specially addressed mail for the Philippine Islands, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to June §22, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Gaelic. Mails for Philippine Islands, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to June §26, inclusive, for dispatch per United States transport. Mails for Tahiti and Marquesas Islands, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to July §5, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Mariposa.

Note.—Unless otherwise addressed, West Australia is forwarded via Europe; and New Zealand and Philippines via San Francisco—the quickest routes. Philippines specially addressed "via Canada" or "via Europe" must be fully prepaid at the foreign rates. Hawaii is forwarded via San Francisco exclusively.

Transpacific mails are forwarded to port of sailing daily, and the schedule of closing is arranged on the presumption of their uninterrupted overland transit. §Registered mail closes at 6:00 P. M. previous day.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

Postmaster Van Cott announces that mails from China, Japan, and Hawaii of the following dates: Hongkong, May 13; Shanghai, May 16; Yokohama, May 23, and Honolulu, June 2, reached San Francisco per steamer Korea, were dispatched east at 10 A. M. June 9, and are due in New York on Saturday morning, June 13.

Incoming Steamships.

TO-DAY, (THURSDAY,) JUNE 11.

Albano, Hamburg, May 28.
America, Cadiz, May 29.
Colorado, Hull, May 24.
El Dia, New Orleans, June 5.
Germanic, Liverpool, June 11.
Gregory, Para, May 29.
Nord Amerika, Naples, May 28.
Pretoria, Plymouth, June 1.
Raphael, Bordeaux, May 28.
San Marcos, Brunswick, June 7.
St. Andrew's, Antwerp, May 30.
Tauric, Liverpool, May 21.

FRIDAY, JUNE 12.

Auguste Victoria, Hamburg, June 4.
Denver, Galveston, June 6.
El Rio, Galveston, June 6.
La Lorraine, Havre, June 6.

SATURDAY, JUNE 13.

Bordeaux, Havre, May 30.
Comanche, Jacksonville, June 10.
Etruria, Liverpool, June 4.
Grenada, Trinidad, June 5.
Menominee, London, June 1.
New York, Southampton, June 4.
Parima, St. Thomas, June 7.

SUNDAY, JUNE 14.

Cedric, Liverpool, June 5.
Ponce, San Juan, June 9.
Prins Maurits, Haiti, June 8.
Vigilancia, Havana, June 10.

MONDAY, JUNE 15.

Anchoria, Glasgow, June 4.
El Norte, New Orleans, June 9.
Finland, Antwerp, June 6.
Maracaibo, Curacao, June 7.
Potsdam, Rotterdam, June 6.
United States, Copenhagen, June 3.

Arrived.

SS Oneida, Chichester, Philadelphia, with mdse. to William P. Clyde & Co.

SS Bluefields, Hastings, Baltimore, with mdse. to H. C. Foster.

SS El Sud, Higgins, Galveston, June 4, with mdse. to the Southern Pacific Company.

SS Morro Castle, Downs, Havana, June 7, with mdse., passengers, and mails to James E. Ward & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 5:25 A. M.

SS Koenig Albert, (Ger.) Polack, Genoa, May 26, Naples, 29th, and Gibraltar, June 1, with mdse., passengers, and mails to Oelrichs & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 3:24 A. M.

SS Allegheny, (Ger.) Haase, Kingston, &c., May 25, with mdse., passengers, and mails to the Hamburg-American Line.

SS Rotterdam, (Dutch, tank,) Peters, Rotterdam, May 29, in ballast to Philip Ruprecht. Arrived at the Bar at 1:30 P. M.

SS Roma, (Fr.) Verries, Naples, May 23, with mdse. and passengers to J. W. Elwell & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 4:30 A. M.

SS Apache, Staples, Jacksonville, June 7, and Charleston, 8th, with mdse. and passengers to William P. Clyde & Co.

SS Montevideo, (Span.) Grau, Genoa, &c., May 21, with mdse. and passengers for New York, Havana, and Mexico, to J. M. Ceballos & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 11 A. M.

SS Jefferson, Dole, Newport News and Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to the Old Dominion Steamship Company.

SS Algonquin, Hale, Jacksonville, June 7, and Charleston, 8th, with mdse. and passengers to William P. Clyde & Co. Is bound to Boston.

WIND—At Sandy Hook, N. J., at 9:30 P. M., calm; dense fog.

Sailed.

SS St. Paul, for Southampton.
SS Noordam, (Dutch,) for Rotterdam via Boulogne.
SS Teutonic, (Br.,) for Liverpool.
SS Arimatea, (Aust.,) for Trieste via Philadelphia.
SS Shimosa, (Br.,) for Aden, Singapore, &c.
SS Condon, (Br.,) for Valparaiso, &c., via Savannah.
SS Chalmette, for New Orleans.
SS Georgic, (Ger.,) for Bordeaux, Malta, &c., via Newport News.
SS Princess Anne, for Norfolk and Newport News.
SS Nile, (Br.,) for Progreso.
SS Julia Luckenbach, for Port Arthur.
SS Yanariva, (Br.,) for Sapelo.
SS African Prince, (Br.,) for Port Natal and Algoa Bay, via St. Vincent, C. V.
SS New York, for San Domingo City, &c.
SS Alamo, for Galveston.

By Cable.

LONDON, June 10.—SS Aurania, (Br.,) Capt. Potter, from Liverpool for New York, sld. from Queenstown at 9:25 A. M. to-day.

SS Kaiser Wilhelm II., (Ger.,) Capt. Hogemann, from Bremen for New York via Cherbourg, sld. from Southampton at 3 P. M. to-day.

SS Narragansett, (Br.,) Capt. Payne, from New York for this port, passed Prawle Point to-day.

SS Thespis, (Br.,) Capt. Ferguson, from New York for Manchester, passed Kinsale to-day.

SS Hellig Olav, (Dan.,) Capt. Holst, from New York via Christiansand, arr. at Copenhagen June 9.

SS Oceanic, (Br.,) Capt. Cameron, from New York, arr. at Liverpool to-day.

SS Philadelphia, Capt. Mills, from New York, passed Hurst Castle at 4:20 P. M. and arr. at Southampton to-day.

SS Napolitan Prince, (Br.,) Capt. Adamson, from New York via St. Michael's for Naples, Palermo, &c., passed Gibraltar to-day.

SS Sabine, (Br.,) Capt. Smart, from New York via Cape Town, arr. at Table Bay yesterday.

SS Majestic, (Br.,) Capt. Smith, from New York via Queenstown, sld. from Liverpool to-day.

Spoken.

Bark Beeswing, (Br.,) Capt. Griffiths, from New York for Adelaide, was spoken May 11 in latitude 25 degrees, longitude 31 degrees.

Notice to Mariners.

GEORGIA.

BRUNSWICK HARBOR RANGE LIGHTS.

(List of Lights and Fog Signals, Atlantic and Gulf Coasts, 1902, Page 170, after No. 867; List of Beacons and Buoys, Sixth Lighthouse District, 1902, Page 44.)

Notice is hereby given, by order of the Lighthouse Board, that on or about July 1, 1903, the following-described lights will be established in the upper part of Brunswick Harbor, on the northwesterly prolongation of the axis of the channel dredged along the water front of Brunswick:

Front Light.—A fixed white reflector light, 18 feet above the water, on a white, triangular, wooden structure of three piles, supporting a gallery and pedestal, standing in 2 feet of water on the northerly side of East River, near the mouth of Academy Creek, and about one-half mile northwesterly from the City Hall of Brunswick. The approximate geographical position of the light, as taken from Chart No. 447 of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey, will be: Latitude, north, 31 degrees 9 minutes 6 seconds; longitude, west, 81 degrees 30 minutes 56 seconds.

Rear Light.—A fixed red reflector light, 36 feet above the water, on a white, square, pyramidal, skeleton, iron structure, on four piles, supporting a gallery and pedestal, standing at low-water mark on the southerly side of Academy Creek, and 3,800 feet (0.5 mile) N. by W. ¾ W. in rear of the preceding. The approximate geographical position of the light, as taken from the above-named chart, will be: Latitude, north, 31 degrees 9 minutes 42 seconds; longitude, west, 81 degrees 30 minutes 9 seconds.

Bearing is magnetic and given approximately; heights are referred to mean high water, depth to mean low water.

FEDERAL COURTS.

Calendar for Thursday, June 11.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Holt, J.—Opens in Room 66, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M. Admiralty.
121—Taylor vs. Fall River Iron Works.
122—Same vs. same.
39—H. R. Lighterage Co. vs. Ward.
38—Ruttman vs. SS. Patria.
140—Merchants' Bank Co. vs. SS. Afton.
87—Kerr vs. Union Marine Ins. Co.
48—Alcott vs. Scow Austria.
130—R. R. Lime Co. vs. SS. Silvia.
88—Blumenthal vs. SS. Turret Age.
111—Burns vs. Burns.
143—McCaldin vs. SS. Horatio Hall.
152—Booth vs. City of New York.
88—Covill vs. Neville.
96—Jacobson vs. Marquette & Co.
84—Booth vs. Tug E. T. Williams.
136—Morse Iron Works vs. Shippy.
137—Same vs. Luckenbach.
138—Puig vs. N. Y. & Cuba Mail S. S. Co.
120—Sanborn vs. same.
151—Schmets vs. Standard Oil Co.

STATE COURTS.

Court of Appeals Calendar.

ALBANY, June 10.—Court of Appeals calendar for Thursday: 293, 294, 475, 212, 295, 296, 297, 302.

New York Calendars—Thursday, June 11

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Van Brunt, P. J.; O'Brien, Ingraham, McLaughlin, and Hatch, JJ.—Opens at 1 P. M. Enumerated motions.
66—Conger vs. Nasler.
57—Herzog vs. Mian. Elec. Lighting Co.
71—Wolf vs. Brumberg.
69—Farrar vs. Farmers' Loan & Trust Co.
70—Same vs. same.
12—Knickerbocker Ice Co. vs. Mayer, &c.
66—Lafferty vs. 3d Av. R. R. Co.
3—People, &c., vs. Goldman.
15—Same vs. Lampel.
20—Kock vs. Zimmerman.
25—Herbert vs. Musical Courier Co.
62—Luyster vs. Joseph.
15—O'Keefe vs. City of New York.
28—Caverly vs. Terminal W. H. Co.
24—Herzog vs. [illegible] Guarantee [illegible] Co.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Term—For the hearing of appeals from the City Court and Municipal Court.—Recess.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Blanchard, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Litigated motions.
1—Conklin vs. Cantor.
2—In re Schermerhorn.
3—Evarts vs. Nichols.
4—Bernheimer vs. Schmid.
5—In re Dodin.
6—Valentine vs. Valentine.
7—Talbot vs. Int. St. Ry. Co.
8—Collins vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
9—Sire vs. Rossow.
10—In re A. Werner & Co.
11—Thaw vs. Thaw.
12—Houghton vs. Hervey.
13—La Boyteaux vs. Plimpton.
14—Straus vs. Hoadley.
15—Same vs. same.
16—Thames, &c., Ins. Co. vs. Headley.
17—MacDonald vs. Plimpton.
18—Milliken vs. Earle.
19—Hammerstein vs. Grien.
20—Annadown vs. McCutcheon.
21—In re St. Nicholas Park.
22—McDonald vs. McDonald.
23—Somer vs. Somer.
24—Boyd vs. Hughes.
25—In re Rapid Transit Commissioners.
26—Gleason vs. Jaques.
27—Girard Trust Co. vs. Case.
28—Olshei vs. Penn. R. R. Co.
29—In re Stones.
30—Rhoades vs. Andrews.
31—Com. Nat. Bank of Cleveland vs. Dun.
32—McDermid vs. Wright.
33—In re Hamilton Terrace.
34—Tuell vs. Paine.
35—Same vs. same.
36—Bowers vs. Denton.
37—N. Y. Cement Co. vs. Creamer.
38—Loewenthal vs. N. Y. Fire Ins. Co.
39—Lemily vs. Quinn.
40—Saunders vs. Carpenter.
41—Dunscomb vs. Poole.
42—Same vs. same.
43—Watt vs. Watt.
44—Beegel vs. Beegel.
45—Mackey vs. Mackey.
46—People, &c., vs. Bartels.
47—Saunders vs. Carpenter.
48—Heath vs. Hasbrouck.
49—Richards vs. Garrett.
50—Halstead vs. Picture Frame Workers' Assn.
51—Barnett vs. same.
52—In re Mellon.
53—Bowers vs. Denton.
54—Rosengarten vs. Clark.
55—Kleinberger vs. Weening.
56—In re Dextater.
57—Schule Mfg. Co. vs. Schule.
58—Byrne vs. McGibbon.
59—People, &c., vs. Sullivan.
60—Mut. Life Ins. Co. vs. Ketcham.
61—Griesman vs. City of New York.
62—Gittleman vs. Gittleman.
63—Deckerhoff vs. Bowman.
64—Same vs. same.
65—McGowan vs. Fitzpatrick.
66—Kell vs. Esposito.
67—Goldman vs. Solomon.
68—Gold vs. Becannon.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Clarke, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Giegerich, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Calendar clear. Motions. Demurrers.
220—Bull vs. Int. St. Ry. Co.
279—Enrikian vs. Kupelian.
280—Conde vs. N. Y. Herald Co.
Preferred causes.
2407—Home Ins. Co. vs. Feltner.
3066—Bridgeport Sav. Bank vs. same.
2726—Wise vs. Butler.
3372—Journal of Commerce vs. Feltner.
2780—Sherman vs. Universal Realty Co.
General calendar.
2217—Smith vs. Smith.
2274—Lewis vs. Ely.
608—Walker vs. Roosevelt.
1968—Rouse vs. Rouse.
590—Barry vs. McArthur.
2171—Mastrobuno vs. Acconcia.
2232—Davidow vs. Davidow.
2271—Matthews vs. Demainville.
2277—Isele vs. Schlesinger.
2282—Norman Fire-proof Co. vs. Taylor.
1860—Boyd vs. Kendrick.
1008—Stark vs. Doncourt.
1908—Shallcross vs. Curtis.
627—Bossert vs. Zimmerman.
1805—Fairbrother vs. Bird.
2142—Welde vs. N. Y. & H. R. R. Co.
2106—Ransom vs. Rogers.
1484—Wastell vs. Belden.
2064—Isaacs vs. Isaacs.
2150—Foley vs. Foley.
1851—Berger vs. Berger.

Highest number reached in regular call on general calendar, 2290.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part IV.—Scott, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part V.—McCall, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Calendar clear.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part VI.—Truax, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Elevated railroad cases. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Parts VII. and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—(Criminal Term)—Davis, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Rand, Garvin, Train, Krotel, and Kernochan for the People.
1—Harvey S. Armstrong.
2—Edward Dorgan.
To fix a day for trial.
1—Ignatius L. Quigley.
2—Frank S. Weller.
3—Grace Hasbrouck.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Leventritt, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Case on.
11787—Conner vs. Vosenuck.
11620—Carnochan vs. Federal Ins. Co.
11757—Holden vs. Woodbury.
11658—Wolff vs. City of New York.
8060—Randall vs. Shields.
11687—Mason vs. Davidson.
11609—Pollack vs. Ruth.
11707—McVity vs. E. D. Albro Co.
11636—McCabe vs. Shirley.
11551—Same vs. same.
11557—McGinty vs. Williams.
11578—Essex Co. Nat. Bank vs. Tucker.
10198—Leaycraft vs. Heuer.
11653—Williams vs. De La Vergne.
11620—Skinner vs. Gray.
11646—Rider vs. Cowen.
10580—Leggett vs. Lasher.
11586—Taubert vs. McPhilips.
11574—Weisburger vs. Van Buren.
11563—Liebeskind vs. Webster.
11706—In re Morris.
11692—Goldsmith vs. Schroeder.
10940—Precht vs. Howard.
11610—Friedman vs. Dalton.
11418—Morris vs. Horton.
11522—Ryan vs. Mut. Reserve Fund Life Association.
11623—Herrlich vs. same.
11704—Boyd vs. Holl.
10626—Morkarzel vs. City Trust, &c., Co.
11590—Dieckerhoff vs. Bowman.
11480—Amer. Woolen Co. vs. Bannan.
11677—Chamberlain vs. Iba.
11721—Ohmeis vs. Griesler.
11610—Sullivan vs. Mrs. Osborne Co.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Day Calendar—To be called in Part III. Room at 10:15 A. M. Cases will be sent from this calendar to Trial Term, Parts III., IV., V., VI., and VII., for trial.
8394—Barry vs. Milliken.
11138—City of New York vs. Brown.
3107—Wellman vs. City of New York.
3340—Leadbeater vs. same.
3405—Davis vs. City of N. Y.
3142—Crowley vs. Johnston.
3412—Peres vs. Sandrowitz.
3521—Brennen vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
3520—Wenjell vs. Robinson.
3602—Lang vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
3624—Frank vs. same.
10018—Havemeyer vs. City of N. Y.
10646—Wall vs. same.
11216—Horgan & Slattery vs. City of N. Y.
11217—Same vs. same.
3556—Jones vs. Sivin.
3303—Deegman vs. Huber.
3630—Koplick vs. City of New York.
3601—Fitzgerald vs. Un. Ry. Co.
3306—Siebold vs. 3d Av. R. R.
11096—Adams vs. Pilkington Con. Co.
11117—Klein vs. Inter. St. Ry. Co.
10045—Knobel vs. Wolverton.
3300—Goldberg vs. Cohn.
3556—Pierce vs. Derby.
1824—Tanenbaum vs. Neuberger.
10046—Guiliano vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
3340—Meiser vs. Gerstein.
10630—Schery vs. Schery.
10871—City of New York vs. Leubart.
3070—Giveen vs. Richardson.
1783½—McKay vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
3060—Cavanagh vs. Ehret.
2512—Barsotti vs. Sullivan.
2710—Franceschini vs. same.
2830—Halversen vs. Frankfield.
11208—Meinrenken vs. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co.
11567—Suss vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
3611—Hopple vs. Truwan.

Highest number reached in regular call on general calendar, 3639.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Bischoff, J.—Opens at 10:15 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Fitzgerald, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part V.—O'Gorman, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VI.—Betts, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VII.—Greenbaum, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Day Calendar—To be called in Part VIII. Room at 10:15 A. M. Cases will be sent from this calendar to Trial Term, Parts VIII., X., XI., and XII. for trial.
2966—Wasson vs. Wing.
10543—Gallenkamp vs. Garvin Mach. Co.
3203—Wanamaker vs. Megraw.
3150—Higgins vs. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co.
11203—City of New York vs. same.
3605—Weingarten vs. Man. Ry. Co.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Dugro, J.—Opens at 10:15 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IX.—Adjourned for the term.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part X.—Barrett, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Calendar clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Parts XI. and XIII.—Adjourned to June 15.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XII.—Amend, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Calendar clear.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Thomas, S.—Held on ground floor in County Court House. Wills for probate at 10 A. M.
Julia C. Morrison.
At 10:30 A. M.
Ann M. Dean,
William Paul,
Jennie E. Kennedy,
Hy. J. Holmes,
Patrick Barker,
Hy. Matthews.
At 11 A. M.
George Waas,
William Henne.
At 2 P. M.
Benjamin Rosenbloom,
Agnes Miller,
Maria V. Lawrence.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Fitzgerald, S.—Held in Surrogates' Court, Trial Term, second floor, in County Court House.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. No day calendar.

CITY COURT—Special Term—O'Dwyer, J.—Opens at 10 A. M. Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Motions must be made returnable at 10:30 A. M. Details on motions will be taken at 11 A. M. No contested motions will be heard unless placed on the calendar before 10 A. M.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Fitzsimons, C. J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Calendar clear.
1365—Grabhorn vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2606—Cent. Brew. Co. vs. Fruchs.
2960—Shulof vs. Finkelstein.
2701—Lawyers' Title Ins. Co. vs. [illegible]
3675—Wattel vs. Stone.
2630—Brenner vs. Morrill.
2808—Levin vs. Trombs.
2704—Wolsmiller vs. Haulenbeck.
[illegible]—Beckman vs. [illegible]

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Seabury, J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Calendar clear.
4312¼—Finck vs. Stachelberg.
1926—Hutt vs. North Brit., &c., Ins. Co.
608—Michelson vs. Richards.
1570—Williams vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
1301—Am. Spectacle Co. vs. Langman.
2049—Kugler vs. Gatzheim.
2060—Keating vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
196—Teetzel vs. J. H. Mohlman Co.
1623—Schoenfeld vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
3804½—Blasner vs. Mahler.
948—Horn vs. Schwartz.
3021—Ehrenfeld vs. 3d Av. R. R. Co.
3024—Wechsler vs. Int. St. Ry. Co.
3025—McCormick vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
3029—Hardman vs. same.
3180—Phillipson vs. Gallagher.
1053—Eisner vs. Hopkins.
1683—Wilkinson vs. Lenox Loan Assn.
1457—Goldberg vs. Lacov.
1680—O'Meara vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
815—Schuman vs. Esposa.
730—Cohn vs. Rosenfield.
3050—Richter vs. Saphirstein.
3039—Schwarz vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
3040—Coles vs. 42d St., &c., Ry. Co.
3164—Charlot vs. Seldman.
2674—Gordon vs. Blumenthal.
2951—Clinicholis vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2967—Latchford vs. Schramm.
2961—Levy vs. Bolliver Biscuit Exchange.
2962—Fitzpatrick vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2976—Phillips vs. Lahr.
2970—Cooper vs. Cooper.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Conlan, J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Calendar clear.
2029—Pfirter vs. Loving.
3061—Jones vs. Dry Dock, &c., R. R. Co.
3063—Charlton vs. 42d St., &c., Ry. Co.
3069—Holmberg vs. Geo. A. Fuller Co.
3070—Geary vs. Terry & Tench Co.
2020—Libreira vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2401—Yochman vs. same.
2838—Becherek vs. Swirsky.
2931—Abrahams vs. Thiele D. S. Co.
953—Bolser vs. Sattler.
1829—Keyes vs. Cowperthwait.
7297½—McDonald vs. City Trust, &c., Co.
2883—Sullivan vs. O'Meara.
2906—Angeline vs. Nav. Gen. Ital.
2909—Beekman vs. Otto.
2911—Puderis vs. Frankel.
2912—Winehouse vs. Seidman.
2913—Same vs. Gootwran.
2921—Gerace vs. Fargo.
2922—Same vs. N. Y. Eve. Journal Pub. Co.
2923—Ciesar vs. Horowitz.
3036—Rauth vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2967—Dougherty vs. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co.
2932—Shamowitz vs. Pearlman.
2936—Taylor vs. Union Ry. Co.
2940—Huneken vs. Terrey.
3050—Realty, &c., Co. vs. Fidelity & Dep. Co.
3066—Heine vs. Epstein.
3071—Fiske vs. Handsbode.
760—Kiernan vs. Beattie.
2842—Nicholson vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2843—Schuyler vs. same.
2003—Loebenstein vs. Hulbert.
1061—Internat. Nav. Co. vs. Sire.
2532—Corcoran vs. Union Railway Co.
5003½—Ewel vs. Kennedy.
2987—Brown vs. Cooper.
2720—Wolfram vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2722—Vacco vs. same.
2723—Wallace vs. same.
2734—Klein vs. Mechanics and Traders' B'k.
2727—Benjamin vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—McCarthy, J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Calendar clear. Short causes.
7321—Levin vs. Meyers.
6962—Brill vs. Levin.
7193—Vernon vs. Moore.
7195—Rudetsky vs. Marx.
7311—Fleischer vs. Schwarzschild, &c., Co.
7240—Kimball vs. Updegrove.
6896—Garlick vs. Levy.
7035—Strauss vs. Am. Vitaphone Co.
7167—Jefferson Bank vs. Aronowsky.
7226—De Dortlicos vs. Richardson.
7039—Tim vs. Jacobs.
7134—Callaghan vs. Martin.
6560—Cleeson vs. Cowdell.
3354—Gasten vs. Oppenheim.
7006—Metcalf vs. Morse Iron Works Co.
7318—Simpson vs. Tillotson.
7065—H. Herrmann Lumber Co. vs. Rothfeld.
Equity and non-jury case.
447—Levine vs. Springer.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part V.—Hascall, J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Calendar clear.
2621—Goldstein vs. Barron.
2975—Whiteman vs. Martyn.
2980—Fleck vs. Friedman.
2980—Pearlman vs. Kallske.
2486—Leffler vs. Livingston.
2701—Krause vs. Bernstein.
2383—Nevins vs. Erie R. R. Co.
2980—Lomonte vs. Int. St. Ry. Co.
2981—Zeuner vs. Man. Del. Co.
2986—Hodnett vs. Hodnett.
2987—McDonnell vs. Columbia College.
2988—Light vs. Miller.
2989—Treuthinger vs. Cohn.
2991—Atman vs. Woog.
2995—Hoey vs. McAdam.
2997—Field vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2998—Nadeler vs. Nugent.
3002—Messer vs. Shilkraab.
3005—Burke vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
3001—Riner vs. North German Lloyd.
3006—Casalio vs. Vitolo.
3012—Casey vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
1017—Eaton vs. Torrey.
1020—Niland vs. Int. St. Ry. Co.
1107—Schweyer vs. Man. Ry. Co.
1117—Lennon vs. Piercy.
1118—Bush vs. Gottlieb.
3372—Mannella vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
3173—Watson vs. N. Y. Tel. Co.
3174—Sullivan vs. J. W. Cody Cont. Co.
3175—Bennet vs. McEntee.
3176—Slavin vs. Int. St. Ry. Co.
3177—Bernstein vs. same.
3178—Salvin vs. Kaye.
3179—Berghaus vs. Lindner.
3180—Singer vs. Lynch.
3181—Swarz vs. Int. St. Ry. Co.
3182—Moore vs. Ennis.
3184—Cavole vs. Int. St. Ry. Co.
3185—Duffy vs. same.

Highest number reached on regular call, 5185.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part I.—Goff, R.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Ely and Smyth for the People.
1—George Galbert.
2—Edward Darveau.
3—Daniel Roland.
To fix a day for trial.
1—Henry T. Hohnes.
Pleadings.
1—Giuseppe Catena.
2—Morris Goldner.
3—Generoso Sarno.
4—John A. Rehm.
5—Edward King,
Charles Grigal,
John Lynch,
John Sullivan,
Emil Sager.
6—James Kelly,
Joseph Stolter,
John Welden,
William Collins.
7—William Tillman,
John Dyer.
8—Alfred Heiman.
9—Michael McLoughlin
10—Frank Williams.
11—Carmine Dinardo.
12—Joseph Schimmel.
13—John Noccia.
14—David Bertin.
15—Michael McGarry.
16—Francesco Zaccoro.
17—Patrick Gallagher.
18—Adam Rehm.
19—James Seedman.
20—Reginald J. M. Power.
21—William Rogers.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part II.—Newburger, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Nott and Hart for the People.
1—Robert A. Ammon.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part III.—McMahon, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Townsend and Thorne for the People.
1—John Shea.
2—Isidore Steinberg.
3—Mary Davis, alias Mary Demorest, &c.
4—Charles K. Havens.
5—Baker R. Jefferson.
6—Frederick Fischer.
7—Frank Smith.
8—Roger Maglio.
9—Edward Tracey.
10—Joseph Urlic.
11—Michael Hoffman.
12—Joseph Simpson.
13—Frederick H. Seaton
14—Samuel Anderson.
15—Lulu Taylor.
16—Antonio Irone.
To fix a day for trial.
1—Edith Brent.
2—Kingston Miner.
3—George McIntyre.
4—John Tully.
5—Charlie Sachs.
6—Ike Mullershvich.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part IV.—Cowing, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Sandford and Train for the People.
1—John Pirl.
2—Albert Beckler, John Bayan.
3—Patrick Heavy.
4—Felix Bovino.
5—Joseph Mariano.
6—Abbey Halpin.
7—John McMahon.
8—James Flynn, Frank Higgins, John Barry.
9—Julius Jude.
10—Willie Bresley.
11—Charles S. Palm, alias Chas. Palmer.
12—Samuel Paper, Nathan Lambitch.
13—Domenico Candiano.
14—Hyman Rottenburg.
15—Edward Johnson.
16—John Larkin.
To fix a day for trial.
1—William Link.
2—Frank White.
3—Mollie Petersen.
4—Joseph Koerner.
5—Joseph Schwartzman.
6—Thomas Lynch.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Bischoff, J.—Michael Boslow vs. William Smith—Michael Boslow.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Blanchard, J.—Boessel vs. American Surety Company—Alfred Jaretzki. Hubbard vs. Pilmus—C. S. Simpkins. German Savings Bank vs. Robertson—Hal Bell. Griffith vs. Oppenheim—Edgar J. Lauer.
SUPREME COURT—Clarke, J.—In re Lyons—Crowley Wentworth. Duer vs. Bekon; same vs. Clark—John C. Coleman.

Brooklyn Calendars—Thursday, June 11.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Second Department—Bartlett, P. J.; Woodward, Hirschberg, Jenks, and Hooker, JJ.—Enumerated day calendar. Court opens at 1 P. M.
188—People vs. Lewitz.
352—People vs. Crouse.
435—Belford vs. B. H. R. R.
441—Seymour vs. Warren.
443—Freeman vs. B. H. R. R.
445—Reeves vs. Saeck.
31 (reargument)—Hartley vs. Pioneer Iron Works.
[illegible] (reargument)—Burdick vs. Burdick.
[illegible]—McAllister vs. Fidelity & Deposit Co.
[illegible]—Hunt vs. Osborn.
378—Farmer vs. Sweet.
401—Beattys vs. Wiley.
402—Same vs. same.
306—Wagner vs. Consolidated Gas Co.
[illegible]—Connolly vs. B. H. R. R.
[illegible]—Bagly vs. Weddigen.
315—Tubman vs. B. H. R. R.

AUCTION SALES.

LAST DAY OF THE LANGHAM HOTEL SALE,
52d Street and 5th Ave.
To-day's portion of the catalogue includes the linen, kitchen ranges and utensils, cafe furniture, laundry machinery, Lorillard refrigerators and a lot of odds and ends of furniture, etc.
JOHN FELL O'BRIEN, Auctioneer,
NEW YORK ART GALLERIES' MANAGER,
2 WEST 28TH STREET.
DEALERS ESPECIALLY INVITED.

AUCTION SALES.

FIFTH AVE. AUCTION ROOMS, 238 5th Av. Wm. B. Norman, Auctioneer.
Twenty-sixth Sale by Auction of THE PROVIDENT LOAN SOCIETY OF NEW YORK.
Fourth Av. Office, 279 Fourth Av., of unredeemed pledges running from No. 34,051 to No. 43,194, and embracing dates of December 1st, 1901, to February 28th, 1902, both inclusive, and all goods left over from former sales. Also, ELEVENTH SALE BY AUCTION OF THE PROVIDENT LOAN SOCIETY of New York, ELDRIDGE ST. BRANCH OFFICE, 186 Eldridge St., of unredeemed pledges running from No. 38,906 to No. 46,217, and embracing dates of December 1st, 1901, to February 28th, 1902, both inclusive, and all goods left over from former sales. Also FOURTH SALE BY AUCTION OF THE PROVIDENT LOAN SOCIETY of New York, FORTY-SECOND ST. BRANCH OFFICE, 119 West 42d St., of unredeemed pledges running from No. 2,808 to No. 5,701, and embracing dates of December 1st, 1901, to February 28, 1902, both inclusive, and all goods left over from former sales, to be sold THIS MORNING AT 10 A. M.

IN RE, BURRELL & CORR.—In pursuance to an order made on the 2d day of June, 1903, by the Hon. John Proctor Clark, a Justice of the Supreme Court of New York, at the City of New York, in Special Term thereof, held in Part II., I, the undersigned, receiver, will sell through Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer, at his salesrooms, No. 113 and 115 Leonard Street, New York City, to-day, Thursday, June 11th, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., the assets of the said firm of Burrell & Corr to the highest bidder, said assets consisting of
UMBRELLAS, UMBRELLA HANDLES, RODS, RIBS, MATERIALS, ETC.
By order of LOUIS A. JAFFER, Receiver.

Public Pound, 185th St., June 11, 10 A. M., bay horse and harness. Louis Wiegel, Poundmaster.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Dickey, J.; Part III., White, J.; Part IV., Herrick, J.; Part V., Rogers, J.—Opens at 10 A. M. Day calendar.
1281—Gershinsky vs. Nut. Real Estate Co.
7180—Fifth Av. Bank vs. Firth et al.
2212—Thornton vs. Hogan & Sons.
6221—Brown vs. City of New York.
7004—Matulewicz vs. Met. St. R. R.
5574—Ball vs. Hoyt.
6420—Berry vs. B'klyn Lumber Co.
2448—Curren vs. Nelson.
6027—Carman vs. Walton.
6883, 6884—Schilling vs. Gibb.
11406—Rush vs. Bauland Co.
1073—Logue vs. City of New York.
7400, 7401—Smith vs. B. H. R. R.
7402—Herman vs. Nat. Enameling Co.
7490—Silva vs. Silva.
7473, 7474—Fleming vs. B. H. R. R.
7478—Hoffman vs. Nat. Enameling Co.
7366—Becker vs. Bruggeman.
7468—Ott vs. Schole.
6029—Brill vs. Stelmack.
11397—Flinn vs. American Engine Co.
11337—Churchman vs. Ralph.
11261—Barbaro vs. Miller.
7408, 7409—Gerlando vs. Monahan.
11336—Ketcham vs. Int. St. R. R.
7459—Ruhla vs. Munsch.
7329—Gorman vs. Green.
4800—Carlson vs. City of New York.
3418—Kuttner vs. Ulman et al.

Highest number reached on regular call, 7479.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term for Trials—Marean, J.—Opens at 10 A. M. Day calendar.
2304—Williams vs. Macaulay.
2370—Fox vs. Duffy.
1890—Village of Grand View vs. Reeve.
2173—Volkommer vs. Frank.
305—Salmon vs. Norris.
1740—Hood vs. Schmidt.
2310—Harvey vs. Harvey.
2108—Davenport vs. Sammons.
2371, 2372—McLaughlin vs. Smith.
2383—Briedy vs. B'klyn Bond & Mort. Co.
1302—Buckley vs. Boston Dyewood Co.
2371—Strassle vs. Strassle.
2367, 2226—Elliott vs. B. H. R. R.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term for Motions—Maddox, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M. Motion calendar at 10:30 A. M.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Calendar—Part I.—Aspinall, J. Court opens at 10 A. M.
The People vs. Metnetski & Lewis.
Same vs. De Mato.
Same vs. Van Varst.
Same vs. Weldo.

COUNTY COURT—Part II.—Civil Calendar—Crane, J. Court opens at 10 A. M.
In re Griesmann.
401—Coykendall vs. Bowen.
631—Gray vs. B. H. R. R.
641—Kuhn vs. Siefert.
515—Hering vs. Kiernan.
200—Correole vs. B. H. R. R. Co.
626—Ronalds & Johnson vs. Carey.

Queens County Calendar—Thursday, June 11.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Keogh, J.—Court opens and calendar called at 9:45 A. M.
1544—Derra vs. N. Y. & Queens Co. R. R. Co.
1474—Schroeder vs. Cent. Realty Co.
1146—Holtzbach vs. R. H. R. R. Co.
1207—Fischer vs. City of New York.
1576—Clancy vs. N. Y. & Queens Co. R. R. Co.
1577—Same vs. same.
1348—Taffe vs. Simonson Son & Co.
1528—Quigley vs. Pfiess.
312—Liebermann vs. Strauss.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. Causes will not be set down for a day upon the call:
102—Thamer, as administratrix, vs. Met. Life Ins. Co.
978—Welk vs. Jackson Iron Works.
985—Gretscher vs. Volkenning.
1066—Conway vs. R. H. R. R. Co.
1067—Same vs. same.
1127—Harrison vs. Woodruff.
308—Rosenberg vs. City of New York.
323—Brady vs. same.
324—Gleason vs. same.
321—O'Donnell vs. same.
322—Carr vs. same.
323—Uhlin vs. same.
317—McCraken vs. same.
312—Hunt vs. same.
322—Richardson vs. same.
326—Carvey vs. same.
318—Murphey vs. same.
315—Joyce vs. same.
313—Hurtin vs. same.
311—Eagan vs. same.
319—Moran vs. same.
904—Boycott vs. N. Y. & Queens Co. R. R. Co.

Highest number reached on general calendar, 1632.

CALENDAR FOR MONDAY, JUNE 15.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Keogh, J.—Court opens and calendar called at 9:45 A. M.
301—Molloy vs. Molloy.
164—Dinger vs. City of New York.
153—Same vs. same.
306—Finley vs. Toussaint.
423—Old Mill Land Improvement Co. vs. Van Wicklen.
424—Bragaw vs. Stemmler et al.
425—Leary vs. Walls.
426—Andrews vs. Andrews et al.
427—Curley vs. Byrnes et al.
428—Eldridge, as executor, vs. Stewart.
429—McCall vs. Fowler.
430—Kasten vs. Kasten et al.
431—Floyd and another vs. Hitchcock et al.
432—Pfiester vs. Pfiester.
433—Sargent vs. Nightingale et al.
434—Mullin vs. Mullin.
435—Larson vs. Walters, Jr., et al.
436—Same vs. same.
437—Andrews and another vs. Andrews and another.
438—Leary vs. Walls.
439—Carpenter vs. Mache.
440—Corn vs. Levy, executrix.
441—Harter vs. Stoesser.
442—Dunne vs. Dunne.
443—Bischof vs. North Shore Realty Co.
445—Cole vs. Cole.
446—Miller vs. Marion.

CALENDAR FOR MONDAY, JUNE 15.

COUNTY COURT—Trial Term—Moore, J.—Court opens and calendar called at 10 A. M.
241—Brennan vs. Foster, executor.
242—Boyes & Barnes Co. vs. Gappert and another.
243—Ackerman vs. Beebe.
244—Martin vs. Dillman.
245—McWilliams vs. N. Y. & Q. Co. R. R. Co.
246—Ahrends vs. Barry.
247—Bowne vs. Dugley and another.
248—Stroeber vs. Hicks.
249—Hammacher vs. Lipton.

Special Term Cause.—33—Schmidt vs. Carr.

SUPREME COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this court make up a new calendar for the trial of issues for the October Term, 1903.

No cause on the present calendar shall be placed on the new calendar unless a new note of issue thereof be filed with the County Clerk on or before the first Monday of September, 1903.

Such note of issue must contain the additional statement that the cause is still pending and undetermined and specify its number on the present calendar.

The call from the new calendar shall commence with the cause last reached this June term, 1903.
THOMAS S. SEAMAN, Clerk.

Westchester County Court.

Day Calendar for June 11.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Garretson, J.—Court opens and calendar called at 10 A. M.
24—People, &c., vs. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. Co.
12—Shreve vs. Bailey Co.
18—Dalton vs. West. El. Ry. Co.
16½—Huff vs. Miller.
21—Haulenbeck vs. Curtis.
22—Chambers vs. Webster.
26—Busing vs. Lemay.
27—Lynch vs. Van Tassell.
28—Blanchard vs. Severance.
30—Chambers vs. Webster.
31—Mann vs. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co.

The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day:
33—Callahan vs. Yonkers R. R. Co.
34—Taylor vs. Norris.
35—Easton vs. Seacord.
36—Rosenblum vs. Vogelmann.
37—Murphy vs. Hancock Ins. Co.
43—[illegible] vs. [illegible]
43—Hempstead vs. Robinson.
44—Strohbeck vs. Sheehan.
45—Day vs. Union Ry. Co.
46—Murphy vs. Mut. Life Ins. Co.

NOTES OF INSURANCE INTERESTS.

Edward Cluff, having disposed of his interest in the Union Casualty and Surety Company of St. Louis, will retire from the Presidency of the company, and be succeeded by William Halls, Jr., a Vice President and Director of the Hanover National Bank.

F. M. Jones has been appointed special agent of the Sun Insurance Office of London for Ohio and West Virginia, with headquarters at Cincinnati.

E. R. Chandler of Detroit has been appointed Michigan general agent of the Globe and Rutgers Insurance Company.

The National Fire Protection has adopted a resolution governing the installation of sprinkler apparatus, which was in part as follows: "Resolved, That it is the sentiment of the National Fire Protection Association that automatic sprinklers should be installed by the recognized automatic sprinkler companies, and should not be sold to be erected by those not experienced in the installation of an automatic sprinkler equipment, unless such installation be guaranteed to comply with the rules of the National Board of Fire Underwriters by the sprinkler company furnishing the devices installed."

Metropolitan Trust Dividend.

The Metropolitan Trust Company has declared a semi-annual dividend at the rate of 16 per annum, payable June 26. The previous dividend rate was of 16 per cent. The deposits of the company have increased since the statement of last April from $23,300,000 to about $27,500,000.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Army.

Changes in stations of officers of the Ordnance Department:

Capt. Colden L'H. Ruggles, from duty at the works of the Bethlehem Steel Company, Pennsylvania, to the Watertown Arsenal, Massachusetts, to take effect July 1.

Capt. William H. Tschappat, from duty at Sandy Hook proving grounds, to South Bethlehem, Penn., to take effect June 24.

First Lieut. Herman W. Schull, from duty at Sandy Hook proving grounds, to the Frankford Arsenal, to take effect June 24.

First Lieut. Hanson B. Blas[illegible], will take station at Watertown, Mass., July 1.

Capt. Benjamin Alvord is transferred from the Twentieth Infantry to the Twenty-fifth Infantry, and Capt. William H. H. Chapman, from the Twenty-fifth to the Twentieth Infantry.

First Lieut. William E. Folwell, First Infantry, is transferred to Company D of that regiment, and First Lieut. Thomas J. Fealy, to Company F.

Navy.

The following appointments of Assistant Surgeons and rank of Lieutenant (junior grade) are announced: C. C. Grieve, W. H. Reinle, W. E. Smith, W. S. Hoen, W. W. Verner, O. Kohlhas, and F. S. Rossiter.

Assistant Paymaster J. A. Bull is appointed with rank of Ensign.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—Arrivals—Annapolis, Monadnock, and Nanshan, at Che-Foo; Don Juan de Austria, at Fusan.

Sailings—Chicago, Machias, and San Francisco, from Lisbon for Southampton; Arkansas, from New Orleans for Key West; Illinois, from Norfolk for New York; Culgoa, from San Juan for New York; Villalobos, from Kow-Kiang for Hankow.

The commandant of the Mare Island yard has been directed to place the Concord in commission as soon as practicable.

EXCURSIONS.

IRON STEAMBOAT CO. CONEY ISLAND

Leave FOOT 22D ST., North River, 9:30, 10:45 a.m., 12:00 m., 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:30, 6:00, 7:00 p.m. Leave Pier (New) No. 1 North River, } Half hour later. Leave NEW IRON PIER, Coney Island, 11:10 a.m., 12:25, 1:40, 2:40, 3:40, 4:40, 6:10, 7:40, 8:40 p.m. ROUND TRIP TICKETS, 25 CENTS. ACKER, MERRALL AND CONDIT'S LIQUORS and CIGARS served under company management.

WEST POINT, NEWBURGH & POUGHKEEPSIE,

UP THE PICTURESQUE HUDSON, Grand Daily Outings (except Sunday). By Palace Iron Day Line Steamers "NEW YORK" and "ALBANY." From Brooklyn, Fulton St. (by Annex) 8:00 A.M. " New York, Desbrosses St. Pier 8:40 " " West 22d St. Pier 9:00 " " West 129th St. Pier 9:20 " Returning due in New York 5:30 P.M. MORNING AND AFTERNOON CONCERTS.

DAILY EXCURSIONS UP THE HUDSON

TO WEST POINT, NEWBURGH AND SUMMIT OF MT. BEACON. COOL—COMFORTABLE—DELIGHTFUL. Str. HOMER RAMSDELL leaves Franklin St. 9:30 A.M.; W. 129th St. 10 A.M. Returning, leaves Newburgh 3:30 P.M. Round trip to West Point or Newburgh, 75c. Round trip to Mt. Beacon, $1.00.

SUMMER RESORTS.

NEW YORK.

Sharon Springs.

SHARON SPRINGS, N.Y.

The Baden-Baden of America. Best White Sulphur, Magnesia, Chalybeate Springs in the world. Picturesque and ideal spot for health and recreation; free from malaria and mosquitoes. For particulars and booking apply 1,364 Broadway, N. Y.

SHARON SPRINGS, N. Y.

White Sulphur Springs and Baths. **Pavilion Hotel and Cottages.** Awarded a Diploma and Medal at the Paris Exposition in 1900. Baths open June 15. Pavilion open June 20. Send for pamphlet. John H. Gardner & Son.

Thousand Islands.

THE COLUMBIAN,

1,000 ISLAND PARK, St. Lawrence River, N. Y. The best located and most attractive hotel among the Thousand Islands. Thoroughly up to date in all respects. Orchestra, boating, fishing, etc. Open June 15. L. A. JOHNSON, Prop.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the matter of the Application for a Voluntary Dissolution of the EXPORT LUMBER COMPANY, a Domestic Corporation.—Notice of Appointment of Receiver.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed by the Supreme Court, State of New York, in the County of New York, the receiver of all the property, assets, and effects of Export Lumber Company, the corporation above named, and that he has this day duly qualified as such receiver, and does hereby require that:

First—All persons indebted to said corporation render an account to the undersigned at his office, in the Whitehall Building, Battery Place, Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, of all debts and sums of money owing by them, respectively, to such receiver, and to pay the same to him on or before the 1st day of August, 1903.

Second—All persons having in their possession any property or effects of such corporation, deliver the same to the said receiver on or before the said 1st day of August, 1903.

Third—All the creditors of such corporation deliver to the said receiver their respective accounts and demands on or before the said 1st day of August, 1903.

Fourth—All persons holding any open or subsisting contract of such corporation present the same in writing and in detail to such receiver at his office as aforesaid on or before the said 1st day of August, 1903.—Dated Whitehall Building, Battery Place, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y., June 10th, 1903.

WATERMAN A. TAFT, Receiver.

DAVIES, STONE & AUERBACH, Attorneys for Receiver, 32 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York, N. Y.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Manhattan Railway Relief Association of the City of New York, a domestic corporation having its principal business office in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, in and for the County of New York, at Special Term, Part I, thereof, to be held in the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 20th day of July, 1903, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to Interborough Rapid Transit Relief Association.

Dated New York City, June 10th, 1903.

MANHATTAN RAILWAY RELIEF ASSOCIATION,

By E. A. PICKETT, President.

A. C. & F. W. HOTTENROTH, Attorneys for Petitioner, 271 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—LEWIS W. WRIGHT vs. CHARLES C. MEIGS. You will please take notice that pursuant to the terms of an order of the Supreme Court, held in and for the County of New York, on the 4th day of February, 1903, made in the above-entitled action, you and each of you who are creditors of the copartnership of Wright & Meigs, formerly doing business at No. 149 Beekman Street, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, State of New York, are required to present your respective claims, accounts, and demands, duly proven by affidavit in the usual form, to the undersigned referee at his office, No. 49 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 8th day of August, 1903, otherwise you may be excluded from any dividend which may be paid by the receivers of said firm out of the assets in their hands.—Dated New York, Feby. 4th, 1903. W. BENTON CRISP, Referee, 49 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

SUMMER RESORTS.

NEW YORK.

Westchester County.

BRIARCLIFF LODGE

The Hotel Beautiful of the Westchester Hills.

BRIARCLIFF MANOR, NEW YORK, THIRTY MILES FROM TOWN.

An exquisitely appointed and perfectly kept hotel.
The most varied range of picturesque Hudson River and hill-country scenery.
Near the well-kept golf links of the Mt. Pleasant Club.
Perfect roadways and superior stable equipment.
Indoor attractions include fine music, billiard room, Dutch and Japanese rooms, swimming pool, etc.
Telephone No. 1 Briarcliff.

DAVID B. PLUMER, Manager.

Health and Pleasure

during the hot summer can be had at moderate cost

IN THE MOUNTAINS

of Orange, Sullivan, Ulster and Delaware Counties, N. Y., on the New York, Ontario & Western Railway. Physicians heartily recommend this region as one of great natural beauty and absolute healthfulness. 2,000 feet above the sea, with Pure Air, Pure Water, Pure Milk. No Malaria or Mosquitoes and within three hours' ride from New York. Send 8 cents for postage to the undersigned, or call and get free at offices below the SUPERBLY ILLUSTRATED BOOK, "SUMMER HOMES," of 200 pages. It gives list of over 900 Hotels, Farm and Boarding Houses, with their location, rates of board, facilities, attractions, &c.

IN NEW YORK: 141, 165, 167, 425, 1354, 1370 Broadway; 3 Park Place; 287, 389 4th Av.; 245 Columbus Av.; 153 East 125th St.; 273 West 125th St.; 182 5th Av.; ticket offices Franklin and 42d St. Ferries.

IN BROOKLYN: 4 Court St.; 860 Fulton St.; 390 Broadway; Eagle Office.

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Along the North Shore of Long Island Sound, at the charming inland locations of Connecticut, and among the Berkshires and Litchfield Hills, reached by the finest through and suburban train service running out of New York. Send 2-cent stamp to New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad, Room No. 3, Grand Central Station, New York, or to Passenger Department, New Haven, for descriptive books and lists of hotels, boarding houses, rates for board, and passenger fares.

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NEW YORK.

Lake George.

NEW FORT WILLIAM HENRY HOTEL, LAKE GEORGE, N. Y.

Owned by Hudson Valley Railway Company. At the Gateway of the Adirondacks. Most beautifully located Summer hotel in New York State. Furnished new throughout. Surpassing its old-time popularity. Doring's celebrated string and brass band. Open from June to October. Hourly trolley service to Saratoga. W. W. BROWN, Mgr.

15 years at Sagamore Hotel, Lake George. Largest hotel in the Adirondacks. Accommodates 800. An ideal spot for health and recreation. Write for handsome illustrated folder.

Richfield Springs.

Messrs. Earle and Son announce the opening of the Hotel Earlington, Richfield Springs, N.Y. Thursday June 25th St. James Saturday June 20th. New York Office Hotel Earlington 27th St. West near Broadway.

RICHFIELD SPRINGS, N. Y. BOOKLETS AND INFORMATION AT 429 BROADWAY, N. Y.

Thousand Islands.

FRONTENAC HOTEL,

Thousand Islands, St. Lawrence River, N. Y. Eight hours from New York City via New York Central R. R. from 42d Street. Cool breezes; only twenty miles from Lake Ontario. Finest Summer climate. Boating, fishing, canoeing, tennis, golf links; no mosquitoes. Excellent orchestra. The hotel is justly entitled to the front rank of palatial Summer hotels for comfort, convenience, and modern appointments. Open June 20th.

C. G. TRUSSELL, Manager.

Also Manager of Bon Air Hotel, Augusta, Ga.

Catskill Mountains.

GRANT HOUSE

JEFFERSON HEIGHTS, CATSKILL, N. Y., WILL OPEN UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT. The Best-Known House Along the Hudson River. Seven-Hole Golf Course on the Grounds. Direct Access by Boat and Rail. Personal Investigation Solicited. Frank N. Rogers, Prop.

KISKATOM RETREAT HOUSE, CATSKILL MOUNTAINS. House recently enlarged and refurnished; lighted by gas; $6 to $10 per week; free boating and fishing; high elevation; plenty of shade; all amusements. W. P. Fisher, Kiskatom, Greene Co., New York.

THE PINES, WINDHAM, N. Y. (Capacity, 125.) Delightful location; beautiful shady grounds; spring water; sanitary plumbing; house lighted throughout by gas; terms, $8.00 to $12.00. (Booklet.) W. R. SOPER.

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STAMFORD NEW YORK "QUEEN OF THE CATSKILLS."

Elevation 1,800 feet. Free from fogs, mosquitoes and malaria. Amusements: Golf, Fishing, Boating, Tennis, Bowling and Dancing, etc. Delightful drives. Booklets at Room 317 Temple Court; 952-1404 and 1135 (Room 1317) Broadway, New York, and Eagle Building, Brooklyn. Particulars and list of Hotels in Sunday Edition.

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SUNSET PARK INN HAINES FALLS, N. Y. FINEST IN CATSKILLS. GRANDEST VIEWS IN AMERICA. CHARLES E. LELAND, Mgr. Formerly Windsor Hotel, New York, and Childwold, Adirondacks.

Pine Hill.

MOUNTAIN INN, Pine Hill, N. Y.—Catskills. Healthiest spot in Mountains. Electric lights, baths, bowling alley, music. New pleasure grounds. New system of drainage, best in that section. High-class table and service. T. R. MOORE.

Ulster County.

Windsor Lake House

In the Shawangunk M'tns. Accommodates 300. Elevation 1,500 ft. Grand Scenery. Healthiest Location. All amusements. No malaria, no mosquitoes. Coolest and best equipped house in the mountains. Personal inspection solicited. Illustrated booklet. PAUL NICHOLS, Greenfield, Ulster Co., N. Y.

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NEW YORK.

Westchester County.

THE BELVEDERE, Larchmont-on-the-Sound, N. Y.—Special rates for season guests; appointments, cuisine, and service of the highest order; grill room. Tel., 168—Larchmont. Illustrated booklet. BYRNES & WELCH, Props.

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MANHATTAN BEACH

MANHATTAN BEACH HOTEL

Will Open Tuesday, June 16. T. F. SILLECK, Manager, 289 Fourth Av., at 23d St., N. Y.

THE ORIENTAL HOTEL

Will Open Monday, June 22. JOS. P. GREAVES, Manager, 289 Fourth Av., at 23d St., N. Y.

Tel. 1749 18th, care Town and County Hotel and Travel Bureau.

THE CLIFFTON

BONAIRE, PATCHOGUE, L. I. The FAVORITE HOTEL on Great South Bay. Swept During the Summer by Southerly Ocean Breezes. Now open. New Board Walks; increased orchestra for daily concerts and dancing; sun parlor. Write for booklet. W. M. JENKINS, Prop.

PROSPECT HOUSE,

Shelter Island Heights, N. Y. Opens June 20. High-class family resort. Golf, tennis, sailing, driving. [illegible] HATHAWAY, Prop. [illegible]

PROSPECT HOUSE [illegible] Opens June [illegible] under new management; advanced booking now being made. CHARLES O'CONNOR, Hotel Imperial.

ARVERNE BY THE SEA. See Sunday's and Wednesday's New York Times.

LA GRANGE HOUSE, Near depot, South Bay, [illegible] cuisine; reasonable. L. A. KIRK, Babylon, L. I.

Saratoga Springs.

Saratoga Springs. The Grand Union Opens June 20th. WOOLLEY & GERRANS, Proprietors.

ALDINE HOTEL, SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y. Well-appointed rooms. [illegible] d'hote et a la carte. F. MOUREY, Prop.

Hotel Continental, Saratoga Springs, N. Y. Opens July 3d. For particulars, S. M. Stearns, Saratoga Springs.

Fisher's Island.

Fisher's Island, N. Y. MANSION HOUSE, MUNNATAWKET HOTEL } and Cottages. Fine 9 Hole Golf Links. Boating, Fishing, Driving, Casino, Tennis, Music. Nine new cottages this year. Steamer from New London, Conn., 7 times daily. For illustrated catalogue address A. T. HALE, Manager.

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MIZZEN TOP HOTEL, QUAKER HILL, DUTCHESS CO., N. Y. Two hours from New York by Harlem Railroad. Opens June 20. 1,200 ft. elevation. N. S. HOWE. L. A. TWOROGER, ASST. MGR. Post Office Address, Pawling, New York. Circulars &c. at Scofield's, 1 Madison Ave.

MILLBROOK INN, Millbrook, Dutchess Co., N. Y. FOR HEALTH AND COMFORT. A unique homelike resort for the accommodation of people who appreciate refined surroundings. Excellent train service. Golf. OPEN THROUGHOUT THE YEAR. FELIX FIEGER, Manager.

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Mount Pleasant House, Neversink, Sullivan Co., N. Y. Elevation 1,900 feet, southwest spurs of Catskill Mts. Summer home for city people among mountains, rivers, woodland. Two pianos, one organ. Village 10 minutes' walk. Price $7-$10. Circulars. W. V. DENMAN.

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HOTEL PINNEY, Liberty, N. Y. Opens May 1st. Rooms with private baths; accommodates 200; all modern improvements; booklets and rates on application. E. EUGENE PINNEY.

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SUMMER RESORTS.

NEW YORK.

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MORLEY'S In the heart of the ADIRONDACKS. Two large hotels and cottages overlooking two of the most beautiful lakes in the region. Excellent trout fishing, bowling, boating, bathing, music; GOLF, tennis; sanitary plumbing. No pulmonary invalids. Moderate rates. Reduction in June and September. Send for artistic catalogue. MORLEY'S, on Lake Pleasant, Hamilton Co., New York.

Adirondacks.

The UTOWANA *Blue Mountain Lake, N. Y.* OPENS JUNE 27. ACCOMMODATES 400. New route; no staging; attractive lake views; electric lights; elevator; running water all rooms; golf, tennis, bowling; superior music, dancing. New York City Booking Office, Town and Country Bureau, 289 4th Av. (23d St.) J. B. WHITE, Mgr.

ST. HUBERT'S INN Keene Heights. HEART OF THE MOUNTAIN REGION. *ADIRONDACKS* Most select family resort. Private cottages, Golf, Casino, &c. Opens June 16th. New York Office: P. O., Beedes, N. Y. Room 802, St. James Bldg. W. H. TRACY, B'way & 26th St. Manager.

Saranac Inn, ADIRONDACKS. Beautifully situated on Upper Saranac Lake. Select. Homelike. *Open from May to Nov.* Excellent Fishing, Golf and all Sports. FOR PARTICULARS ADDRESS M. B. MARSHALL, Manager, SARANAC INN, N. Y.

"THE ANTLERS" On Raquette Lake. OPEN FROM JUNE 1ST TO NOV. 1ST. A LEADING FAMILY RESORT. WRITE FOR BOOKLET. ADDRESS C. H. BENNET, Raquette Lake, Adirondacks, N. Y.

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THE **CASCADE,** On Cascade Lakes, Adirondacks, Cascadeville, N. Y. E. M. WESTON, 1123 BROADWAY.

LONG LAKE. **GROVE HOUSE** and eleven cottages; select family resort; attraction, golf links. A. D. BROWN & CO., GROVE P. O., N. Y.

QUIET, COMFORTABLE, HOMELIKE. **WILLEY HOUSE,** HURRICANE, N. Y. Special rates in June. WILLEY & MOTISHER, Props.

HESS' HOTEL, Fourth Lake of the Fulton Chain. Refitted, Refurnished throughout. Comfortable Beds, Varied Table. Fishing, Boating. W. [illegible] Inlet, Hamilton Co., N. Y.

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INWOOD.—4TH LAKE OF FULTON CHAIN. [illegible]

CRYSTAL SPRING CAMP [illegible] in Camp. Gus. Syphert, Old Forge, N. Y.

The Brown Potter cottages, Saranac Lake, N. Y.; in Adirondacks; cuisine varied and excellent; rooms large, light, and airy; latest improvements. Mrs. G. A. Potter.

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THE WENTWORTH, Finest Resort on New England Coast. On North [illegible] NEWCASTLE, N. H. 1½ hours from Boston. RAILROAD STATION PORTSMOUTH. Accommodations 500. Rooms en suite; private baths; electric lights; Symphony Orchestra, 12 Pieces. 9-hole golf links, 3,482 yards; golf clubhouse; grand drives; boating, bathing, fishing; 3-hour daily sail on "The Wentworth" steamer. OPEN JUNE 27TH. W. K. HILL, Mgr. Booklet and information, 3 Park Pl. or F. C. Scofields, Metropolitan Bldg., Madison Ave., New York.

Lake Sunapee, N. H. BEN MERE INN—OPENS JUNE 20TH. SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED BOOKLET TO S. L. THOMPSON, MANAGER, BEN MERE INN, SUNAPEE, N. H.

[illegible] New Hampshire [illegible] Sunday's New York Times.

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NEW PLIMPTON HOTEL WATCH HILL, R. I. June to September. Golf, Tennis, Boating, Bathing, Fishing. IMPROVEMENTS. ENTIRELY NEW MANAGEMENT. For Booklet, address Thos. Parkes, Proprietor, Hotel Hamilton, 132 West 45th St., N. Y. City.

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SOUND BEACH, Conn. THE INN. 50 minutes from New York; first-class express service; suites of two to four rooms, with baths. Telephone, 306 Greenwich. Mrs. J. Dale.

THE MOHICAN, New London, Conn.

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LAKE DUNMORE HOUSE Heart Green Mountains, fronting lake; delightful climate; fine drives, fishing, boating, bathing, outdoor sports; opens June 15th. H. J. Fisher, Lake Dunmore, Vermont.

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THE PROSPECT AND COTTAGES, Lake Bomoseen, Castleton, Vt. All attractions. Rates, $15 to $25 a week. H. B. ELLIS, Mgr.

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THE RED LION INN, STOCKBRIDGE, MASS. In Berkshire Hills. Now open. Modern equipment. Beautiful surroundings. Golf. ALLEN T. TREADWAY.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Milford.

BLUFF HOUSE, Milford, Pike County, Pa. Opens June 16; 85 miles from N. Y. City, via Erie Railroad; accommodates 350; most charming resort on bank of Delaware River; all modern conveniences; orchestra; golf, half-mile track, baseball, tennis; magnificent roads, boating, bathing, fishing, &c.; no mosquitoes; cuisine unexcelled. Send for illustrated booklet. F. N. BOURNIQUE, Prop.

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POCONO AND BLUE RIDGE MOUNTAIN RESORTS. In Monroe County, Pa. Booklets and all information at Resort Bureau, 429 B'way, N. Y.

NEW JERSEY.

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THE ARLINGTON, Mt. Tabor, N. J. Beautiful location; excellent accommodations; airy rooms, &c. S. A. DICKERSON.

MOUNTAIN VIEW HOUSE, Mt. Tabor, N. J.; elevation 900 ft.; pure water, iron and sulphur. Box 6.

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THE ALLAIRE, Spring Lake, N. J. Unobstructed view of ocean. Opens June 20th. Extensive improvements. E. M. RICHARDSON.

SUMMER RESORTS.

NEW JERSEY.

Asbury Park.

ASBURY PARK, NEW JERSEY. A Model Resort by the Sea. New Boardwalk—Enlarged and Beautified. New Promenade along the ocean front, 75 feet wide. Daily Band Concerts on the Beach. Boating, Sailing, and Canoeing on Deal and Wesley Lakes. Safest Surf Bathing Beach. Golf Links. Deep Sea Fishing from Ocean Pier and Sea-going Yachts. Personal representative at 1,364 Broadway, above 36th St., where information can be secured.

HOTEL COLUMBIA AND COTTAGES. Maintaining a Refined Patronage. CAPACITY, 400. BOOKLET. W. HARVEY JONES, Owner and Manager.

MINOT HOUSE. Elevator, baths; evening dinners; select service; booklet on request. Capt. J. Minot.

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SUNSET HALL. 27th season under same liberal management. Booklets. JOHN ROCKAFELLER'S SON.

THE BURRINGTON.—Now open, under management of responsible hotel caterers. Full particulars by addressing R. J. Garner, Mgr., 517 7th Av., North Asbury Park, N. J.

THE DELORAINE, ASBURY PARK, No. 219 Fourth Avenue.

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THE ST. CHARLES Directly on the Ocean Front. OPEN THROUGHOUT THE YEAR. Sea water in all baths. Intercommunicating long-distance telephone in rooms, en suite with bath. Golf privileges. N. Y. Booking Office, 289 4th Av.; also 1,364 Broadway. 'Phone 1749—18th. NEWLIN HAINES.

HOTEL STERLING. Fireproof. Ocean and Kentucky Ave. Unobstructed ocean view. Capacity 300. Private baths. Electric light, elevator, steam heat, and in every way modern and up to date. Table and service not excelled anywhere. $12.50 to $21.00 weekly; $2.50 up daily. Special for May and June. Free coach meets trains. S. A. MANUEL & CO.

HOTEL RUDOLF Direct Ocean front, Atlantic City, N. J. American and European plans. Open throughout the year. Rooms with sea and fresh water baths. Music. Write direct to hotel for terms and booklet. C. R. MYERS.

HOTEL LENOX, Ocean Av. and Boardwalk, Atlantic City, N. J. Unobstructed ocean view from all rooms. 100 rooms, 50 private baths. High class. European plan. White service throughout. Café attached. C. GENET & SONS, Props.

Hotel Strand.—Ocean front; fireproof; sea water baths; pure water from our own artesian well. Fairbairn & Williams, Owners and Props.

Elberon.

THE FASHIONABLE RESORT, **HOTEL ELBERON,** ELBERON, N. J. will open for the season June 15. For rooms and full particulars address HAMILTON P. BURNEY, Manager.

Ocean Grove.

Highland House.—When going to Ocean Grove stop at the Highland, 25 Atlantic Av.; enlarged, improved; liberal table; good service; reasonable rates. F. D. Roscorans.

THE PALISADES, Centrally located. Block from ocean. $1.00 per day up. Special June rates.

Cape May.

CONGRESS HALL, Cape May, N. J. Open June 27. **THE WINDSOR,** Now Open. [illegible]

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

BOSTON AND POINTS IN NEW ENGLAND.

FALL RIVER LINE for Newport, Fall River, Boston and all Eastern and Northern Points. Steamers PRISCILLA and PURITAN. Orchestra on each. Leave Pier 19, N. R., foot of Warren St., week days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. PROVIDENCE LINE for Providence, Boston, North and East. Steamers PLYMOUTH and CONNECTICUT. Orchestra on each. Leave Pier 18, N. R., foot Murray St., week days only at 6 P. M. STONINGTON LINE for Stonington, Watch Hill, Narragansett Pier, Boston and East. Steamers MAINE and RHODE ISLAND. Leave Pier 36, N. R., ft. Clarkson St., week days only, 6 P. M. NORWICH LINE for New London, Fisher's Island, Block Island, Norwich, Worcester, Boston, North and East. Strs. CITY OF LOWELL and CITY OF WORCESTER. Lve. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Clarkson St., week days only, 5:30 P. M. NEW HAVEN LINE for New Haven, Hartford, Springfield, and North from Pier 40, N. R., foot Clarkson St. Week days, Steamer RICHARD PECK leaves New York at 4 P. M.; Sundays 9:30 A. M. (E. 31st St. 10:15 A. M.) returning due New York 8 P. M. BRIDGEPORT LINE for Bridgeport, Danbury, Waterbury, Pittsfield and Berkshire Hills from Pier 31, E. R. (near Market St.) Week days Str. CITY OF LAWRENCE leaves 11 A. M., WM. G. PAYNE 3 P. M. (Saturdays 2 P. M.) Sundays 5 P. M. Str. WM. G. PAYNE stops foot E. 31st St. 30 minutes after leaving Pier 31, E. R.

Hudson River by Daylight.

Palace Steamers "NEW YORK" and "ALBANY" of the Hudson River Day Line, fastest and finest river boats in the World. Leave Brooklyn, Fulton St. (by Annex) 8:00 A.M. " Desbrosses St. Pier 8:40 " " West 22d St. 9:00 " " West 129th St. 9:20 " Landing at Yonkers, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson, and Albany. Daily, except Sunday. Special Trains to Catskill Mts. resorts and Saratoga, and easy connections to all points East, North, and West. Through tickets and baggage checked at offices of N. Y. Transfer Co. Most delightful One-day outings to West Point, Newburgh, or Poughkeepsie, returning on down boat. Restaurant open at 7 A. M. MUSIC.

STEAMER MARY POWELL

Leaving Desbrosses St. at 3:15 P. M. (Saturdays 1:45 P. M.) W. 22nd St. 3:30 P. M. (Saturdays 2 P. M.) 129th St. on Saturdays and Holidays only, 2:30 P. M. For Highland Falls, West Point, Cornwall, Newburgh, New Hamburgh, Milton, Poughkeepsie, Rondout and Kingston. Orchestra on board.

CENTRAL HUDSON BOATS.

For RONDOUT, POUGHKEEPSIE, and NEWBURGH, week days, except Saturdays, at 4:00 P. M.; Saturdays at 1:00 P. M. For NEWBURGH, CORNWALL, COLD SPRING, WEST POINT, week days, except Saturdays, at 5:00 P. M.; Saturdays at 3:00 P. M.; W. 129th St. 5:30 P. M. Morning Boat, Str. HOMER RAMSDELL, from Franklin St., 9:30 A. M.; W. 129th St., 10 A. M., for NEWBURGH, FISHKILL LDG., MT. BEACON, CORNWALL, COLD SPRING, and WEST POINT, every day, including Sunday.

JOY LINE ONLY $2.00 New York to Providence. First-Class Service. Fast and elegant steamers leave New York daily, excepting Sunday, at 5 P. M., from Pier 35, East River, foot of Catharine St. Telephone: 800 Orchard.

PEOPLES LINE FOR ALBANY. ADIRONDACK OR DEAN RICHMOND leave Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., at 6 P. M. week days. Direct rail connections to points North, East, and West. Orchestra on each steamer.

HARTFORD LINE from Pier 33, (new,) East River, daily except Sunday at 5 P. M., for Connecticut River Landings, connecting for Springfield, Holyoke, Northfield, and all New England points. Send for illustrated folder.

TROY BOATS "Saratoga" or "City of Troy" leave West 10th St. Pier daily 6 P. M. except Saturday. Direct railroad connections at Troy for all points North and East. SUNDAY STEAMERS TOUCH AT ALBANY.

CATSKILL, HUDSON AND COXSACKIE BOATS Leave Pier 43, N. R., every weekday, 6 P. M.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—SHIPPING.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS by all lines, choice cabins at lowest prevailing rates, sailings, plans, and full information, foreign money, letters of credit, travelers' cheques, &c. Passports secured. RAYMOND & WHITCOMB CO., 25 Union Square, 'Phone 6060—18 St. New York.

COOK'S TOURS AROUND THE WORLD. Thirty-second Annual Series. Parties leave Sept. 29, Oct. 5, 15, 28. Illustrated programmes from THOS. COOK & SON, 261 & 1185 B'way, N. Y.

CLARK'S ROUND THE WORLD TOURS leave Aug. 1, Sept. 3, Oct. 3; 155 days, $1,050. Party to Europe per "Umbria," July 4, $260. F. C. CLARK, 113 Broadway, N. Y.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—SHIPPING.

North German Lloyd.

FAST EXPRESS SERVICE. PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN. From New Pier foot of 3d St., Hoboken.

Kaiser...June 16, 10 AM	K.Wm.II...July 21, 1 PM
K.Wm.II...June 23, 2 PM	Kaiser...Aug. 4, 10 AM
Kronprinz...July 7, 3 PM	Kronprinz..Aug. 11, 7 AM
Kaiser...July 14, 10 AM	K.Wm.II.Aug. 25, 7:30 AM

THE NEW TWIN-SCREW EXPRESS

S. S. "Kaiser Wilhelm II."

707 FEET—19,500 TONS—40,000 HORSE-POWER. SAILS JUNE 23, JULY 21, AUG. 25.

TWIN-SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE. PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN. From Bremen Piers, Hoboken, N. J.

Bremen..June 11, 11 AM	Kurfuerst..July 9, 10 AM
Luise....June 18, 10 AM	Bremen....July 16, 2 PM
Friedrich.June 25, 10 AM	Luise......July 23, 11 AM
Barbarossa.July 2, 11 AM	Friedrich.July 30, 10 AM

MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE. GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA. From Bremen Piers, Hoboken, N. J.

*Weimar..June 13, 10 AM	Hohenz'n.July 18, 11 AM
K. Albert..June 20, Noon	Lahn.....Aug. 15, 11 AM
Lahn.....June 27, 10 AM	Hohenz'n.Aug. 29, 11 AM
F. Irene....July 4, 1 PM	F. Irene..Sept. 12, 11 AM

*Naples, Genoa only.

OELRICHS & CO., No. 5 Broadway, N. Y. Louis H. Myer, 43 South Third St., Phila.

Hamburg-American.

FOR PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—HAMBURG. Twin-Screw Express and Passenger Service.

F.Bism'ck.June 11, 10AM	Blucher...June 25, 9 AM
Palatia..June 13, 1:30 AM	Waldersee.June 27, 7 AM
A.Victoria.June 18, 10AM	D'tschland.July 2, 11 AM
Pretoria..June 20, 1 PM	Phoenicia..July 4, 2 PM

THE GREAT OCEAN FLYER.

S. S. Deutschland

Record Voyage, 5 days 7 hours 38 min. SAILS JULY 2 AT 11 A. M.

RUSSIA

also NORWAY, SWEDEN, etc. Grand cruise during AUGUST and SEPTEMBER by the palatial steamer Prinzessin Victoria Luise. HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, Offices, 35 & 37 Broadway. Piers Hoboken, N. J.

CUNARD LINE.

TO LIVERPOOL VIA QUEENSTOWN. From Piers 51 and 52, North River.

Lucania...June 13, 8 AM	Campania.June 27, 8 AM
Etruria...June 20, Noon	Umbria....July 4, Noon

EXTRA TUESDAY SERVICE.

Aurania...June 23, 3 PM	Carpathia...July 7, 2 PM

Carrying Second and Third-Class Only. VERNON H. BROWN & CO., Gen. Agents, 29 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

ANCHOR LINE

Glasgow and Londonderry.

Ethiopia..June 13, Noon	Columbia.June 27, 10AM
Anchoria..June 20, Noon	Furnessia..July 4, Noon

First saloon, $50 to $100. Second Cabin, $35 and up; third class, $26 and up. For New Illustrated Book of Tours apply to HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17 and 19 Broadway.

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE.

NEW YORK—LONDON DIRECT.

Minnehaha.Je.13, 7:30AM	Mesaba...June 20, 5 AM
*Menominee.Je.19, 9 AM	Minnetonka..Je.27, 7 AM

Only first-class passengers carried. *Passengers disembark at Southampton. FOR RATES, ETC., APPLY AT 1 BROADWAY.

AMERICAN LINE.

NEW YORK—SOUTHAMPTON—LONDON.

New York.June 17, 10AM	St. Paul...July 1, 10 AM
Phila....June 24, 10 AM	New York.July 8, 10 AM

RED STAR LINE.

NEW YORK—ANTWERP—PARIS.

Zeeland.June 13, 10 AM	Vaderland.June 27, 10AM
Finland...June 20, 10 AM	Kroonland.July 4, 10 AM

Piers 14 and 15 N. R. Offices, 73 Broadway, N.Y.

WHITE STAR LINE.

NEW YORK—QUEENSTOWN—LIVERPOOL.

*Victorian.Ju.16, 9:30AM	[illegible]
Germanic..June 17, Noon	Celtic..June [illegible]
Cedric....June [illegible]	*Armenian.June [illegible]

*Liverpool direct, [illegible] Pier 48, North River. Office, 9 Broadway, N. Y.

BY SEA TO MAINE

BY THE FAST MODERN STEAMSHIPS OF THE **MAINE STEAMSHIP CO.**

is the most delightful short sea trip out of New York. Direct route to White Mountains, Bar Harbor, Rangeley Lakes and all the famous Eastern Coast and Inland Summer Resorts. Send for illustrated descriptive booklet, mailed free. Offices, 290 Broadway and Pier (New) 32 East River, New York. Telephone, 1200 Orchard.

OLD DOMINION LINE.

DAILY SERVICE. For Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Pinner's Point, and Newport News, Va., connecting for Petersburg, Richmond, Virginia Beach, Washington, D. C., and entire South and West. Freight and passenger steamers sail from Pier 26, N. R., foot of Beach St., every week day at 3 P. M. H. B. WALKER, Vice Prest. & Traffic Manager.

"LA VELOCE," Fast Italian Line. Sailing every Tuesday to Naples, Genoa. Bolognesi, Hartfield & Co., 22 West St.

Delightful Summer cruise to Halifax & St. Johns. Bowring & Co., 17 State Street, New York.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

STATIONS foot of WEST TWENTY-THIRD STREET and DESBROSSES AND CORTLANDT STREETS.

The leaving time from Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets is five minutes later than that given below for Twenty-third Street Station, except where otherwise noted.

7:55 A. M. FAST MAIL.—Parlor, Sleeping, and Dining Cars. For Chicago, Indianapolis, and Louisville.

9:55 A. M. ST. LOUIS LIMITED.—Pullman Sleeping, Smoking, and Observation Cars. Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis. Dining Car.

10:25 A. M. PENNSYLVANIA LIMITED.—Pullman Sleeping, Dining, Smoking, and Observation Compartment Cars. For Chicago, Cleveland, Toledo, and Detroit.

1:55 P. M. CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS EXPRESS.—For Toledo, Nashville, (via Cincinnati and Louisville,) Indianapolis, Chicago, St. Louis. Dining Car.

4:55 P. M. CHICAGO LIMITED.—Pullman Sleeping, Smoking, and Observation Cars. For Chicago, Toledo, and Cleveland. Dining Car.

5:55 P. M. ST. LOUIS EXPRESS.—For Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville, St. Louis. Dining Car. For Welch, W. Va., (via Shenandoah Valley Route.)

5:55 P. M. WESTERN EXPRESS.—For Chicago. For Toledo, except Saturday. Dining Car.

7:55 P. M. PACIFIC EXPRESS.—For Pittsburg and Chicago. For Knoxville, daily, via Shenandoah Valley Route. Connects for Cleveland, except Saturday.

8:25 P. M. CLEVELAND AND CINCINNATI EXPRESS.—For Pittsburg, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, and St. Louis.

WASHINGTON AND THE SOUTH.

7:55, 8:25, 9:25 (Dining Car), 10:10 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets 10:20) (Dining Car), 10:55 (Dining Car) A. M., 12:55 (Dining Car), 2:10 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 2:20), (3:25 "Congressional Limited," all Parlor and Dining Cars), 3:25 (Dining Car), 4:25 (Dining Car), 4:55 (Dining Car), 5:55 P. M., 12:10 night. Sundays, 8:25, 9:25 (Dining Car), 10:55 (Dining Car) A. M., 12:55 (Dining Car), (3:25 "Congressional Limited," all Parlor and Dining Cars), 3:25 (Dining Car), 4:25 (Dining Car), 4:55 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 5:15) (Dining Car), 5:25 P. M., 12:10 night.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.—Express, 3:25, 4:25 P. M., 12:10 night daily.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.—Express, 9:25 A. M. and 9:25 P. M. daily.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY.—Express, 12:55 P. M. and 12:10 night daily.

NORFOLK AND WESTERN RAILWAY.—For Memphis and New Orleans, 3:25 P. M. daily.

CHESAPEAKE & OHIO RAILWAY.—7:55 A. M. week-days and 4:55 P. M. daily.

FOR OLD POINT COMFORT AND NORFOLK.—7:55 A. M. week-days and 8:55 P. M. daily.

ATLANTIC CITY.—9:55 A. M. and 2:55 P. M. week-days. Sundays, 7:55 A. M. Through Vestibuled Trains. Buffet Parlor Cars [illegible]

CAPE MAY.—12:55 P. M. week-days.

For points on New York and Long Branch Railroad, (from West Twenty-third Street Station,) 8:55 A. M., 12:10, 2:25, 3:25, 4:10, and 4:55 P. M. week-days. Sundays, 9:25 A. M., 4:55 P. M. (from Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets,) 8:30, 9:00 A. M., 12:30, 2:30, 3:40, 4:20, and 5:10 P. M. week-days. Sundays, 9:45 A. M., 5:00 P. M.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

6:05, 7:25, 7:55, 7:55, (Dining Car,) 8:25, 8:55, 9:25, (Dining Car,) (9:55 St. Louis Limited,) 10:10 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 10:20) (Dining Car,) 10:25, (Penna. Limited,) 10:55, (Dining Car,) 11:55 A. M., 12:55 (Dining Car,) 1:55, (Dining Car,) 2:10, (Desbrosses and Cortland Streets, 2:20,) 2:55, 3:25, (Dining Car,) 3:55, 4:25, 4:25, (Dining Car,) 4:55, (Dining Car,) (4:55 Chicago Limited for Germantown Jct. only) 5:55, (Dining Car,) 6:55, 7:55, 8:25, 8:55, 9:25 P. M., 12:10 night week-days. Sundays, 6:05, 7:55, (Dining Car,) 8:25, 9:25, (Dining Car) 9:55, (St. Louis Limited,) 9:55, 10:25, (Penna. Limited,) 10:55, (Dining Car) A. M., 12:55, (Dining Car,) 1:55, (Dining Car,) 3:25, (Dining Car,) 3:55, 4:25, (Dining Car,) (4:55 Chicago Limited for Germantown Jct. only,) 4:55, (Dining Car,) 5:55, (Dining Car,) 7:55, 8:25, 8:55, 9:25 P. M., 12:10 night.

Ticket offices, Nos. 461, 1354, 113, and 261 Broadway; 182 Fifth Avenue (below 23d St.;) 263 Fifth Avenue (corner 29th St.;) 1 Astor House; West Twenty-third Street Station, and stations foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets; 4 Court Street, 860 Fulton Street, 390 Broadway, and Pennsylvania Annex Station, Brooklyn; Station, Jersey City. The New York Transfer Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences through to destination.

Telephone "914 Eighteenth Street" for Pennsylvania Railroad Cab Service.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Pass'r Traffic Manager. GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent. 6-6-1903.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—RAILROADS.

NEW YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER R. R.

THE FOUR-TRACK TRUNK LINE.

Trains arrive and depart from Grand Central Station, 42d Street, New York, as below:

North and West bound trains, except those leaving Grand Central Station at 8:30, 11:30 A. M., 3:45, 3:30, 9:15, 11:30 P. M., will stop at 125th St. to receive passengers ten minutes after leaving Grand Central Station.

All southbound trains, except the "20th Century" and the "Empire State Express," and Nos. 38 and 60, will stop at 125th St. ten minutes before their arrival time at Grand Central Station.

12:10	A. M.—*MIDNIGHT EXPRESS. Due Albany 5:55 A. M., Troy, 6:30 A. M.
7:54	A. M.—*SYRACUSE LOCAL. Stops at all important stations.
8:30	A. M.—*EMPIRE STATE EXPRESS. Most famous train in the world. Due Buffalo 4:45, Niagara Falls 5:45 P. M.
8:45	A. M.—*FAST MAIL. 24 hours to Chicago. Due Buffalo 7:10, Niagara Falls 8:01.
10:30	A. M.—*DAY EXPRESS. Makes local stops. Due Buffalo 1:15 A. M.
11:30	A. M.—†RUTLAND EXPRESS. Due Rutland 7:55 P. M.
12:50	P. M.—*BUFFALO LIMITED. Due Buffalo 11 P. M., Niagara Falls, 11:55 P. M.
1:00	P. M.—*SOUTHWESTERN LIMITED. Due Cincinnati 10:30, Indianapolis 11:30 A. M. St. Louis 6:45 P. M. next day.
1:00	P. M.—*CHICAGO LIMITED. 24 hours to Chicago via Lake Shore. 25¾ via M. C.
2:45	P. M.—*"THE 20TH CENTURY LIMITED." 20-hour train to Chicago via Lake Shore. Electric Lights and Fans.
3:30	P. M.—†ALBANY AND TROY FLYER. Due Albany 6:40, Troy 7 P. M.
3:35	P. M.—*ALBANY AND TROY EXPRESS. Local stops.
4:00	P. M.—*DETROIT, GRAND RAPIDS, AND CHICAGO SPECIAL.
5:30	P. M.—*LAKE SHORE LIMITED, 24-hour train to Chicago. All Pullman Cars. Due Cleveland 7:25 A. M., Cincinnati 1:30, Indianapolis 3:10, Chicago 4:30, St. Louis 9:45 P. M. next day.
6:00	P. M.—*WESTERN EXPRESS. 26 hours to Chicago via both L. S. & M. C.
6:35	P. M.—*MONTREAL EXPRESS via D. & H. or Rutland.
7:30	P. M.—*ADIRONDACK AND MONTREAL EXPRESS.
8:00	P. M.—*BUFFALO AND TORONTO SPECIAL. Due Buffalo 7:20 A. M., Niagara Falls 8:45, Toronto 10:50 A. M.
9:15	P. M.—*SPECIAL MAIL LIMITED. Sleeping car only for Rochester.
9:20	P. M.—*SOUTHWESTERN SPECIAL. Due Cincinnati 7:50, Indianapolis 10:15 P. M., St. Louis 7:30 second morning.
9:30	P. M.—*PACIFIC EXPRESS, Chicago 34 hours by Michigan Central, 35 hours by Lake Shore.
11:30	P. M.—*CHICAGO THEATRE TRAIN. Cape Vincent, Ogdensburg, Buffalo, Detroit and Chicago.

*Daily. †Except Sunday. ‡Except Monday.

HARLEM DIVISION.

9:08 A. M. and 3:36 P. M. Daily except Sundays to Pittsfield and North Adams. Sunday at 9:20 A. M. Pullman cars on all through trains.

Trains illuminated with Pintsch light.

Ticket offices at 167, 261, 415, and 1,216 Broadway, 25 Union Sq. W., 275 Columbus Av., 123 West 125th St., Grand Central Station, 125th St. and 138th St. Stations, New York; 338 and 726 Fulton St., and 106 Broadway, E. D., Brooklyn.

Telephone "900 38th Street" for New York Central Cab Service. Baggage checked from hotel or residence by Westcott Express Company.

NEW YORK CENTRAL ROUTE

BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON, AND NEW ENGLAND

Via Springfield and the BOSTON AND ALBANY RAILROAD. (N. Y. Central & Hudson River R. R. Lessee.) Trains leave Grand Central Station, Fourth Avenue and 42d Street, New York, as follows: *10:04 A. M., †12:00 noon, *4:00 P. M., *11:00 P. M.; arrive Boston 3:30 P. M., 5:40 P. M., 10:00 P. M., 6:15 A. M.

Leave Boston †9:00 A. M., †12:00 noon, *4:00 P. M., *11:00 P. M.; arrive New York 3:30 P. M., 5:40 P. M., 10:00 P. M., 6:14 A. M.

Tickets at New York Central ticket offices, 167, 415 and 1,216 Broadway, and at Grand Central Station.

A. H. SMITH, General Superintendent. GEORGE H. DANIELS, General Pass. Agent.

WEST SHORE RAILROAD.

(New York Central & Hudson River R. R., Lessee.) Leave Franklin St. Station, New York, as follows and 15 min. later foot West 42d St., N. R.:

*7:15 AM—For interm. points to Albany.
†11:30 AM—(1) Saratoga & Mohawk Exp.
†1:00 PM—Chicago Express.
*2:25 PM—Cont. Lim. for Detroit, Chi. & St. Louis.
*3:45 PM—(2) For Hudson River points & Albany.
*6:00 PM—For Roch., Buffalo, Cleve. & Chi.
*7:45 PM—For Roch., Buffalo, Detroit & St. Louis.
*9:15 PM—For Syra., Roch., Niag. Falls, Det. & Chi.

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. Leaves Brooklyn Annex (1) at †12:45 A. M. (2) at 2:45 P. M.; leaves Jersey City, P. R. R. Station, (1) at 11:30 A. M., (2) at 12:30 P. M. Time tables at principal hotels and offices. Baggage checked from hotel or residence by Westcott Express.

A. H. SMITH, Gen'l Superintendent. C. E. LAMBERT, Gen. Pass. Agent.

READING SYSTEM

NEW JERSEY CENTRAL R. R.

Liberty Street and South Ferry (time from South Ferry five minutes earlier than shown below.)

EASTON, BETHLEHEM, ALLENTOWN AND MAUCH CHUNK—4:00 (7:15 Easton only), 9:10 A. M., 1:20, †4:00 (5:40 Easton only) P. M. Sundays, 4:25 A. M., 1:00, 5:30 P. M.

WILKESBARRE AND SCRANTON—4:00, 9:10 A. M., 1:20, 4:00 P. M. Sundays, 4:25, 1:00 P. M.

LAKEWOOD, LAKEHURST, TOMS RIVER AND BARNEGAT—[illegible]

VINELAND AND BRIDGETON—[illegible]

LONG BRANCH, ASBURY PARK, OCEAN GROVE, POINT PLEASANT AND SEA SHORE POINTS—[illegible]

PHILADELPHIA (READING TERMINAL)—[illegible]

READING, HARRISBURG, POTTSVILLE AND WILLIAMSPORT—[illegible]

SANDY HOOK ROUTE—From ft. Rector St. Pier 8, Seabright, Monmouth Beach and Asbury Park, Pt. Pleasant, [illegible]

†Daily, except Sunday. ‡Sunday only. [illegible] ||Via Tamaqua. ‡Saturdays.

Offices: Liberty St. Ferry, South Ferry, 6 Astor House, 167, 261, 434, 1,300, 1,354 Broadway, 182 5th Av., 25 Union Square West, 153 East 125th St., 273 West 125th St., 245 Columbus Av., New York; 4 Court St., 344, 860 Fulton St., B'klyn; 390 B'way, W'msburg. N. Y. Transfer Co. calls for and checks baggage to destination.

W. G. BESLER, Vice Pres. and Gen. Mgr. C. M. BURT, Gen. Pass'r Agt.

ROYAL BLUE LINE.

NEW JERSEY CENTRAL, PHILADELPHIA AND READING RY. and BALTIMORE AND OHIO R. R.

	Leave South Ferry.	Liberty St.	
Balto.-Washington	†8:25AM	†8:30AM	[illegible]
Balto.-Washington	*10:25AM	*10:30AM	Diner
Balto.-Washington	*11:25AM	*11:30AM	Diner
Balto.-Washington	*12:55PM	*1:00PM	Diner
"Royal Limited"	*3:35PM	*3:40PM	Diner
Balto.-Washington	*4:55PM	*5:00PM	Diner
Balto.-Washington	*6:55PM	*7:00PM	Buffet
Balto.-Washington	*12:10nt.	*12:15nt.	Sleeper

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. ‡Sunday only.

Offices: Liberty St. Ferry, South Ferry, 6 Astor House, 167, 261, 434, 1,300, 1,354 Broadway, 182 5th Ave., 25 Union Square West, 153 East 125th St., 273 West 125th St., 245 Columbus Ave., New York; 4 Court St., 344, 860 Fulton St., Brooklyn; 390 Broadway, Williamsburg. New York Transfer Co. calls for and checks baggage to destination.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD

Leave New York City, South Ferry, Liberty St.

Chicago, Pittsburg	*12:10am	*12:15am	[illegible]
Chicago, Columbus	*12:55pm	*1:00pm	Diner
Pittsburg, Cleve.	*3:55pm	*4:00pm	Buffet
"Pittsburg Limited"	*6:55pm	*7:00pm	Buffet
Cincinnati, St. Louis	*12:10nt	*12:15nt	Sleeper
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cincinnati, St. Louis	*3:55pm	*7:00pm	Buffet
Norfolk	*12:55pm	*1:00pm	Diner

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. ‡Sunday only. Offices: 167, 261, 434, 1,300 Broadway, 6 Astor House, [illegible] Grand Street, [illegible] Fulton Street, Brooklyn; South Ferry and Liberty Street. Baggage checked from hotel or residence to destination.

LEHIGH VALLEY.

Foot of West 23d St., Cortlandt and Desbrosses Sts. *Daily. †Except Sunday. Sunday changes: [illegible]

	Lv. N.Y.	Ar. N.Y.
Mauch Chunk Local	†7:10 AM	†11:10 AM
Buffalo Express	*7:55 AM	[illegible]
BLACK DIAMOND EXPRESS	*12:15 AM	*8:50 PM
Mauch Chunk and Hazleton Local	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wilkes-Barre & Scranton Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
Easton Local	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chicago & Toronto Vestibule Exp.	*6:45 PM	*1:30 PM
THE BUFFALO TRAIN	*7:55 PM	*6:50 PM

Tickets and Pullman accommodations at 113, 261, 355, 1,234 and 1,354 Broadway, 123 5th Ave., 25 Union Square West, 245 Columbus Ave., N. Y.; 860 Fulton St., 4 Court St., 340 Broadway, and Ft. Fulton St., Brooklyn. N. Y. Transfer Co. will call for and check baggage.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

COATES, ALMA W.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ALMA W. COATES, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, No. 16 William Street, in the City of New York, on or before the fifteenth day of September next.—Dated New York, the eleventh day of March, 1903. ARTHUR B. COATES, JOSEPH H. COATES, Executors. MURRAY, BENNETT & INGERSOLL, Attorneys for Executors, 16-18 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

THE FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks weak.

Money easy, 2@3 per cent.

Wall Street yesterday suffered another day of dumb ague. Judged by volume of business and price movement, business was demoralized to the verge of panic. The day opened with the impetus of large sales from London, and through London for Continental account, at below local prices. In several stocks—Atchison, Baltimore and Ohio, Erie, Steel common—there were simultaneous sales at different prices, and there was pressure of large offerings as the day advanced. It seemed almost as useless to stem such liquidation as to ascend a cataract, but there were buyers undeterred by the apparent resolve to break something or somebody. The official list attests that there were buyers for every seller, and the bottom was always in reach of those who doubted its existence. Upon that discovery, selling became less resolute, and in the latter part of the day the lots offered were hundreds where they began with thousands. If anybody was being shot at he was not hit yesterday, so far as was known during Exchange hours. It is impossible to prove a negative, and so it cannot be said without reserve that nobody is embarrassed, or will not become embarrassed, but this is certain—denials of any present knowledge of anything of that sort affecting persons or institutions is direct from the most authoritative sources, assuming to speak after inquiry and upon what they esteem knowledge. Upon the contrary, reports of trouble did not extend to persons or firms of calibre entitled to be associated with what is proceeding, and the information was always whispered confidentially, with additions to the effect that assistance would prevent publicity. Something else is needed to explain either the day's weakness or the general situation.

Where the market is one-sided, it is best to let the list speak for itself in detail, but some conspicuous features of more general interest may be mentioned. Atchison was the most active stock, with a fall of 1⅝, despite denial—as authoritative as possible regarding facts months distant—of yesterday's report regarding passing the dividend next Winter. Steel common did not rise to 30, nor the preferred to 80 during the day; but on the other hand their loss was only fractional. Their volume makes them as hard to depress in times like these as it once made them hard to raise. Some think them the key to the market and look for the culmination only when they reach activity more commensurate with their volume, and after a price range such as can be cited of other market leaders. Pennsylvania rose a fraction. Averaging railways and industrials, good and bad, the day's decline was about the usual 2 per cent., but this is far from indicating the day's range. It was unusually wide, and even the reaction registers many new lows. About a million and a quarter shares were sold, making the day the busiest for two months. The bond market was also active at recessions for Atchison adjustment 4s, Burlington joint 4s, and Wabash Bs. Union Pacific convertibles and Steel 5s were very active, but hardly altered.

Continued strength and activity in the cotton market cannot be reckoned among the day's good news, but there were such. First place must be given to the Government crop report, which is more properly, perhaps, to-day's news than yesterday's. A condition for both Spring and Winter wheat on June 1 of 3 per cent. above the average for a decade may not be good enough for the greedy, but it is too good to please advocates of lower prices. For Winter wheat the estimated yield of 483,362,000 bushels is the largest since 1900, and compares with 458,834,000 bushels as the next largest for the final result of 1901. For Spring wheat the estimated yield is 298,546,000 bushels, compared with final yield of 289,625,717 in 1901. With this authoritative declaration respect grows for what had seemed an extravagant statement that the crop damage was about equal to one week's earnings, against which should be set the general gain—at the railway's cost, of course—of increased activity through demand for labor and supplies to repair flood damages. As a market factor the loss West may be further offset by the gain East from the broken drought, and crop prevaricators may be neglected at least until they are able to point to a decided and sustained rise in the grain markets. Among other encouraging symptoms were the stability of the money market and the weakness of exchange. The increase of the Rand production of gold by 6,254 ounces above April and 95,523 ounces above 1902 gives London fresh money, as welcome as our receipts from the Klondike. Ann Arbor is not a large railway, but it is not alone in reporting gains in net for April; it is, however, alone in reporting gains five fold 1902. But it is useless to catalogue things to which the market pays scant attention. It is all very well to hold speculative and technical considerations in small esteem compared with intrinsic values, but the former control the latter in the short view as certainly as the latter control in the long view, and they are now controlling operators to the exclusion of what may be called banking and investment considerations.

Net changes in stocks of one-half of 1 per cent. or more were:

Stocks Advanced.

Am. Sugar	¾	Penn. R. R.	½
Chi. & N. W.	2⅜	Sloss-Sheffield	½
Lake Erie & W. pf.	2⅜	Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	1
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1⅜		

Stocks Declined.

Allis-Chalmers	1½	Des. M. & Ft. D.	1½
Am. C. & Fdy.	2¼	Detroit South. pf.	2¾
Am. C. & Fdy. pf.	¾	Det. Union Ry.	5¾
Am. Cotton Oil	1⅜	Distillers' Sec.	1
Am. Cot. Oil pf.	3	Dul., S. S. & A.	¾
Am. Dist Tel.	1⅛	Erie	1⅛
Am. Grass Twine	1⅛	Erie 1st pf.	2
Am. Locom. pf.	3	Erie 2d pf.	1⅛
Am. Smelting	1	Hocking Valley	3
Am. Smelting pf.	1	Hocking Valley pf.	2¾
Anaconda Copper	1	Illinois Central	1
At., Top. & S. F.	1⅝	Iowa Central	1⅛
Balt. & Ohio	1⅛	Kan. & Mich.	4¼
B'klyn R. T.	1⅛	K. C., Ft. S. & M. pf.	3
B'klyn Un. Gas	3⅝	Kan. City So. pf.	2⅛
Canada South.	1½	Lake Erie & W.	1
Canadian Pacific	1⅝	Long Island	4
Cent. of N. J.	2	Louis. & Nash.	2⅛
Ches. & Ohio	2¾	Man. Beach	2
Chi. & Alton	1	Manhattan	⅝
Chi. Gt. Western	1	Met. Securities	2⅛
Chi. G. W. pf. B.	2	Met. Street Ry.	1
Chi., M. & St. P.	3	M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	4
Chi., M. & St. P. pf.	1¾	Mo., Kan. & T.	1⅛
Chi. Term. Tr.	1	Mo., K. & T. pf.	1¾
Chi. Term. Tr. pf.	1	Missouri Pacific	1⅝
C., C., C. & St. L.	1	Nat. R. R. of M. pf.	1
Col. Southern	1⅛	N. Y. C. & St. L.	1
Col. So. 1st pf.	1	N. Y., O. & W.	1¼
Col. So. 2d pf.	1	Norf. & West.	1⅛
Consol. Gas	3	North American	1
Corn Prod. pf.	1½	Pacific Coast	2
Del. & Hudson	1½	People's Gas	1⅛
Del., L. & W.	1¾	Pere Marquette	5
Den. & R. G. pf.	2¾	P., C., C. & St. L.	10
Pressed S. Car	1⅛	Tol. Rys. & L.	3¾
Pressed S. Car pf.	¾	Tol., St. L. & W.	¾
Pullman	2⅝	Twin City	1⅛
Reading	1⅛	Union Pacific	¾
Reading 1st pf.	1⅜	Un. Rys. Inv. pf.	3⅛
Reading 2d pf.	2⅝	U. S. Leather pf.	¾
Rep. Steel pf.	1⅛	U. S. Realty pf.	¾
Rock Island	1⅛	U. S. R. & R. pf.	3
Rock Island pf.	1⅛	U. S. Rubber	⅝
St. L. & S. F. ctfs.	1	U. S. Rubber pf.	3¼
St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	2	U. S. Steel	⅝
St. L. S. W.	1	U. S. Steel pf.	⅝
St. L. S. W. pf.	¾	Va.-Car. Chem.	1
Southern Pacific	2⅛	Wabash	3
Southern Railway	1⅛	Wabash pf.	1⅛
Southern Ry. pf.	1⅛	Westinghouse	1
So. Ry., M. & O. ctfs.	3	Wheel. & L. E.	1
Tenn. Coal & I.	1⅛	W. & L. E. 1st pf.	4½
Texas & Pacific	¾	W. & L. E. 2d pf.	4¾
Third Avenue	5	Wis. Central	¾

Net changes in bond quotations of 1 per cent. or more were:

Bonds Advanced.

Alb. & Sus. con. 6s	2½	B., Q. Co. & S. 5s	1

Bonds Declined.

Cent. of Ga. 2d pf. inc.	1½	Mex. Cent. 1st inc.	1⅝
C., B. & Q. joint 4s	1⅛	Norf. & W., Poca 4s	1
C., B. & Q. joint 4s, reg.	4½	Nor. Pac. 3s	1
C. & N. W. deb. 5s, 1921	1½	Ore. S. L. 5s	2
C., R. I. & P. 5s, w. i.	1	Peo. & East. 1st	1
Col. Fuel conv. 5s	1½	Rome, W. & O. con.	1½
Green B. deb. B.	2	St. L. & S. F. ref. 4s	1½
Mex. Cent. con. 4s	2	So. Pac. 4s	1½
		So. Car. & Ga. 1st	1
		Wabash 1st	1
		Wabash deb. B.	2¾

STOCK TRANSACTIONS.

	Shares.
June 10	1,256,458
To date this year	73,584,094
Corresponding date last year	81,801,628

BOND TRANSACTIONS.

June 10	$3,666,000
To date this year	$304,909,850
Corresponding date last year	$443,919,600

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Chicago Junction Railways and Union Stock Yards common and preferred stocks.

FEATURES OF THE MARKET.

Banking interests generally are agreed that the market yesterday gave a good account of itself—and this though semi-demoralization ruled for a time and new low records on the present movement were established. Their view was that, considering the enormous pressure put upon prices and the many disquieting rumors scattered broadcast—not only in the city and country, but abroad—the market had showed splendid powers of resistance and absorption. At the opening a determined effort was made to force a panic, stocks being deliberately opened at as low a figure as possible and big blocks of them being fairly poured upon the market. But the panic did not come, because, despite the heavy and artificial pressure, good and substantial buying appeared. Hence the subsequent rally, though some of it was later lost on the selling of the Granger shares, notably Missouri Pacific and Southern Pacific. This selling was apparently in anticipation of an unfavorable monthly crop report.

A leading banking house which has been bearish on the stock market practically since the new year and has been an extensive seller of stocks, has now reversed its market position, and not only is no longer bearish, but is conservatively bullish. It sets out its position in a letter to its clients, of which the following is an excerpt: "The present demoralization affords an excellent opportunity for conservative investments by those who are willing to take some risk. We do not wish to be understood as saying that we regard the decline as over, because we think that it is a matter on which no opinion can be very wisely expressed. There may be very many weak spots yet to be healed or developed, and the conditions of the money market are going to be serious throughout the Summer, and peculiarly so in the early Autumn, but the crops are going to be large, and there will be a great deal of money in the country which will seek investment from this time on. Our argument, therefore, is that we have reached a point where it is wiser to buy stocks in moderation than to continue selling them."

The reports of heavy selling, ostensibly for London account—some 60,000 shares being thus disposed of—were received with some skepticism in banking quarters, where the belief was expressed that much of this selling originated from this side. The fact that foreign exchange actually weakened in the face of this selling was taken to bear out the view that the orders came principally from this side. The Berlin and Amsterdam selling was said to be more genuine.

The Street attached importance to the steady buying of Amalgamated Copper throughout the day, the purchases being said to suggest accumulation rather than any purpose to bid prices up. It was stated yesterday that the recent shading in copper prices has stimulated demand for the metal. The United Metals Selling Company has sold 10,000,000 pounds of lake and electrolytic copper during the past seven days, while a bid has been made of 14⅜ cents by a Connecticut brass manufacturer for 3,000,000 pounds of electrolytic for August delivery. The bid has been accepted.

The last of a 100,000-share line of Erie, Norfolk and Western, and Baltimore and Ohio carried by one speculative interest was liquidated yesterday.

STAPLE PRICES LOWER.

Staple prices, comments Bradstreet's, drifted lower during May. Considerable irregularity was witnessed in many lines, particularly in farm products, which, as a whole, were responsible for the downward movement. Bad crop reports and active speculation advanced the leading cereals and cotton, but this was more than neutralized by many declines in live animals, meats, and dairy products, the latter being especially affected by seasonal changes. The metals all were weaker, crude iron and steel because of enlarged production and backward buying, while copper and tin moved downward in a sort of sympathy. Marked strength was exhibited by manufactured products generally, particular cotton goods, leather, and petroleum, and close to one-half of all products showed marked steadiness, prominent in this direction being building materials of all kinds, chemicals, finished iron and steel, raw textiles, such as wool, jute, and flax, and many groceries. The general approximate index number, based upon the prices per pound of 100 leading articles, shows an aggregate on June 1, 1903, of $7.851, a decrease of 1.1 per cent. from May 1 and of 2.7 per cent. from March 1 this year, but a gain of 2.2 per cent. over June 1 a year ago. Compared with June 1, 1901, the low-water mark after the settling down of the boom of 1900, the present figures show a gain of 5.7 per cent., while, on the other hand, a decline of 5.6 per cent. from the top of the boom of 1900 (Feb. 1, 1900) is shown.

IRON AND METAL TRADES.

Discussing the condition of the iron and metal trades The Iron Age will to-day say:

Our monthly blast furnace statistics are unusually interesting, because they show that we are proceeding at a record breaking pace. In May this country produced 1,758,000 tons of pig iron, as compared with 1,646,000 tons in April. This is an increase of over 50,000 tons, taking into account that May had thirty-one days. Of this enormous total the steel companies produced 1,053,000 tons in May, against 963,000 tons in April.

The productive capacity has, however, been further enlarged during May, so that the whole active furnace plant of the country is now getting close to a rate of 400,000 tons per week, which seems a staggering quantity for the consumption to take care of.

During May there was an accumulation of stocks of about 35,000 tons of coke iron and 5,000 tons of charcoal iron, which is about the rate at which belated foreign pig iron has been coming in. This would look as though consumption is now very close to the actual rate of output, but with the promise of a further expansion of production the latter seems a little too large. The margin is a perilously narrow one.

There are indications that large interests are quietly testing the market in the hope of securing supplies for the second half of the year at figures considerably below the present range. As yet, however, nothing has been done. There has been somewhat more buying lately, but it is still far below the normal.

The Southern situation does not seem to have been cleared. Outside furnace interests are again underselling the official prices, without, however, marketing much.

The tidewater steel market is easier, owing to somewhat lower offerings of foreign billets.

Some good orders for steel rails have been placed in the West, and further transactions are pending. In the East the market is quiet.

The endless chicanery of the labor unions is having its effect upon the tonnage which is being placed in manufactured iron and steel. On the whole it is not so satisfactory as it should be, although the leading interest reports an exceptional amount of work in tubes, tin plate, and some other branches.

The plate manufacturers at a recent meeting reaffirmed prices, but it is admitted that the demand is not quite as heavy as it has been.

There has been some further weakness in iron bars, both East and West, but notably in the West the concessions made have led to the placing of some good orders.

The market for old material has displayed further symptoms of weakness, particularly for all such scrap as is used for rerolling. The demand from the rolling mills has fallen to a low ebb. Steel melting scrap, on the other hand, continues strong and in good request.

WESTERN UNION'S EARNINGS.

The Western Union Telegraph Company issues the following statement for the quarter ending June 30, 1903, the figures for the current year being partly estimated, while those for 1902 are actual:

	1903.	1902.	Increase.
Net revenue	$2,000,000	$1,892,476	$107,524
Bond interest	286,300	254,770	31,530
Balance	$1,713,700	$1,637,706	$75,994
Dividends	1,217,014	1,217,009	5
Surplus	$496,686	$420,697	$75,989
Previous surplus	12,515,341	10,330,308	2,185,033
Total surplus	$13,012,027	$10,751,005	$2,261,024

For the twelve months ending June 30, 1903, figures partly estimated, compare with the actual figures for 1902 as follows:

	1903.	1902.	Increase.
Net revenue	$8,206,773	$7,292,328	$914,445
Bond interest	1,077,700	992,580	85,120
Balance	$7,129,073	$6,299,748	$829,325
Dividends	4,868,050	4,868,031	19
Surplus	$2,261,023	$1,431,717	$829,306
Prev. surplus	10,751,003	9,319,288	1,431,717
Total surplus	$13,012,026	$10,751,005	$2,261,023

STOCK EXCHANGE LISTINGS.

The following securities were listed on the New York Stock Exchange yesterday:

Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railway system, $282,000 additional first mortgage 4 per cent. coupon bonds of 1990, making a total of $40,000,600 listed to date.

Electric Storage Battery Company, $15,795,700 common stock.

The committee on unlisted securities has added $1,804,500 additional preferred and $236,000 additional common stock of the National Biscuit Company to the unlisted department.

The committee has stricken the common and preferred stocks of the National Salt Company from the list.

The committee has admitted the stock of the Metropolitan Securities Company, 50 per cent. paid, to quotation in the unlisted department, and directed that the quoting of subscription receipts, 25 per cent., be discontinued to-day.

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

Adrian H. Muller & Son sold these securities at auction yesterday at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, 161 Broadway:

9 shares First National Bank of New York, (deliverable by transfer,) $100 each, 676.

100 shares National Bank of Commerce, (deliverable by transfer,) $100 each, 230.

150 shares American Exchange National Bank, (deliverable by transfer,) $100 each, 248.

75 shares Nassau Bank of New York, (deliverable by transfer,) $50 each, 186.

60 shares Merchants' National Bank, (deliverable by transfer,) $50 each, 173¼.

10 shares Home Life Insurance Company, $100 each, 425.

100 shares Metropolitan West Side Elevated Railway of Chicago preferred, $100 each, 64.

64 shares Metropolitan National Bank, (in liquidation,) $100 each; 9 shares St. Nicholas Bank, $3 lot.

$11,000 St. Paul and Duluth Railroad Company first mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, due 1931, (part of Northern Pacific Railroad system,) coupons February and August, 112¼@112½.

$30,000 South Carolina and Georgia Railroad Company first mortgage 5 per cent. gold bonds, due 1919, (part of Southern Railway system,) interest May and November, 103.

$12,000 Chicago and Northwestern Railroad Company consolidated 7 per cent. bonds, due 1915, interest February, May, August, and November, 130¼.

$3,000 Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis Railroad consolidated 5 per cent. bonds, due 1928, 111.

$4,000 New York Central and Hudson River Railroad (Lake Shore collateral trust) 3½ per cent. bonds, due 1998, interest February and August, 91.

$8,000 East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroad consolidated 5 per cent. bonds, due 1956, coupons May and November, accrued interest from May 1 last to be charged to the purchaser, 114⅝.

$4,000 Poland Mining Company of Arizona 7 per cent. special contract bonds, and 400 shares Poland Mining Company of Arizona stock, 39½.

$1,600 Tombstone Consolidated Mines Company of Arizona 6 per cent. special contract bonds, and 160 shares Tombstone Consolidated Mines Company of Arizona, $10 each, 39½.

$1,000 Development Company of America fifteen-year 6 per cent. collateral trust gold bonds, due 1918, interest January and July, 69¼.

25 shares Equitable Trust Company, $100 each, 750.

$3,000 Long Island Railroad, North Shore branch, first consolidated mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, due 1932, coupons January, April, July, and October, 112.

7 shares Second National Bank of Jersey City, $100 each, 130.

100 shares Peacock Copper Company, $24 lot.

2,500 shares United Gold and Platinum Mines Company common, $100 each, and 100 shares United Gold and Platinum Company preferred, $100 each, $100 lot.

25 shares First National Bank of Boston, $100 each, 228.

25 shares Plume & Atwood Manufacturing Company, 115.

$220 Atlantic Mutual Insurance Company scrip of 1905, 104½.

GENERAL BUSINESS ITEMS.

Sale on the Stock Exchange of 10 shares of Bank of Commerce at 230.

According to Chicago dispatches the net earnings of the Republic Iron and Steel Company in the half year ending June 30 are expected to be about as good as those of preceding half year, $2,091,000.

Joplin (Mo.) advices that the price of zinc ore continues to be $40 a ton and for lead $54 a ton. Shipments have consumed all available supplies and many camps are sold ahead.

Statement from Chicago that the Chicago, Indianapolis and Louisville Railway Company will spend $100,000 immediately on the improvement of its freight terminal in Louisville.

Listing on the Philadelphia Stock Exchange of $35,000 additional general 5 per cent. bonds of the Union Traction of Indiana.

Blackstone (Mass.) dispatches stating that the Blackstone Manufacturing Company has arranged to build a $400,000 mill there.

Announcement that the Carnegie Company will enlarge its South Sharon plant by the addition of five new open hearth furnaces to cost about $750,000.

Dispatches from Philadelphia that the State Department has granted charters to four street railway companies to build 119 miles of road through the city, including several miles of double track in Fairmount Park.

Incorporation of the Central Pennsylvania Traction Company, capital $2,100,000, to take over the Harrisburg Traction Company and subsidiary lines.

According to Pottsville dispatches the increased demand for anthracite coal at ruling profitable prices is stimulating the opening of new collieries.

Cincinnati advices that the Barney & Smith Company during the past year did a business of $5,500,000, and starts this year with orders on hand to the amount of over $4,000,000.

Boston dispatches stating that the New England Cotton Yarn Company will pass its semi-annual dividend of 3½ per cent., due July 1.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on stock collateral loaned at 2@3 per cent., with the last loan at 2 per cent. The majority of the day's loans was made at 2½ per cent.

Time money rates, 4 per cent. for sixty to ninety days, 4½ per cent. for four months, 4¾@5 per cent. for five and six months, and 5½ per cent. for seven and eight months.

Mercantile paper rates, 5 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 5@5½ per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 6 per cent. for others.

New York Clearing House exchanges were $250,951,750; balances, $9,150,853; United States Sub-Treasury debit balance, $614,628.

Money on call in London, 2@2½ per cent.; short bills, 2 15-16 per cent.; three months' bills, 3 per cent.

Foreign exchange was weak. Nominal rates were $4.85½ for sixty days and $4.88½ for demand. Rates for actual business closed as follows: Sixty days, $4.84¾; demand, $4.8755@$4.8765; cables, $4.88⅛. Commercial bills were $4.84.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.18⅞ less 1-16 and 5.15⅝ less 1-16; reichsmarks, 94¾ and 95 7-16; guilders, 40 and 40 3-16@40¼.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston—Par @5c premium. Chicago—Nominally par. New Orleans—Commercial, $1 discount; bank, $1 premium. Savannah—Buying, 50c discount; selling, 75c premium. Charleston—Buying, par; selling, 1-10c premium. San Francisco—Sight, 2½c; telegraphic, 5c. St. Louis—35c premium.

THE LONDON MARKET.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, June 11.—The Times in its City article to-day says the account so long open between the market and the Bank of England was closed yesterday by the repayment of the small amount due. Money was rather less abundant. Discount rates were steady.

The Stock Exchange was flat, owing to the depression in American rails and South Africans, and also to the aspect of home politics. Quotations mostly finished at the lowest points reached in the course of the day. Consols closed ⅜ lower, at 90 11-16 for cash and 90⅞ for the account; 1905 2½ per cents. fell ⅝, to 90⅝. Home rails were flat and there was a general decline.

American rails were early depressed by large sales from Berlin and Amsterdam. Subsequently better New York advices caused some recovery, but the final prices show heavy falls, Louisville and Nashville and Norfolk and Western common leading.

Foreigns were comparatively steady. South Africans were weak, closing at the lowest points touched.

The Bank of England bought £6,000 bar gold, making the week's net influx £439,000.

Bar silver was ⅛d. per ounce lower, at 24⅛d. spot and 23 15-16d. forward, closing steady.

By The Associated Press.

LONDON, June 10.—Rates for money and discounts were easy to-day.

On the Stock Exchange depression prevailed in all the leading sections, owing to the disagreements in the Cabinet, the continued decline in Americans, and the rumors of possible failures, more than one concern being known to be in difficulties. Trading was light. Consols were weak. Home rails were depressed, notwithstanding satisfactory traffic returns. Americans declined sharply, the closing of local accounts and further Continental sales increasing the nervousness and demoralization. The market closed unsettled. Kafirs were irregular. Grand Trunk was weak, in spite of the fact that the traffic return exceeded expectations. Rio Tintos were harder on Paris support.

Closing prices:

Consols for money, 90 11-16; Consols for account, 90⅞; Anaconda, 4¼; Atchison, 66¼; Atchison pf., 94⅜; Baltimore and Ohio, 82⅛; Canadian Pacific, 122; Chesapeake and Ohio, 37¼; Chicago Great Western, 19¾; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, 152; De Beers, 21⅛; Denver and Rio Grande, 26⅛; Denver and Rio Grande pf., 85¼; Erie, 30⅛; Erie first pf., 65⅝; Erie second pf., 56; Illinois Central, 135⅛; Louisville and Nashville, 110; Missouri, Kansas and Texas, 19⅝; New York Central, 128; Norfolk and Western, 62; Norfolk and Western pf., 90; Ontario and Western, 23½; Pennsylvania, 63¼; Rand Mines, 9⅝; Reading, 22; Reading first pf., 41½; Reading second pf., 31½; Southern Railway, 22¼; Southern Railway pf., 89¼; Southern Pacific, 48⅛; Union Pacific, 80¼; Union Pacific pf., 89¼; United States Steel, 30⅛; United States Steel pf., 81½; Wabash, 22; Wabash pf., 42.

Bar silver steady 24⅛d per ounce.

Money 2@2½ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3 per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for three months' bills is 3 per cent.

Gold premiums are quoted as follows: Madrid, 36.33; Lisbon, 23.

In Continental Centres.

PARIS, June 10.—Business on the Bourse to-day was irregular. Government securities were firm. Gold mines were weak, being affected by the split in the British Cabinet. Industrials were strong.

Three per cent. rentes, 98f 47½c for the account. Exchange on London, 25f 17½c for checks.

BERLIN, June 10.—Business on the Boerse to-day was stagnant. Exchange on London, 20 marks [illegible] pfennigs for checks. Discount rates: Short bills, 3 per cent.; three months' bills, 3⅛ per cent.

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 10.—As a result of forced liquidation and bear hammering several of the local leaders were forced to-day to new low levels on this movement. United Gas sold at 84⅝, which was lower than it had been sold before since the lease of the Philadelphia City Gas Works. Cambria Steel at 21⅞ was lower than since the capital stock was increased and made full paid. Philadelphia Company sold at 40, its low record since 1900. Reading was down to its low price in 1901 before the Pennsylvania management began buying it to prevent the control going to the Goulds. The weakest stocks were Consolidated Lake Superior preferred and United Gas Improvement. Talk is heard of the formation of a pool to support the latter, but the scheme has not yet matured. The Rockefeller control of Pennsylvania rumors are ridiculed here, especially among prominent interests in the company. The market continued unsettled at the close.

Total sales, 44,395 shares and $50,400 bonds. Range of prices:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
104	Am. Railways Co.	45	45	45
100	Balt. & Ohio	80¼	80¼	80¼
31	Cambria Iron	47	47	47
1,625	Cambria Steel	22	21⅞	22
100	Chesapeake & Ohio	35⅞	35⅞	35⅞
1,820	Con. Lake Superior	5 7-16	5	5
570	Con. Lake Superior pf.	24	22⅞	23⅞
21	Con. Traction of N. J.	68½	68½	68½
170	Elec. Co. of America	8 9-16	8⅝	8 9-16
150	Elec. Storage Battery	64	63	63
1,800	Erie	30	29	29
25	Erie 1st pf.	64⅝	64⅝	64⅝
24	Hunt. & Broad Top pf.	55	55	55
80	Ins. Co. of N. America	25	25	25
1,210	Lehigh Valley	40⅛	39⅞	40
15	Lehigh Navigation	67	67	67
10	Manhattan	135⅛	135⅛	135⅛
100	M. K. T.	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛
21	Minehill R. R.	64½	64½	64½
50	Nesquehoning Valley	50½	50½	50½
885	Pennsylvania	62⅛	61⅞	62⅛
4,672	Pennsylvania warrants	1⅜	1 5-16	1⅜
146	Philadelphia Traction	96	96	96
3,436	Philadelphia Elec.	6 1-16	5⅞	5 15-16
2,959	Philadelphia Co.	40⅛	40	40
2	Philadelphia Rap. Tr.	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛
11,429	Reading	21 9-16	20 11-16	20 15-16
100	Reading 1st pf.	40 1-16	40 1-16	40 1-16
500	Southern R. R.	22	21⅞	21⅞
44	Susquehanna Steel	2	2	2
2,712	United Gas Imp.	87	84⅝	85⅜
2,121	Un. Gas Imp. allots.	35⅝	33⅞	34
2,475	Union Traction	45⅛	44⅜	44⅜
8,210	U. S. Steel	29⅛	29	29⅛
25	U. S. Steel pf.	79⅝	79⅝	79⅝
100	Wabash pf.	41⅛	41⅛	41⅛

CHICAGO QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 10.—The disregard with which traders on the local Exchange viewed the early crippling of prices on the Eastern Exchange spoke well for the local situation. Stocks here, however, showed some sympathy with New York. Weakness was appreciable in Can preferred, which sold down to 42¼. Match also fell off to 131, and Swifts touched a new low point for recent months—108. Biscuit shares held fairly well, the common selling around 37¼ and the preferred at 98@98¼. New York exchange was 25 cents premium. Time and call loans, 4½@6 per cent. Complete stock transactions were as follows:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
680	American Can	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞
375	American Can pf.	42¾	42⅛	42⅛
37	A. Booth Company	35	35	35
50	Chicago Edison	154	154	154
55	Chi. T. & Trust Co.	96	95⅛	96
50	Chicago City Ry.	190	190	190
4	Chicago Telephone Co.	135	135	135
73	Diamond Match	132	131	131
100	Lake Street Elevated	5	5	5
230	Met. Elevated common	21½	21	21
480	Met. Elevated pf.	67	66	66
1,095	National Biscuit	37½	37⅛	37⅜
1,150	National Biscuit pf.	98¼	98	98¼
550	National Carbon common	24⅞	24¼	24½
10	South Side Elevated	97	97	97
650	Swift & Co.	108¼	107⅛	108
300	United Box Board	21½	21⅛	21½

OUTSIDE SECURITIES.

In some parts of the outside market yesterday liquidation was more in evidence than on any day during the recent decline. More stocks were under selling pressure, and the declines were in some cases larger than any of those recorded during the past week or ten days. Northern Securities, which on Tuesday closed within an eighth of a point of the lowest price at which it had sold, dropped three points more yesterday, and the final sale was the very lowest of the day. The Seaboard Air Line stocks broke sharply on larger transactions than have been recorded in these stocks for some time. In other stocks the record was very nearly the same. While in some instances there was some rally from the lowest, the bulk of the list ended the day at about the worst. Within the last two days the selling movement has extended to several issues which previously had held up very well in the face of many declines.

NORTHERN SECURITIES was the stock which suffered most at the opening of the market. The selling orders were numerous, and for some time the demand for the stock was small. With declines of a quarter of a point between sales the quotation dropped to 86¼, and then more gradually went as low as 85¼. During the day there were several rallies of about a point, but each time the selling was renewed, and when 3 o'clock came the price was lower than at any earlier hour. About 17,000 shares were dealt in on the decline.

SEABOARD AIR LINE was another of the weak stocks. The common went as low as 19⅞ and the preferred as low as 36. In each issue the day's net loss amounted to about two points.

NEW ORLEANS RAILWAY common declined 3¾ points, but the preferred stock and the bonds were strong. The bonds were one of the very few issues which showed a net gain as compared with Tuesday's close.

The principal transactions reported in the outside market yesterday, with the high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,200	American Can pf.	42⅝	42	42⅝
100	Bay State Gas	3-16	3-16	3-16
100	British Columbia Cop.	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
100	Con. Refrigerating	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
700	Fuel Oil Power	25⅝	25⅜	25⅜
100	Gold Hill Copper	¾	¾	¾
4,400	Greene Con. Copper	19⅞	19	19⅞
200	Havana Tobacco	39	37	39
27	International Salt	11	10⅞	11
300	Internat. Mer. Marine	8	7⅞	7⅞
200	Light, Fuel & Power	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛
500	Lanston Monotype	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝
900	Manhattan Transit	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
300	Mex. Nat. 2d pf., w. i.	26	25⅝	25⅝
900	Montreal & Boston Cop.	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
325	N. Y. Transportation	5⅞	*5⅝	5⅞
10,700	Northern Securities	87⅛	85⅞	85⅞
600	New Orleans Ry.	11⅞	10⅞	11⅛
400	New Orleans Ry. pf.	41½	41	41
100	Otis Elevator	35	35	35
10	Royal Bak. Powder pf.	100	100	100
1,800	Seaboard Air Line	20⅝	19⅞	20
1,100	Seaboard Air Line pf.	37	36	36
135	Standard Oil	642	638	638
400	Tennessee Copper	28⅞	28⅛	28⅛
100	Tonopah Mining	8	8	8
100	Union Copper	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
100	United Copper	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞
100	U. S. Light & Heat	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Erie conv. 4s, w. i.	87	87	87
5,000	Lack. Steel 5s, full pd.	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞
25,000	New Orleans Ry. 4½s	84	83⅞	84
1,000	Va. & Car. Chem. 5s	98	98	98

*Less than 100 shares.

QUOTATIONS—INACTIVE ISSUES.

Closing quotations of stocks in which no transactions in full lots were reported compare as follows with the closing prices of Tuesday:

Industrial and Miscellaneous.

	June 10. Bid.	Asked.	June 9. Bid.	Asked.
American Banknote	55	56½	55	56½
American Can	5⅝	5⅞	5⅝	5⅞
American Chicle	112	115	112	115
Amer. Chicle pf.	87	91	87	91
American De Forest	..	7	..	7
American Diesel Engine	15	17	15	17
American Elevated	..	½	..	½
Amer. Malt 6s	..	97	97	98
Amer. Sparklets pf.	..	5	..	5
American Typefounders	32½	36	32½	36
Amer. Typefounders pf.	94	95	94	95
Amer. Writing Paper	3½	4	3⅝	4¼
Am. Writing Paper pf.	14	15	16⅛	15
Am. Writing Paper 5s	72	73½	72⅝	73¾
Bamberger De Lamar	9⅝	10⅛	9⅝	10⅛
Borden's Cond. Milk	116	118	116	118
Borden's Cond. Milk pf.	107	109	107	109
British Columbia Copper	3⅝	3⅞	3⅝	4
California Copper	1-16	¾	1-16	¾
Camden Land	¼	½	¼	½
Casein Co. of America	..	11	..	11
Casein Co. of Am. pf.	..	62	..	62
Central Fireworks	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Central Fireworks pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Central Foundry	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Central Foundry pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Central Foundry 6s	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Compressed Air	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Con. Refrigerating	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	3⅝
Con. Rubber Tire	[illegible]	1⅛	[illegible]	1⅛
Con. Rubber Tire pf.	5	7½	5	7½
Con. Rubber Tire 4s	7	10	7	10
Detroit & Mackinac	33	..	33	..
Detroit & Mackinac pf.	83	..	83	..
Dominion Securities	5	20	5	20
E. W. Bliss	140	160	140	160
E. W. Bliss pf.	140	160	140	160
Electric Boat	20	28	20	28
Electric Boat pf.	35	41	35	41
Electric Lead Reduction	1⅛	1½	1⅛	1½
Electric Lead Reduc. pf.	3	3¾	3	3¾
Electric Vehicle	6	9	6	9
Electric Vehicle pf.	12	15	12	15
Electro-Pneumatic	¼	½	¼	½
Empire Steel	..	13	..	13
Empire Steel pf.	..	51	..	51
Erie conv. 4s, w. i.	86	88	87	88
Gold Hill Copper	3-16	¼	3-16	¼
Gugg'h'm Ex. 50% paid	108	112	108	112
Guggenheim Exploration	110	120	110	120
Hackensack Meadows	10	12	9½	12½
Hall Signal	90	100	90	100
Havana Tobacco	38	40	37	40
Havana Tobacco pf.	50	60	50	60
Houston Oil	..	7	..	7
Houston Oil pf.	35	50	35	50
International Elevator	..	90	..	..
Interu. Rap. Tr.	99½	100⅛	100	..
Inter. Mer. Marine	7⅝	8⅛	8	10
Inter. Mer. Marine pf.	25½	29	27½	28½
Int. Mer. Marine 4½s	97⅞	100	97⅞	100
International Salt	10⅝	12	11⅛	12
International Salt 5s	40½	48	42	..
Internat. Silver 1st 6s	96	100	96	100
Internat. Silver deb. 6s	..	92½	..	92½
Inter. Silver	..	8⅞	..	8¾
Inter. Silver pf.	..	50	..	50
Kitchener Mining	¼	½	¼	½
Lackaw. Steel 60% paid	..	88⅞	..	88⅞
Lackaw. Steel full paid	80	90	80	90
Lackaw. St. 5s, 50% paid	97½	97⅞	97	97⅞
Lackaw. St. 5s, full paid	97½	98	97	98
Maine Steamship	18	23	18	23
Maine Steamship 5s	75	78	75	78
Marconi Wireless of Can.	..	5	..	5
Mex. Nat. 2d pf., w. i.	26½	26¾	26¾	27¼
Mex. Nat. C., $17 pd. off.	6	7	6	7
Mont. & Boston Copper	1½	1⅝	1⅞	1¾
New Eng. Trans.	¾	¾	¾	¾
N. Y. & Q. E. L. & P.	40	45	40	45
N. Y. & Q. E. L. & P. pf.	70	75	70	75
N. Y. Trans.	5½	6	5¾	6
North Am. L. & Pulp	5½	10	5½	10
Otis Elevator	34	35½	34	35
Otis Elevator pf.	94	96	94	96
Pacific Pack. & Nav.	½	1½	½	1½
Pacific Pack. & Nav. pf.	2	5	2	5
Peoria, Dec. & Evansv.	¼	¾	¼	¾
Royal Baking Powder pf.	99	101	100	102
Safety Car Heating	176	182	178½	180
Seaboard Air Line	19¾	20¼	20½	21¼
Seaboard Air Line pf.	36	36⅛	36⅞	37¼
Seminole Mining	½	1	½	1
Simpson-Crawford	27	32	27	32
Simpson-Crawford 6s	80	85	80	85
Standard Coupler	30	32½	30	32½
Standard Coupler pf.	125	135	125	135
Standard Milling	5	6	5	6
Standard Milling pf.	22	25	22	25
Standard Milling 5s	70	74	70	74
Storage Power	¾	⅞	⅜	⅞
Tonopah Mining	7	8½	8	8½
Trenton Potteries	..	15	..	14
Trenton Potteries pf.	87	90½	87	90½
Trenton Potteries deb.	68	72	68	72
Union Copper	1⅛	1⅝	1⅛	1⅞
Union Typewriter	105	110	105	110
Union Typewriter 1st pf.	114	118	114	118
Union Typewriter 2d pf.	114	118	114	118
United Box Board	2½	3½	2½	3½
United Box Board pf.	20	23	20	23
United Copper	17	19	17	19
U. S. Cotton Duck	2	5	3	5
U. S. Rubber col. ref. 5s	96½	98½	96¼	98¼
Universal Tobacco	1⅛	2½	1⅛	2⅛
Universal Tobacco pf.	4	6	4	6
Virginia & Southwestern	25	31	25	31
White Knob Copper	12	15	12½	13½
White Knob Cop. con. 6s	125	140	125	140

Street Railways.

	June 10. Bid.	Asked.	June 9. Bid.	Asked.
Broadway & 7th Av.	245	247	245	247
Broadway & 7th Av. 1st	98½	100½	98½	100½
Broadway & 7th Av. 2d	105	107	105	107
Broadway Surface 1st 5s	110	114	110	114
Broadway Surface 2d	99½	101	99½	101
Brooklyn, B. & W. E. 5s	100	104	100	104
Brooklyn City Railroads	236	240	236	240
Brook. R. T. new 4s	82	83	82	83
Central Park, N. & E. R.	210	220	210	220
Con. Traction of N. J.	67½	69	67½	69
Con. Traction 5s	105	108	105	108
Eighth Av. Railroad	400	415	400	415
42d St., M. & St. N. Av. 1st	107	110	107	110
42d St., M. & St. N. Av. 2d	99	101	99	101
Grand Rapids St. Ry.	50	55	50	55
Grand Rapids St. Ry. pf.	91	95	91	95
Jersey City, H. & P.	17	19	17	19
Jersey City, H. & P. 4s	74	76	74½	76
Nassau Electric 4s	81½	83	81½	83
New Orleans Rys.	11⅛	11½	11	14
New Orleans Rys. pf.	40	42½	41½	42½
New Orleans Rys. 4½s	83⅞	84	83⅞	84½
Ninth Avenue R. R.	190	210	190	210
North Jersey St. Ry.	22	24	22	24
North Jersey St. Ry. 4s	77	79	77	79
St. Louis Transit	21½	23	22½	23½
St. Louis Tr. 5% notes	95½	97	95½	97
Second Av. R. R. consols	113	115	113	115
Sixth Avenue R. R.	175	185	175	185
Steinway R. R. Co. 1st 6s	114	116	114	116
Syracuse Rapid Transit	27	31	27	31
Syracuse Rapid Tr. pf.	75	78	75	78
Union Railway 1st 5s	114	117	114	117
United Rys. of St. L. pf.	70	72	71½	73
United Traction, Prov.	100	102	100	102
United Traction bonds	110½	112½	110½	112½
Wash. Ry. & Electric	9½	10½	9	11
Wash. Ry. & Elec. pf.	39	41	39	41
Wash. Ry. & Elec. 4s	75	76	75	76

Gas Companies.

	June 10. Bid.	Asked.	June 9. Bid.	Asked.
Amer. Lt. & Tr.	70	75	73	77
Amer. Lt. & Tr. pf.	90	97	95	98
Buffalo Gas	6½	8½	6½	8½
Cent. Union Gas gtd. 5s	108½	109½	108½	109½
Con. Gas of N. J. 5s	87	90	87	90
Consum. Gas (J. C.) bds.	100	102	100	102
Denver Gas	22½	24	23½	24½
Denver Gas 5s	70	76	70	76
Denver Gas 6s	82½	86	82½	86
Indianapolis Gas	60	70	60	70
Indianapolis Gas 6s	102½	105	102½	105
Mutual Gas	290	315	290	315
New Amsterdam Gas 5s	107	108	107	108
N. Y. & E. R. Gas Co. 1st 5s	110	113	110	113
N. Y. & E. R. Gas Co. Con. 5s	108	111	108	111
Northern Union Gas 5s	106	107	106	107
Ohio & Indiana Gas	8	12	8	12
St. Joseph (Mo.) 5s	92	96	92	96
St. Paul Gas 5s	90	93	90	93
Standard Gas, N. Y.	131	..	131	..
Standard Gas, N. Y., pf.	152½	..	152½	..
Standard Gas 1st 5s	115	117	115	117
Syracuse Gas 1st 5s	95	95½	95	95½

Ferry Companies.

	June 10. Bid.	Asked.	June 9. Bid.	Asked.
Brooklyn Ferry	0	3	0	3
East River Ferry	80	85	80	85
East River Ferry 5s	90	95	90	95
Hoboken Ferry 1st 5s	107	110	107	110
N. Y. & Hob. con. 5s	105	107	105	107
Union Ferry	36	38	36	38
Union Ferry 5s, ex coup.	90	92	90	92

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 10.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day and yesterday were as follows:

	Wednesday.	Tuesday.
Alta	.05	.04
Alpha Con	.02	.02
Andes	.19	.18
Belcher	.45	.44
Best & Belcher	2.10	2.10
Bullion	.08	.07
Caledonia	1.15	1.10
Challenge Con	.45	.45
Chollar	.28	.25
Confidence	1.25	1.25
Con Cal. & Va.	1.65	1.55
Con. Imperial	.05	.05
Crown Point	.27	.30
Gould & Curry	.45	.42
Hale & Norcross	.65	.65
Julia	.02	.02
Justice	.15	.14
Kentucky Con	.04	.04
Lady Washington Con	.03	.05
Mexican	1.35	1.25
Occidental Con	.28	.28
Ophir	1.80	1.75
Overman	.39	.39
Potosi	.38	.35
Savage	.19	.18
Seg Belcher	.18	.18
Sierra Nevada	.88	.83
Syndicate	.05	.05
St. Louis	.18	.20
Union Con	.90	.87
Utah Con	.38	.42
Yellow Jacket	.59	.56
Silver bars	.52⅝	.52¾
Mexican dollars	.41¾	41@41½
Drafts, sight	Par	Par
Telegraph	.02½	.02½

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, June 10.—Gardner & Co. report closing quotations for mining stocks to-day and yesterday as follows:

	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
Acacia	7½	8½	7¾	8⅝
American Consolidated	2	2½	2	2½
Anaconda	13½	15	13½	15¾
Bluebell	5	6	5	6
C. C. Consolidated	4	4½	4	5
Corielanus	2⅝	3	2½	3
C. C. & M.	2	2½	2	2½
Dante	2	2⅝	2	2⅞
Doctor Jackpot	8	9	8	9
Elkton	40	41½	41½	42
El Paso	62	63	62⅝	63
Findlay	13½	14⅝	13½	14⅝
Gold Dollar Consolidated	5	5⅛	5	5⅛
Golden Cycle	70½	72	71	72
Golden Fleece	5	12	5	11
Gold Bond	2⅝	3	2⅝	3
Gold Sovereign	3⅝	4⅛	4⅛	4⅜
Gould	..	..	3⅞	..
Gold Exploration	3	3½	2	3½
Isabella	13½	15⅞	10	15½
Jackpot	7	10	7	10
Keystone	4⅞	5	4½	5
Last Dollar	30	60	30	60
Lexington	3⅜	4	3⅛	4
Little Puck	2⅝	3	..	..
Little Bessie	3	4	3⅛	4
Mollie Gibson	6	6⅛	6	7
Mary Cashen	2⅛	2½	2⅛	2½
Moon Anchor	7½	9	7½	9
New Haven	2⅛	2⅝	2⅛	2⅜
Old Gold	7⅛	7⅝	7⅛	7¾
Pharmacist	3⅜	3⅝	4	4⅜
Pinnacle	3⅛	4⅛	3⅛	4⅛
Portland	128	134	130	135
Rose Maud	1⅛	2	1⅛	2
Rose Nicol	2⅛	3	2⅛	3
Sunset Eclipse	2⅝	3⅛	2⅝	3⅛
Vindicator	88	91	90½	91
Work	5	6⅛	5⅛	6⅛

GOVERNMENT CROP REPORT.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—Preliminary returns to the Statistician of the Department of Agriculture on the acreage of Spring wheat sown indicate an area of about 17,257,000 acres, a decrease of 364,000 acres, or 2.1 per cent., from the revised estimate of the acreage sown last year. An increase of 10 per cent. in North Dakota is accompanied by a decrease in Minnesota and South Dakota, conservatively estimated at 6 per cent. in the former State and 5 per cent. in the latter.

The average condition of Spring wheat on June 1 was 95.9, as compared with 95.4 at the corresponding date last year, 92 on June 1, 1901, and a ten-year average of 92.9.

The following table shows for the five principal Spring wheat States the acreage compared with last year on a percentage basis, and the condition on June 1 in each of the last three years, with the ten-year average:

State.	Ac'ge Com'd with Last Year.	—Condition.— 1903.	1902.	1901.	Ten-Year Av.
Minnesota	94.0	95.0	95.0	93.0	95.0
North Dakota	110.0	90.0	96.0	91.0	94.0
South Dakota	95.0	100.0	100.0	92.0	93.0
Iowa	85.0	91.0	95.0	92.0	96.0
Washington	110.0	89.0	97.0	95.0	94.0
United States	97.9	95.9	95.4	92.0	92.9

The average condition of Winter wheat on June 1 was 82.2, as compared with 92.6 on May 1, 1903; 76.1 on June 1, 1902; 87.8 at the corresponding date in 1901, and a ten-year average of 79.1.

The following table shows for the twelve principal Winter wheat States the condition on June 1 in each of the last three years, and that on May 1, 1903, with the ten-year June averages:

State.	This Month.	Last Month.	June 1, 1902.	June 1, 1901.	Ten-Year Av.
Kansas	83.0	95.0	90.0	87.0	72.0
Missouri	70.0	87.0	96.0	84.0	78.0
California	76.0	93.0	86.0	92.0	78.0
Indiana	84.0	95.0	75.0	90.0	79.0
Nebraska	94.0	96.0	91.0	90.0	74.0
Ohio	87.0	95.0	76.0	90.0	75.0
Illinois	70.0	92.0	90.0	84.0	69.0
Pennsylvania	89.0	95.0	78.0	96.0	87.0
Oklahoma	93.0	97.0	82.0	84.0	86.0
Texas	67.0	86.0	57.0	46.0	78.0
Tennessee	70.0	89.0	61.0	88.0	83.0
Michigan	86.0	90.0	88.0	68.0	73.0
United States	82.2	92.6	76.1	87.8	79.1

The total reported area in oats is about 27,732,000 acres, a reduction of 220,000 acres, or 3.2 per cent., from the area sown last year.

The average condition of oats on June 1 was 85.5, against 90.6 on June 1, 1902; 85.3 at the corresponding date in 1901, and a ten-year average of 90.2.

The following table shows for the ten principal oat States the acreage compared with last year on a percentage basis, and the condition on June 1 in each of the last three years, with the ten-year June average:

State.	Ac'ge Com'd with Last Year.	—Condition June 1.— 1903.	1902.	1901.	Ten-Year Av.
Illinois	91.0	79.0	95.0	78.0	92.0
Iowa	96.0	91.0	95.0	94.0	96.0
Wisconsin	102.0	98.0	100.0	91.0	93.0
Minnesota	101.0	95.0	96.0	93.0	95.0
Nebraska	102.0	90.0	95.0	85.0	85.0
Indiana	88.0	79.0	90.0	82.0	90.0
New York	96.0	69.0	91.0	92.0	93.0
Pennsylvania	98.0	77.0	78.0	92.0	89.0
Ohio	89.0	74.0	82.0	88.0	87.0
Michigan	96.0	85.0	91.0	90.0	90.0
United States	96.8	85.5	90.6	85.3	90.2

The acreage reported as under barley exceeds that harvested last year by 330,000 acres, or 7.1 per cent. The average condition of barley is 91.5, against 93.6 on June 1, 1902; 91 at the corresponding date in 1901, and a ten-year average of 88.7.

The acreage under rye shows a reduction of 2.6 per cent. from that harvested last year. The average condition of rye is 90.6, against 88.1 on June 1, 1902; 93.9 at the corresponding date in 1901, and 89, the mean of the corresponding averages of the last ten years.

The acreage of clover for the country as a whole cannot be satisfactorily determined, but all the principal clover States except Wisconsin report decreases in acreage ranging from 1 per cent. in Pennsylvania, Michigan, and Illinois, to 8 per cent. in Iowa and Kansas. The condition of clover exceeds the ten-year average in Iowa, Illinois, Missouri, Kansas, and Wisconsin, while New York, Pennsylvania, and Ohio show conditions below their ten-year averages.

Of the 14 States having 5,000,000 apple trees and upward, but 3—Virginia and Tennessee—report conditions above their ten-year averages, the conditions in the other important apple-producing States ranging from 2 points in North Carolina to 23 points in West Virginia below such average.

The present prospects for the peach crop are decidedly unfavorable, Oklahoma alone among the important peach-growing States and Territories showing a condition above its ten-year average. In the remaining States having 3,000,000 peach trees and upward conditions range from 1 per cent. in California to 43 per cent. in Arkansas below their ten-year averages.

The acreage devoted to rice has been reduced in all the principal rice-producing States, the reductions ranging from 1 per cent. in Georgia and Alabama to 14 per cent. in Mississippi. The condition of rice is below the nine-year average in all rice-producing States except Alabama, Louisiana, and Texas, in which States conditions are 1, 1, and 4 per cent., respectively, above their nine-year averages.

There has been an improvement in the condition of Spring pastures during the past month in Iowa, Missouri, Michigan, Kansas, and Wisconsin; New York, Pennsylvania, and Ohio show conditions considerably lower than those of last month, while the condition in Illinois has declined 1 point during the month.

TRANSACTIONS IN BONDS.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Wednesday, June 10, 1903.

U S 4s, reg, 1907
1,000....110

Adams Express 4s
1,000....104

Albany & Sus 6s
5,000....105½

Ann Arbor 1st 4s
1,000....94⅝

Atch, Top & Santa Fe gen 4s
20,000....99⅞
500....99⅞
15,000....100

Adj 4s, stamped
500....87½
500....87½
10,000....85
4,000....85½
1,000....86½
3,000....86

Atlan Coast L 4s
5,000....91⅝

Balt & Ohio prior lien 3½s
15,000....94

Gold 4s
2,000....101½
2,000....101½
1,000....101½

S'w'n div 3½s
2,000....90
2,000....89⅞

B'klyn Q Co & S con gtd 5s
2,000....102

B'klyn Rap Tr 5s
4,000....104⅞
1,000....104½

B'klyn Un El 1st
2,000....100

Canada South 1st
10,000....104⅛

Cent of Ga con 5s
4,000....104
3,000....104⅛
3,000....104
2,000....104⅛

1st inc 5s
10,000....73
10,000....72⅞

2d inc 5s
10,000....32¼
10,000....32
5,000....31½

Ches & O con 5s
1,000....115⅜
23,000....115

Ches & O gen 4½s
1,000....103⅝

Chi & Alton 3½s
10,000....75⅝
4,000....76

Chi, B & Q con 7s
2,000....103¼

Chi, Bur & Q 4s, joint bonds
4,000....92⅞
2,000....93
16,000....92½
3,000....92
5,000....91½
1,000....92
10,000....91½
5,000....92
1,000....91½
10,000....91⅞
7,000....91⅞
10,000....91⅞
10,000....91½

Registered
10,000....89

Chi & N'w'n deb 5s, 1921
1,000....108

Chi, R I & P R R 4s
12,000....79¼
5,000....79⅜
10,000....79⅞

Chi & Rock Island 5s, when issued
10,000....85¼
2,000....85

C & W I gen 6s
7,000....114

C, C, C & St L gen 4s
2,000....97⅞
2,000....97⅞

Col F & I conv 5s
2,000....83
2,000....82⅞
5,000....82½

Col & South 1st 4s
3,000....88

Consol Tobacco 4s
15,000....60
5,000....59⅞
73,000....60
3,000....59⅞
10,000....60
20,000....59⅞
5,000....59½
10,000....59⅞
15,000....59⅞
30,000....60
7,000....59⅞
25,000....60

Dist Sec Cor 5s
10,000....63⅛
20,000....63
5,000....63⅛
6,000....63⅛

Erie 1st con 4s
6,000....98¼

Erie 1st gen 4s
1,000....83⅞
3,000....83⅞

Erie, Penn col tr 4s
5,000....91⅞

Green Bay & West deb ctfs, B
21,000....13½
3,000....13
5,000....12⅞
25,000....12½
20,000....12⅞
40,000....12⅛
1,000....12⅞
10,000....12
1,000....12¼
6,000....12

Hock Val 1st 4½s
1,000....107¼

H & Tex Cent 1st 5s
1,000....111½

Ill Cent, St L div 3½s
5,000....87

K C, Ft S & M 4s
7,000....84⅞
2,000....84⅞
1,000....84⅞

Kan City South 3s
8,000....67⅛
5,000....67½

L S & M S 2d 7s
3,000....100⅝

Louisville & Nashv unified 4s
5,000....101

Mex Cent con 4s
1,000....75

Mex Cent 1st inc
25,000....23
29,000....22½
25,000....22½
13,000....21⅞

Mex Cent 2d inc
50,000....15⅞

Mo, K & T 1st 4s
2,000....98

Mo Pac 1st con 6s
2,000....118½

Mo Pac trust 5s
13,000....104

Mo Pac 1st col 5s
2,000....104

N Y Cent & Hud River, L S col 3½s
13,000....80½
4,000....80

Registered
2,000....87⅞

N Y, C & St L 4s
4,000....102

N Y Gas, El L, H & P purchase money 4s
1,000....91½

N Y Dock Co 4s
5,000....91⅞

N Y, O & W ref 4s
3,000....100⅛
4,000....100⅛

Nor & W con 4s
6,000....98⅞
3,000....98

Norf & W, Pocah C & C 4s
10,000....88
20,000....88

North Pac 4s
5,000....101⅞

North Pac gen 3s
7,000....71⅛
24,000....71
1,000....70⅞

Oregon Short L 4s, partic bonds
30,000....89⅞
10,000....89⅞
5,000....89⅞

1st con 5s
1,000....111

Penn conv 3½s
5,000....94⅛
7,000....94⅛
2,000....94⅛
27,000....94
13,000....94⅛

Peoria & E 1st 4s
5,000....96

Reading gen 4s
6,000....96⅛
3,000....96
2,000....96⅛
1,000....96⅛
2,000....96⅛
3,000....96⅛

Rome, W & O con 5s
8,000....117⅛

St L, I M & South unify & ref 4s
6,000....87

Gen 5s
1,000....111

St L & San F R R refunding 4s
15,000....84⅛
6,000....84⅛
1,000....84

St L S'w'n 1st 4s
3,000....93⅞

Seaboard A L Ry gold 4s
12,000....70⅞

South Car & Ga 1st
4,000....105
1,000....104⅞

South Pac 4s
5,000....87
12,000....85⅞
5,000....86
5,000....85⅞

Southern Ry 1st 5s
10,000....115⅝
1,000....116

Texas & Pac 1st 5s
3,000....113½
5,000....114

Third Av con 4s
10,000....96

Union Pac 1st 4s
6,000....102⅛
4,000....102

Union Pac conv 4s
5,000....92⅛
50,000....92½
80,000....92⅛
37,000....92⅛
5,000....92⅞
45,000....92⅛
10,000....92⅛
2,000....92⅛
20,000....92⅞
10,000....92⅞
10,000....92⅞
1,000....92⅞
74,000....92⅞
3,000....92⅞
5,000....92⅞
10,000....92⅞
33,000....92⅛
25,000....92½
55,000....92⅛
18,000....92⅛
4,000....92⅛
10,000....92⅛
8,000....92⅛
5,000....92⅛
44,000....92⅞
70,000....92⅞
5,000....92⅛
8,000....92⅞
5,000....92⅛
1,000....92⅞
5,000....92⅞
10,000....92⅛
15,000....92⅛
50,000....92⅛
10,000....92⅞
10,000....92⅛
10,000....92⅛
5,000....92⅞
11,000....92⅞
60,000....92½
146,000....92⅞
17,000....92⅞
10,000....92½
4,000....92½
20,000....92⅞
38,000....92⅛
15,000....92⅞
10,000....92⅛
5,000....92⅞
10,000....92⅞
5,000....92⅞
10,000....92⅞
45,000....92⅞

United Railroads of San Fran 4s
10,000....77⅛
10,000....77⅞

U S Steel Corp s f 5s
110,000....85⅝
125,000....85⅝
200,000....85
10,000....85¼
5,000....85⅛
30,000....85⅛
50,000....85⅛
2,000....85⅛
20,000....85⅛
35,000....85⅛
10,000....85
55,000....85⅛
20,000....85⅛
40,000....85⅛
10,000....85⅛
10,000....85⅛
7,000....85⅛
15,000....85⅛

Va Iron, C & C 5s
1,000....78½

Wabash 1st 5s
5,000....116

Wabash deb B
122,000....72
1,000....72⅛
25,000....72⅛
25,000....72⅛
10,000....72⅛
2,000....72⅛
10,000....72⅛
10,000....72⅛
10,000....72⅛
10,000....72⅛
3,000....72⅛
2,000....73
45,000....72⅛
15,000....72⅛
20,000....72⅛
45,000....72⅛
20,000....72⅛
5,000....72⅛
37,000....72⅛
5,000....72⅛
10,000....72⅛
10,000....72
15,000....72⅛
15,000....72⅛
25,000....72⅛
16,000....72
5,000....71⅛
16,000....71

West Union fundg & real est 4½s
10,000....102⅞

Wis Cent gen 4s
15,000....91

Total sales....$3,666,000

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, June 10.—The weakness in Seaboard issues was the most noteworthy feature of to-day's market. There was some selling of marginal accounts, a part of which was induced by timidity and a part due to inability to further protect accounts. The pressure in New York aggravated the trouble and caused the stocks to drop to their lowest level for three years. There was a partial recovery from the lowest. United Railways incomes eased off fractionally, but they, too, recovered a portion of the loss.

Money on call was at 5¼ per cent.

Complete transactions for the day, amounting to 8,305 shares of stock and $110,000 worth of bonds, were as follows:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
4,570	Seaboard Railway com.	20¼	19⅞	20
2,250	Seaboard Railway pf.	36	35⅞	36
10	Consolidated Gas	68	68	68
1,475	United Rys. & El. com.	11⅛	11	11⅛

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$4,000	Seaboard Ry. 10-yr. 5s.	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛
15,000	Seaboard Railway 4s	79⅛	78	79⅛
35,000	United Rys. & El. inc.	64⅛	64	64⅛
7,000	United Rys. & El. 4s	97⅛	91⅞	91⅞
1,000	City and Suburb. 1st 5s	113	113	113
21,500	G. B. S. Brew. 1st	49⅛	49⅛	49⅛
16,000	Atlan. Coast L. con. 4s	92	92	92
2,000	Albany & North. 5s	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛
1,000	Balt. Trac. 5s	115	115	115

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, June 10.—Complete stock transactions to-day were as follows:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
155	Brewing	21½	21½	21½
111	Brewing pf.	47	45⅞	46⅞
1,495	Crucible Steel	15	14⅝	14¾
57	Crucible Steel pf.	80⅝	80⅛	80⅝
460	Fire Proofing	24½	24	24½
180	Fire Proofing pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
2,202	Mfrs. Light & Heat	33⅞	33	33⅛
398	Ohio Fuel Supply	41½	41	41½
800	Philadelphia Co.	40⅛	40⅛	40⅛
135	Pittsburg Coal	27	27	27
240	Pittsburg Coal pf.	85⅛	85	85
650	River Coal	10½	10⅛	10½
2,325	U. S. Steel	30⅛	29	29⅞
485	U. S. Steel pf.	80	79⅛	79⅞
35	West. Air Brake	155	155	155
230	West. Elec. 2d	90	88⅛	90⅛
10	Allegheny Trust	190	190	190
10	American Trust	305	305	305
20	Colonial Trust	600	600	600
40	Commonwealth Trust	240	240	240
5	Exchange Nat. Bank	90	90	90
10	Farmers De. N. Bank	1300	1300	1300
10	Federal Nat. Bank	165	165	162
100	Iron City Trust	154	154	154
10	Merchants' & M. T.	83	83	83
20	Real Estate Trust	397	395	395

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	Brewing 6s	114½	114½	114½
7,000	River Coal 5s	113½	113½	113½

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Complete Transactions in Stocks—Wednesday, June 10, 1903.

Closing Bid.	Asked.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	†Net Change.
12¾	13	100	Allis-Chalmers Co	12½	12½	12½	12½	−1¾
52¼	52½	62,850	*Amalgamated Cop. Co.	51½	53⅜	51	52¼	[illegible]
...	20	10	Am. Agric. Chem. Co.	17	17	17	17	[illegible]
33	33	2,350	Am. Car & F. Co.	34	34	33	33	−2¼
86½	87	300	Am. Car & F. Co. pf.	86¾	86¾	86	86	[illegible]
33¼	33½	2,400	Am. Cotton Oil	34	34	33	33	−1½
...	...	100	Am. Cotton Oil pf.	90	90	90	90	[illegible]
26½	27	200	Am. District Tel.	27	27	26½	26½	−1½
8⅝	12	100	*Am. Grass Twine	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	[illegible]
5	6	100	Am. Hide & Leather	5	5	5	5	[illegible]
7¾	8	140	*Am. Ice Co.	8½	8½	8½	8½	[illegible]
31	32	1,210	*Am. Ice Co. pf.	31½	31½	30½	31	−½
10	12	550	*Am. Linseed Co.	11	11	10½	10½	[illegible]
19¾	20	3,650	*Am. Locomo. Co.	20½	20½	19⅞	20	[illegible]
88	90	600	*Am. Locomo. Co. pf.	89	89	88	88	−2
45⅛	45¼	6,960	*Am. S. & R. Co.	45¾	45¾	44½	45½	−1
93	93¾	861	*Am. S. & R. Co. pf.	93	93¾	92½	93	−1
117	117¼	10,158	*Am. Sug. Ref. Co.	115½	117½	115½	117½	+⅝
118	120	158	*Am. Sug. Ref. Co. pf.	118½	118¾	118½	118½	[illegible]
84	85	1,100	*Anaconda Cop. M. Co.	84¾	85	83	84	[illegible]
64	64¼	128,422	Atch., Top. & S. F.	65	66	63⅝	64	−1⅝
92	93	2,970	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	91¾	93	91½	92½	[illegible]
79¾	80	88,850	Baltimore & Ohio	80¾	81⅜	79¼	79¾	−1⅝
89	91	100	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	91	91	91	91	[illegible]
54	54¼	15,450	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	55	56	54	54¼	−2¼
201	207	650	Brooklyn Union Gas	200¾	200¾	200¾	200¾	[illegible]
63½	65¾	400	Canada Southern	65¾	66	65½	65¾	[illegible]
118¼	118½	34,175	Canadian Pacific	119½	119½	117½	118½	[illegible]
[illegible]	165	100	Central R. R. of N. J.	164	164	164	164	[illegible]
35	35¼	9,350	Chesapeake & Ohio	35½	36	35¼	35½	[illegible]
24¾	25½	1,200	Chicago & Alton	25½	25½	25	25¼	[illegible]
66	68½	600	Chicago & Alton pf.	67½	68	67½	68	[illegible]
17¼	17½	8,000	Chi. Gt. West.	17¾	18	16½	17½	−1¼
29½	31	200	Chi. Gt. West. pf., B.	32	32	31	32	[illegible]
147¾	148	84,841	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	147¾	149¾	147½	147¾	[illegible]
175½	176¾	200	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf.	175½	175½	175½	175½	[illegible]
166	168½	1,110	Chi. & Northw., ex d.	167	168½	166½	166½	[illegible]
12¾	12½	1,040	Chi. Term. Trans.	13½	13½	12	12	[illegible]
20¾	21½	1,670	Chi. Term. Trans. pf.	20	21½	20	21½	[illegible]
84	86	600	C., C., C. & St. L.	84½	86	84	84	[illegible]
65½	66	600	Colorado Fuel & Iron	64¾	66	64¾	65½	[illegible]
15	15½	1,200	Colorado & Southern	16½	16½	15	15½	−1½
56	57	150	Col. & Southern 1st pf.	56	56	56	56	[illegible]
24	25	300	Col. & Southern 2d pf.	25½	25½	25	25	−1
15¼	17	100	Col. & H. C. & I.	15½	15½	15¼	15¼	[illegible]
187½	188	4,950	Consolidated Gas	188½	188½	187	188	−2
109½	110	500	*Con. Tobacco Co. pf.	110½	110½	109½	109½	[illegible]
28½	29	650	Corn Products Co.	28½	28½	28½	28½	[illegible]
79	80	235	Corn Products Co. pf.	79	79	79	79	[illegible]
167	167½	1,500	Delaware & Hudson	166½	167¼	166½	167	[illegible]
247	249	100	Del., Lack. & West.	248	248	248	248	[illegible]
25½	26	1,800	Denver & R. G.	25½	26½	25½	25½	[illegible]
82	83	1,270	Denver & R. G. pf.	83	83	82½	82½	[illegible]
38	40	200	D. M. & Ft. Dodge	38	38½	38	38½	[illegible]
11	12½	500	Detroit Southern	12½	12½	12½	12½	[illegible]
21	23	100	Detroit Southern pf.	21	21	21	21	[illegible]
64¼	65	1,725	Detroit United Ry.	65	65	64¾	64¾	[illegible]
25¼	27	750	*Distillers Securities	25½	26	25	25½	[illegible]
9½	10	380	*Dul., S. S. & At.	10	10	9½	9½	[illegible]
14½	18	350	*Dul., S. S. & At. pf.	15	15	14½	14½	[illegible]
28¾	29¼	80,600	Erie	29½	30½	28½	29	−1⅛
63½	64	8,730	Erie 1st pf.	64½	64¾	62¾	63½	[illegible]
52½	53	4,510	Erie 2d pf.	52½	53½	52	53	[illegible]
60	60½	3,000	Evans. & T. H.	60	60½	59	60½	+1½
65	70	50	General Chemical	68½	68½	68½	68½	[illegible]
175	176¾	2,100	General Electric	175	176	172½	175½	+¾
89	92	250	Hocking Valley	91	91	91	91	[illegible]
90½	92	300	Hocking Valley pf	91	91	90	90½	[illegible]
130½	131	9,002	Illinois Central	131	131¼	130¼	130½	[illegible]
13¾	14	1,055	Internat. Paper	14¼	14¼	13¾	13¾	[illegible]
68	69	235	Internat. Paper pf.	68¾	68¾	68¾	68¾	[illegible]
22¼	22½	100	Iowa Central	22¾	22¾	22¾	22¾	[illegible]
30	31	100	Kanawha & Michigan	31	31	31	31	[illegible]
74	74½	100	K. C., Ft. S. & M. pf.	74¾	74¾	74¾	74¾	[illegible]
20	20½	100	Kansas City South.	20½	20½	20	20½	[illegible]
39½	40	800	Kansas City South. pf.	40½	41	39½	40	[illegible]
27	32	400	Lake Erie & West.	25½	30	25½	29	[illegible]
105	110	160	Lake Erie & West. pf.	105½	105½	105½	105½	+2½
60	65	200	Long Island	61	61	60	60	[illegible]
106¾	107¼	14,550	Louisville & Nashville	105½	108	105½	107	[illegible]
10	12	100	Manhattan Beach	10	10	10	10	[illegible]
134½	136	15,505	Manhattan Elevated	135½	136	134½	135	[illegible]
83½	...	2,300	*Met. Sec., 2d in. pd.	85½	85½	83	83½	[illegible]
122	122½	6,000	*Met. Street Railway	122½	123½	121½	122	[illegible]
21¼	21½	7,050	Mexican Central	21½	21¾	21	21½	[illegible]
105	112	100	Minn. & St. L. pf.	110	110	110	110	[illegible]
50	50¾	1,220	Minn., St. P. & S. S. M.	51	51	49½	50	[illegible]
116½	120	800	M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	117	118	116	117½	[illegible]
18½	19	5,225	Mo., Kan. & Texas	18¾	19¼	18½	18¾	[illegible]
47¾	47½	2,300	Mo., Kan. & Texas pf.	48	48	47½	47½	[illegible]
99	99½	56,550	Missouri Pacific	100	101	99	99	[illegible]
37½	38	100	*Nat. Biscuit Co.	37½	37½	37½	37½	[illegible]
15	16	300	*Nat. Lead Co.	15	15	15	15	[illegible]
20½	21	1,300	Nat. R. R. of Mex.	21	21	20½	20½	[illegible]
39½	40	1,900	Nat. R. R. of Mex. pf.	40	40½	39½	40	[illegible]
146	153	100	*N. Y. Air Brake	150	150	150	150	[illegible]
124¼	124½	8,100	New York Central	124½	126	124½	124½	[illegible]
25	27	550	N. Y., Chi. & St. L.	25½	26	25½	26	−1½
158	160	35	N. Y. & N. J. Tel.	160	160	160	160	[illegible]
195	197	218	N. Y., N. H. & H.	195	195	195	195	+1½
22¾	22½	10,150	N. Y., Ont. & Western	23	23½	21½	22½	[illegible]
59	59½	13,350	Norfolk & Western	59¾	60½	58	59½	[illegible]
83½	84	1,100	North American	84	84	83	83	[illegible]
51	54	700	Pacific Coast	50	53	50	53	[illegible]
25½	27	500	Pacific Mail	26	26	26	26	[illegible]
124¼	124½	48,670	Pennsylvania	123¾	124½	123¼	124½	[illegible]
[illegible]	1⅛	12,913	Pennsylvania rts.	1	1⅛	[illegible]	1	[illegible]
94½	95	9,650	People's Gas, Chicago	95	96	93¾	94½	[illegible]
83¾	84½	800	Pere Marquette	83½	84½	83½	84½	[illegible]
65	70	200	P., C., C. & St. L.	60	65	60	65	[illegible]
51	51½	1,755	Pressed Steel Car	51¾	52	51	51½	[illegible]
85¼	86½	200	Pressed Steel Car pf.	85½	86½	85½	86½	[illegible]
206	210	200	Pullman Company	210	210	207½	207½	[illegible]
29	29¾	100	*Ry. Steel Spring	29	29	29	29	[illegible]
42	42¼	58,860	Reading	42½	43⅜	41½	42	[illegible]
80	80¾	400	Reading 1st pf.	81	81	80½	80½	[illegible]
60	62	900	Reading 2d pf.	60	60	60	60	[illegible]
13	13½	1,300	*Rep. Iron & Steel	13½	13¾	13¼	13½	[illegible]
73	74¼	300	*Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	73½	74	73½	74	[illegible]
31½	31¾	60,600	Rock Island Co.	32	32¾	31¼	31½	[illegible]
69	69½	3,700	Rock Island Co. pf.	70	70	69	69½	[illegible]
22¼	22½	3,000	*Rub. Goods Mfg. Co.	23	23	22½	22½	[illegible]
65	70	300	St. L. & S. F. J. P. M. & Co. ctfs.	69	69	69	69	[illegible]
59	60	1,500	St. L. & San Fran 2d pf.	61	61	58½	60	−1
15	16	2,200	St. Louis Southw.	15¼	15¼	14½	15	[illegible]
35	37	1,650	St. Louis Southw. pf.	36	36	35	36	[illegible]
39¾	40½	1,800	Sloss-Sh. S. & I. Co.	39½	40½	38½	40	+1
46⅜	46½	35,600	Southern Pacific	47½	48	46	46½	[illegible]
21⅛	21¼	25,050	South. Ry., ext.	21¾	22¼	21	21⅛	[illegible]
87¾	88½	1,900	South. Ry. pf., ext.	87	87	[illegible]	88	[illegible]
85	95	100	So. Ry., M. & O. st. ctfs.	85	85	85	85	[illegible]
3¼	4	100	Stand. Rope & Twine	3½	3½	3½	3½	[illegible]
49	49½	6,700	Tennessee Coal & Iron	49	50	47¾	49	[illegible]
25	25¼	5,560	Texas & Pacific	25¾	26	25½	25¾	[illegible]
32	36	200	Texas Pacific Land Tr.	32½	32½	32½	32½	[illegible]
112	113	300	Third Avenue	115	115	112½	112½	[illegible]
20¾	21	400	Tol. Rys. & Light	20	21	20	21	[illegible]
19½	20¼	920	Tol., St. L. & West.	20½	20½	19½	20	[illegible]
40½	41	1,875	Tol., St. L. & West. pf.	40	41½	40	41½	+1
89	90	5,466	Twin City R. T.	90	90	89	89½	−1½
70	75	100	*Union Bag & P. Co. pf.	70	70	70	70	[illegible]
77¼	77¾	98,713	Union Pacific	78	78⅝	77	77⅝	[illegible]
87	87½	570	Union Pacific pf	86½	87	86½	87	[illegible]
13	15	500	United Rys. Invest	13½	15½	13	15	+1¼
45	46	1,600	United Rys. Invest. pf	40	46	40	46	[illegible]
8¼	8¾	2,145	*U. S. Leather	8¾	8¾	8½	8½	[illegible]
89	89½	2,010	*U. S. Leather pf.	89	89½	88½	89	[illegible]
17½	17¾	1,200	U. S. Realty & Con.	17¼	17¾	17¼	17¼	[illegible]
61	62	140	U. S. Realty & Con. pf.	62¾	62¾	62	62	[illegible]
46	48	100	*U. S. Red. & Ref. pf.	48	48	48	48	[illegible]
12½	13	800	United States Rubber	13	13	12½	12½	[illegible]
46	48	200	United States Rub. pf.	46½	46½	46	46	[illegible]
29	29½	47,565	United States Steel	29	29¾	28½	29	[illegible]
79¾	79¾	20,005	U. S. Steel pf	79	79¾	78½	79¾	[illegible]
53	54½	2,415	Va.-Caro. Chemical	54½	54½	52½	54	−1
118	120	25	Va.-Caro. Chemical pf.	118½	118½	118½	118½	[illegible]
19½	20	4,600	Wabash	21½	22	19½	19¾	[illegible]
40½	40¾	11,410	Wabash pf	41½	42	40½	40½	−1½
190	210	55	Wells-Fargo Express	198	200	198	200	[illegible]
83	83¾	1,250	Western Union Tel.	83¾	83¾	83	83¾	[illegible]
170	180	100	Westinghouse E. & M.	180	180	180	180	[illegible]
20¾	21	1,100	Wheel. & L. E.	21½	21½	20¾	21	−1
52	58	710	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf.	55	55	52½	52½	−4½
31½	32	250	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf.	30½	30½	30½	30½	[illegible]
18½	19¾	3,195	Wisconsin Central	19	19	18½	18½	[illegible]
39½	41	1,970	Wisconsin Central pf.	40	40½	39½	40	[illegible]

Sales....1,216,458 *Unlisted. †From last previous sale.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1903.	1902.	1901.
ANN ARBOR—			
Mileage	292	292	292
1st week June	35,344	29,765	26,996
From July 1	1,552,683	1,754,622	1,614,700
BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURG—			
Mileage	472	472	472
1st week June	146,350	142,912	124,308
From July 1	6,863,727	5,842,674	5,422,200
HOCKING VALLEY—			
Mileage	347	347	347
1st week June	137,342	125,857	104,596
From July 1	5,460,869	4,917,977	4,322,032
MISSOURI PACIFIC—			
Mileage	5,305	5,182	5,155
1st week June	454,000	584,000	585,000
From Jan. 1	17,006,941	14,648,433	14,099,600
CENTRAL BRANCH—			
Mileage	388	388	388
1st week June	3,000	17,000	22,900
Jan. 1-June 7	305,611	402,437	525,279
ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN—			
Mileage	1,258	1,258	1,258
1st week June	112,777	115,780	120,504
From July 1	6,870,421	6,560,804	7,012,026
SEABOARD AIR LINE—			
Mileage	2,607	2,604	[illegible]
4th week May	304,211	315,965	271,002
Month May	1,082,879	1,021,556	929,421
From July 1	11,612,409	10,622,605	10,052,970
ANN ARBOR—			
Gross earnings	192,962	158,476	154,330
Op. expenses	126,802	144,846	126,941
Net earnings	6,161	13,630	29,415
Gross, 10 months	1,687,404	1,505,964	1,472,464
Op. expenses	1,099,357	1,132,479	1,100,375
Net, 10 months	588,047	453,485	372,049
CHI., INDIANAPOLIS & LOUIS, for April—			
Gross earnings	449,178	394,169	366,139
Exp. and taxes	274,548	254,378	232,130
Net earnings	174,630	139,791	133,039
Gross, 10 months	4,190,200	3,769,977	3,409,204
Exp. and taxes	2,565,970	2,338,912	2,186,789
Net, 10 months	1,624,230	1,431,065	1,222,415
TOLEDO, PEORIA & WESTERN for May—			
Gross earnings	100,328	98,304	98,262
Op. expenses	79,581	80,128	80,441
Net earnings	20,847	18,175	18,921
Int., taxes, &c.	22,485	22,096	22,466
Deficit	2,039	3,953	4,545
Gross, 11 months	1,138,752	1,047,216	1,067,550
Op. expenses	870,426	[illegible]	808,661
Net, 11 months	258,326	240,857	258,846
Int., taxes, &c.	247,810	250,450	254,430
Surplus, 11 mos.	10,516	[illegible]	4,419

THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY reports for the quarter ended June 30 as follows (figures for 1902 being actual and those for this year partly estimated):

	Estimated.	Actual.	Actual.
Net revenues	2,000,000	1,892,476	1,702,430
Interest on bonds	288,300	234,770	[illegible]
Balance	1,712,700	1,657,706	1,525,396
Dividends	1,217,014	1,217,008	1,217,005
Surplus	495,686	440,697	308,391
Previous surplus	13,516,341	10,320,306	9,012,995
Total surplus	13,012,027	10,761,003	9,319,386

The fiscal year of the company ends June 30. The showing for the year is as follows, the figures for this year being partly estimated and being actual for the preceding year:

	Estimated.	Actual.	Actual.
Net revenue	8,206,173	7,292,328	6,965,248
Interest on bonds	1,077,700	992,580	950,160
Balance	7,128,473	6,299,748	5,729,088
Dividends	4,868,048	4,868,031	4,868,007
Surplus	2,261,024	1,431,716	861,081
Previous surplus	10,751,003	9,319,286	8,458,205
Total surplus	13,012,027	10,751,003	9,319,286

THE CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

TRANSACTIONS IN STOCKS.

Wednesday, June 10, 1903.

Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.
13,530	Amal. Copper	51½	53⅝	51	52½
310	Am. Car & Fdy.	34	34	33½	33½
20	Am. Ice pf.	31	31	30½	30½
420	Am. Locomotive	19½	20¼	19½	19¾
20	Am. Smelting	44¾	44¾	44¾	44¾
4,670	Am. Sugar	115¾	117⅝	115¾	117¼
52,920	A., T. & S. F.	65	66	63¾	64½
370	A., T. & S. F. pf.	91¾	93	91½	92½
26,000	Balt. & Ohio	80	81⅜	79¼	80
2,790	Brook. Rap. Tr.	55¼	56	54	54¼
2,440	Can. Pacific	118	119½	117½	118½
410	Ches. & Ohio	35½	36	35½	35½
100	Chi. & Alton	25	25	25	25
1,520	Chi. Gt. West	18¼	18	17½	17½
21,120	C., M. & St. P.	148	149¾	147¼	147⅝
11,150	Erie	29½	30½	28½	29
110	Erie 1st pf.	64½	64½	63½	64½
250	Ill. Central	130½	131	130½	130½
970	Louis. & Nash.	105½	107½	105½	107½
890	Manhattan	135½	135½	134½	135
400	Met. Street	122½	123	122	122
110	Mex. Central	21½	21½	21	21
330	Mo., K. & T.	19½	19½	18½	19¼
140	Mo., K. & T. pf.	48	48	47½	47½
15,400	Mo. Pacific	100½	101	99	99½
100	Nat. R.R. of Mex.	20½	21½	20½	20½
370	N. Y. Central	124½	126	124½	125
1,130	N. Y., O. & W.	23	23¼	22½	22½
340	Norf. & West.	59½	60½	59½	60½
1,650	Pennsylvania	123¾	124½	123¼	123¾
40	Penn rights	1	1	1	1
1,250	People's Gas	94½	95½	[illegible]	95
9,330	Reading	42½	43⅛	41½	42
70	Rep. Steel	13½	13½	13	13½
7,480	Rock Island	32	32¾	31½	31½
50	St. Louis S. W.	16	16	16	16
5,350	Southern Pac.	47½	47¾	46½	46½
7,450	Southern Ry.	22½	22½	21½	21½
10	South. Ry. pf.	88¾	88¾	88¾	88¾
2,630	Tenn. Coal & I.	49½	50	48½	48½
1,460	Texas Pacific	25¾	26	25½	25½
31,610	Union Pacific	77¾	78⅝	77	77¾
690	U. S. Leather	8¾	8¾	8⅝	8⅝
70	U. S. Rubber	13	13	13	13
11,840	U. S. Steel	29	29½	28½	29
1,040	U. S. Steel pf.	79½	79½	79	79½
20	Va.-Car. Chem.	54¾	54¾	54½	54½
410	Wabash	22	22½	20	20
960	Wabash pf.	41½	42	40½	40½
20	West. Union	83¾	83¾	83¾	83¾
80	Wis. Central	18½	18½	18½	18½
70	Wis. Cent. pf.	40½	40½	39½	39½
226,090					

BONDS.

Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.
$10,000	Mex. C. 1st inc.	22½	22½	22½	22½
10,000	Mex. C. 2d inc.	15½	15½	15½	15½
5,000	U. S. Steel 5s.	85	85	85	85
5,000	Wabash deb. B.	72½	72½	72½	72½
$30,000					

BULLION AND MINING.

Bar silver was quoted in London at 24⅝d per ounce and in New York at 53⅝c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 42 @43½c.

On the Consolidated Exchange, 500 shares of Alta sold at .04, 100 Best & Belcher at 2.15, 100 Confidence at 1.25, 200 Consolidated California and Virginia at 1.55, 2,000 Creede & Cripple Creek at .01¼, 500 Golden Fleece at .15, and 400 Gould & Curry at .42 @.42.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

The following were the closing quotations for Government bonds and for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	105⅝	106¼	Int. Power	35¼	41
2s, c., 1930	106½	107	Int. St. P.	...	40
3s, r., 1918	107½	108¼	I. S. P. pf.	77	80
3s, c., 1918	107½	108¼	Iowa C. pf.	42	45
3s, 1918, sm.	106½	...	Joliet & Chi.	153	...
4s, r., 1907	110	111	K. & D. M.	20	30
4s, c., 1907	111	112	K. & D. M. pf.	46	55
4s, r., 1925	135¼	136	Lacl. Gas	85	...
4s, c., 1925	135½	136½	Lacl. G. pf.	97½	...
5s, r., 1904	102¼	103	Md. C. pf.	100	135
5s, c., 1904	102¼	103¼	M. W. S. El. Chi.	10	24
D. C. 3-65s	121	...	M. W. S. El. Chi. pf.	...	60
Adams Exp.	221	235	Mich. Cent.	120	125
Alb. & Sus.	235	...	M. & St. L.	77	83
Alle. & W.	145	...	N. C. & St. L.	95	108
Allis-C. pf.	...	85	Nat. Bis. pf.	96	98½
A. A. C. pf.	...	80	Nat. Enam.	31	32½
Am. B. Sug.	25	33	Nat. En. pf.	80	91
Am. B. S. pf.	70	82½	Nat. L. pf.	80	90
Am. Bicycle	...	...	N. Cent. C.	47	50
Am. Bic. pf.	½	1	N. Y. B. & M. B. pf.	95	110
Am. Coal	190	240	N. Y. C. & St. L. 1st pf.	101	110
Am. Exp.	188	192	N. Y. D. Co.	20	30
A. H. & L. pf.	...	27	N. Y. D. Co. pf.	48	53
A. L. Co. pf.	83	89	N. & W. pf.	85	87
Am. M. Co.	3⅝	4¼	Ont. Mining	...	5½
A. M. Co. pf.	17	19	P. C. 1st pf.	82	102
Am. Snuff	90	120	P. C. 2d pf.	52	65
Am. Sn. pf.	88	91	Peo. & E.	17	22
Am. St. Fds.	11	14	Pere M. pf.	75	80
A. S. F. pf.	55	60	P. C. C. & St. L. pf.	85	100
A. T. & C.	75	88	P., Ft. W. & C.	185	190
A. T. & T.	130	...	P., Ft. W. & C. sp.	182	...
Am. Tob. pf.	140	142	Quicksilver	1	2
Am. W. Co.	10½	11	Quicksil's pf.	6	[illegible]
A. W. Co. pf.	72	73	R. R. Sec. Ill. C. stock ctfs.	90	91
Ann Arbor	30	35	Ry. St. Sp. pf. ex div.	82	87
Ann A. pf.	60	62	Rens. & Sar.	204	212
A. M. 1st pf.	95	100	R., W. & O.	...	137
Atl. C. L.	110	125	R. G. M. Co. pf.	76	77
B. A. L. pf.	106	...	St. L. & S. F. C. & E. I. ctfs.	170	195
Brans. City	7	9	St. L. & S. F. C. & E. I. pf. ctfs.	120	130
B. R. & P.	137½	147	St. L. & S. F.	67	70
B. R. & P. pf.	148	158	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	74	78
Butterick Co.	46	47	S.-S. S. & I. pf.	86	88
C. B. & Q.	170	200	T. P. & W.	18	21
C. & E. Ill. pf.	130	140	T. C. R. T. pf.	...	150
C. G. W. pf. A.	72½	73	Un. Fruit	101¼	103
C. G. W. d.	67	88	U. S. Exp.	103	112
C. & N. W. pf., ex div.	200	210	U. S. R. & Ref.	30	32
C. St. P., M. & Om.	123	135	U. S. Ship-building	1	4
C. St. P., M. & Om. pf.	170	190	U. S. Ship-building pf.	3	80
Chi. U. Tr.	4½	5½	Va. I., C. & C.	29	32
C. U. T. pf.	30	35	Westinghouse 1st pf.	170	180
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	110	115			
C. L. & W.	75	85			
C. L. & W. pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]			
Clev. & P.	185	190			
Com. Cable	140	160			
Consol. Coal	80	90			
D. & R. W.	5	...			
D. & R. W. pf.	5	...			
Dia. Match	132	134			
Ev. & T. H. pf.	86	90			
Ft. W. & D. City	40½	62			
G. C. Co. pf.	100	102			
Gt. Nor. pf.	170	185			
Homestake	50	65			
Ill. C. l. l.	102	...			

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, June 10.—The money market is quiet and firm. There is a good supply of call money, but few time loans are being made. Call loans, 3½@4 per cent.; time loans on collateral, 5 per cent.; time loans on mercantile paper, 5@5½ per cent.; Clearing House loans, 4 per cent.; New York funds, par @5c premium; clearings, $23,-900,362; balances, $1,574,987. The foreign exchange market is weak at a reduction of ¼c all around in sterling rates.

The market opened dull and heavy in sympathy with Wall Street. Trading was largely by arbitrage houses, and liquidation of copper stocks continued. Atchison, Amalgamated, Copper Range, Steel, and American Telephone were the stocks most freely sold. All opened lower and after some irregularity were generally stronger. Calumet and Hecla lost 15 points, selling down to 470. Old Dominion sold down to 12½. The Dominion stocks had rather more support than yesterday.

Complete transactions were as follows:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
	RAILROADS.			
4,065	Atchison	65½	64	64½
20	Atchison pf.	92	91⅝	91⅝
40	Boston Elevated	145	144½	145
15	*Boston & Albany	250	250	250
74	*Boston & Maine	162	161½	162
155	*Fitchburg pf.	137	136	136
540	Massachusetts Electric	25½	25	25½
833	Mass. Electric pf	82	81½	81½
30	Mexican Central	21½	21½	21½
229	N. Y. N. H. & H.	194½	193½	194
400	Pere Marquette	84½	83½	84½
100	Pere Marquette pf.	75	75	75
50	Rutland pf.	65	65	65
245	Union Pacific	78½	77½	77⅞
25	Union Pacific pf.	87	87	87
100	West End	90	90	90
9	West End pf.	111	111	111
	TELEPHONES.			
777	American	147	145	146½
100	Mexican	1½	1½	1½
4	New England	132	132	132
230	Western	13½	13	13½
	MISCELLANEOUS.			
25	Am. Ag. Chemical pf.	74	74	74
715	*American Sugar	117	115½	116⅞
246	*American Sugar pf.	118½	117½	118
131	American Woolen	10½	10	10½
45	American Woolen pf.	75	75½	75½
1,320	Dominion Iron & Steel	13½	11½	12½
4	†Edison	250	250	250
723	Edison rights	4½	4	4¼
145	General Electric	177	175½	177
10	Int. Paper pf.	70	70	70
2,621	Massachusetts Gas	38½	37½	38
395	Mass. Gas pf.	82	81½	81½
35	Mergenthaler	185	184	185
5	N. E. Cotton Yarn pf.	44	44	44
50	Planters' Compress	8	8	8
44	Pullman	210	208½	210
50	Reece Buttonhole	9	9	9
4	Seattle Electric pf.	96	96	96
110	Swift & Co.	106½	106	106
226	United Fruit	102½	102	102½
80	United Shoe Machine	44½	44½	44½
130	United Shoe Mach. pf.	29	29	29
1,019	*United States Steel	29½	28½	29½
520	U. S. Steel pf.	80	79½	79¾
	MINING.			
475	Adventure	5½	5	5
1,055	Allouez	4	3½	3½
4,328	Amalgamated	53¼	51¼	52⅝
20	Anaconda	21½	21½	21½
135	Arcadian	2½	2	2
200	Atlantic	9	9	9
300	Bingham	26	25½	25½
15	*Calumet & Hecla	475	470	470
220	Centennial	18¼	17¼	18¼
3,805	Copper Range	51⅝	50¾	51½
5	Daly-West	43	43	43
100	*Daly-West pf.	42	42	42
1,520	Dominion Coal	75½	75	75½
10	Elm River	2½	2¼	2½
30	Franklin	8½	8	8½
2,250	Granby	4½	4¼	4½
400	Guanajuato	1½	1½	1½
185	Isle Royale	6½	6¼	6½
85	Mass	7	6½	7
50	Mayflower	1½	1½	1½
35	†Michigan	8	8	8
533	Mohawk	43	42½	42½
450	Old Colony	75c	75c	75c
765	Old Dominion	13½	12½	13
190	Osceola	55	52½	53
170	Parrot	22	21½	21½
205	†Phoenix	4⅝	4	4
10	Quincy	99	99	99
75	Rhode Island	2½	2	2
110	Santa Fe	1½	1¼	1½
625	Shannon	11½	11	11½
150	Tamarack	110	110	110
290	*Trimountain	83½	83	83½
580	Trinity	5¾	5	5¾
290	U. S. Coal & Oil	11	10½	10½
700	United States	19¾	19¼	19½
1,575	Utah	29	28½	28½
720	Victoria	4½	4	4
295	Winona	8	8	8½
112	Wolverine	65	64½	64½
10	Wyandotte	1½	1½	1½

British Columbia, 3½ bid, 5 asked. *Ex dividend. †Ex rights. ‡Assessment paid.

TREASURY BALANCES.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—To-day's statement of the Treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the Division of Redemption, shows:

Available cash balance	$225,836,538
Gold	107,715,008
Silver	24,080,946
United States notes	8,468,254
Treasury notes of 1890	44,189
National banknotes	11,709,020
Total receipts this day	2,054,101
Total receipts this month	18,800,571
Total receipts this year	539,034,042
Total expenditures this day	1,300,000
Total expenditures this month	14,100,000
Total expenditures this year	485,880,262
Deposits in National banks	154,838,841
National banknotes received to-day for redemption	870,810
Government receipts—	
Internal revenue	612,551
Customs	913,027
Miscellaneous	507,322

The condition of the Treasury, Divisions of Issue and Redemption, at the beginning of business to-day was as follows:

RESERVE FUND.	
Gold coin and bullion	$150,000,000
TRUST FUNDS—DIVISION OF REDEMPTION.	
Gold coin	$409,506,869
Silver dollars	462,695,000
Silver dollars of 1890	1,675,590
Silver bullion of 1890	18,039,410
Total	$892,216,869
DIVISION OF ISSUE.	
Gold certificates outstanding	$409,506,869
Silver certificates outstanding	462,695,000
Treasury notes outstanding	19,715,000
Total	$892,216,869
GENERAL FUND.	
Gold coin and bullion	$73,098,909
Gold certificates	34,115,100
Silver coin and bullion	18,512,184
Silver certificates	5,565,760
United States notes	8,468,254
Other assets	22,480,237
Total in Treasury	$162,738,556
Deposits in National banks	154,838,641
Total	$317,572,197
Current liabilities	91,735,658
Available cash balance	$225,836,538

FINANCIAL.

Central National Bank 320 Broadway.

Phenix National Bank 49 Wall Street.

Washington Trust Company Stewart Building, 280 Broadway.

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11, 13, 15 AND 17 BROAD ST.
Orders executed for investment or on margin. Interest allowed on deposits, subject to check. Financial Agents for Corporations and Investors. Government and other High-Grade Bonds bought and sold.
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Issue international cheques, commercial and travelers' credits available in all parts of the world.

FINANCIAL.

NATIONAL BROADWAY BANK. NOTICE TO NOTEHOLDERS AND OTHER CREDITORS.

The National Broadway Bank of New York, located at the City of New York, in the State of New York, is closing up its affairs, the shareholders having voted to place the said Bank in voluntary liquidation, under the provisions of Sections 5,220 and 5,221, United States Revised Statutes, to take effect at the close of business on April 21, 1903. All noteholders and other creditors of said Association are, therefore, hereby notified to present the notes and other claims against the Association for payment.

MILES M. O'BRIEN, President.

Dated April 21, 1903.

"PRACTICAL WALL STREET"
Our pamphlet. Explains manipulation. Free.
MALLETT & WYCKOFF, 10 Wall St., New York.

RAILWAY STATEMENTS.

The following railways reporting yesterday gross earnings for the first week of June showed increases:

Ann Arbor	$5,581
Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg	5,438
Hocking Valley	11,485
St. Louis Southwestern	2,997
Total increase 4 roads	$25,501
Increase previously reported	10,479
Total increase 5 roads	$35,980
Decreases:	
Missouri Pacific	$130,000
—Central Branch	14,000
Total decrease	$144,000
Net decrease 7 roads	$108,020

NEW YORK INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 10.—The following companies were incorporated to-day:

Napanoch Gold Mining Company, Napanoch; capital, $500,000. Directors—Milton Wood, I. K. Irish, and John Gosselin, Napanoch.

Lockport Stone and Brick Company, Lockport; capital, $100,000. Directors—E. M. Ashley, H. D. Patrick, and E. J. Taylor, Lockport.

Pristine Extract Company, Yonkers; capital, $50,000. Directors—T. A. Walsh, W. R. Cronk, and W. H. Torpey, Yonkers.

A. F. Browbacher & Co., Port Ewen, hardware and machinery. Directors—A. F. Browbacher, W. H. Hauna, and A. F. Browbacher, Jr., Brooklyn.

Central New York Land Company, Syracuse; capital, $30,000. Directors—J. H. McVoy, W. A. Beattie, and J. Y. Terry, Syracuse.

Lucius, New York, watches, diamonds, and jewelry; capital, $20,000. Directors—Abe Goldberg, David Goldberg, and L. H. Goldsoll, New York.

Manhattan Color Works, New York; capital, $5,000. Directors—Adolph Schwartz, Amelia Schwartz, and Herman Schwartz, New York.

Quality Cloak Company, New York; capital, $5,000. Directors—Harry Glaser, Jennie Levy, and Winifred Rosenberg, New York.

INCORPORATED IN NEW JERSEY.

The International Standard Type Company, Jersey City; capital, $6,000,000. Incorporators—W. E. De Witt, J. H. P. Reilly, and Sherman R. Moulton.

The United States Finance Company, Jersey City; capital, $125,000. Incorporators—Michael Landis, E. M. Biddle, Jr., J. W. Hutton.

The Elmhurst Dairy Company, Mount Holly; capital, $125,000. Incorporators—Ira S. German, Howard German, Charles K. Chambers.

The State Highway Track Construction Company, Camden; capital, $200,000.

Whessler Forged Rolled Steel Company, Camden; capital, $500,000.

Anglesea Transportation Company; capital, $100,000.

Beonton Carpet Company, Beonton, [illegible]

Metallic Specialty Manufacturing Company, Camden; capital, $3,500.

The Excelsior Realty Company, Newark; capital, $15,000. Incorporators—Henry Englander, Louis Nurkin, Benjamin Selden, David Gans, and twenty others.

FINANCIAL.

THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., March 25th, 1903.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this date the following resolution was adopted:

"RESOLVED, That for the purpose of providing the necessary capital for construction and equipment expenditures on the main and leased lines and branches, for the construction of new lines in Pennsylvania and of the Tunnel Line in New York City as set forth in the Annual Report for the year 1902, and for other corporate purposes, the privilege be given to stockholders of the Company TO SUBSCRIBE AT SIXTY DOLLARS PER SHARE, BETWEEN JUNE 15TH AND 27TH, 1903, INCLUSIVE, ON WHICH LATTER DATE THE PRIVILEGE WILL CEASE, FOR 33 1-3 PER CENTUM OF THEIR RESPECTIVE HOLDINGS as they stand registered on the books of the Company at 12 o'clock noon on MAY 9TH, 1903.

The terms of subscription to be as follows:

Payments to be made in THREE INSTALMENTS, viz.:

THE FIRST INSTALMENT, 50%, OR $30.00 PER SHARE, AT THE TIME OF MAKING THE SUBSCRIPTION, BETWEEN JUNE 15TH AND 27TH, 1903, INCLUSIVE.

THE SECOND INSTALMENT, 25%, OR $15.00 PER SHARE, BETWEEN OCTOBER 15TH AND 26TH, 1903, INCLUSIVE,

AND THE THIRD INSTALMENT, 25%, OR $15.00 PER SHARE, BETWEEN JUNE 15TH AND 25TH, 1904, INCLUSIVE.

WARRANTS TO BE ISSUED BY THE TREASURER TO EACH STOCKHOLDER SPECIFYING THE AMOUNT OF STOCK TO WHICH HE IS ENTITLED TO SUBSCRIBE UNDER THIS PRIVILEGE, and such privilege may be sold by any stockholder; the warrants to have thereon a form of assignment therefor. The warrants accompanied by the payment for the first instalment, to be returned by the stockholders to the Treasurer between June 15th and 27th, 1903, inclusive, AND IF NOT SO RETURNED, AND THE FIRST INSTALMENT SO PAID, THE WARRANTS TO BE VOID AND OF NO VALUE.

The Treasurer to issue on surrender of the warrants and payment of the first instalment receipts which will be assignable and which are to be returned to the Treasurer at the time of the payment of the second instalment, whereupon assignable receipts covering the first and second instalment payments will be issued, which are to be surrendered to the Treasurer on payment of the third instalment, in exchange for full-paid negotiable stock receipts.

Upon payment of the second instalment there will be issued at the same time a cheque for interest, at the rate of four per centum per annum, on the first instalment from June 27th to October 26th, 1903, to the amount of forty cents per share, and upon payment of the last instalment a cheque for interest on the total first and second instalment payments from October 26th, 1903, to June 25th, 1904, to the amount of $1.20 per share.

The full-paid stock receipts for whole shares to be issued upon payment of the third instalment will be assignable, and on and after August 20th, 1904, will be exchangeable for stock certificates in the names of the parties paying the final instalment. Said stock to carry dividend from May 5th, 1904.

The full-paid stock receipts for fractional shares to be issued upon payment of the last instalment will not carry any dividend or interest, but will be convertible into stock when the fractions presented make whole shares, provided such conversion is made on or before October 15th, 1904. After that date they will be redeemed in cash at the rate of $60 per share without interest.

STOCKHOLDERS TO HAVE THE PRIVILEGE OF PAYING THEIR SUBSCRIPTIONS IN FULL AT THE TIME FIXED FOR THE PAYMENT OF THE FIRST INSTALMENT, IN WHICH CASE FULL-PAID NEGOTIABLE STOCK RECEIPTS WILL BE ISSUED FOR WHOLE SHARES, EXCHANGEABLE ON AND AFTER AUGUST 25TH, 1903, FOR STOCK CERTIFICATES CARRYING DIVIDEND FROM MAY 5TH, 1903, and for fractions resulting from such payments, receipts bearing interest at the rate of 4% per annum to be issued, which will be convertible into stock when the fractions presented make whole shares, provided the conversion is made on or before October 15th, 1904:—adjustment to be made of interest due and of dividend on stock issued when conversion is made. After October 15th, 1904, such fractional stock receipts cannot be converted into stock, but will be redeemed in cash at the rate of $60 per share, with interest from June 27th, 1903, to June 25th, 1904, at the rate of 4% per annum, or $2.40 per whole share.

Fractional receipts will pass by delivery.

NO RIGHT TO RECEIVE STOCK SHALL ACCRUE TO ANY STOCKHOLDER UNDER THIS PRIVILEGE UNLESS THE TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION ARE FULLY COMPLIED WITH AND PAYMENTS MADE AT THE DATES HEREINBEFORE STATED, AND NO SUBSCRIPTION OR ASSIGNMENT OF THE PRIVILEGE WILL BE RECOGNIZED UNLESS MADE ON THE FORMS FURNISHED BY THE COMPANY."

Warrants will be mailed about May 18th, 1903, to stockholders who have filed permanent dividend orders in this office, to the addresses indicated on such orders, and where dividends are collected by bankers, brokers, or others on powers of attorney or other authority, the warrants will be sent to such authorized parties for delivery to the stockholders, unless other instructions are received relative thereto prior to May 9th, 1903.

Warrants not provided for as above can be obtained at this office not later than June 27th, 1903.

A circular in further explanation of the allotment will be mailed about March 30th, 1903, to those stockholders who have filed permanent dividend orders in this office.

Subscriptions and payments may be made either at the office of the Treasurer, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia, or at 85 Cedar Street, New York City.

ROBT. W. SMITH,
Treasurer.

Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad Company.

OFFICE OF J. P. MORGAN & CO.,
23 Wall Street,
New York, June 10, 1903.

To the Holders of the Seven Per Cent. Mortgage Bonds Falling Due July 1, 1903:

In response to the offer contained in our circular of May 12, 1903, the holders of a large majority in amount of the above bonds have agreed to extend the same until July 1, 1908, with interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum, and have deposited their bonds for extension accordingly.

The time for depositing said bonds has now been extended until and including June 25, 1903, after which date no bonds will be extended except at the discretion of the undersigned.

Holders of such bonds desiring such extension should deposit the same promptly with the undersigned, at their office, No. 23 Wall Street, New York, or with Messrs. Kidder, Peabody & Co., at their office, No. 115 Devonshire Street, Boston, Mass., on or before June 25, 1903, in order that the extension agreement and coupons for the semi-annual interest to accrue thereunder may be attached thereto.

Every holder of such bonds at the time of the deposit thereof for extension will receive from the undersigned a cash payment equal to one-half of one per cent. upon the par of the bonds so extended, and may at the same time present the coupons for interest, due July 1, 1903, and receive payment therefor in cash without rebate, upon surrender thereof.

All bonds not so extended will be purchased by the undersigned at par and accrued interest on July 1, 1903.

J. P. MORGAN & CO.

40,000 Tons of Ore

Actually Blocked Out and Ready to Take Down.

Mr. Erwin D. Treadwell, General Manager of the George A. Treadwell Mining Company, writes under date of May 24th:

"On the second and third level of the Queen we have actually blocked out and ready to take down over forty thousand tons—enough to keep a hundred-ton furnace running for over a year."

This ore is worth $10 a ton as it stands in the mine. There is more than that net profit over and above all expenses in taking it out and smelting it.

The work of blocking out the ore has only just commenced. Six months from now we are likely to have ten times as much "blocked out and ready to take down," and even that will hardly be a drop in the bucket in comparison with what we have waiting for us. Professor Treadwell has already demonstrated that in the Iron Queen and adjacent mines alone we have three miles in length of veins from five to forty feet in width and many thousand feet in depth. The forty thousand tons occurs all within three hundred feet in depth and only a few hundred feet in length. The ore carries high values in gold as well as copper. Mr. Erwin D. Treadwell, as the result of close calculations and many experiments, estimates that the gold values alone will pay the entire cost of mining and smelting the ore, leaving the copper cost-free. That is even better than our neighbor the United Verde does.

Our smelters are nearly ready to run, and the enterprise is close to a self-sustaining and dividend-paying stage. Only a little more of the Treasury stock is for sale to complete the development and equipment of the property.

Prices will be quoted on application.

GEORGE A. TREADWELL MINING CO.
27 William Street, New York.
MYRA B. MARTIN, Secretary.

STOLEN.

The following 53 certificates for 10 shares each of the Dutch Administration (Administratie-Kantoor van Amerikaansche Spoorweg-Aandeelen onder beheer van de Heeren Gebrs. Boissevain en Gebrs. Teixeira De Mattos) for National Railroad Company of Mexico common stock:

Nos. 1342, 1789, 1840, 3000, 3363, 3980, 4153, 4154, 5047, 5323, 6849, 6953, 7386, 7675, 7954, 9702, 9805, 10903, 11180, 11451, 11457, 12214, 12215, 12321, 12322, 12334, 12335, 12336, 12481, 12525, 12526, 12527, 12528, 12529, 12530, 12544, 12545, 12546, 12547, 12548, 12549, 12550, 13142, 13143, 13446, 13449, 13605, 13760, 13956, 14762, 14763, 14763, 14764.

And the following six certificates for ten shares each of the Dutch Administration (Maatschappij tot beheer van het Administratie-Kantoor van Amerikaansche Fondsen, opgericht door: Broes & Gosman, Ten Have & Van Essen en Jarman & Zoonen) for Rock Island Company common stock:

Nos. 839, 867, 5695, 5696, 5697, 5698, have been stolen in Amsterdam. Parties are warned against negotiating the above, and are requested to arrest any person in possession of the same.

Notify

DOW, JONES & CO.,
44 Broad St., N. Y. City.

The Trust Co. of America
149 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
Capital and Surplus $6,650,000.00
ASHBEL P. FITCH....President
WM. H. LEUPP, Vice-President — WM. BARBOUR, Vice-President
R. J. CHATRY, Secretary — H. S. MANNING, Vice-President
A. L. BANISTER, Treasurer.

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H. M. Gough, Treasurer — E. B. Braine, Secretary.

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Members { Consolidated Stock Exchange, / New York Produce Exchange, / Toronto Board of Trade.
STOCK BROKERS,
MAIN OFFICES, 44 and 46 BROADWAY.
Branch Offices { 1,290 B'WAY, COR. 34TH ST. / 415 B'WAY, COR. CANAL ST. / 57 East 59th St., (near Madison Av.)
DAILY MARKET LETTER ISSUED.

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Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Cotton.

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Members { N. Y. Consolidated Stock Exchange, / Chicago Board of Trade.
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STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, COTTON.
BRANCH OFFICES { 1,218 BROADWAY. / 57 EAST 125TH ST.

PROPOSALS.

SALE OF CLOTHING.—Depot Quartermaster's Office, St. Louis, Mo., May 29th, 1903.—Sealed proposals will be received here until 12 o'clock noon, June 12th, 1903, for the purchase of 30,000 each, Summer coats and trousers, more or less, to be sold at the St. Louis, Mo., Clothing Depot in such quantities as may be designated by the respective bidders, the Government reserving to itself the right to reject any or all bids or any part thereof. Representative samples may be seen at either the St. Louis, Mo., Philadelphia, Pa., or New York Depots, and the garments must be removed from the St. Louis Depot at the expense of the successful bidders, and paid for on delivery in current funds of the U. S. Envelopes containing proposals to be indorsed, "Proposals for purchase of clothing," addressed to Capt. W. C. R. COLQUHOUN, Depot Quartermaster.

PROPOSALS FOR SUBSISTENCE STORES.—Office Purchasing Commissary, U. S. Army, 39 Whitehall Street, New York City, N. Y., June 8, 1903.—Sealed proposals for furnishing and delivering subsistence stores in this city for the month of July, 1903, will be received at this office until 11 o'clock A. M. on June 18, 1903. Information furnished on application. Envelopes containing bids should be marked "Proposals for Subsistence Stores opened June 18, 1903," addressed to Major D. L. BRAINARD, Commissary, U. S. A.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, ARMY BUILDING, New York, June 10, 1903.—Sealed proposals for dredging in Bronx River, East Chester Creek, Huntington Harbor, Flushing Bay, and Canarsie Bay, N. Y., will be received here until 12 M. July 10, 1903, and then publicly opened. Information on application. AMOS STICKNEY, Col. Engrs.

FRANKFORD ARSENAL, Philadelphia, Pa., May 12, 1903.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received until 11 o'clock A. M., Friday, June 12, 1903, for constructing one 2-story brick and steel building 54 feet 3 inches by 142 feet 10½ inches for a shrapnel shop. Information upon application. FRANK HEATH, Major Ord. Dept., Commanding.

DIVIDENDS.

THE HOCKING VALLEY RAILWAY COMPANY.

Columbus, Ohio, June 4th, 1903.

A semi-annual dividend of TWO PER CENT. has this day been declared on the Preferred Capital Stock of this Company, payable July 15th, 1903, at the office of Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Company, New York, to stockholders of record at 3:00 o'clock P. M., June 30th, 1903, at which time the transfer books will be closed.

The books will be reopened on July 20th, 1903.

WM. N. COTT, Treasurer.

THE HOCKING VALLEY RAILWAY COMPANY.

Columbus, Ohio, June 4th, 1903.

A semi-annual dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. has this day been declared on the Common Capital Stock of this Company, payable July 15th, 1903, at the office of Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Company, New York, to stockholders of record at 3:00 o'clock P. M., June 30th, 1903, at which time the transfer books will be closed.

The books will be reopened on July 20th, 1903.

WM. N. COTT, Treasurer.

New York Mortgage and Security Company.

May 21, 1903.

A semi-annual dividend of TWO AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. on the capital stock of this Company has been this day declared by the Board of Directors, payable July 6, 1903, to stockholders of record at the close of business on June 25, 1903.

The transfer books will be closed Thursday, June 25th, 1903, at 3 o'clock P. M., and will be reopened Tuesday, July 7th, 1903, at 10 o'clock A. M. HENRY R. STEELE, Treasurer.

DETROIT & MACKINAC RAILWAY COMPANY.

NEW YORK, June 24, 1903.

A dividend of 2½% has this day been declared on the Preferred Capital Stock of this Company, payable July 1, 1903, at the office of HENRY K. McHARG, 40 Wall Street, New York, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 15, 1903.

The preferred stock transfer books will close at 3 P. M. June 15th, 1903, and will reopen July 2, 1903, at 10 A. M.

A. H. GILLARD, Secretary.

THE UNION BAG & PAPER COMPANY.

1 Broadway, New York City, June 10th, 1903.

The regular quarterly dividend of ONE AND THREE-QUARTERS PER CENT. on the Preferred Stock of the Union Bag & Paper Company has this day been declared payable July 1, 1903, to stockholders of record at the close of business on June 15th, 1903. The transfer books of the Preferred Stock will close at 3 P. M. June 15th, 1903, and will reopen at 10 A. M. on July 2d, 1903.

GEORGE R. SHELDON, Treasurer.

THE CHICAGO JUNCTION RAILWAYS & UNION STOCK YARDS COMPANY.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of ONE AND A HALF PER CENT. on the preferred stock and a quarterly dividend of TWO PER CENT. on the common stock of the Company, payable July 1st, 1903, to stockholders of record at the close of the transfer books on Thursday, June 11th, at 3 o'clock P. M. Transfer books will be reopened on Thursday, July 2d, 1903. E. M. F. MILLER, Secretary.

Jersey City, N. J., June 4th, 1903.

METROPOLITAN TRUST COMPANY OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND NO. 30.

At a meeting of the Directors, held this day, a semi-annual dividend of 8% was declared, payable on June 29th, 1903, out of Earnings for the six months ending June 30th.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed at 12 o'clock noon on June 20th, and reopened at 10 A. M. on June 27th, 1903.

Dated New York, June 10th, 1903.

BENJAMIN STRONG, Jr., Secretary.

MERGENTHALER LINOTYPE COMPANY.

New York, June 9th, 1903.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, a regular quarterly dividend of TWO AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. was declared, payable on and after June 30th, 1903, to the stockholders of record on Saturday, June 13th, 1903, at one o'clock P. M.

The transfer books will close on Saturday, June 13th, 1903, at one o'clock P. M., and reopen on Wednesday, July 1st, 1903, at 10 o'clock A. M.

Fred'k J. Warburton, Treasurer.

Office of VIRGINIA-CAROLINA CHEMICAL CO.

Richmond, Va., June 5, 1903.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of TWO PER CENT. (2%) the same being Quarterly Dividend No. 31 on the preferred stock of this company, payable July 15, 1903, when checks will be mailed to all stockholders of record at the close of business July 1. The books for the transfer of stock will be closed from July 2 to July 22, both days inclusive.

S. W. TRAVERS, Treasurer.

HUDSON REALTY COMPANY.

135 Broadway, New York.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day, a semi-annual dividend of Three Per Cent. (3%) was declared payable July 1st, 1903, to the stockholders of record on June 20th, 1903. The transfer books will be closed June 20th, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon, and reopen on July 2d, 1903, at 10 o'clock A. M.

SAMUEL E. JACOBS, Treasurer.

June 10, 1903.

The National Sugar Refining Company of New Jersey.

New York, June 10, 1903.

The Board of Directors of The National Sugar Refining Company of New Jersey have this day declared a dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF (1½%) PER CENT. on the Preferred Stock of the Company, payable July 2, 1903.

The transfer books will close on June 18th, and reopen on July 3d, 1903.

F. D. MOLLENHAUER, Treasurer.

New York, N. Y., June 8th, 1903.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE GARVIN MACHINE COMPANY have this day declared the 9th semi-annual dividend of 3½% on its PREFERRED STOCK, payable at the company's offices, Spring and Varick Sts., New York, on July 1st.

Transfer books will close June 15th and reopen July 6th. GEORGE MACLAGAN, Treas.

OFFICE OF THE UNITED GAS IMPROVEMENT Company, N. W. Cor. Broad and Arch Sts. Philadelphia, Pa., June 5, 1903.

The Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of TWO PER CENT. (one dollar per share), payable July 15, 1903, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 30, 1903. Checks will be mailed.

LEWIS LILLIE, Treasurer.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

LIBERTY SILK COMPANY.

New York City, June 10th, 1903.

In pursuance of a resolution of the Board of Directors passed on the 14th day of May, 1903, a special meeting of the Stockholders of LIBERTY SILK COMPANY will be held on the 29th day of June, 1903, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of said Company, No. 409 Broome Street, in the City of New York, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition that the Corporation issue its Six (6) Per Cent. Mortgage Bonds in the aggregate amount of One Hundred Thousand ($100,000) Dollars, payable in five (5) years and secure the same by a mortgage on all its plant and property, and for the purpose of voting on a proposition that the number of Directors of the Company be increased to five (5).

By order of the Board of Directors,

CHAS. SOLELIAC, Secretary.

To the Holders of the "Twenty Year Five Per Cent. Collateral and Mortgage Bonds" of UNITED STATES SHIPBUILDING COMPANY:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an election for Directors of the BETHLEHEM STEEL COMPANY will be held at the Annual Stockholders' Meeting of that Company on the 18th day of June, 1903, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of the Company, No. 421 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa., and that the holders of a majority in amount of the above-described bonds of the United States Shipbuilding Company are entitled to nominate three (3) of such Directors. You are, accordingly, requested to forward to the undersigned Trustee the names of three persons whom you wish to serve as Directors of the Bethlehem Steel Company for the ensuing fiscal year.

NEW YORK SECURITY AND TRUST COMPANY, Trustee,

46 Wall Street, New York City.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A GENERAL meeting of the stockholders of the BLUE RIDGE MINING COMPANY will be held at Room 806, No. 11 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 27th day of June, 1903, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of Directors of said corporation, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

This meeting is called pursuant to the statutes of the State of West Virginia, in such case made and provided, by the undersigned, a stockholder of said corporation, holding at least one-tenth of the capital.

Dated New York, June 11, 1903.

FRANCES FREELAND HAGAMAN.

Blue Ridge Mining Co., care L. W. Squire & Co., 11 B'way, Room 806.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the AUTOMATIC TARGET MACHINE COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, No. 62 Reade Street, New York City, on Monday, June 22, 1903, at two o'clock in the afternoon for the election of four Directors, and to consider such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

By order of the Board of Directors.

CHAS. H. DUFFY, Secretary.

LOST AND FOUND.

Lost or Stolen.—The BANK BOOK No. 280,948, issued by the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank on Feb'y 5, 1898, to one Charles Devany of Baillieston, Lanarkshire, Scotland. Payment has been stopped. Please return book to Bank, No. 51 Chambers Street, or to the undersigned. John H. Hubbell, Ancillary Administrator, &c., of Charles Devany, dec'd, 320 Broadway, New York City.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

Notice is hereby given that J. D. WICK, Jr., has been appointed a Commissioner of Deeds for the State of Pennsylvania to reside in the City of New York. Office at 21 State St.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The firm of McELROY & DUFFY, produce dealers, doing business at 17 and 18 Manhattan Market, has this day been dissolved.

June 8th, 1903. McELROY & DUFFY.

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Trust Company Negotiating for Two Pine Street Buildings.

No. 36 East Seventy-fourth Street Sold —Other Dealings by Brokers and in the Auction Room.

Many details were learned yesterday concerning a large deal in the financial district which, while it has not yet been closed, is very likely to have a successful outcome and to result in the transfer of properties valued at about $1,500,000. The buildings involved are that at 27 and 29 Pine Street, formerly owned by Kuhn, Loeb & Co., and the ten-story structure, 25 Pine Street, adjoining to the west, originally put up by the Lancashire Insurance Company and acquired about two years ago by the Royal Insurance Company, when the latter company bought out the Lancashire.

A trust company, the name of which none of the interested parties would reveal yesterday, has secured an option on the building at 27 and 29 Pine Street. Richard M. Montgomery, who is the active head of the Twenty-seven and Twenty-nine Pine Street Company, the present owner of the property, said yesterday that this option had carried with it the payment of a substantial cash consideration, and that there is a reasonably good prospect that it will be exercised.

Regarding the adjoining building at 25 Pine Street, E. F. Beddall of the Royal Insurance Company said that no agreement as to its sale had been reached, but added that the property had been in the market for some time, and intimated that some disposition of it in the near future is extremely probable. It is the plan of the prospective buyers of these properties to add four stories to the former Kuhn, Loeb Building, making it a seventeen-story structure, which will also be extended over the adjoining lot at 25 Pine Street.

The two properties have a combined frontage of 74.3 feet and an average depth of about 85 feet. The lot at 25 Pine Street enjoys unusual advantages in the matter of light and air, having along its westerly side a fifteen-foot strip, separating it from the Sub-Treasury and leading to the rear of the Assay Office on Wall Street.

This transaction, if it is consummated, will involve the third sale of the building at 27 and 29 Pine Street within about eighteen months. The New York Realty Corporation took it from Kuhn, Loeb & Co. in part payment for the southeast corner of Pine and William Streets, and resold it shortly afterward to the present owners for $900,000. The price at which the option on it has now been given is not known, but it is sure to show a substantial profit over the latter figure.

Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown & Co., have sold to Charles McVeagh the four-story brownstone front dwelling 36 East Seventy-fourth Street, 20 by 50 by 102.2. The seller was represented by McChain & Hershfield.

William Henry Folsom and William J. Hamilton have sold for Mrs. Effie Kalm to Edward S. Simpson the four-story dwelling 30 East Seventy-seventh Street.

S. H. Gunzburger has sold for Margaret Sutherland to Dr. Leo Ratner the three-story brownstone front dwelling 1,526 Madison Avenue, 16.8 by 55 by 70.

Daniel R. Freedman has bought from Meta Lempe the four-story dwelling 622 Lexington Avenue, 21.8 by 70.

S. Seiniger & Co. have sold for William L. Clark to Stern & Saulberg the two four-story brick tenements 416 and 418 West Forty-fifth Street.

Joseph M. Aluschul has sold for Charles Wisne to the Ritter Realty Company the five-story brick tenement 17 West One Hundred and Eighteenth Street, 25 by 100.

George W. Hayden has resold for King Brothers to Louis Grunig, Jr., the two five-story flats 2,647 and 2,649 Eighth Avenue, each plot 20 by 100.

Voorhees & Floyd have sold for Curtis A. Gunn to the Manhattan Storage and Warehouse Company the four-story dwelling 128 West Fifty-third Street, 18.8 by 100.5, adjoining the company's building at the rear.

Mrs. Richard V. Harnett is the buyer of 245 West Eighty-seventh Street, and Mrs. John Reilly of 327 West Eighty-seventh Street, two dwellings recently reported sold.

Charles Rubinger & Co. have sold for Meyer Bach 52 Ridge Street, five-story front and rear tenements, on lot 25 by 100; also, for Weil & Mayer, to Henry Altman and Louis Kivovits, 21, 53, 55, and 57 Morton Street, four seven-story double tenements, 50 by 100.

William Wolff's Son reports the following sales: The northeast corner of Sixty-ninth Street and First Avenue, 25 by 113, a five-story flat, with two stores, to Daniel J. Lowenthal, for about $39,000; also, 1,066 Lexington Avenue, 16.6 by 85, a three-story brownstone dwelling, to Mrs. Melanie Huntley for about $17,000; also, 122 East One Hundred and Twentieth Street, 25 by 90 by 100, a five-story brick tenement, for $19,250; also, 234 East Forty-seventh Street, 20 by 100, a four-story brick tenement, with store, to the Charles Hammel Company, for $8,500.

E. Pellman has sold for John R. Rose the plot 186 by 151 by 204 by 137 on the west side of Shrady Place, King's Bridge.

Matt J. Ward & Co. have sold the furniture, lease, and business of the new Hotel Reynolds, Boston, Mass., for J. F. Reynolds, who has been its proprietor for the last twelve years, to J. D. Fanning, proprietor of the Hotel Albany, Denver, Col. The consideration was about $140,000. Mr. Fanning is now in possession.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 161 Broadway, resulted as follows:

By L. J. Phillips & Co.

62 University Place, west side, 27.6 feet north of Tenth Street, 27.6 by 101.10 by 27.6 by 103.9, four-and-one-half-story brick; partition sale, to the plaintiff, E. A. Hawes $45,000

Woodycrest Avenue, west side, 125 feet north of One Hundred and Sixty-fifth Street, 25 by 90.7 by 24.11 by 91.8, two-story frame dwelling; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, George Ehret 5,000

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

125 East One Hundred and Eighteenth Street, south side, 266 feet east of Fourth Avenue, 25 by 100.10, five-story brick tenement; foreclosure sale, to H. Schiff 20,450

2,064 to 2,066 Cretona Avenue, east side, 100 feet north of Oakland Place, each 18 by 100 by 16.6 by 100, two two-story frame dwellings; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Thomas O'Connor 6,000

To-day's Auction Sales.

The following sales at auction are down for to-day at 161 Broadway:

By Philip A. Smyth, partition sale, Theodore Sachs, referee, 31 Essex Street, west side, 100 feet north of Hester Street, 22 by 67.6 and irregular, three-story brick and frame tenement, with four-story brick tenement in the rear.

By James B. Wells, foreclosure sale, Thomas E. Osborn, referee, 870 St. Nicholas Avenue, west side, 20.4 feet south of One Hundred and Fifty-fourth Street, 20.5 by 96.1 by 29 by 100.4, four-story stone-front dwelling, with extension. Due on judgment, $24,351.

By Richard V. Harnett & Co., executors' sale, 46 Convent Avenue, east side, 280 feet south of One Hundred and Forty-fourth Street, 20 by 55 by 100, three-story brick and stone dwelling.

By Richard V. Harnett & Co., public auction sale, 410 and 412 Third Avenue, Brooklyn, west side, 40 feet south of Sixth Street, 40 by 100, two-story brick factory and stable.

By Peter F. Meyer, foreclosure sale, Gustavus F. Rogers, referee, 151 East Ninetieth Street, north side, 257.6 feet west of Third Avenue, 12.6 by 100.11, three-story stone-front dwelling. Due on judgment, $5,408.

By Peter F. Meyer, foreclosure sale, Joseph F. McDonough, referee, St. Nicholas Avenue, west side, 69.11 feet north of One Hundred and Forty-sixth Street, 25 by 100, vacant. Due on judgment, $5,186.

By Peter F. Meyer & Co., foreclosure sale, George E. Engel referee, 476 West One Hundred and Forty-fifth Street, south side, 75 feet east of Amsterdam Avenue, 17.4 by 99.11, three-story stone-front dwelling. Due on judgment, $1,614; subject to another mortgage for $16,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures and Alterations.

Thirty-first Street, northeast corner of First Avenue, for a six-story brick factory, 49.8 by 66.9; E. B. Meyrowitz of 222 West Eighteenth Street, owner; Comstock & Monk of 1,123 Broadway, architects; cost, $70,000.

Nos. 94 and 96 Avenue D, for a six-story brick tenement, with stores, 45.4 by 78.7; J. Margovitz of 46 West One Hundred and Fifteenth Street, owner; Horenburger & Straub of 123 Bowery, architects; cost, $40,000.

No. 141 to 145 West Seventeenth Street, for a six-story brick factory, 65 by 94; W. B. Jacobs of 1 West One Hundred and Twenty-fourth Street, owner; C. V. Kruse of 103 East One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street, architect; cost, $45,000.

Nos. 104 and 106 Sullivan Street, for a six-story brick tenement, with stores, 47 by 87; Hickling & Feinberg of 320 Broadway, owners; Isaac A. Smallheiser of 32 Park Row, architects; cost, $40,000.

One Hundred and Sixteenth Street, north side, 204 feet west of Fifth Avenue, for two six-story brick tenements, 45.6 by 97.11; Jeremy A. Block of 97 Bleecker Street, owner; G. F. Pelham of 508 Fifth Avenue, architect; cost, $92,000.

Stanton Street, southwest corner of Attorney Street, for a six-story brick tenement, 54.6 by 56.6; C. J. Weinstein of 1,651 Madison Avenue, owner; G. F. Pelham, architect; cost, $55,000.

No. 12 West Ninety-fourth Street, for a nine-story brick hotel, 25 by 85; Moorehead Realty and Construction Company of 1,978 Lexington Avenue, owner; J. F. Kirnan of 233 East One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Street, architect; cost, $75,000.

Bank Street, south side, 100 feet east of West Street, for a one-story brick storage building, 11.6 by 96; Western Electric Company, owner; C. Baxter & Son of 2,589 Third Avenue, architects; cost, $750.

Nos. 868 and 870 Lexington Avenue, for a four-story brick dwelling, 40.6 by 70; M. and J. Davis of 21 West Fourteenth Street, owners; H. Outwater of 516 West Twenty-fourth Street, architect; cost, $60,000.

Anthony Avenue, west side, 101 feet north of One Hundred and Eighteenth Street, for three two-story brick dwellings, 19 by 46.6; Arabella Claiborne of 2,361 Bathgate Avenue, owner; Henry A. Koeible of 67 West One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street, architect; cost, $10,500.

Columbus Avenue, north side, 20 feet west of Lorraine Street, for a two-story frame dwelling, 21 by 47; Joseph Demaiche, Van Nest, owner; B. Eveling, West Farms Road, architect; cost, $4,500.

Third Avenue, west side, 100 feet north of One Hundred and Sixty-sixth Street, for a one-story brick store, 47 by 103; Andrew Vacaresma of 3,309 Third Avenue, owner; Bronx Architectural Company, of 3,307 Third Avenue, architect; cost, $4,000.

No. 4,809 Park Avenue, for a two-story frame dwelling, 19 by 35.8; Joseph Spears of 2,063 Archer Avenue, owner and architect; cost, $300.

Alterations.

No. 873 West End Avenue, to a three-story brick dwelling; C. and A. Feron, premises, owners; S. B. Ogden & Co. of 354 Lexington Avenue, architects; cost, $1,000.

Madison and Market Streets, northwest corner, to a four and five story brick tenement, with stores; N. Roegen of 43 East Broadway, owner; M. Muller of 3 Chambers Street, architect; cost, $1,000.

No. 19 West Twenty-sixth Street, to a five-story brick and stone flat; M. Bergman of 113 West Seventieth Street, owner; G. A. Schellinger of 27 East Twenty-first Street, architect; cost, $5,000.

No. 321 Fifth Avenue, to four-story brick lofts, with stores; estate of E. B. Underhill of 44 Cedar Street, owner; D. Smyth of 338 Fifth Avenue, architect; cost, $7,000.

No. 11 West Fifty-first Street, to a three and four story brick dwelling; E. Hamann, premises, owner; S. P. Colt of 287 Fourth Avenue, architect; cost, $3,000.

No. 210 East One Hundred and Seventeenth Street, to a five-story brick factory; Borden's Condensed Milk Company of 71 Hudson Street, owner; G. H. Chamberlain of 1,181 Broadway, architect; cost, $5,000.

No. 152 West Fifty-ninth Street, to a three-story brick engine house; city owner; A. Stevens of 189 East Sixty-seventh Street, architect; cost, $7,000.

Nos. 53 to 63 Gold Street, to a four-story brick power house; New York Edison Company of 13 Duane Street, owner and architect; cost, $3,000.

No. 339 West Fifty-seventh Street, for a four-and-one-half-story brick dwelling; J. D. Robinson, premises, owner; H. E. Donnell of 2 West Twenty-ninth Street, architect; cost, $16,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Wednesday, June 10.

AUDUBON AV, 390, w s, 18x60, irregular; Herman A. Ohm to Jane Hughes, (mtg $5,000) $1

AUDUBON AV, w s, 63 ft s s of 169th St, 37x70; Paul L. Roenne to C. J. Wells, (mtg $4,500,) other consideration and 100

BEAUMONT AV, w s, 25 ft s s of 187th St, 25x90; Sarah J. Hodges to Michael Gent, (mtg $800,) other consideration and 100

BRIGGS AV, n s, 200 ft e of 4th St, 25x100; August Khatz to Sarah Marx, all liens, ½ part 100

BROADWAY, 830 and 832, e s, runs s 61 ft e 175, 61.4 ft w 175 to beginning; 94th St, 50, s s, 20x100.8; 94th St, 14, s s, 20x100.8; Bleecker St, 112 to 116, s s, 75x100; Louis M. Jones to Thomas W. Jones, quit claim, $ and $ ..... Nom.

BROADWAY, 1,940 and 1,942, s s, with strip adjoining; Frederick H. Wiggin to John J. Tierney, 1-6 part, $ and $, all liens 1

BROADWAY, s w corner of 208th St, runs w 123.1x s 100.4x s 50x n 89.2x s 102.8x n 58.1 to beginning; Henry C. Stahl to William Brown, (mtgs $126,000,) other consideration and 100

BROOK AV, n s, 1,302 to 1,370, e s, 97.8 ft s of 170th St, 120.10x100; Queens County Savings Bank to Michael A. Hoffman 50,000

BROOME ST, n e corner of Clinton St, 25x75; Wolf Sigel to Joseph Wolf, (mtg $30,000) 100

CHARLTON ST, 14 and 14½, e s, 40.8x76x41.6x75; Austin Leake to Thomas Rudden, (mtg $26,000) 100

COLUMBUS AV, 424, s s, 124 ft w of Broadway, 39.2x41.10x39.7x47.6; Samuel Steinmetz to Ernst Noack, (mtg $1,500) ..... Nom.

FULTON AV, w s, part of Lot 95, map of Morrisania, begins 117 ft W of Lot 95, runs s 32.4x w 50x n 32.4x e 50.8; Lillian K. Burke and another to Frederick C. Fischer, other considerations 100

GREENWICH AV, 105, w s, 20x60 feet 2 260.10; Emanuel G. Bach to David Cohen, (mtg $7,000) ..... Nom.

GREENWICH AV, n e corner of 19th St, 20.1x57.11x19.2x62.4; Sarah A. Morgan to David Cohen, other consideration and 100

HANCOCK ST, e s, 208 ft s of Columbus Av, 20x100, Van Nest Park; Anna Mitchell to Patrick J. Dwyer 600

HOUSTON ST, s s, 25.2 ft e of Eldridge St, 29.1x75; Antoinette Finck to Philip Pertgen, (mtg $15,000) 35,000

HOUSTON ST, 151 and 153, s s, 48.4x74.5; Sarah B. Bitting to Antoinette Finck, quitclaim 100

INTERVALE AV, w s, 28x128.9x28x135.2; Frederick C. Fischer to Annie V. Willing, one and another 100

LEXINGTON AV, Depew Place, 43d St, and 44th St, New York Industrial Building, or Grand Central Depot; Montgomery Maze to the United States of America, (part for Post Office,) 5 years 23,500

STANTON ST, 179; Jettie Lapides to Samuel Fischer, 3 years 900

TREMONT AV, 738; Clement H. Smith to Hugh C. Easterbrook, 5 years 450

WORTH ST, 140; Evardo Mezzadri to Giuseppe Cuvo & Son, 5 years 800

2D AV, 498, s s; Conrad Siegmann, executor, to Simon Lewald, 3 years 2,250

3D AV, 1,764 and 1,766; Herman Knepper to Jacob Krupnikoff, 3 years 3,600

137TH ST, 250 East; Thomas L. King to Henry Siegel, 21 years 4,500

50TH ST, 457 West; Elizabeth Strittmatter, executrix, to Gustav Ludwig and another, 3 8-12 years 216

51ST ST, 222 and 224 East; Abraham Bachrach to Rose Davidson, 3 3-12 years 4,600

54TH ST, 315 West; William Wieland, executor, to Benjamin E. Greenthal, 6 years 450

94TH ST, 307 East; Carrie Furth to Frederick Ludwig, 4 years, $720 and 780

96TH ST, 214 West; 227 East; Jacob Herman Knepper, attorney for Sophie Knepper, to Meyer Rappaport, 3 years 2,300

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

ABERCRIN, Henry, and another to Abraham Ruth; 2d Av, s s, 25 ft s of 117th St, 1 year, 6 per cent $8,500

BLEIER, Josephine, to Antoinette L. Edwards; Franklin St, 156, 3 years 50,000

BOHLINGER, Frederick, to Jacob Meyer and another, trustees; 54th St, s s, 165 ft e of Park Av, ½ part, 1 year, 4 per cent 7,100

BONAGEN, Henry, to Marie Ermling; Lots 33 and 34, map of partition Mary A. Wells and another vs. Ann M. Storer and others, due July 7, 1903, 5 per cent. 250

CAERELS, Lucy A., to Michael Smith and another; Dassford Pl, s s, 95 ft n of 182d St, due Dec. 1, 1903, 6 per cent. 3,750

CAVANAGH, Albert, to State Realty and Mortgage Company; 10th St, s s, 225 ft w of Central Park West, 4 year, 6 per cent 25,000

COHEN, David, to American Mortgage Company; Greenwich Av, n w corner of 19th St, 1 year 18,000

COHEN, David, to American Mortgage Company; Greenwich Av, n w corner of 19th St, prior mtg $18,000, 1 year, 6 per cent 2,000

COHEN, Jacob, to Jane J. Thayer and others, executors; Cannon St, s, due June 11, 1908 25,000

CORBETT, James, and another to Charlotte Finck; 142d St, s s, adjoining Lot 58, map of North Melrose, 3 years 3,500

CORR, Robert J., to Patrick J. Maguire; Webster Av, e s, 25 ft n of 176th St, due Nov. 20, 1903 1,150

EINSTEIN, Isaac D., to Seamen's Bank for Savings; 79th St, 21 East, 5 years, 4½ per cent 40,000

FISCHER, Frederick C., to Lillian K. Burke and another; Fulton Av, w s, part of Lot 95, map of Morrisania, due June 1, 1906 4,000

FRANKE, William B., to Anna Franke; 119th St, s s corner of St. Nicholas Av, prior mtg $130,000, 2 years, 6 per cent. 15,000

FRANKLIN, Henry C., to Lawyers' Title Insurance Company; 152d St, s s, 245 ft w of West End Av, 3 years, 4 per cent 6,000

GEIZLER, David, and another to Title Guarantee and Trust Company; Madison Av, s w corner of 104th St, 5 years, 4½ per cent 28,000

GEIZLER, David, and another to Magdalena Frey; Madison Av, s w corner of 104th St, prior mortgage $35,000, installments 6,000

HAMBURGER, Rachel, to Clara Goldsmith; Washington Ave, s w s, 87.7 ft s of 167th St, 10 years, 4½ per cent 7,600

HOFFMANN, Michael A., to City Real Estate Company; 8th Av, 2,266 and 2,268, prior mtg $30,000, 3 years 10,000

HOFFMANN, Michael A., to Queens County Savings Bank; Brook Av, 1,362 to 1,370, 3 mortgages, due June 1, 1906, 4½ per cent., each 8,000

HOPKINS, Henry A., to Lawyers' Title Insurance Company; Broadway, 1,151, due Oct. 11, 1904, 5 and 5 per cent 22,000

INNELLA, Giangavio, to Julia E. Weldo and others; 11th St, 214 and 216 East, two mtgs, due Nov. 1, 1908, each 6,000

INTER-RIVER REALTY AND CONstruction Company to the City Mortgage Company; 10th St, n s, 167.8 ft w of 2d Av, 1 year, 6 per cent 100,000

INTER-RIVER REALTY AND CONstruction Company to Realty Operating Company; 10th St, n s, 167.8 ft w of 2d Av, 1 year, 6 per cent 30,000

KAUFMANN, Leopold, to American Mortgage Company; 109th St, 324 and 326 East, 2 mtgs, 1 years, each 12,000

KIVOVITS, Louis, and another to Jonas Weil and another; Morton St, 21, prior mortgage $27,000, installments, 6 per cent 9,000

KIVOVITS, Louis, and another to Jonas Weil and another; Morton St, 53 and 55, prior mortgages $54,000, (two mortgages,) installments, 6 per cent., each 9,000

KIVOVITS, Louis, and another to Jonas Weil and another; Morton St, 57, prior mortgage $30,000, installments, 6 per cent 6,000

LEVIN, Hyman, to Harris Mandelbaum and another; 5th St, s s, 100 ft e of 2d Av, prior mtg $50,000, due Oct. 27, 1903, 6 per cent 11,000

LEVIN, Hyman, to Walter A. Forman; 5th St, s s, 100 ft e of 2d Av, 5 years, 4½ per cent 50,000

LIEBNER, Sigmund, to Rebecca Schaumburger; 109th St, s s, 95 ft e of Park Av, due June 1, 1907, 4½ per cent 8,000

LOREDI, Giovanni, and others to Julia L. Waldo and others; 27th St, 220 East, due Nov. 1, 1908 8,000

MANAHAN, Mary G., and another to Catherine A. Stevens; 72d St, e s, 150 ft w of 2d Av, 5 years, 4½ per cent 24,000

MAX, Clara, and another to Max Marx; 134th St, s s, 275 ft w of 8th Av, prior mtg $35,000, installments, 6 per cent 6,000

McMULLAN, Mildred A., to John P. Markham; Fordham Place, s s, 150 ft w of Grand Av, 1 year, 6 per cent 2,147

MINSKY, Louis, to Lawyers' Title Insurance Company; 5th St, n s, 114.9 ft w of Avenue C, 5 years 45,000

NOACK, Ernst, to Samuel Steinmetz; Columbus Av, s s, 424.4 ft w of Bronxdale Av, prior mtg $1,500, due May 13, 1908, 6 per cent 300

PERTGEN, Philip, to Antoinette Finck; Houston St, s s, 29.2 ft e of Eldridge St, prior mortgage $15,000, installments, 6 per cent 4,000

PETERMAN, Frank H., to Edward A. Scherb; Sutton Place, s s, 50.5 ft n of 58th St, prior mtg $4,400, 5 year 1,250

POLTE, Josephine, to Mary B. Pattebaum; 137th St, 406 East, prior mtg $5,500, 2 years 1,000

PROOPS, Theresa, to Lawyers' Title Insurance Company; 7th Av, 1,965, 5 years, 4½ per cent 20,000

PROOPS, Theresa, to Simon Adler and another; 7th Av, 1,965, prior mtg $20,000, 1 year, 6 per cent 5,000

ROBERTS, Miles, to Gordon E. Pendleton; Willard Av, s e corner of Oneida Av; also East Chester Av, e 232d St, s s, 100.9 ft e of Oneida Av, due Nov. 1, 1905, 6 per cent 1,000

SCHEPER, Mary W., to Title Guarantee and Trust Company; 24th St, 40 West, 1 year, 5 per cent 65,000

SHAPIRO, Rachel, to Jacob Katzenstein and another, executors; 121st St, 709 East, prior mtg $11,000, 3 years, 6 per cent 2,500

SHUBERT, Lee, to Title Insurance Company; 7th Av, n w corner of 52d St, 1 year, 4 per cent 100,000

SHUBERT, Lee, to Henry Corn; 7th Av, n w corner of 52d St, prior mortgage $100,000, 2 years, 6 per cent 25,000

SILBERMINTZ, Rachel, to Abraham Silbermann; Market St, 31 and 33, prior mtg $60,000, due Jan. 1, 1905, 6 per cent 12,500

SILVERSTEIN, Sarah, and others to United States Life Insurance Company; Canal St, 193 and 197, 5 years 44,000

TUCKMAN, Stanislaus N., to Louis Minsky; 5th St, s s, 114.9 ft w of Avenue C, installments, 6 per cent 12,000

WHEELER, Mary D., to Title Guarantee and Trust Company; Ridge Av, centre line, part of Lot 18, map of lots of Gurnvis Smith and another; also Lot 113, amended map Commons estate, Fordham Heights, 3 years 8,000

WILDEY, Charles F., to New York Savings Bank; 71st St, n s, 300 ft w of Central Park West, due June 1, 1906, 4½ per cent 15,000

WITTNAUER, Martha F., to Greenwich Savings Bank; 35th St, 54 West, 5 years, 4½ per cent 27,000

WOLF, Estate, to Morris Appel; Clinton St, 117, installments, 6 per cent 275

Assignments of Mortgages.

ALTMAN, Henry, and another to Jonas Weil and another $9,500

BUHLER, William, to Herbert A. Harrison 4,500

COHN, Hugo, to Lena Lewis 1

CORN, Henry, to Mutual Mortgage Company 2,500

DRACHMAN, Bernard, and another to Samuel Weil 1

ENO, Amos F., to the Equitable Life Assurance Society 68,920

ENO, Amos F., and others, executors, to Amos F. Eno 68,980

EAMAN, Macdougal, to Gustavus L. Lawrence 4,500

JOHNSON, Hermann R., as executor, to Chauncey B. Graham 6,000

KLOTS, Maud A., to Bank of Huntington 1,000

LAWYERS' MORTGAGE INSURANCE Company to the Trustees of the Cathedral Church of St. John the Divine, in the Diocese of New York, rerecorded 80,000

SCHOCH, Catherine, to Louisa Heine, executrix 5,000

SILBERMINTZ, Abraham, to Louis Gordon and others 12,500

STEVENTON, Euphemia, to Townsend Wandell 5,000

THOMSEN, Charles, to George Siegfried 2,500

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST COMpany to John W. Sterling 28,000

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST COMpany to Anna Simons 10,000

UNITED STATES TRUST COMPANY, as executor, to the John Eichler Brewing Company 6,000

Mechanics' Liens.

CENTRE ST, 202 and 204; Henry R. Worthington against James Bruce and another, owners; Patrick F. Kenny, contractor $340

41ST ST, 147 East; H. H. Vought & Co. against Cornelius O'Rourke, owner and contractor 317

BWAY, 756 and 762 East; National Machine Painting Company against Harriet K. Janusch owner; Oscar Weidhopf, contractor 128

152D ST and 8th Av, n e corner; 50x100; Bradley & Carrier Company against John Farrell, owner and contractor 1,063

156TH ST, 7 West; George Runey against John D. Leary, owner and contractor 197

160TH ST, s s, whole front between St. Nicholas and Amsterdam Avs; Seward Engineering Company against John Streifler and another, owners; Streifler Brothers, contractors 1,168

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

24TH ST, 131 East; John Fulton, Jr., against estate of Thomas W. Clerke and another, Dec. 16, 1901 ..... $1,912

24TH ST, 131 East; Adolph Kalbert against estate of Thomas W. Clerke and another, Dec. 17, 1901 77

102D ST, 223 East; Charles Kloth against Lena Ehrenfeld and another, April 13, 1903, canceled 41

119TH ST, s s, 220 ft w of Pleasant Av, 25x100; Martino Barsanti against Church of the Holy Rosary, Oct. 23, 1901, canceled 2,025

133D ST, 308 West; Standard Plumbing Supply Company against James E. Graybill and another, Feb. 19, 1903 223

146TH ST, 522 West; Manhattan Heater Company against George W. Steele and another, Sept. 5, 1902, canceled 247

146TH ST, 229 West; Abraham Levin against George W. Steele and another, Nov. 11, 1902, canceled 46

Lis Pendens.

BROADWAY and 38th St, n w corner, 145.6x150.6x irregular; Van Kannel Revolving Door Company against Louis L. Todd and another, (action to foreclosure mechanic's lien;) attorney, Hastings & Hastings, jr.

GREENWICH and Reade Sts, n w corner, 16.6x 65x irregular; Lewis S. Wolff against Charles Grube and another, (action to determine title;) attorney, Wm. S. & T. S. Isaacs.

LUDLOW ST, 108; Samuel Wacht against Sarah Cohen, (specific performance;) attorney, H. M. Goldberg.

MONROE ST, 21; City of New York against Augustus F. Prentice; 138th St, 617 East, New York City against Marie L. Warch, two actions, (violation of tenement house acts;) attorney, G. L. Rives.

7TH AV, 421 and 423, and 338 St, 159 West; Realty Mortgage Company and another against Mary A. Hagerty and another, (action to set aside deed, &c.;) attorneys, Simpson, Werner & Carson.

10TH AV, 615 to 619, and 44th St, 301 and 303 West; Johanna Fischer against Julia Langlois and another, (amended partition, &c.;) attorneys, Dunphy & Pearsall.

2ND AV, 1,708; Mutual Realty Company against John R. Hagerman; 22d St, 28 East, City of New York against Jacob A. Zimmerman, two actions, (violation of building laws;) attorney, G. L. Rives.

81ST ST, 146 East; George A. Lavelle against Otto C. Felder, (specific performance;) attorney, W. S. Gordon.

80TH ST, 223 East; New York Mutual Realty Company against Anna G. E. Tutts and another, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Amend & Amend.

75TH ST, s s, 325 ft e of Avenue A, 22x95.7x 25.4x99.9; John T. Willetts, as guardian, against William Koerner and another, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. M. Powell.

102D ST, 226 East; Morris Goldberg against Harry Dammann and another, (action to enforce contract;) attorneys, Reed & Reed.

132D ST, 306 East; Bowery Savings Bank against Matthew J. Walsh and another, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, F. B. Wightman.

THE COMMERCIAL WORLD

CASH QUOTATIONS.

Wheat, No. 2 red	.85½
Corn, No. 2 mixed	.56½
Oats, No. 2 mixed	.40
Flour, Minnesota patents	$4.50
Cotton, middling	12.50
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.05½
Sugar, granulated	4.65
Molasses, O. K., prime	.40
Beef, family	11.00
Beef, hams	20.25
Tallow, prime	.05
Pork, mess	18.50
Hogs, dressed, 160-lb	.08½
Lard, prime	9.15
Iron, Northern, No. 1 foundry	20.50
Butter, Western creamery	.22½

CHICAGO, June 10.—Flour was steady to firm. No. 2 Spring wheat, 77@78c; No. 3, 75c; No. 2 red, 75½@77c; No. 2 corn, 48¼c. No. 2 yellow, 48½c; No. 2 oats, 39¼@39½c; No. 3 white, 37@39½c; No. 2 rye, 61c; good feeding barley, 40@46c; fair to choice malting, 50@54c; flaxseed, $1.10; No. 1 Northwestern, $1.12½; prime timothy seed, $3.75; mess pork, per bbl, $17@17.12½; lard, per 100 lbs, $8.60@8.65; short ribs sides, (loose,) $8.25@8.40; dry salted shoulders, (boxed,) 8¾@8.12½; short clear sides, (boxed,) $9.62½@9.75; whisky, basis of high wines, $1.50; clover, contract grade, $11.50@11.75.

COTTON.—Not previously this season has there been so violently irregular and so spasmodically active a day in cotton. The fluctuations in July just before the close were so rapid and broad that it was impossible to keep track of the market price, and sales were being made at several different figures at the same moment. The market had opened firm at a decline of 7 points to an advance of 4 points, the declines being due to rather lower cables, so far as the close of positions were concerned, and realizing. The market was finally weak and unsettled, net 12 points lower on June, 10 points lower on July, but 7@9 points higher on the other options. Total sales of futures were estimated at 500,000 bales.

Contract prices ranged as follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
June	.....	.....	.....	12.00@12.05
July	12.06	12.20	12.02	12.03@12.09
August	11.56	11.59	11.43	11.44@11.46
September	10.56	10.80	10.51	10.64@10.66
October	9.75	9.95	9.73	9.86@9.87
November	9.67	9.80	9.62	9.72@9.74
December	9.61	9.75	9.61	9.69@9.69
January	9.64	9.74	9.62	9.69@9.69

LIVERPOOL, June 10.—Spot cotton quiet; sales, 4,000 bales; speculation and export, 500 bales; American, 3,500 bales; receipts, 1,000 bales; American, 1,000 bales; middling upland, 6.72. Futures opened 1@2pm points advance on near and 4@6 points advance on later months. Closed unsettled, net 8¼@9¼ points higher on near months and 4¼@6 points on late months. June, 6.51; June-July, 6.49@6.47; July-August, 6.42; August-September, 6.36; September-October, 5.70; October-November, 5.55@5.56; November-December, 5.23@5.24; December-January, 5.20@5.21; January-February, 5.19@5.20; February-March, 5.18@5.20. Manchester firm; more inquiry, but not much doing. Cloths, offers too low.

BREADSTUFFS.—WHEAT—Up to the last hour firmness prevailed in all markets, but after 1:30 o'clock there was considerable realizing, under which the whole market eased off and closed at ¼@¾c net advance, after having been at the best point almost a cent a bushel higher than the previous night. Quotations of cash, free on board, afloat basis, were as follows: No. 1 Northern, Duluth, 89¾c; No. 1 hard, Manitoba, 88½c; No. 1 Northern, Manitoba, 87¾c; No. 1 Northern, Chicago, 87c, all to arrive; No. 2 red, New York, 85½c nominal.

ST. LOUIS, June 10.—Wheat—Higher; No. 2 red, cash, elevator, nominal; July, 75c; September, 78½c; No. 2 hard, 77@78c. Corn—No. 2 cash, nominal; July, 47¼@47½c; September, 46½c. Oats—No. 2 cash, nominal; July, 36c; September, 30½c; No. 2 white, 38c.

MILWAUKEE, June 10.—Close: Wheat—Firm; No. 1 Northern, 86c; No. 2 Northern, 83@84c; July, 78½c asked. Rye—Steady; No. 1, 63@63½c. Barley—Steady; No. 2, 87c; sample, 45@55c. Corn—July, 46¾c asked.

DULUTH, June 10.—Close: Wheat—To arrive: No. 1 hard, 91c; No. 1 Northern, 89c; No. 2 Northern, 78½c; July, 80c; September, 72½c.

MINNEAPOLIS, June 10.—Close: Wheat—Cash, 90c; July, 78¾@78¾c; September, 71½c.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—Spring patents, $4.40@$4.60; Winter straights, $3.50@$3.75; Winter patents, $4.75@$4.10. Spring bakers, $3.25@$3.50; extra, No. 1 Winter, $3.00@$3.10; extra, No. 2 Winter, $2.80@$2.90; red dog, $3.00@$3.50, to arrive. Rye Flour—Fair to good, $2.85@$3.25; choice to fancy, $3.30@$3.50. Cornmeal—Kiln dried, $3.35@$3.10, as to brand. Bag Meal—Fine white and yellow, $1.40@$1.45; coarse, $1.05@$1.10. Feed—Spring bran, spot, $21; sacks, to arrive, 200 lb, $19.75; Spring bran, middling, $20.40@$23, in job sacks; city feed $21@$21.50. Linseed oil cake, $27; hominy chop, $20.50 bulk, $21.50 sacks, to arrive.

FUTURES.

NEW YORK PRICES.

Wheat—	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
July	81½	82 1-16	81 7-16	81½
September	77 15-16	78½	77¾	77¾
December	78 1-16	78¾	78 1-16	78⅝
Corn—				
July	56¾	56 11-16	56½	56¼
September	54¼	54¾	54¼	54¾

CHICAGO PRICES.

Wheat—	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
July	76	76⅝	75⅝	75⅝
September	77	77⅝	77⅛	78
December	78	78⅝	78⅛	78⅝
Corn—				
July	48⅝	48⅝	48⅛	48⅛
September	47⅝	47⅝	47⅛	47⅛
December	46	46⅛	46	46⅛
Oats—				
July	36⅛	36⅛	36⅛	36⅛
September	29⅝	29

REFEREES' NOTICES.

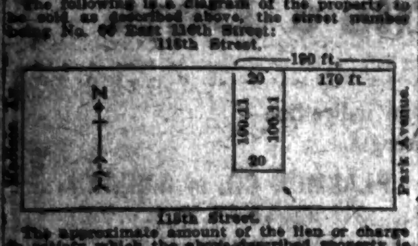
NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF New York.—FRANCIS J. HASSELMEYER, plaintiff, against EDWIN H. HAINES and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 22nd day of May, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Tuesday, the 16th day of June, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain piece or parcel of land, with the buildings thereon, situate, lying, and being in the Twelfth Ward of the Borough of Manhattan, in the City and State of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the southerly side of One Hundred and Sixteenth Street, distant one hundred and ninety (190) feet westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the westerly side of Park (formerly Fourth) Avenue with the south side of One Hundred and Sixteenth Street, and running thence southerly, on a line parallel with Park (formerly Fourth) Avenue, one hundred feet eleven inches to the centre line of the block; thence easterly along said centre line of the block twenty (20) feet; thence northerly on a line parallel with Park (formerly Fourth) Avenue, and part of the way through a party wall one hundred (100) feet and eleven (11) inches to the southerly side of One Hundred and Sixteenth Street; thence westerly along the southerly side of One Hundred and Sixteenth Street twenty (20) feet to the point or place of beginning, said premises being now known by the street number 69 East 116th Street, be said several dimensions more or less.

Dated New York, May 25th, 1903.
EUGENE C. GILROY, Referee.
HENRY W. SCHUTT, Attorney for Plaintiff, 229 Broadway, Manhattan Borough, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold as described above, the street number being No. 69 East 116th Street:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $1,941.18 with interest thereon from May 21, 1903, together with costs and allowance amounting to $201.57 with interest from May 22nd, 1903, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, water rents, or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $329.64 and interest.

The premises will be sold subject to a prior mortgage for $15,000 with interest thereon from February 23, 1903, at the rate of five per cent. per annum.

Dated New York, May 25th, 1903.
EUGENE C. GILROY, Referee.
my26-2aw3wM&Th&je16

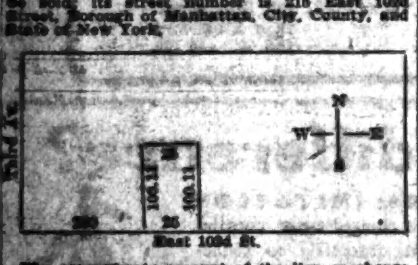
SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—EDWARD STETSON and ISAIAH K. STETSON, as Trustees under the will of George Stetson, deceased, plaintiffs, against HARRY LAHN and LEAH LAHN, his wife, (the name Leah being fictitious, &c.,) JENETTA KAHN, and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 28th day of May, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 23d day of June, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Bryan L. Kennelly, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, situate, lying, and being in the City of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the northerly side of One Hundred and Second Street distant two hundred and thirty feet easterly from the corner formed by the intersection of the easterly side of Third Avenue with the northerly side of One Hundred and Second Street; thence running northerly parallel with Third Avenue and part of the way through a party wall one hundred feet eleven inches to the centre line of the block; thence easterly along the said centre line and parallel with One Hundred and Second Street twenty-five feet; thence southerly parallel with Third Avenue and part of the way through a party wall one hundred feet eleven inches to the northerly side of One Hundred and Second Street, and thence westerly along the said northerly side of One Hundred and Second Street twenty-five feet to the place of beginning, these premises being in Section 6, Block 1,632, of the land map of the City of New York.

Dated New York, May 28, 1903.
EMMET R. OLCOTT, Referee.
VAN DUZER & TAYLOR, Attorneys for Plaintiffs, 31 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold, its street number is 215 East 102d Street, Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $14,867.50, with interest thereon from the 21st day of May, 1903, together with costs and allowances amounting to $236.20, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee is $462.85 and interest and penalties.

Dated New York, 29th day of May, 1903.
EMMET R. OLCOTT, Referee.
je1-2aw-3w-M&Th&je23

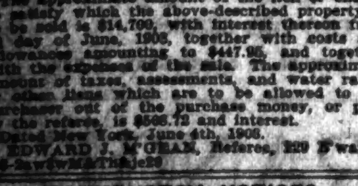
SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—ELIZABETH BETZ, plaintiff, against SOPHIE M. A. HOFFMANN and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the third day of June, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 29th day of June, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by John L. Parish, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Twelfth Ward, Borough of Manhattan, aforesaid, in the City of New York, and located Section 6 on Block 1,767 on the land Map of the City of New York, and bounded and described as follows, viz.: Beginning at a point on the southerly side of One Hundred and Nineteenth Street, (119th St.,) distant three hundred and twelve (312 ft.) easterly from the southeasterly corner of said One Hundred and Nineteenth Street and Park (formerly Fourth) Avenue; thence running southerly parallel with said Park (formerly Fourth) Avenue one hundred feet and five inches (100 ft. 5 in.); thence easterly parallel with One Hundred and Nineteenth Street twenty-three feet (23 ft.); thence northerly and again parallel with said Park (formerly Fourth) Avenue one hundred feet and five inches (100 ft. 5 in.) to the said southerly side of One Hundred and Nineteenth Street; and thence westerly along said southerly side of One Hundred and Nineteenth Street twenty-three feet (23 ft.) to the point or place of beginning, being the same premises known by the street number 136 East One Hundred and Nineteenth Street, and be the said several distances and dimensions more or less.

Dated New York, June 4, 1903.
EDWARD J. M'GEAN, Referee.
MICHAEL C. GROSS, Attorney for Plaintiff, 3 Chambers St., New York, (Borough of Manhattan.)

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold. Its street number is 136 East One Hundred and Nineteenth Street (Borough of Manhattan, City of New York):



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $14,700, with interest thereon from 2d day of June, 1903, together with costs and allowances amounting to $447.95, and together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $566.72 and interest.

Dated New York, June 4th, 1903.
EDWARD J. M'GEAN, Referee, 229 B'way.
je4-2aw3wM&Th&je29

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 5,986.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of DANIEL F. PETERSON, Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.

To the creditors of Daniel F. Peterson of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 4th day of June, A. D. 1903, the said Daniel F. Peterson was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 Wall Street, in the City and County of New York, on the 23d day of June, A. D. 1903, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.
June 10th, 1903.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—SAMUEL SCHENBEIN, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Samuel Schenbein, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated May 21st, 1903, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Hon. U. S. District Judges, in the U. S. Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 22d, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, June 10th, 1903.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

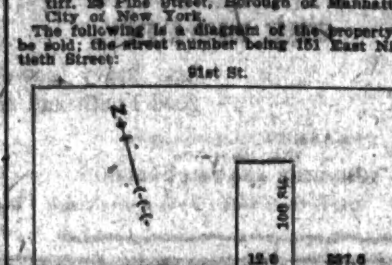
NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF New York.—ANNE MARY E. ROBERTS, plaintiff, against NATHANIEL D. WILLIAMS et al., defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above entitled action, and bearing date the 19th day of May, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 11th day of June, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Peter F. Meyer, Esq., auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, with the building and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Twelfth Ward of the City of New York, and bounded and described as follows, viz.: Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Ninetieth Street, which point is distant three hundred and thirty-seven (337) feet six (6) inches westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the northerly side of Ninetieth Street with the westerly side of Third Avenue; running thence northerly, parallel with Third Avenue, part of the distance through the centre of a party wall, one hundred (100) feet eight and one-half (8½) inches; thence westerly, and parallel with Ninetieth Street, twelve (12) feet six (6) inches; thence southerly, parallel with Third Avenue, one hundred (100) feet eight and one-half (8½) inches to Ninetieth Street, and thence easterly, along the northerly side of Ninetieth Street, twelve (12) feet six (6) inches to the point or place of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed to said Nathaniel D. Williams by Katie Dick and Robert Dick, her husband, by two deeds dated respectively April 18th, 1883, and July 9th, 1883, and recorded in the office of the Register of the City and County of New York, the first on April 18th, 1883, in Liber 1,721 of Conveyances, at Page 167, the other on September 12th, 1883, in Liber 1,750 of Conveyances, Page 157.

Dated New York, May 19th, 1903.
GUSTAVUS A. ROGERS, Referee.
QUACKENBUSH & WISE, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 25 Pine Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; the street number being 151 East Ninetieth Street:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above described property is to be sold is $5,239 55-100, with interest thereon from the 15th day of May, 1903, together with costs and allowance amounting to $258 97-100, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments or other liens, to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee, is about $1,400 00-100 and interest.

Dated New York, 19th day of May, 1903.
GUSTAVUS A. ROGERS, Referee.
my21-2aw3wTh&M&je11

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-NINTH STREET.—New York Supreme Court, County of New York.—JOHN M. BOWERS and another, as executors, &c., plaintiffs, against HENRY M. DENTON and another, defendants.

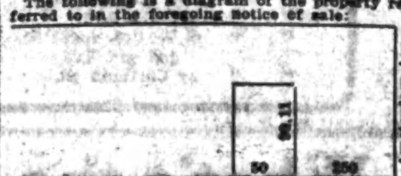
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 25th day of February, 1901, I, the undersigned, referee in said judgment named, will sell in one parcel at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Thursday, the 21st day of May, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by John L. Parish, auctioneer, the premises described in said judgment as follows:

All that certain plot, piece, or parcel of land, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the northerly side of One Hundred and Fifty-ninth Street, distant two hundred and fifty feet westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the northerly side of One Hundred and Fifty-ninth Street with the westerly side of Amsterdam Avenue; running thence northerly, parallel with Amsterdam Avenue, ninety-nine feet and eleven inches to the centre line of the block; thence westerly, along said centre line of the block, fifty feet; thence southerly, and again parallel with Amsterdam Avenue, ninety-nine feet and eleven inches to the said northerly side of One Hundred and Fifty-ninth Street, and thence easterly, along the same, fifty feet to the point or place of beginning.

Dated New York, April 30th, 1903.
RICHARD H. CLARKE, Referee.
FREDERIC J. MIDDLEBROOK, Attorney for Plaintiffs, 31 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York, N. Y.

The following is a diagram of the property referred to in the foregoing notice of sale:



The approximate aggregate amount of the plaintiffs' lien upon the premises, with interest, costs, and disbursements, is $7,602.81, and of taxes, assessments, and water rates, $246.05.

RICHARD H. CLARKE, Referee.
FREDERIC J. MIDDLEBROOK, Plaintiffs' Attorney.

The foregoing sale is hereby adjourned to Thursday, the 28th day of May, 1903, at the same time and place.

Dated New York, May 21st, 1903.
RICHARD H. CLARKE, Referee.
FREDERIC J. MIDDLEBROOK, Attorney for Plaintiffs.

The foregoing sale is hereby further adjourned to Thursday, June 4th, 1903, at the same time and place.

Dated New York, May 28th, 1903.
RICHARD H. CLARKE, Referee.
FREDERIC J. MIDDLEBROOK, Attorney for Plaintiffs.

The foregoing sale is hereby further adjourned to Thursday, June 11th, 1903, at the same time and place.

Dated New York, June 4th, 1903.
RICHARD H. CLARKE, Referee.
FREDERIC J. MIDDLEBROOK, Attorney for Plaintiffs.

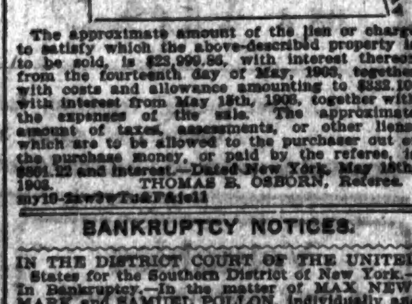
NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF New York.—THE MANHATTAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, plaintiff, against ALLETA R. BAILEY, George Rayner, Hattie Clark, Edward Aaron, and John Finlan, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 15th day of May, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the eleventh day of June, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon, on that day, by James L. Wells, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Twelfth Ward of the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the westerly line of the Avenue St. Nicholas at a point distant twenty feet and four and one-half inches southerly from the southwesterly corner of Avenue St. Nicholas and One Hundred and Fifty-fourth Street, and running thence westerly parallel with the southerly line of One Hundred and Fifty-fourth Street and partly through the centre of a party wall Ninety-six feet and one and one-quarter inches; thence southerly at right angles to the southerly line of One Hundred and Fifty-fourth Street twenty feet, thence easterly parallel with the southerly line of One Hundred and Fifty-fourth Street and partly through the centre of a party wall one hundred feet and four and seven-eighths inches to the westerly line of Avenue St. Nicholas, and thence northerly along the westerly line of Avenue St. Nicholas twenty feet five and one-half inches to the point or place of beginning; be the said distances and the said several dimensions more or less. Subject to the covenants and restrictions contained in the deed recorded in the office of the Register of the County of New York, in Block Series of Conveyances, Section 7, Liber 5, Page 215.—Dated New York, May 18th, 1903.

THOMAS B. OSBORN, Referee.
HOLMES, RAPALLO & KENNEDY, Attorneys for Plaintiff, No. 66 Broadway, New York, Borough of Manhattan, N. Y.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold as described above, the street number being 875 Avenue St. Nicholas:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is $23,999.86, with interest thereon from the fourteenth day of May, 1903, together with costs and allowance amounting to $332.19, with interest from May 15th, 1903, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $891.22 and interest.—Dated New York, May 18th, 1903.

THOMAS B. OSBORN, Referee.
my19-2aw3wTu&F&je11

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MAX NEWMARK and SAMUEL POLLON, individually and as members of the firm of NEWMARK & POLLON, Bankrupts.—No. 5,807.

To the creditors of Max Newmark and Samuel Pollon, individually and as members of the firm of Newmark & Pollon of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 15th day of April, A. D. 1903, the said Max Newmark and Samuel Pollon were duly adjudicated bankrupt and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 26th day of June, A. D. 1903, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, June 10th, 1903.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

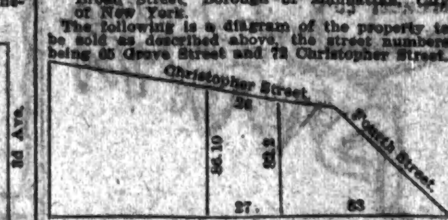
NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF New York.—THE GERMAN SAVINGS BANK IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK, plaintiff, against JOHN E. BRODSKY and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 12th day of December, 1902, as amended by an order duly entered on the [?] day of May, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 23d day of June, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Peter F. Meyer, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain plot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings thereon erected, situate in the Ninth Ward of the City of New York, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Grove Street, opposite the centre of a party wall standing partly on the premises hereby described and partly on the premises easterly adjoining the same, which point is distant eighty-three feet westerly from the northwesterly corner of Fourth and Grove Streets, running thence northerly on a line parallel, or nearly so, with Fourth Street and part of the way through the centre of said party wall eighty-two feet two inches to the southerly side of Christopher Street; thence westerly along the southerly side of Christopher Street twenty-six feet to a point opposite the centre of a party wall standing partly on the premises hereby described and partly on the premises westerly adjoining the same; thence southerly on a line again parallel, or nearly so, with Fourth Street and part of the way through the centre of said last-mentioned party wall eighty-six feet ten inches to the northerly side of Grove Street, and thence easterly along the said northerly side of Grove Street twenty-seven feet to the point or place of beginning, said premises being now known by the street numbers 65 Grove Street and 72 Christopher Street, and lying in Block 591, Section 2, of the land map of the City of New York.

Dated New York, May 27th, 1903.
FRANK D. ARTHUR, Referee.
A. HENRY MOSLE, Attorney for Plaintiff, 30 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold as described above, the street numbers being 65 Grove Street and 72 Christopher Street.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is thirty thousand six hundred and fifty-one 39-100 dollars, ($30,651.39,) with interest thereon from the 20th day of October, 1902, together with costs and allowances amounting to four hundred and sixty-two 89-100 dollars, ($462.89,) with interest from December 12th, 1902, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee, is one thousand and fifteen 19-100 dollars ($1,015.19) and interest.

Dated New York, May 27th, 1903.
FRANK D. ARTHUR, Referee.
je1-2aw3wM&Th&je23

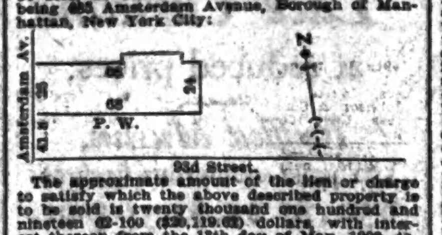
NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, County of New York.—LILLIE B. LILIENTHAL, plaintiff, against SIMON FEIST and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the [?] day of May, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 23d day of June, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Edward D. McGreal, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the building and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the City of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on easterly side of Amsterdam Avenue, distant forty-one (41) feet eight (8) inches more or less northerly from the northeasterly corner of Ninety-third Street and Amsterdam Avenue, and opposite a party wall standing partly on the premises hereby conveyed and partly on the premises next southerly adjoining, and from thence running easterly on a line parallel with Ninety-third Street and to and through said party wall sixty-eight (68) feet; thence running northerly and parallel, or nearly so, with Amsterdam Avenue twenty-four (24) feet more or less to the southerly wall of the building known as No. 687 Amsterdam Avenue; thence running westerly along said southerly wall four (4) feet more or less to the end of said wall; thence running northerly along said wall to the point where the northerly line of the northerly wall of the building on the premises hereby conveyed, if continued, would intersect the same; thence running westerly and parallel with Ninety-third Street and to and through a certain party wall standing partly on the premises hereby conveyed and partly on the premises next northerly adjoining sixty-eight (68) feet to the easterly side of Amsterdam Avenue, and thence running southerly along the easterly side of Amsterdam Avenue twenty-five (25) feet more or less to the point or place of beginning, and being known by the street No. [?] Amsterdam Avenue.—Dated New York, June 1, 1903.

REUBEN M. COHEN, Referee.
SIGMUND WECHSLER, Atty. for Plff., 261 B'way, Borough of Manhattan, N. Y. City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold, as described above, the street number being [?] Amsterdam Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, New York City:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above described property is to be sold is twenty thousand one hundred and nineteen 63-100 ($20,119.63) dollars, with interest thereon from the 13th day of May, 1903, together with costs and allowance amounting to $642 15-100, with interest from May 22d, 1903, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee, is $1,416.52 and interest.

Dated New York, June 1, 1903.
REUBEN M. COHEN, Referee.
je1-2aw3wM&Th&je22

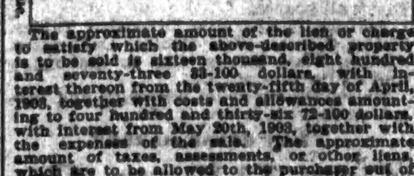
SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—FRANCES LEE PRATT, plaintiff, against CHARLES OGDEN, individually and as executor of and trustee under the last will and testament of James W. Ogden, deceased, and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 20th day of May, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the sixteenth day of June, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by John L. Parish, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot of land, with the buildings thereon erected, situate in the Borough of the Bronx, in the Twenty-third Ward of the City, County, and State of New York, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the southerly side or line of One Hundred and Sixty-first Street, (formerly Clifton Street,) distant easterly ninety-eight (98) feet from the easterly side or line of Eagle Avenue, (formerly Avenue A;) running thence easterly and along the southerly side or line of said One Hundred and Sixty-first Street, twenty-seven (27) feet; running thence southerly and parallel with the easterly side or line of said Eagle Avenue, one hundred and ten (110) feet; running thence westerly and parallel with the southerly side or line of said One Hundred and Sixty-first Street twenty-seven (27) feet; running thence northerly and parallel with the easterly side or line of said Eagle Avenue, and part of the way through a certain party wall, one hundred and ten (110) feet to the southerly side or line of said One Hundred and Sixty-first Street, the point and place of beginning.

Dated New York, May 23d, 1903.
CHARLES A. MOLLOY, Referee.
FRANCIS JORDAN, Attorney for Plaintiff, 15 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold as described above, the street number being 324 East 161st Street, Borough of the Bronx:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is sixteen thousand, eight hundred and seventy-three 33-100 dollars, with interest thereon from the twenty-fifth day of April, 1903, together with costs and allowances amounting to four hundred and thirty-six 72-100 dollars, with interest from May 20th, 1903, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee, is eleven hundred and seventy 29-100 dollars and interest.

Dated New York, May 23d, 1903.
CHARLES A. MOLLOY, Referee.
my25-2aw3wM&Th&june15&16

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LOUISE C. FOLEY, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that a sale at auction of the property belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupt will be held under the direction of James F. McNaboe, the Trustee, by Gus Bronner, auctioneer, on the premises lately occupied by the bankrupt, No. [?] Fifth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 23d day of June, 1903, at 10:30 A. M. of said day. A general description of said property to be sold is as follows:

Dress and piece goods, silks, satins, &c., trimmings and dressmakers' material, fine line of tailor-made suits, gowns, &c., furniture, fixtures, and household utensils and furnishings.

The Trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of said property from the sale unless it shall bring at least 75% of the appraised value.

Dated New York, June 10th, 1903.
NATHANIEL S. SMITH, Referee in Bankruptcy.
MARSHALL & MAGAR, Attorneys for Trustee, 34 Pine Street, New York City.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF New York.—MATILDA MAHR, plaintiff, against GEORGE WIDDER and others, defendants.

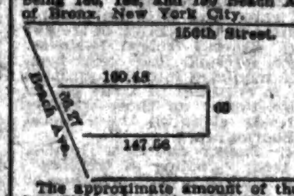
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 29th day of May, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 26th day of June, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Peter F. Meyer, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All those certain lots, pieces, or parcels of land situate, lying and being in the Twenty-third Ward of the City of New York, and described as follows, to wit: Being all those three certain lots numbered one hundred and fifty-eight (158,) one hundred and fifty-nine (159,) and one hundred and sixty (160,) on a map designated as a "Map of a portion of the Dater Estate in the Twenty-third Ward of the City of New York," as surveyed and laid out by John G. Van Horne, City Surveyor, and which said map was filed in the office of the Register of the City and County of New York on the 23rd day of February, 1894, and designated as map Number Eight Hundred and Twenty-eight, and which said lots are bounded and described as follows, that is to say:

Beginning at a point on the easterly side of Beach Avenue distant one hundred and seventy-four and thirty-four one-hundredths (174.34) feet southerly from the intersection of the easterly side of Beach Avenue and the southerly side of One Hundred and Fifty-sixth Street; running thence easterly, or nearly so, and parallel with the southerly side of One Hundred and Fifty-sixth Street along a line drawn between lots one hundred and fifty-seven (157) and one hundred and fifty-eight (158) one hundred and sixty and forty-eight one-hundredths (160.48) feet to a point formed by the intersection of lots one hundred and fifty-seven (157,) one hundred and fifty-eight (158,) one hundred and seventy-five (175,) and one hundred and seventy-six (176) on said map; running thence southerly, or nearly so, and along a line drawn between lots one hundred and fifty-eight (158) and one hundred and fifty-nine (159) and one hundred and sixty (160,) on the one side, and lots one hundred and seventy-five (175,) one hundred and seventy-four (174,) and one hundred and seventy-three (173) on the other side sixty-five (65) feet to a point formed by the intersection of lots one hundred and sixty (160,) one hundred and seventy-three (173,) one hundred and sixty-six (166,) and one hundred and sixty-seven (167) on said map; running thence westerly, or nearly so, and along a line drawn between lots one hundred and sixty-six (166,) one hundred and sixty-five (165,) and one hundred and sixty-one (161,) on the one side, and lot one hundred and sixty (160) on the other side and again parallel to One Hundred and Fifty-sixth Street one hundred and forty-seven and fifty-six one-hundredths (147.56) feet to the easterly side of Beach Avenue; running thence northerly, or nearly so, and along the said easterly side of Beach Avenue sixty-six and twenty-seven one-hundredths (66.27) feet to the point or place of beginning, be said several dimensions and distances more or less.

LEOPOLD HARBURGER, Referee.
Dated New York, June 1st, 1903.
PHILIP J. BRITT, Attorney for Plaintiff, No. 170 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold as described above, the street numbers being 186, 188, and 190 Beach Avenue, Borough of Bronx, New York City.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is two thousand four hundred and sixty-four and 46-100 dollars, with interest thereon from the 27th day of May, 1903, together with costs and allowance amounting to two hundred and nine and 62-100 dollars, with interest from June 1st, 1903, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $6.00 unpaid water rent and the amount of an assessment for opening 156th Street dated May 28, 1903, exact amount thereof unknown, and interest.

LEOPOLD HARBURGER, Referee.
Dated June 1st, 1903.

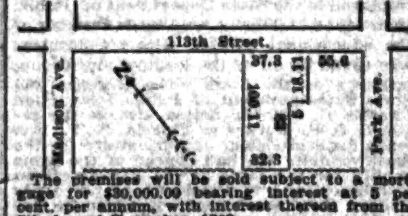
SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—MADISON G. HAWKE, plaintiff, against HARRY HERTZ et al., defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 20th day of May, 1903, I, the undersigned, referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 23d day of June, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Twelfth Ward of the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, known as Number 82 East 113th Street, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the southerly side of One Hundred and Thirteenth Street, distant fifty-five (55) feet six (6) inches westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the said southerly side of One Hundred and Thirteenth Street with the westerly side of Park, formerly Fourth, Avenue; running thence westwardly along said southerly side of One Hundred and Thirteenth Street thirty-seven (37) feet three (3) inches; thence southwardly, parallel with said avenue and part of the way through a party wall, one hundred (100) feet eleven (11) inches to the centre line of the block; thence eastwardly along the same thirty-two (32) feet three (3) inches; thence northwardly again parallel with said avenue eighty-two (82) feet; thence again eastwardly, parallel with One Hundred and Thirteenth Street five (5) feet; thence again northwardly and parallel with said avenue eighteen (18) feet eleven (11) inches, more or less, to the said southerly side of One Hundred and Thirteenth Street and the point or place of beginning, with the right forever to the parties of the second part, their heirs and assigns, to have light and air over the strip of land five (5) feet in width lying between the premises herein described, the apartment house owned by the devisees of Mary F. Mitchell on the east and the middle line of the block; being the easterly half of the same premises which were conveyed to Davis Karp by Louis Lese and Sarah Lese, his wife, by deed dated April 12, 1890, and recorded in the office of the Register of the City and County of New York in Section 6, Liber 49 of Conveyances, Page 186, on April 14, 1890.

Dated New York, May 27th, 1903.
ABRAHAM L. JACOBS, Referee.
EDWARD HERRMANN, Attorney for Plaintiff, 38 Park Row, New York, N. Y.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; said premises being known as No. 82 East 113th Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York:



The premises will be sold subject to a mortgage for $30,000.00 bearing interest at 5 per cent. per annum, with interest thereon from the 7th day of December, 1902.

The approximate amount of the lien to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is $12,006.11, with interest thereon from the 13th day of May, 1903, together with costs and allowance amounting to $385.30, with interest from the 20th day of May, 1903, together with the expenses of the sale.

The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $686.56.

Dated New York, May 27th, 1903.
ABRAHAM L. JACOBS, Referee.
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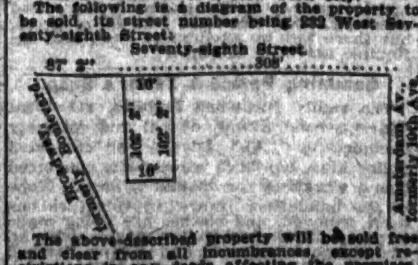
SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—EDNA DAVID, plaintiff, against MABEL DAVID and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of partition and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 22d day of May, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 18th day of June, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by L. J. Phillips & Co., auctioneers, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the building thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, of the City of New York, and bounded as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point on the southerly side of Seventy-eighth Street, distant eighty-seven feet and two inches easterly from the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of Seventy-eighth Street with the easterly side of Broadway, formerly the Boulevard, and which said point is also distant three hundred and eight feet westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the westerly side of Amsterdam Avenue, formerly Tenth Avenue, with the southerly side of Seventy-eighth Street, running thence southerly and parallel with Amsterdam Avenue, formerly Tenth Avenue, partly through a party wall, one hundred and two feet and two inches to the centre line of the block; thence easterly along said centre line and parallel with Seventy-eighth Street sixteen feet; thence northerly parallel with Amsterdam Avenue, formerly Tenth Avenue, partly through a party wall, one hundred and two feet and two inches to the southerly side of Seventy-eighth Street, and thence westerly along the southerly side of Seventy-eighth Street sixteen feet to the point or place of beginning.

Dated New York, May 27, 1903.
REGINALD H. WILLIAMS, Referee.
HARRY PERCY DAVID, Attorney for Plaintiff, 410 St. Nicholas Av., New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold, its street number being 232 West Seventy-eighth Street:



The above-described property will be sold free and clear from all incumbrances, except restrictions in any deeds affecting the premises. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, or other liens upon said property which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or to be paid by the referee, is the sum of $215.00. my29-2aw3w-Th&F&je18

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

WATERS PIANOS
represent the highest ideal of an art piano. They are famous for fine tone, and are warranted to be durable.
Style A—Waters Upright Piano, only
$225
cash, or $250 on installments; $10 down and $7 per month. Also Style 85—Chester Piano,
$170
cash, or $190 payable only $5 monthly.
Send postal for catalogue.
HORACE WATERS & CO., 134 Fifth Ave., near 18th St.
Harlem Branch (Open Evenings), 254 West 125th St., near 8th Ave.

PEASE PIANOS.
128 WEST 42D ST., NEAR B'WAY.
The ideal piano for the vocalist. Big values offered in our SPRING SALE of used pianos. Prices 1-3 to ½ off. Write for sale list and special payment plan. Renting, Exchanging.

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134th Street, Block East of 3rd Ave.

SMALL PIANOS FOR SMALL ROOMS.
A dainty gem, with full, rich tone; complete assortment of Grands and Uprights; easy payments; rents applied on purchase. Catalogue free.
MATHUSHEK & SON, B'WAY, COR. 47TH ST.

THE OPERA PIANO.
EASY TERMS. RENTS. 'Phone, 1065—38th.
1569 BROADWAY, Cor. 47th St.

THE PIANOTIST
The invisible Piano Player. Plays any Piano. Any one can play it. Cash or installments. Recitals daily. Warerooms, 123 Fifth Av., nr. 19th St.

APOLLO MASTER PIANO PLAYER.
To Rent for Summer Use. Free Delivery.
The APOLLO Company, 101 Fifth Ave., New York.

UPRIGHTS $75, $100; rents $3; rent allowed on purchase. 31 East 14th St.

THE PLACE FOR PIANO BARGAINS IS JACOB BROTHERS, 467 FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.

New Pianos to Rent.—Rent applied if you purchase. Wissner, 25 East 14th St.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

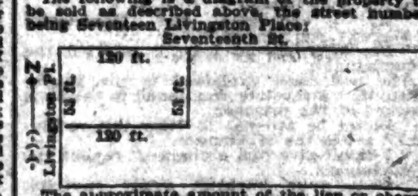
NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF New York.—CHELSEA REALTY COMPANY, plaintiff, against ISAAC POLSTEIN and Ray Polstein, his wife; Louis Cohen and Amelia Cohen, his wife, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 18th day of May, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 9th day of June, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Richard V. Harnett & Company, auctioneers, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point formed by the intersection of the southerly side of Seventeenth Street and the easterly side of Livingston Place; thence running easterly along the southerly side of Seventeenth Street one hundred and twenty feet; thence southerly parallel with Livingston Place fifty-three feet; thence westerly and parallel with Seventeenth Street one hundred and twenty feet to the easterly side of Livingston Place, and thence northerly along the said easterly side of Livingston Place fifty-three feet to the point or place of beginning, and being the same premises as described in Liber 68 of Conveyances, Page 242, Section 3.

Dated New York, May 14th, 1903.
JOSEPH D. EDELSON, Referee.
HEYN & COVINGTON, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 135 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold as described above, the street number being Seventeen Livingston Place:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is five thousand two hundred and seventy and 82-100 dollars ($5,270 82-100) with interest thereon from the 13th day of May, 1903, together with costs and allowance amounting to two hundred and ninety-three and 75-100 dollars ($293.75) with interest from May 13th, 1903, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee, is three thousand and eighty-nine and 80-100 dollars ($3,089 80-100) and interest, subject to a prior mortgage of $160,000 with interest.

Dated New York, May 14th, 1903.
JOSEPH D. EDELSON, Referee.

The foregoing sale is hereby adjourned to Tuesday, June 16th, 1903, at the same time and place.

Dated New York, June 9th, 1903.
JOSEPH D. EDELSON, Referee.
HEYN & COVINGTON, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 135 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—EDWIN A. McCAFFRY against MARY CORBITT and others.

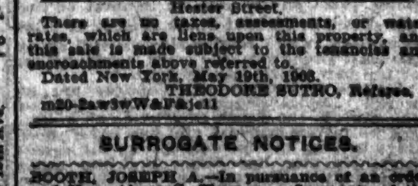
In pursuance of a judgment of partition and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 19th day of May, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 11th day of June, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Philip A. Smyth, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings thereon erected, situated in the Borough of Manhattan, and City, County, and State of New York, known by the street number as Number Thirty-one Essex Street, as now in possession, the said premises being bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the westerly side of Essex Street, distant one hundred feet north of the northerly side of Hester Street, running thence westwardly, parallel with said Hester Street, sixty-five feet and six inches; thence southwardly, parallel with Essex Street, twelve feet; thence westwardly, again parallel with Hester Street, twenty-two feet; thence northwardly, parallel with Essex Street, thirty-seven feet; thence eastwardly, parallel with Hester Street, eighty-seven feet and six inches, to the westerly side of Essex Street; thence southwardly, along the westerly side of Essex Street, twenty-five feet to the point or place of beginning, together with any other adjoining lands and rights belonging thereto beyond such lines, and be the said several distances and dimensions more or less, and subject, however, to encroachments thereon, if any, by adjoining walls, and subject moreover to all existing tenancies.

Dated New York, May 19th, 1903.
THEODORE SUTRO, Referee.
HOADLY, LAUTERBACH & JOHNSON, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 22 William Street, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold as described above, and known by the street number as 31 Essex Street:



There are no taxes, assessments, or water rates, which are liens upon this property, and this sale is made subject to the tenancies and encroachments above referred to.

Dated New York, May 19th, 1903.
THEODORE SUTRO, Referee.
m20-2aw3wW&F&je11

SURROGATE NOTICES.

BOOTH, JOSEPH A.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, dated December 3d, 1902, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JOSEPH A. BOOTH, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Lockwood & Hill, No. 115 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 15th day of June next. Dated New York, the 10th day of December, 1902. ROBERT G. MITCHELL, Executor. LOCKWOOD & HILL, Attorneys for Executor, 115 Broadway, New York City.

BOARDERS WANTED.

15th St., 316 East.—Most desirable rooms; view of Stuyvesant Park; excellent table; table board.

22d St., 30 East.—Large and small desirable rooms, with board; table board; references.

33d St., 122 West.—Handsome, desirable, large room; every convenience; also single room; good board; reference.

[?]th St., 160 West.—Very desirable rooms and board, $6 to $20; Summer prices; 7th and Lenox.

125th St., 349 West.—Nicely furnished rooms, with or without board.

Corner 117th and Amsterdam, 1,181.—Large and small light rooms; delightfully cool parks all sides; celebrated restaurant; absolute cleanliness; very moderate.

Brooklyn.

Suburbs, Brooklyn.—Cool corner room, detached house; large porch; modern conveniences; convenient Manhattan; gentleman or couple; terms, $6 each. 3,911 15th Av., Brooklyn.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

18th St., 11 West.—Beautiful rooms; large, small, front, back; special rates to Summer guests.

23d Street, 458 West.—Newly renovated rooms, single and double; reference.

40th St., 12 West.—Cool, pleasant rooms; all conveniences; telephone; Summer rates.

45th St., 4 East.—Large and small rooms to gentlemen only; Summer prices; references required.

49th St., 131 West.—Nicely furnished rooms, separate or together; all conveniences; moderate rates.

51st St., 206 West.—Desirable medium-size room in cool corner apartment; Summer rate. Whitty.

54th St., 360 West.—Large and small rooms; also back parlor; clean and healthy; moderate.

74th St., 153 West.—Large, cool rooms, handsomely furnished; convenient to all car lines.

A lady living in luxurious home West Seventies, near 72d St. Station, will rent one or two beautifully furnished rooms, bath adjoining, to gentlemen. Address D Box 111 Times.

Charles St., 81, (10 Van Nest Place,) Between Bleecker and West 4th Sts.—Large, newly furnished room; also large hall room; special rate for Summer; private house.

For addresses of refined boarding houses, rooms, and suites call on Earle A. Kanke, 1,133 B'way.

Gramercy Park, 22 and 23.—Gentlemen only; fully furnished front suite or large room; private bath; also single rooms; breakfast; reference.

Gramercy Park, 28.—Gentlemen only; furnished front suite or large room; private bath; single rooms; breakfast.

Madison Av., 343, near 44th.—Bachelor accommodations; cool rooms; suits, singly; gentlemen; telephone; references; porcelain baths.

Washington Square, 42.—2 beautiful large front rooms, overlooking the park; running water; also two large connecting rooms; house newly furnished; board optional; reasonable.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Rose Cottage, Walker Valley, Ulster Co., N. Y.—Accommodates 30; adults $6 to $8, children $4, transient $1.50; free transportation; situated on Shawangunk Mountains; elevation, 2,000 feet; vegetables, fruit, poultry, milk, butter, eggs, &c. Benjamin R. Wood. References given upon request.

Green's Farm, Conn., 47 miles from New York City; five minutes' walk from depot; ten minutes from Sound; can accommodate nine boarders; plenty of fresh butter, milk, and eggs; stabling for 4 horses; terms reasonable. Koopman, Green's Farms, Conn.

Upper Montclair.—Large furnished room for two gentlemen, with use of bath, with or without breakfast and meals Sunday; modern house; good location; convenient to station; references. D Box 144 Times Office.

Board Offered.—If you want to spend an enjoyable vacation; fine country house on the Hudson; excellent board; large, airy rooms; grand scenery; plenty of fruit, write C. O. Hoehr, Stuyvesant, N. Y.

At Larchmont, N. Y.—Private family desire few paying guests, (no children;) modern, attractive home; well appointed table; convenient to shore and depot. Address Box 241, Larchmont, N. Y.

East Orange.—With refined private family; house all modern improvements; fine grounds and trees; telephone; close to Erie station; REFERENCES REQUIRED. Call, by appointment only, 35 Brighton Av.

One of coolest farmhouses on Great Peconic Bay; healthy; three minutes to first-class bathing; large rooms; plenty shade; piazza, piano; cream, milk, vegetables on farm. M. Havens, Flanders, L. I.

20 CLINTON PLACE, NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y.
A few newly furnished and decorated rooms with first-class board; hotel service; stable accommodation.

Berkshire Hills Farmhouse.—Board, near Stockbridge and Great Barrington; scenery mountainous; lake fishing; cream, eggs, fruit; city references; $7 to $8 week. Address Henry Woods, Monterey, Berkshire County, Mass.

New farm house; accommodates 25; adults $6 and $7; children under twelve, $3; high, dry; large rooms; spacious piazza; fine views; running spring water in house; boating, bathing. Orlando Furman, Woodbourne, Sullivan Co.

Ludlow-on-Hudson.—30 minutes New York Central or Putnam; private American family; excellent table; airy rooms; shady veranda; gentlemen only. B., Times, Harlem.

Walker Valley House, Shawangunk Mountains.—Pleasantly situated; $5 and $6, children $3 and $4 weekly. Mrs. R. E. Morrow, Walker Valley, Ulster Co., N. Y.

THE KNOLL, WOODBURNE, SULL. C., N. Y. Capacity, 60. Every modern improvement. No undesirable persons accommodated. For booklet address J. A. MUNSON, Prop.

Maple Grove Farm.—Accommodates 40; vegetables, milk, butter, eggs; adults $7 to $8, children according to age. H. C. Tompkins, Barryville, Sullivan Co., N. Y.

At New Rochelle, 42 Pelham Road, Near Centre Av.—Fine rooms; large grounds; directly on the water; boating, bathing; 35 minutes from Grand Central.

Edgewood, Loch Sheldrake, Sullivan County, N. Y.—Large new farm house; light, airy rooms; broad, shady piazzas; piano; for terms address W. R. Stodart.

Woodbourne House, Woodbourne, Sullivan Co., N. Y., H. L. Butterfuss, Prop. First-class hotel; accommodating 80 guests; shady lawns, good hunting and fishing.

Boarders Wanted.—$6 weekly, children according to age; there are boating and fishing near by. Hess Farm, Valley Cottage, Rockland Co., New York.

Silver Spring Farm, Walden, N. Y.—Beautiful Summer home; excellent table; large lawns; adults only. Mrs. M. E. Kidd.

"Nearwood," Woodbury Falls, Orange Co., N. Y.—Large rooms and piazzas; beautiful lawns; excellent table, &c. D. J. Sergeant.

Mountain View House, Highland Mills, N. Y.—Large rooms; bath; excellent table; beautiful location. Mrs. John W. Ford.

Upper Montclair, N. J.—Few guests desired in handsome private house; fine grounds; golf, tennis; references. Box 43.

Sheepshead Bay.—A couple occupying cottage will rent a few rooms, with bath, to gentlemen. Box 4, Sheepshead Bay.

FLORAL HILL HOUSE, Highland Mills, N. Y.—Airy rooms; bath; excellent table; large lawns, &c. Mrs. G. A. Merritt.

Bensonhurst.—Lilac Villa, corner Bay 22d St. and Benson Av.; large rooms; superior table; table boarders accommodated.

Good board in a pleasant country home, with modern conveniences. Address Box 73, Williamsburg, Mass.

LOANS.

CASH
IN ANY AMOUNT
advanced without unnecessary delay or formality on satisfactory security of any character.
Accounts, Notes, Chattels, Salaries, Legacies, Incomes, Judgments, Contracts, &c.
Business Confidential.
Lowest Possible Rates.
John Mulholland.
FIVE OFFICES IN GREATER NEW YORK.
38 PARK ROW, 5 & 7 EAST 42D ST., 125TH ST. & PARK AV., } NEW YORK.
44 COURT ST., 54 BROADWAY, } BROOKLYN.
APPLY MOST CONVENIENT OFFICE.

MONEY Loaned to people in any kind of business.
150 NASSAU ST. OFFICE 729.

SALARIES Liberal Advances on Salary, Without Endorsement.
150 Nassau St., N. Y. Office 704.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of RALPH COHN, Bankrupt.—To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt and to whom it may concern: Pursuant to an order of the United States District Court, the undersigned Receiver of the estate of the above-named bankrupt, will sell the fixtures now located at No. 444 West 125th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, as follows:

Sealed bids therefor should be submitted to Graham Sumner, Receiver, at No. 35 Broad Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, or his attorney, Alexander A. Tausky, at No. 320 Broadway, New York City, on or before Monday, June 15th, 1903, at 3 P. M., at which time and place they will be opened, and each bid must be accompanied by cash or a certified check for at least ten per cent. of the amount of said bid; said property may be inspected at No. 444 West 125th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York. Should the Receiver reject all bids submitted, then said property will be sold at public auction by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, on the premises stated, on Thursday, June 18th, 1903, at 10:30 A. M.

GRAHAM SUMNER, Receiver.
ALEXANDER A. TAUSKY, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York City.

INSTRUCTION.

NEW YORK UNIVERSITY
Entrance Examinations
FOR
University College and School of Applied Science
take place at University Building, Washington Square, New York City, June 15th to 20th, inclusive, at 9 A. M.

ETHICAL CULTURE SCHOOL
Central Park West and 63d Street.
HIGH SCHOOL DEPARTMENT. Careful preparation for all colleges and professional schools. NEW SCHOOL BUILDING; enlarged facilities—Gymnasium, Roof Garden, Library, Shops, Laboratories, Studios, etc.; open October 5, 1903. For catalogues and information regarding this as well as the Elementary Department, address FRANK A. MANNY, Supt., 109 W. 54th St.

Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping. Enter any day or evening. No vacations—Circulars. No better school at any price. MILLER SCHOOL, 1133-1135 Broadway, Cor. 26th St.

SYMS SCHOOL.
Robert H. Syms. William C. Simmons.
Apply for circular, 22 West 45th Street.

Worrall Hall Summer school with three college graduate teachers; beautifully located at Peekskill-on-the-Hudson, N. Y.; college coaching by experts.

Coaching for College.—A. Everett Stone, (Yale,) 316 W. 56th St. During vacation, six students are entertained in his country home in the Berkshires.

FOR SALE.

WILLIAMS VISIBLE TYPEWRITERS, SOLD AND RENTED. 310 B'WAY.

GENERAL TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE. LATEST MODELS Rented and Sold. Cash or installments. 239 B'WAY. Tel. 1373 Cort.

SAFES—New and second-hand of all kinds and makes; safes bought, exchanged, and repaired. J. M. MOSSMAN, 72 Maiden Lane. Tel. 1423 John.

TYPEWRITERS ALL MAKES. A-One Typewriter Exchange, 263 B'way, N. Y. 1 flight up. 453 Fulton St., B'klyn.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED. All Makes. F. S. Webster Co., 317 B'way. Tel. 5240 Frank.

Typewriters—Pittsburg Visible, Remingtons, Smiths, Blickensderfers, Williams, Hammonds, Franklin; sold, rented, exchanged, repaired. Gorman, 79 Nassau.

BICYCLES $1 PER WEEK. LEADING MAKES. Rausch's, 2,271 3d Ave., (123d.) Evgs.

Typewriter Headquarters, [?] Broadway.—Call up 3196 Franklin when in need of a typewriter. Fine machines for sale and rent.

Typewriters.—Why rent? 17c. daily buys any make. Telephone, 3230 Broad. Cohen's Typewriter Agency, 18 Broadway.

Typewriters rented, $2 up; ribbons free; supplies, repairing. Tel. 3080 Cortlandt. Central Typewriter Exchange, 203 Broadway.

Typewriters.—When renting or buying get a good one. Best Typewriter Exchange, 88 Park Place, Telephone.

STORAGE.

Twentieth Century Storage Company's New Building, 490-492 East 138th St.—Clean storage, reasonable rates; vans for moving; packing, shipping; estimates; carpets and rugs cleaned, 5c. yard up. Telephone, 587—Melrose.

J. & J. W. WILLIAMS, CARPET CLEANING, 353 W. 54th St. Tel. 566 Columbus. Est. 1873.

MILLINERY AND DRESSMAKING.

Dressmaker.—Parisian dressmaker, accustomed to finest work, wishes some at home; takes orders and fits at customers' residences; references. Ernestina, 367 West 35th St.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

An opportunity is offered a party with $3,000 to enter old-established wholesale business, showing net profit of $150 weekly, where capital is always secured. Salesman, Times Office.

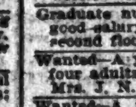
WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C.

Weekly Payments.—Fine diamonds, watches, guaranteed; lowest prices; business confidential. Watch Supply Co., 2 Maiden Lane.

PURCHASE AND EXCHANGE.

Pawn tickets, old gold, jewelry, old silver, silverware bought; highest prices paid. Kleinman, 207 8th Av.

BILLIARDS.



Billiard and Pool Tables, solidly made; high-grade goods. Lighting, accurate, durable cushions. Decker, est. 1850, 105 East 9th St.

PATENTS.

Patents promptly procured. Advice and book free. Edgar Tate & Co., Registered Patent Solicitors, 245 Broadway.

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.

Do you want to become a newspaper or magazine writer? Address P. O. Box 1622, city.

Graduate nurses for excellent hospital position; good salary. Apply 15 West 42d St., 2 o'clock, second floor.

Wanted—A young girl for housework; family of four adults; references required; private house. Mrs. J. N. Bull, 417 W. 154th St.

Wanted—A nurse or companion to an invalid or elderly person. Experienced Nurse, 1,364 Broadway.

HELP WANTED—MALES.

Do you want to become a newspaper or magazine writer? Address P. O. Box 1622, city.

MILLINERY TRAVELING SALESMAN WANTED. STEINFELDER, TOPLITZ & CO., 596 BROADWAY.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

CHAMBERMAIDS.

Chambermaid.—A lady wishes to place a competent chambermaid, who is willing to assist in the dining room; excellent personal reference. 48 West 51st St.

COOKS.

Cook.—By middle-aged woman as competent cook in private family only; country preferred; hot, cold breads; country only; soups, meats, fish, entrees, poultry, game; no general work, no washing; with or without kitchenmaid; first-class references, written and personal; lowest wages, $30. Alviene Bell, 195 10th Av., between 21st and 22d Sts.

DRESSMAKERS.

Children's Dressmaker.—First-class work guaranteed; at home or out. Bodine, 101 West 91st.

HOUSEWORKERS.

Housework.—By a waitress, good cook, plain washing; small family adults; in flat; city references, 212 East [?] St., one flight; car fare.

General Worker.—Colored; excellent cook; city or country; references; moderate. Elias, 314 West 39th St. Tel. 1685R Columbus.

NURSES.

Nurse.—A competent girl, well recommended, wants to take care of child of about three years or older; willing to go to country. Petsold, 707 Sip St., West Hoboken, N. J.

WAITRESSES.

Waitress.—A lady leaving for Europe wishes to find situation for an excellent waitress; also for an experienced laundress; best reference. Call Thursday, Friday, Saturday, 560 5th Av.

Waitress or Parlormaid.—By young girl; first-class waitress or parlormaid; city references. 878 3d Av., second floor.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

BUTLERS.

Butler, Valet.—Married couple; wife first-class cook or working housekeeper; both competent; best personal reference. Cupel, 204 East 30th.

COACHMEN.

Coachman and Useful Man.—By a young man; understands care of horses and carriages; good reference. J. L., Box 139 Times.

GARDENERS.

Gardener.—Single; understands all general work; horses, cow, poultry; good references. D. Box 143 Times.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Electrician.—By a young man as helper. D. A. Scott, 1,982 3d Av.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

WILLIAMS, GEORGE G.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against GEORGE G. WILLIAMS, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the offices of De Witt, Lockman & De Witt, No. 88 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 31st day of December next.—Dated New York, the 2d day of June, 1903. VIRGINIA F. WILLIAMS, JOHN T. LOCKMAN, FRANK B. KEECH, Executors. GEORGE G. DE WITT, Attorney for Executors, 88 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y.

STOCKS OPEN WILD AND DEMORALIZED

Heavy Selling by London, Berlin, and Amsterdam Interests.

Initial Declines in Active Shares of from One to Four Points—Later Rally Through Banking Support.

Wall Street was treated to a badly demoralized stock market yesterday when at the opening of business, in continuation of the heavy selling movement which had appeared in Tuesday's late trading, the entire list opened wild and down, with semi-panicky conditions ruling for the first half hour. In active stocks initial declines ranged from 1 to 4 points, and in inactive stocks the losses were even greater, while nearly everywhere there were fear and nervousness lest a collapse should occur. That no crash did come is due to the fact that at once, on the appearance of demoralization, substantial banking interests came to the support of prices, while purchases for investment account and by bargain hunters did their share also in steadying the list.

How consequential and decided were the initial losses can best be understood when it is stated that Louisville and Nashville opened at 105½, as compared with Tuesday's close of 109¼; Copper at 51, against Tuesday's close of 52⅞; Chesapeake at 35½, as compared with 37½; Erie at 29¼, against 30¾, while either at the opening or almost immediately thereafter such losses were reported as 2½ in Missouri Pacific, 3⅛ in 'Frisco second, 1⅝ in St. Paul, 2⅜ in Tennessee Coal, 1⅜ in Union Pacific, 1⅞ in Atchison, 1⅛ in Baltimore and Ohio, 2⅜ in Brooklyn, 2¾ in Norfolk, 2¼ in People's Gas, 2⅜ in Metropolitan, 1⅛ in Rock Island—these in the active stocks, while in the inactive issues losses of 2 and 3 points were the rule, with an extreme break of 15 points recorded at one time in Panhandle, half of it later recovered. On the curb Northern Securities sold down over 5 points to 85¼.

From this low level there was a recovery of a point or more all round, but later the market reacted as a result of renewed pressure put upon Missouri Pacific, which closed at its low figure, (99,) having broken below par as per the advertised bear schedule, and upon Southern Pacific, which fell under forced pool liquidation. Generally, however, the tone at the close was much better than for some time, and it seemed to be the opinion that the market had stood up wonderfully well.

All told, total dealings for the day approximated 1,250,000 shares—the biggest day in several months. Of this total it is said foreigners contributed fully 100,000 shares, London being credited with selling 60,000 shares and Berlin and Amsterdam 40,000.

As on recent days, the selling was a combination of bear selling and genuine liquidation, with the bear pressure yesterday somewhat in the ascendant. Western houses seemed to be the principal bears.

There was no specific news or other development during the day to explain the market weakness, though of rumors there were many. These had principally to do with two houses who were reported to be in trouble. Whether they were or were not is an open question, but in any event it is now stated that there need be no fear of failures or trouble of any kind. In this connection helpful influence was exerted by the announcement during the day by a representative of the National City Bank that a thorough canvass of the situation had been made by a committee of representative New York bankers, and that the committee is convinced that the foundations are sound and that there is not the slightest reason to expect any failures here. Loans of the commission houses, it was added, are abnormally low, and all loans are now amply protected.

Commission houses during the day reported that customers, big and small, who had been out of the market for a year or more were making conservative purchases of stocks. One commission house bought for cash 2,000 shares of St. Paul, 2,000 Pennsylvania, 500 Northwest, and 500 Consolidated Gas. This was understood to be all for one customer, who has not been in the market for over a year. Another house bought 6,000 United States Steel common for investment.

Representative bankers who were seen after the close of business gave it as their opinion that the worst had been seen in the market, and that, though for a time feverishness may rule, improving prices should shortly show.

COTTON UP AND DOWN.

Big Rise Followed by Sensational Break Just Before the Market's Close.

The cotton market, though it was quite overshadowed by the events on the Stock Exchange, was none the less sensational yesterday. There was a big rise of 20 to 50 points in the forenoon, with great activity in the Fall months options, but in the afternoon a sudden and severe break carried the quotations down to very nearly the prices of Tuesday's close. The break came just before the close and was so sudden that it took the brokers for Col. Brown, the New Orleans bull leader, off their feet. There had been a slight reactionary tendency during the afternoon, but active bidding by the Brown brokers had put prices up again.

It was only a few minutes before 3 o'clock and one of the Brown brokers had just bought a good-sized contract for July at 12.25, when the leading bear brokers set off their mine. Suddenly and simultaneously the pit was swamped with offers to sell July cotton by the thousand-bale lots. It came with the suddenness of a mountain slide and it fairly buried the bulls. They tried to hold up the market, but they were met by still larger offers. On a single sale July cotton dropped from 12.25 to 12.14, and then to 12.05. Then followed a regular stampede and one of the wildest closings in the history of the Exchange. The din was so great that the big gong which sounds to the close of business could not be heard, and, although it means a fine of $50 for trading after closing hours, there was no attempt made to enforce this rule, but instead the gong was set going again until finally five minutes later the outburst subsided.

During the day spot cotton was advanced to 12.50 per pound, while the July option reached the high record of 12.50. August at one time reached 11.89, an advance of 54 points since the day before, and September scored a 25-point advance, being quoted 10.80. These prices, however, brought out heavy profit-taking sales, which soon broke the market. July closed 10 points below Tuesday's close, at 12.05; August closed at a 5-point advance, and the other months showed gains of from 7 to 10 points.

PARROT AS A WITNESS.

Bird's Testimony Convinces Magistrate in a Larceny Case.

A parrot appeared as a witness in Recorder Stanton's court in Hoboken yesterday in the case of Peter Cadena of 314 Monroe Street, charged by Mrs. Annie Wendt of 117 Hudson Street with the theft of the bird.

Mrs. Wendt told the court that the parrot was placed in her charge by Selma Clare, an actress. Cadena denies that he had stolen the parrot, and said he had bought it from a man to whom he paid $3.50. Then the bird was brought before the Recorder, who questioned it.

"To whom do you belong?" he asked.

"Selma," said the parrot, looking wisely at the Judge.

"Where is Selma?" asked the court. The bird only repeated "Selma." To other questions the reply was "Selma."

The court finally decided to hold the prisoner in $500 bail on a charge of larceny and to place the parrot in the care of the Chief of Police until Miss Clare could be found.

Medal Given to a Policeman.

Policeman Joseph M. McNierney of the East Sixty-seventh Street Station yesterday received the first medal of honor that has been given to a member of the department during Commissioner Greene's administration. He rescued seven-year-old Max Albert from the East River on May 22 last.

The medal was pinned on the officer's coat by the Commissioner in person, at the latter's office about noon.

RAPID TRANSIT IN BROOKLYN.

Announcement Made That Traction Company in That Borough Will Carry Out $20,000,000 Plan.

It was announced yesterday that the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company intended to make the extensions proposed by Chief Engineer William Barclay Parsons of the Rapid Transit Commission for the improvement of transit facilities in Brooklyn. The estimated cost of this work is $20,000,000, all of which will be paid for by the railroad company. This decision was reached after a consultation between Controller Grout and Alexander E. Orr, representing the Rapid Transit Commission, and President Winter of the Rapid Transit Company.

The plans provide for the connection of the Brooklyn and Williamsburg Bridges by means of a subway in Manhattan, and for extensions of the surface and elevated lines in Brooklyn. They also provide for the removal of the elevated trains from the present bridge to give more room for the passage of trolley cars and trucks.

The subway connecting the Williamsburg Bridge with the Brooklyn Bridge will carry the elevated trains running across the Williamsburg structure. Should the Maiden Lane, East River tunnel be built the subway will be extended to connect therewith. When the elevated trains are removed from the bridge structure the trolley tracks can then be moved into the space now occupied by them.

Engineer Parson's plans also call for the placing of a third track on all the Brooklyn elevated lines, the construction of lines extending from the Franklin Avenue station of the Fulton Street line to the Blackwell's Island bridge and the Williamsburg bridge, and other minor extensions. It is expected that the entire group of improvements will be complete within three years after the work has been begun.

NO PROTEST ON McCALL.

Tammany Man Accepted by Sinking Fund Commission—Vote on Piers.

Alderman John T. McCall took his seat yesterday as a member of the Sinking Fund Commission without any opposition or especial incident. He succeeded to this office by reason of having been elected to the Chairmanship of the Finance Committee of the Board of Aldermen in place of Herbert Parsons, who was deposed by the voting of Fusion Aldermen Florence and Bill with the Tammany members of the board. At the opening of the session of the commission yesterday, with Mayor Low presiding, the certificate of the City Clerk showing Mr. McCall's election was presented and received on the motion of the Mayor. There was no vote in opposition.

One of the most important items of business transacted was the refusal of the commission to continue to pay rental on the offices in the Stewart Building, occupied by Major Gen. Roe, the commanding officer of the National Guard. This amounts to $1,750 a year. Controller Grout objected to the continuation of this payment on the ground that Gen. Roe now is a State officer. The other members coincided with the Controller and voted unanimously to decline to pay for Gen. Roe's metropolitan headquarters.

The commission approved several resolutions relating to the plans for the improvement of the water front at West Brighton, Tompkinsville, and Stapleton, on Staten Island, all of the plans having received the approval of Dock Commissioner Hawkes.

Commissioner Hawkes received a setback and showed his disappointment, when on the objection of Alderman McCall a resolution relating to a lease of the extension of the new Pier 26 North River to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad was put over for two weeks. This lease gives the road the extension of the pier for the same proportionate rental as the present 100-foot pier, that is twenty-five cents a square foot. Under the lease the road also is to pay 5 per cent. of the cost of the new pier.

TRAFFIC DISPUTE UNSETTLED.

Railroad and Coastwise Steamship Men Hold Futile Conference.

A meeting of the freight traffic managers of Eastern and Southeastern railroads and representatives of coastwise steamship companies was held at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel yesterday for the purpose of settling a serious dispute which has arisen over the practice of the steamship companies in paying a commission to agents of the railroad companies who send their business over the steamship lines.

The meeting did not succeed in settling the dispute, and the matter was left in statu quo. Another effort will be made at a meeting next month.

Woman School Inspector Named.

Borough President Cantor yesterday appointed Mrs. Mary Wood of 41 Second Avenue a School Inspector for the Sixth Local Inspection District. Mrs. Wood will be one of the few women School Inspectors named by Mr. Cantor for this borough.

LEGAL NOTES.

WEAKNESS OF MIND NOT LUNACY.—A jury in the Ontario County Court, on an inquisition to inquire into the mental competency of Eugene P. Clark, found "that the said Eugene P. Clark is an incompetent person and unfit to manage his affairs. That such infirmity manifests itself in weakness of mind." It had been alleged in the petition and papers presented to the court that Clark had been of weak mind; "that two persons with whom he resided, a man and his wife, had acquired an ascendency over Clark and had complete control and domination over him." It is provided in the Code of Civil Procedure that the incompetency alleged must be one "by reason of lunacy, idiocy, or habitual drunkenness." By Section 7 of the statutory construction law the term lunacy is defined to include every kind of unsoundness of mind except idiocy. The Court of Appeals has reversed orders of the two courts below—the Appellate Division and the County Court—affirming the jury's finding. It holds that while the evidence was sufficient to have justified the jury in declaring Clark, in the words of the statute, to be a lunatic, yet they could not so declare him merely on the ground of a weakness of mind. The court said per curiam: "A person may be of weak mind, and, by reason thereof, easily influenced, or dominated by others; so that, in the judgment of men, he ought not to be allowed to manage his affairs, but he would not necessarily be of unsound mind. The Courts of Chancery in England and in this State regarded unsoundness of mind as meaning a mental incapacity and, under the provisions of our present statutes, unsoundness of mind must amount to that; for it is regarded as equivalent to a condition of lunacy. We think that such a proceeding has too weighty consequences for courts to sustain it; when it is not brought, as the result of the inquisition, so far within the precise terms of the statute as to leave no doubt that the person has been found to be a lunatic, or of so unsound a mind as to be capable of such classification."

* * *

PROBABLE CAUSE IN MALICIOUS PROSECUTION.—At the instance of one S. an injunction pendente lite was issued on notice against one B. The suit was for alleged infringement of S.'s trademark. The injunction order did not specify the ground for its issuance, but merely recited that it had been represented to the court that S. Brothers had a registered trademark, of which S. was the owner, and having the letters "S.B." thereon, which he used in his business, and that B. had infringed such trademark by the use of letters "B.S." in his business. B. was, therefore, until further notice, enjoined from using the letters "B.S." The injunction was subsequently dissolved on appeal, and judgment rendered in favor of B. In the latter's action for malicious prosecution, brought against S., it has been held (Burt vs. Smith, 32 N. Y. Supp. 186) that the order granting the injunction did not constitute probable cause, so as to preclude the maintenance of the action. "There are no authorities," said the court, "upon this precise question in this State or the United States Supreme Court, but the right to recover damages resulting from the issue of an injunction, in an action for malicious prosecution, in a proper case (that is, where the injunction is procured maliciously and without probable cause,) is recognized by both the courts of this State and the Supreme Court of the United States. Such recovery could not well be had if the mere issue of the injunction was sufficient proof of probable cause to defeat the action."

BIG BANKS WILL MERGE

National Bank of Commerce and the Western to Combine.

Joseph C. Hendrix Announces Resumption of the Negotiations for Consolidation—Interests Affected by the Deal.

The merger of the National Bank of Commerce with the Western National Bank will be accomplished after all. Official announcement of the resumption of negotiations was made yesterday by President Joseph C. Hendrix of the National Bank of Commerce. Negotiations were first commenced nearly two months ago, and they had reached an advanced stage when news of what was going on reached the public. Investigation brought out some of the details of the transaction, with the result that shortly afterward the announcement was made officially by President Hendrix that the negotiations had been abandoned. A few days later, however, it was learned from some of the largest individual stockholders of one of the banks that the abandonment of the negotiations had been only of a very temporary nature, and that negotiations had been taken up again. An official announcement of some kind has been expected for a week, and therefore no surprise was caused when the Wall Street news agencies yesterday morning sent out the following official announcement:

"Joseph C. Hendrix, President of the National Bank of Commerce in New York, said to-day:

"'This bank has received from the Controller of the Currency permission to increase its capital to $25,000,000, which, under direction of our Board of Directors, and by and with the consent of our stockholders, we will proceed to do.

"'Negotiations have been resumed with the Western National Bank of the United States, and are now in charge of committees representing the two banks. Details will be given in public notice to our stockholders.'"

President Hendrix refused to add anything to this statement. Valentine P. Snyder, President of the Western National Bank, would only say that the announcement made by President Hendrix was correct.

The consolidation brings together Mutual Life and Equitable Life Insurance interests as well as some of the largest private banking houses in this city.

The National Bank of Commerce has a capital stock of $10,000,000. Its Directors include J. Pierpont Morgan, Alexander E. Orr, Frederick Cromwell, William C. Whitney, Richard A. McCurdy, H. McK. Twombly, John Claflin, and Daniel S. Lamont.

The Western National Bank of the United States in New York has a capital of $10,000,000. Among its Directors are George F. Baker, President of the First National Bank; Charles T. Barney, E. J. Berwind, Chauncey M. Depew, George J. Gould, Daniel Guggenheim, James H. Hyde, Vice President of the Equitable Life Assurance Society; Adrian Iselin, Jr., Brayton Ives, A. D. Juilliard, Otto H. Kahn, and Jacob H. Schiff of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., Richard A. McCurdy, H. H. Vreeland, William C. Whitney, and G. G. Haven.

SHE HELD ALLEGED BURGLAR.

Mrs. Allison Her Own Policeman When She Found Stranger in Flat.

On a charge of burglary, James Wilson, twenty-four years old, homeless, was arraigned before Magistrate Cornell, in Jefferson Market Police Court yesterday afternoon.

Wilson was arrested by Policemen Rochester and Lersner of the Charles Street Police Station, who told the Magistrate that they found the prisoner in the custody of Mrs. Marguerite Allison in the front hall of the five-story tenement at 25 Leroy Street, about noon yesterday. Mrs. Allison was the complainant.

"I had been out to the butcher's shop," said Mrs. Allison, a slender young woman, to the Magistrate, "and when I returned I found the door to the kitchen open. As I entered I saw the prisoner leave the kitchen and run through the bedrooms into the parlor. I chased after him and followed him down two flights of stairs to the front hall. He stopped there and knocked at a neighbor's door.

"'You're a thief,' I said, and I grabbed him by the throat. He tried to break away, and then I—I punched him. He said I cut his lip, poor fellow!"

"My!" exclaimed the Magistrate. "Weren't you afraid?"

"No. Why should I be?" retorted the complainant.

The policemen explained to the Magistrate that a revolver was found in the back pocket of the prisoner.

"Didn't he attempt to draw this revolver?" asked the Magistrate.

"I didn't give him a chance," replied the complainant.

"Does your husband know anything about this?" asked the Magistrate.

"No," replied the complainant, blushing. "Do you think he will be afraid of me?"

The policemen told the Magistrate that they had found a child's ring and a stickpin, both valued at $3.50, the property of the complainant, in the possession of the prisoner.

Wilson, who has only one arm, said he was a peddler, pleaded not guilty, and was held in $1,000 bail for trial.

VAN COTT NOT TO RESIGN.

Postmaster Denies He Made Such a Statement—Son Retains Position.

Postmaster Van Cott's attention was called yesterday to dispatches from Washington which said he had declared that he would resign if the position of his son as Superintendent of Delivery was interfered with.

"I never made any such statement," said Mr. Van Cott, "and I have no intention of resigning, no matter what changes are made in this office."

Asked whether it were true, as seemed to appear from a letter he had written to First Assistant Postmaster General Wynne, that he considered Charles W. White the authenticated Superintendent of delivery and that his son had been redesignated, Mr. Van Cott said:

"My son properly retains the position to which he was properly appointed."

The Postmaster would not talk about the report that his son's income from two places of business—a livery stable and a millinery store—is $20,000 a year.

"Richard is in business," he said, "but I don't know what his income is. That is a matter he alone is in a position to tell about."

Mr. Van Cott declined to discuss the charges concerning positions and salaries—that some clerks were receiving more than their stipulated salaries, and that others, including a young woman stenographer, held sinecures. He said that he would make no statement about these things until the reports on them came from Washington.

NEW JUSTICES AT WORK.

One of Mayor Low's Appointees Helps Clear Up the Calendar.

Temporary headquarters for the two new Municipal Court Justices appointed by Mayor Low last Saturday have been provided by the Sinking Fund Commission, and to-day Mayor Low will issue a proclamation, as is required by law, designating the time for the opening of the courts at those Court Houses. Justice Bennett of the new Twelfth District Court will sit at 2,628 Broadway, while Justice Kremer will sit at 200 East Broadway, the court headquarters of the new Thirteenth District.

In the meantime both Justices are at work. Justice Bennett has taken hold of the work in the Tenth District as an assistant to Justice Murray, and has spent three days helping the latter clear up his calendars. He also has taken the jury cases from Justice Worcester and is aiding him on them this week. Next week he will sit in with Justice Hoffman in his district and help clear away the congestion there. Justice Kremer on next Monday night will be the guest at the dinner of the Essex Market Bar Association.

Gold Going to Argentina.

Baring, Magoun & Co. will ship $900,000 gold coin to Buenos Ayres the latter part of the week.

COAL CASES ARE ARGUED

Anthracite Contracts Come Before the Federal Circuit Court.

Railroads Deny the Right of the Inter-State Commerce Commission to Inquire Into Their Business.

Argument was made before Judge Lacombe, in the United States Circuit Court, yesterday afternoon, upon the petition of the Inter-State Commerce Commission for an order to compel witnesses in the proceeding of William R. Hearst against the anthracite coal railroads, to answer certain questions and to produce certain contracts refused up to the present time.

The questions were those asked officials of the various respondent railroads bearing upon the business of mining and selling coal by coal companies owned by railroad companies. The contracts were of two classes—those between certain of the controlled coal companies and independent operators for the purchase of coal on a percentage of the average tidewater price of coal of the same grade, and those between the Temple Iron Company and the respondent railroads. Under these latter, the railroads, in return for guaranteeing bond interest and stock dividend for the Temple Iron Company, received allotment of a percentage of the Temple Iron Company's carrying business, corresponding to the percentage of guarantee.

The issues were argued by Gen. Henry L. Burnett, United States District Attorney, and Clarence J. Shearn, counsel for the plaintiff before the Inter-State Commerce Commission, on behalf of the petition, and by John G. Johnson of Philadelphia for all of the defendants and W. W. Ross of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, Adelbert Mott of the Erie, and G. F. Brownell of the Susquehanna. All of the contracts in question were submitted to the court.

As a primary question, issue was raised by Mr. Johnson about the powers of the Inter-State Commerce Commission. He contended that these powers were limited specifically to investigation into the reasonableness of rates and into the pooling of freights, limited to the pooling of freight receipts, not of general freight business. The commission, he said, had not been given powers of inquiring into the question of combination in restraint of trade or the stifling of competition, as these powers had been expressly given to the Federal courts by the Sherman act.

In answer, Mr. Shearn and Gen. Burnett held that the term "pooling of freights" extended to any kind of a pool, whether of business or of receipts, and that agreements to that end, together with agreements for controlling the output and fixing price, did have to do with the reasonableness of rates, because such a general control of the conditions of business as these agreements predicated, enabled the railroads to fix and maintain unreasonable freight rates. Gen. Burnett also read an opinion of the United States Supreme Court to the effect that the powers of the Inter-State Commerce Commission extended beyond the matter of pooling and reasonableness of rates.

On the matter of independent contracts it was argued by counsel for the respondents that, as the coal bought at the breaker under the "65-35" agreement was paid for, not on that percentage of the price realized on its particular sale, but on that percentage of the general average price of coal, selling coal under these contracts was merely a local matter, and did not constitute inter-State commerce. In reply it was held that in certain cases at least, the contracts were admittedly considered as providing for freight transportation on coal coming to tide, and that in all cases the percentage basis was applied in lieu of freight rates.

The Temple Iron Company contracts, said counsel for the railroads, had nothing to do either with reasonableness of rates or pooling of freight—taking that as meaning freight receipts. Therefore they could not form a basis of inquiry by the Inter-State Commerce Commission, and all matters applying to the conduct of the coal business by officers of coal companies owned by railroads, who were also officers of railroads, or by agents of the companies, came under the same category.

Both Gen. Burnett and Mr. Shearn held that the creating act gave the Inter-State Commerce Commission power to investigate broadly into the conditions of business in order to discover the existence of a pool or of unreasonable rates, and that the amendment to the original act, which gave to all witnesses before the commission immunity from prosecution for transactions revealed in their testimony, fulfilled the intentions of the Constitution. The court took the papers and reserved decision.

CHOSE WORLD'S FAIR OFFICERS

New York Commission Elects Those to be in Control of Special Exhibits.

Members of the New York State Louisiana Purchase Exposition Commission, having in charge the exhibition of this State at the coming St. Louis Fair, held a meeting yesterday at the headquarters at 120 Broadway. Directors were appointed for three of the leading exhibits on the part of this State.

De Lancy M. Ellis of Batavia, at present employed in the State Department of Public Instruction at Albany, was made Director of the educational exhibit. His appointment was urged by all of the leading educational interests of the State. The Regents and State Superintendent of Public Instruction Charles R. Skinner united also in the request. J. H. Durkee of Florida, N. Y., was made Superintendent of Agriculture for the State exhibit. He had charge of the same exhibit for the State at the Pan-American Exhibition and is President of the State County Fair Association, of which he has been a leading spirit for 25 years. He also is a member of the State Fair Commission, and has been manager of the State Fair at various times. Charles H. Vick of Rochester, the florist and seedsman, was named as Superintendent of Horticulture and Floriculture. Other official business of the meeting, at which Vice President William Berri presided in the absence of Edward H. Harriman, the President, included the conferring of power as executive officer of the commission upon the Secretary, Charles A. Ball, of Wellsville, N. Y., and for many years an Assistant Secretary of the State Senate. George M. Shotwell, formerly secretary to State Senator George R. Malby, was made stenographer and assistant to the Secretary of the commission.

Mrs. Norman E. Mack of Buffalo, wife of the Democratic National Committeeman and proprietor of The Buffalo Times, attended the meeting of the commission for the first time yesterday. She is the only woman on the board. The others who attended were Louis Stern, Edward Lyman Bill, Lewis Nixon, John C. Woodbury, John K. Stewart, James H. Callanan, and F. H. Green.

ALLEGED POOLROOM RAIDED.

Tenderloin Captain Makes Descent on Place in West Thirty-first Street.

Capt. O'Connor and Detectives Lyons, Armstrong, and Eaton of the West Thirtieth Street Station made a raid on an alleged poolroom last evening at 112 West Thirty-first Street. About twelve men were found in the place. Four were arrested, including George Davis, the alleged proprietor. Davis said he lived at 215 Wooster Street. The others described themselves as George Enright, an electrician, of Whitestone, L. I.; George Bridden, a clerk, of 228 East Twenty-seventh Street, and John Wilson, a clerk, of 1,800 Lexington Avenue.

Enright refused to accompany the police and had to be carried to the patrol wagon.

The raid was made on warrants issued by Magistrate Cornell in Jefferson Market Court on evidence obtained from two men who reported to Capt. O'Connor that they had lost money in the place. A big crowd collected while the raid was in progress, but there was no excitement excepting the forcible arrest of Enright.

Gambling Palace a Tailor's Shop.

The richly furnished building 117 West Thirty-second Street, owned and formerly occupied by "Al." Adams, the convicted policy king, has been temporarily converted into a workshop for custom tailoring. None of the handsome fixtures or furniture has been removed, and clothes are being made in rooms finished in Italian marble, with an abundance of mirrors and divans finished in rich silk plush. The call room, which is finished in white and gold, is now filled with the whirr of the sewing machine. The premises are in charge of Vincenzo Tabbo, a caretaker, who is also a tailor.

Cooling In Hot Weather.

A palate-tickling, thirst-quenching drink that STAYS BY YOU is made by putting in your water, ginger ale, or soda water, a little

WOLFE'S AROMATIC SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS

Used in families and by the public for three generations.

Bottles ONLY—2 Sizes. Druggists and Grocers.
UDOLPHO WOLFE CO., 21 STATE ST., N.Y.

The *quality* of the demand for Panamas this season has surprised most dealers—they failed to realize that the lightness and durability of the Panama are attractions so potent that even last year's base imitations can't kill it.

That's why, while conservative men who appreciate and can afford real Panamas are buying them steadily, real good ones are hard to find.

Ours are in three different shapes.

$10 and $15.

Other real good straws, $2 to $3.50—the sennits and splits at $2 are a good bit better than the usual $2 straw.

ROGERS, PEET & COMPANY.

258 Broadway, opposite City Hall, and 7 and 9 Warren St.
842 Broadway, cor. 13th, and 140 to 148 4th Ave.
1260 Broadway, cor. 32d, and 54 West 33d St.
We fill orders by mail.

Sale of
Lace Curtains
at reduced prices.

Ruffled Muslin,
550 pairs, numerous designs,
85c., $1.25, $1.50 pair,
formerly $1.20, $1.60 & $2.00.

Ruffled Net,
450 pairs, several styles,
$1.35, $2.00, $3 pair,
formerly $1.75, $2.75 & $4.00.

Renaissance,
250 pairs, white and Arabian,
$2.25, $3.25, $4.50 pr.,
formerly $3.00, $4.00 & $5.50.

Window Muslins.
45-inch muslin for window drapery, reduced from 40c. yd., to 25c. yd.

Lord & Taylor.

FFF FLINT'S FINE FURNITURE

SPECIAL SIDEBOARDS.
$16—$20—$22—$32—$37.

Golden Oak, simple in line, well made and beautifully polished, with all conveniences of mirror, drawers, cupboards, etc.

Also special shapes for corners or narrow wall spaces.

Artistic inexpensive Extension Tables, China Closets, Side Tables, Cellarettes, Chairs, Plate Racks, etc., in Mahogany and all finishes of Oak.

Every Dining-room necessity and luxury at factory prices, if you

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Our standard for quarter of a century.
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Glass lined Refrigerators
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130 and 132 West 42d Street, and 135 West Forty-first St., New York
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Eat Nourishment.

PLASMON is Nourishment.

By cooking PLASMON with your food the nourishment in the Food is raised enormously.

Real Nourishment gives Health, Strength, Endurance.

Nourishment strengthens the digestive organs.

PLASMON is the nourishing element of Nature's best food—the best of all—Pure Fresh Milk in a dry, soluble, cream-white powder.

Two teaspoonfuls of PLASMON, one with your breakfast and one with your dinner, are sufficient.

THE COST.

5 Cents a Day.

THE BENEFIT.

Less heavy food—no indigestion—good health and strength.

PLASMON in packages 15c. 30c. 50c. GROCERS and DRUGGISTS.
PLASMON CO. of AMERICA, 116 BROAD ST., N. Y. CITY.
Direction with every package. Factory: Briarcliff Manor, N. Y.

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Shoe Dressing

A REPUTABLE manufacturer cannot afford to use or sell an article that will jeopardize his good name. As manufacturers of both shoes and dressing, we must stand behind our goods.

Our dressing bears the same guarantee as our shoes. We know of what ingredients it is made and how it is put together. Regal Dressing is the result of constant study of leather needs, its preservation, and the best means to retain its original fine appearance.

For sale from 51 Regal Stores at 25c. per package. From 18 stores in Greater New York as follows:

MEN'S STORES.
New York, 115 Nassau St.
" " 291 Broadway.
" " 785 Broadway.
" " 1211 Broadway.
" " 1341 Broadway.
" " 166 W. 125th St.
" " 507 8th Ave.
" " S.W. Cor. 124th St. and 3rd Ave.
" " 43 Cortland St.
Brooklyn, 357 Fulton St.
" 1001 Broadway.
" 111 Broadway.
" 466 Fifth Ave.
Newark, N. J., 841 Broad St.
Jersey City, N.J. 66 Newark Ave.

WOMEN'S STORES:
New York, 785 Broadway.
" " 1339 Broadway
" " 166 W. 125 St.

What's the difference?

The GENUINE is a certain cure for all disorders arising from impaired digestion and is used by physicians in the treatment of gout, rheumatism and dyspepsia.

NATURAL ALKALINE ... WATER ...

Insist on having the Genuine

The IMITATION is charged water containing absolutely no medicinal properties and is manufactured with marble dust and sulphuric acid.

ANALYSIS made by FRASER & Co., 5th Avenue, N. Y., shows SYPHON labeled "Vichy" to be only Croton water charged with gas.

GENUINE. IMITATION.

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The National Beverage

The national temperance beverage—the drink that is made in the home; that is called for in clubs, restaurants, at fountains, and at summer resorts—the Great American Drink, is

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because it is the most delightful, refreshing, cooling, thirst-quenching beverage ever known. Everyone likes it—everyone drinks it.

Package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere, or by mail for 25 cents. Beware of imitations.
CHARLES E. HIRES COMPANY, Malvern, Pa.

DON'T COOK OVER A HOT FIRE THIS SUMMER
No matter how much cooking you do, you do it comfortably if you

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A cool kitchen, breakfast, luncheon and dinner all on time. Comfort no matter how warm it may be.

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of every description received FOR
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in the Burglar and Fire-Proof Vaults of the
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